

Powering Arizona's Future

First-Quarter Financial Results
May 4, 2026

PINNACLE WEST
CAPITAL CORPORATION



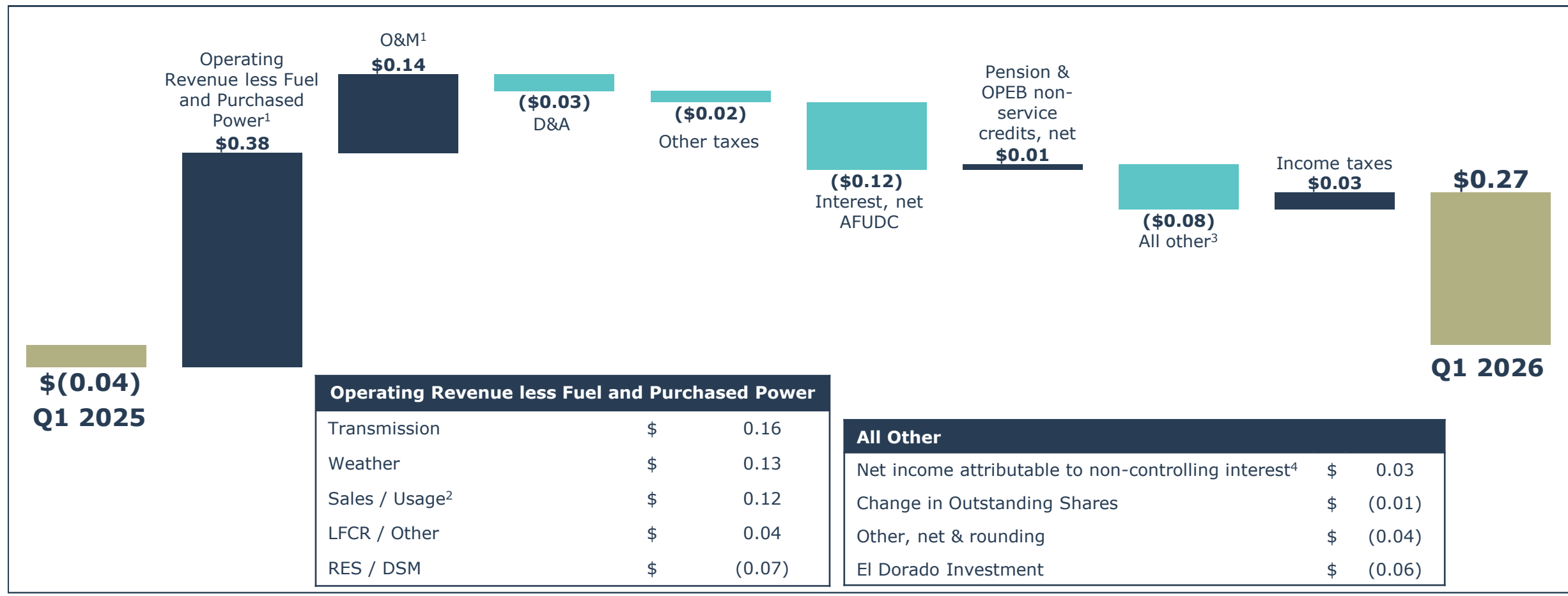
Forward Looking Statements

This presentation contains forward-looking statements based on current expectations, including statements regarding our earnings guidance and financial outlook and goals. These forward-looking statements are often identified by words such as "estimate," "predict," "may," "believe," "plan," "expect," "require," "intend," "assume," "project," "anticipate," "goal," "seek," "strategy," "likely," "should," "will," "could," and similar words. Because actual results may differ materially from expectations, we caution you not to place undue reliance on these statements. A number of factors could cause future results to differ materially from historical results, or from outcomes currently expected or sought by Pinnacle West or APS. These factors include, but are not limited to: our ability to achieve timely and adequate rate recovery of our costs through our regulated rates and adjustor recovery mechanisms, including returns on and of debt and equity capital investment; the impacts of federal, state, and local laws, judicial decisions, statutes, regulations, and FERC, NRC, EPA, ACC, and other agency requirements, including as they are changed by legislative and regulatory action as well as executive orders, such as those relating to tax, environment, energy, nuclear plants, and deregulation of the retail electric market; our operation of Palo Verde is subject to substantial regulatory oversight and potentially significant liabilities and capital expenditures; we are subject to numerous environmental laws and changes to existing laws, or new laws, may increase our costs and impact our business; the potential effects of climate change on our electric system, including as a result of weather extremes, such as prolonged drought and high temperature variations in the area where APS conducts its business, as well as the impacts of policy and regulatory changes introduced to address climate change; co-owners of our jointly owned generation and transmission facilities may have unaligned goals; the willingness or ability of counterparties, participants, and landowners to meet contractual or other obligations or extend the rights for continued generation and transmission operations; deregulation of the electric industry and other factors, such as large customers developing large, utility scale generation to serve their energy needs, may result in increased competition; variations in demand for electricity, including those due to weather, seasonality (including large increases in ambient temperatures), the general economy or social conditions, customer and sales growth (or decline), data center growth (or lack thereof), including to support the AI industry, the effects of energy conservation measures and DG, and technological advancements; wildfires, including those arising as a result of climate change, extreme weather events, or the expansion of the wildland urban interface; generation, transmission, and distribution facilities and system operating costs, conditions, performance, and outages; our ability and efforts to meet current and anticipated future needs for generation and transmission and distribution facilities in our region at reliable levels, including factors affecting our ability to acquire and develop new resources to serve this load as well as difficulties in accurately forecasting load growth, particularly from high load energy users; availability of fuel and water supplies as well as the volatility and costs of fuel and purchased power; the direct or indirect effect on our facilities or business from cybersecurity threats or intrusions, data security breaches, terrorist attack, physical attack, severe storms, or other catastrophic events, such as fires, explosions, pandemic health events, or similar occurrences; risks inherent in the operation of nuclear facilities, including spent fuel disposal uncertainty; the development of new technologies and the impact they have on the retail and wholesale electricity market and the impacts of our adoption or failure to adopt such technologies; the availability and retention of qualified personnel and the need to negotiate collective bargaining agreements with union employees; the cost of debt, including increased cost as a result of rising interest rates, and equity capital and our ability to access capital markets when required as well as the impacts a credit rating downgrade would have on us; the investment performance of the assets of our nuclear decommissioning trust, captive insurance cell, coal mine reclamation escrow, pension, and other postretirement benefit plans, and the resulting impact on future funding requirements; Pinnacle West's cash flow depends on the performance of APS and its ability to make dividends and distributions; potential shortfalls in insurance coverage; Pinnacle West's ability to meet its debt service obligation could be adversely affected because its debt securities are structurally subordinated to the debt securities and obligations of its subsidiaries; the liquidity of wholesale power markets and the use of derivative contracts in our business; policy changes in Arizona or other states through ballot initiatives or referenda may increase our cost or operations or affect our business plans; general economic conditions, such as tariffs, inflation, and other supply chain constraints, as well as uncertainties associated with the current and future economic environment and conditions in Arizona; and disruptions in financial markets could adversely affect our cost of and access to credit and capital markets. These and other factors are discussed in the most recent Pinnacle West/APS Form 10-K and Form 10-Q along with other public filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, which you should review carefully before placing any reliance on our financial statements, disclosures or earnings outlook. Neither Pinnacle West nor APS assumes any obligation to update these statements, even if our internal estimates change, except as required by law.

In this presentation, references to net income and earnings per share (EPS) refer to amounts attributable to common shareholders.

First-Quarter results

Q1 2026 vs Q1 2025



¹ Includes costs and offsetting operating revenues associated with renewable energy and demand side management programs, see slide 25 for more information.

² Includes reduction of accrued unbilled revenues of \$11M in January 2025.

³ All other includes change in weighted-average shares, other, net and rounding.

⁴ Reflects year-over-year impacts of purchase agreement and termination of two of the three Palo Verde VIE lease agreements, primarily offset by changes in D&A and O&M expense. See Note 12 in the 2025 Form 10K for more information.

2026 EPS guidance

Key Factors and Assumptions (as of May 4, 2026)

Adjusted gross margin (operating revenues, net of fuel and purchased power expenses, x/RES,DSM)¹

\$3.31 – \$3.37 billion

- Retail customer growth of 1.5%-2.5%
- Weather-normalized retail electricity sales growth of 4.0%-6.0%
 - Includes 3.0%-5.0% contribution to sales growth of new large manufacturing facilities and several large data centers
- Assumes normal weather

Adjusted operating and maintenance expense (O&M x/RES,DSM)¹

\$1.02 – \$1.04 billion

Other operating expenses (depreciation and amortization, and taxes other than income taxes)

\$1.22 – \$1.24 billion

Other income (pension and other post-retirement non-service credits, other income and other expense)

\$0 – \$5 million

Interest expense, net of allowance for borrowed and equity funds used during construction (Total AFUDC ~\$128 million)

\$415 – \$435 million

Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests

\$8 million

Effective tax rate

11.5% – 12.5%

Average diluted common shares outstanding

123.8 million

EPS Guidance

\$4.55 – \$4.75



¹ Excludes costs and offsetting operating revenues associated with renewable energy and demand side management programs. For reconciliation, see slide 25.

Key drivers & assumptions for 2026 EPS guidance

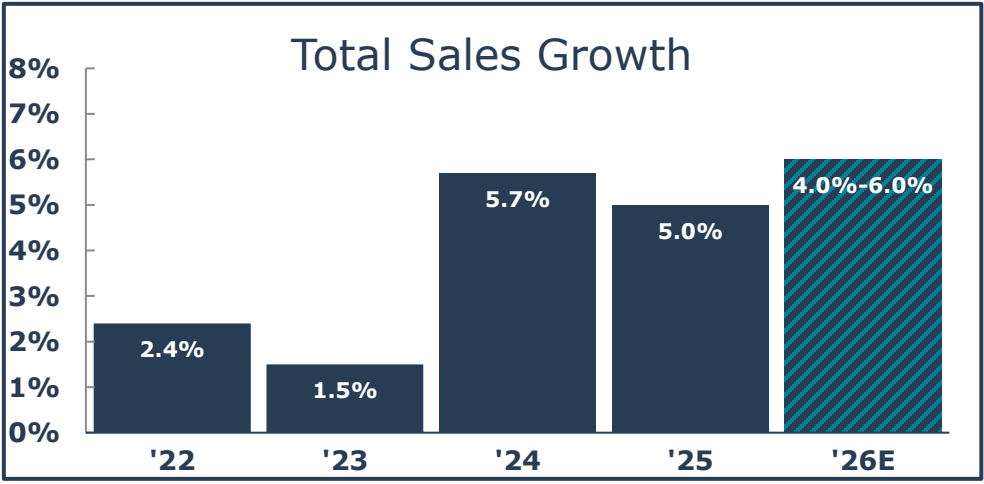
2026 EPS guidance of \$4.55-\$4.75 key drivers¹

- | | |
|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ↑ Retail customer growth of 1.5%-2.5% ↑ Weather-normalized retail electricity sales growth of 4%-6% (includes 3%-5% from large C&I) ↑ Transmission revenue ↑ Operations and maintenance | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ↓ Depreciation, amortization and property taxes due to higher plant in service ↓ 2026 normal weather ↓ Financing costs (debt & equity) ↓ 2025 El Dorado SAI investment gain |
|--|--|

¹ Arrows represent expected comparative year-over-year impact of each driver on earnings.

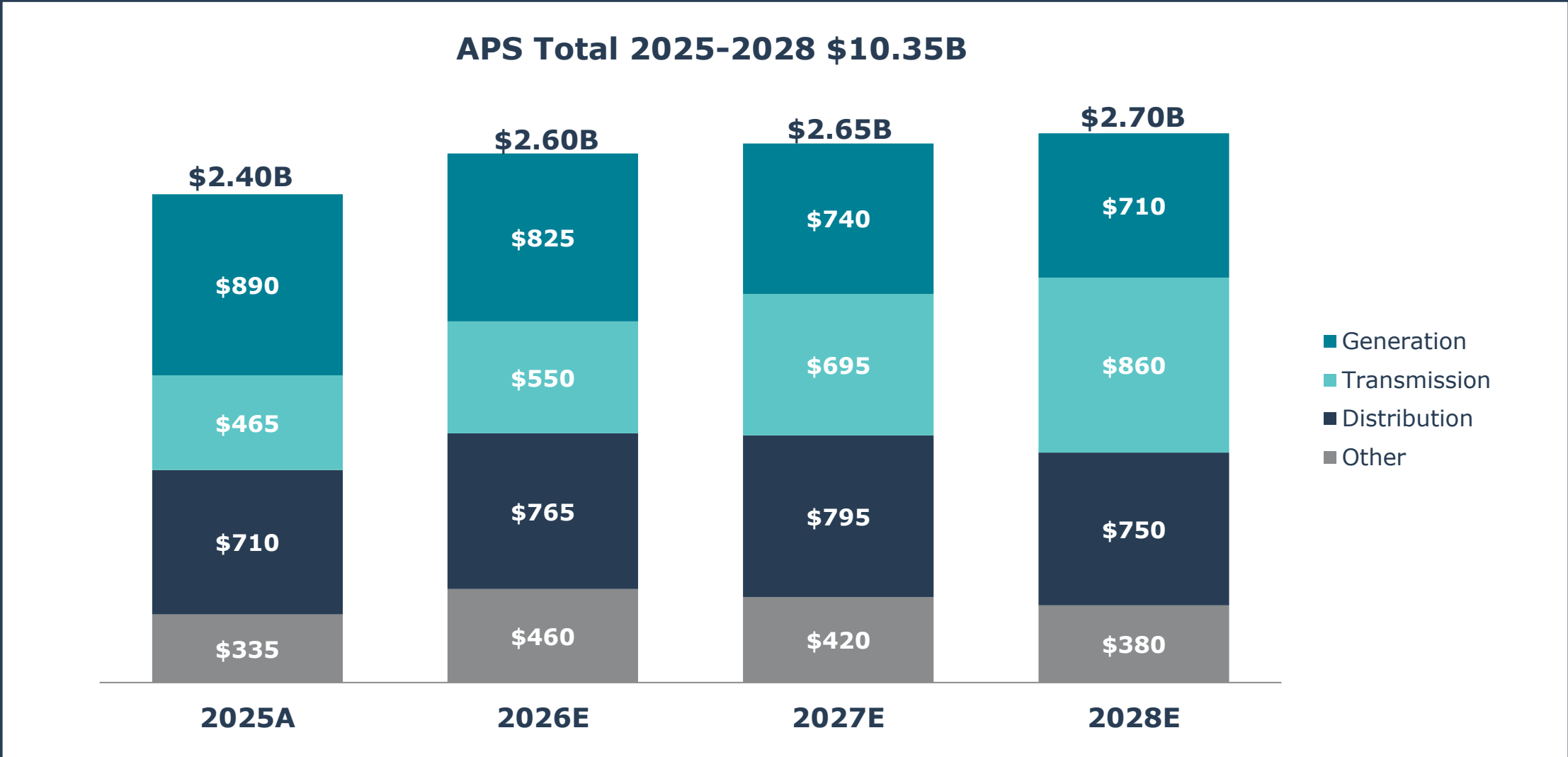
Long-term guidance and key drivers

- Long-term EPS growth target of 5%-7% off original 2024 midpoint¹
- Retail customer growth of 1.5%-2.5%
- Weather-normalized retail electricity sales growth of 5%-7% through 2030 (includes 4%-6% from large C&I customers)



¹ Long-term EPS growth target based on the Company's current weather normalized compound annual growth rate projections from 2024-2028.

Capital plan to support reliability and continued growth within our service territory

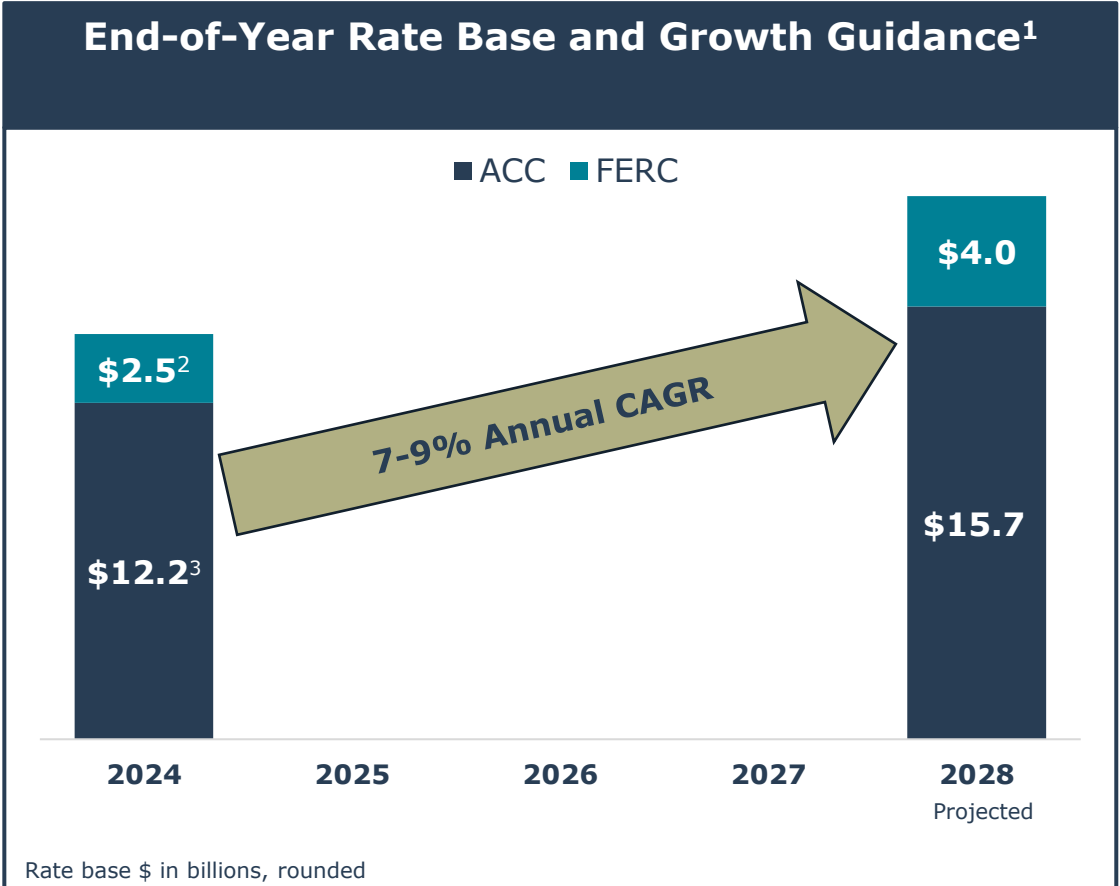


Source: 2026-2028 as disclosed in the First Quarter 2026 Form 10-Q

Increased rate base growth within our service territory

Current Approved Rate Base and Test Year Detail		
	ACC	FERC
Rate Effective Date	03/08/2024	06/01/2025
Test Year Ended	6/30/2022 ¹	12/31/2024
Equity Layer	51.93%	52.28%
Allowed ROE	9.55%	10.75%
Rate Base	\$10.36B ²	\$2.47B

¹ Adjusted to include post-test year plant in service through 06/30/2023.
² Rate Base excludes \$215M approved through Joint Resolution in Case No. E-01345A-19-0236.

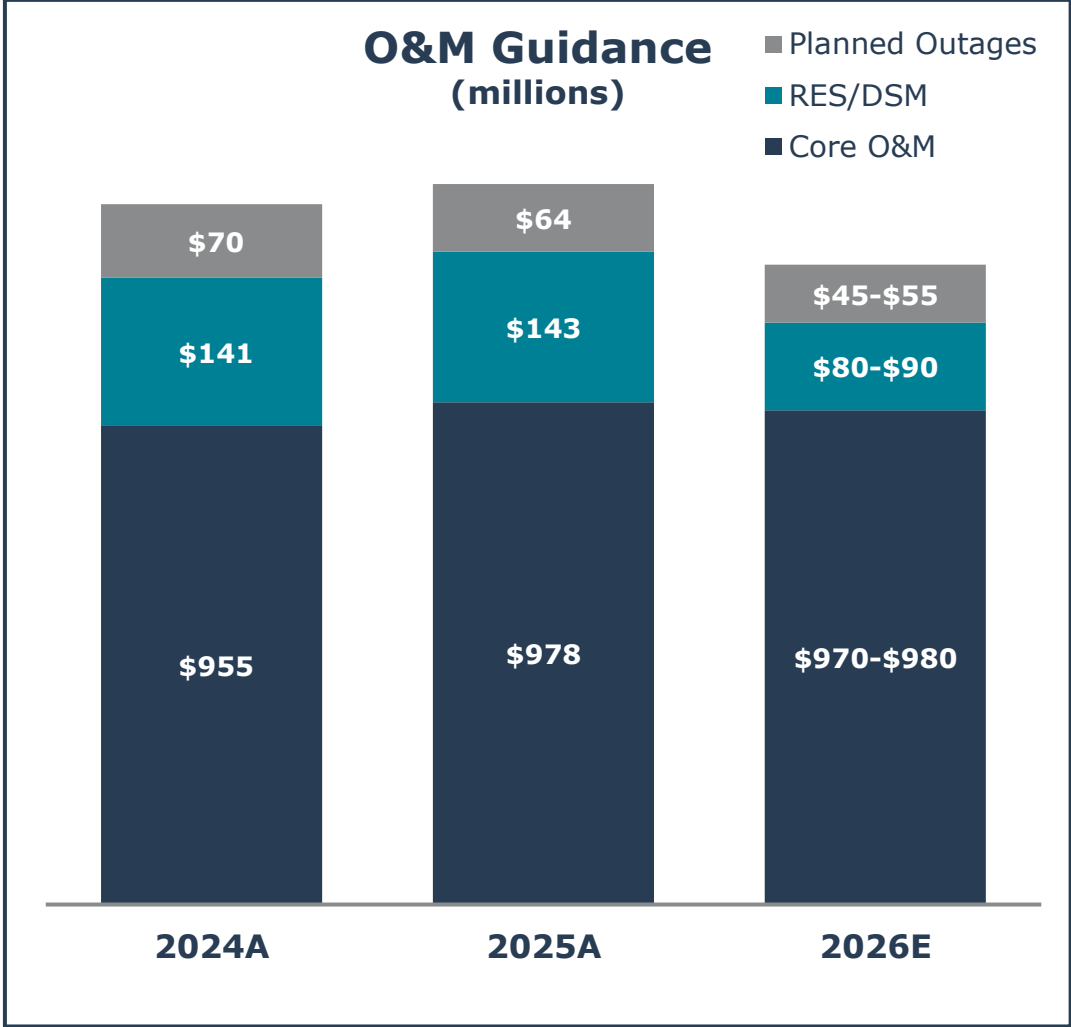


¹ Guidance excludes CWIP amounts of \$1.6B in 2024 and \$2.7B-\$3.2B in 2028.
² Derived from APS annual update of formula transmission service rates.
³ Represents unadjusted ACC jurisdictional rate base consistent with regulatory filings.

We are focused on cost control and customer affordability

Operations & Maintenance Guidance

- Core O&M remains flat with rapidly growing customer base
- Lean culture and declining O&M per MWh goal
- Reduction of year-over-year O&M including planned outages



Numbers may not foot due to rounding.

Optimized financing plan to support balanced capital structure

2026-2028 Financing Plan



¹ Cash from operations is net of shareholder dividends.

² APS and PNW debt issuance is net of maturities.

³ PNW equity is net of \$485M already priced through January 2026. Of this \$1.0B-\$1.2B total incremental need, \$350M has already been priced under equity forwards through April 2026.

Funding Strategy

- External equity to support balanced APS capital structure and expanded, accretive capital investment
 - \$835M of equity available under equity forwards
 - 2026 equity need fully priced; \$185M incrementally available to meet future need
 - Maintain strong balance sheet and current credit ratings

2026 Financing Plan Execution

DEBT	Estimated Amount ⁴	Maturities	Completed
APS	\$1.2B	\$250M	\$600M
PNW ⁵	\$550M	\$350M	\$0
EQUITY	Estimated Amount	Priced ⁶	Settled
PNW	\$650M	\$650M	\$0

⁴ Includes maturities.

⁵ Excludes refinancing of existing term loan.

⁶ Amount represents \$275M priced under PNW's Block Equity Forward in February 2024 and \$375M priced through the At-the-Market (ATM) program as of April 2026.

We are focused on maintaining healthy credit ratings to support affordable growth

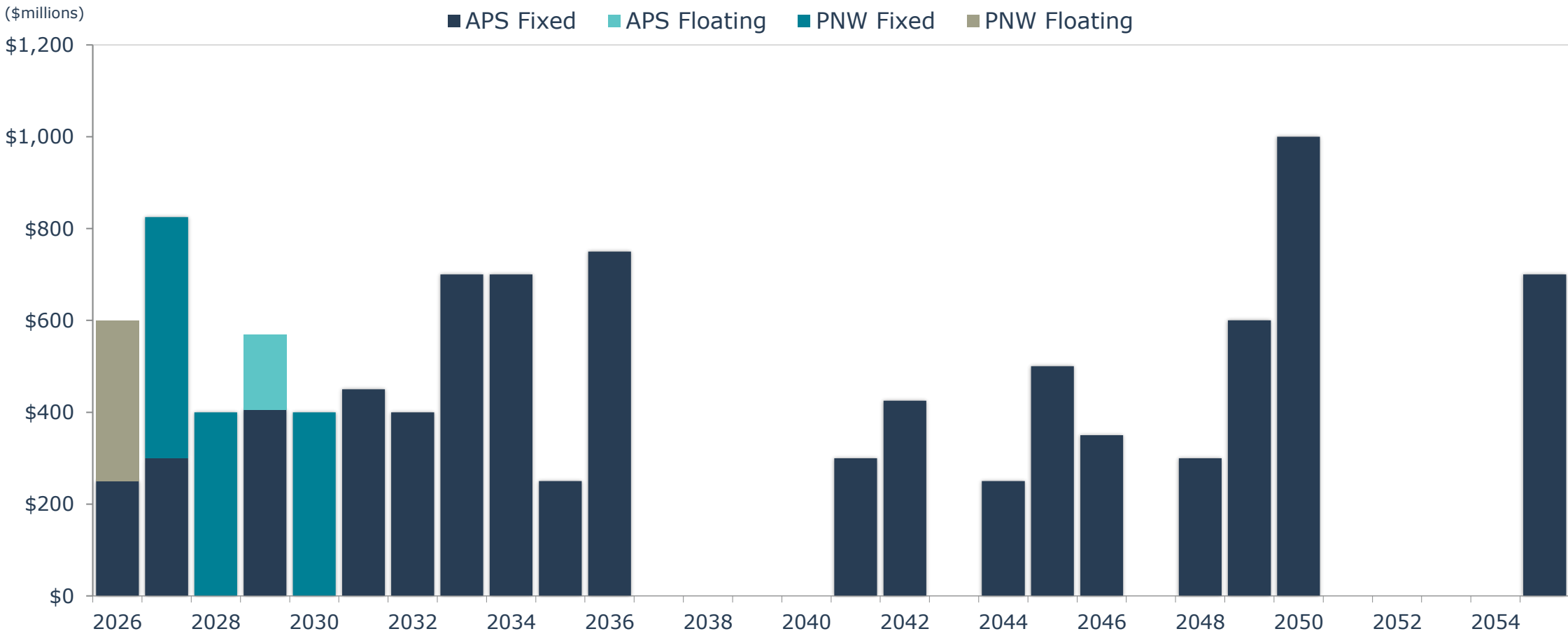
	Corporate Ratings ¹	Senior Unsecured Ratings	Short-Term Ratings	Outlook
APS				
Moody's	Baa1	Baa1	P-2	Stable
S&P	BBB+	BBB+	A-2	Stable
Fitch	BBB+	A-	F2	Stable
Pinnacle West				
Moody's	Baa2	Baa2	P-2	Stable
S&P	BBB+	BBB	A-2	Stable
Fitch	BBB	BBB	F3	Stable

- ### Credit Objectives
- Maintain current investment-grade ratings at both PNW and APS
 - Target PNW FFO/Debt range of 14%-16% over the long-term
 - Midpoint represents >100bps cushion above Moody's threshold
 - Target HoldCo debt to total Company debt % in the mid-teens
 - Maintain APS capital structure at >50% equity



¹ Ratings as of April 28, 2026. Outlooks were reaffirmed by all agencies in April 2026.

Debt maturity profile shows well managed and stable financing plan



As of March 31, 2026



Appendix

PINNACLE WEST
CAPITAL CORPORATION

2025 APS Rate Case – Updated Positions

Overview of rate request (\$ in millions) key components

Rate Base Growth	\$206
12 months Post-test Year Plant	\$162
Fair Value Increment	\$89
WACC (7.63%)	\$129
Other (Base fuel, depreciation study, etc.)	<u>\$109</u>
Total Revenue Requirement	\$694
Adjustor Transfers	<u>\$(83)</u>
Net Revenue Increase	\$611
Customer Net Revenue Impact on Day 1	14.75%

Additional details

- APS has requested rates become effective in the second half of 2026
- Docket number: E-01345A-25-0105
- Additional details, including filing, can be found at <http://www.pinnaclewest.com/investors>

Numbers may not foot due to rounding.

2025 APS Rate Case – Updated Positions

Overview of rate request (\$ in millions) key components

Test Year Ended December 31, 2024

Total Rate Base - Adjusted	\$15.8B
ACC Rate Base - Adjusted	\$13.1B
Embedded Long-Term Cost of Debt	4.26%
Allowed Return on Equity	10.70%
ROE Band for Formula Rate	+/- 40bps
Capital Structure	
Long-Term Debt	47.65%
Common Equity	52.35%
Base Fuel Rate (¢/kWh)	4.3881¢/kWh
Post-Test Year Plant period	12 months

Proposed rate design modifications

- Direct assignment of generation costs to ensure extra high load factor customers pay for the resources they require
- Align rates with costs to move classes closer to their cost of service which supports small and medium sized businesses
- Ensure growth pays for growth and offers significant customer protections

2025 APS Rate Case – Updated Positions

Formula Rate Adjustment Mechanism (FRAM) proposal

- Historic test year, with authorized ROE and capital structure approved in most recent rate case
- Inclusion of 6 months post-test year plant
- Removal of System Reliability Benefit and the Tax Expense Adjustor Mechanism if FRAM is approved
- No rate adjustment if actual ROE falls within +/- 40 bps of authorized ROE
- Revenue surplus/deficiency allocated based on ACC jurisdictional cost of service results

FRAM proposed schedule

ACC filing of Annual Update	July 31
Last day for data requests for informal information exchange.	August 12
Last day to submit informal challenge(s).	August 19
Informal challenge(s) resolution deadline	August 31
Adjusted annual update posted	September 1
Last day for data requests and to submit formal challenge(s)	September 22
Staff Report (if no hearing)	October 31
Commission Decision (if necessary)	Before December 1
Rate Effective Date	First billing cycle in December

2025 APS Rate Case - Testimony Summaries

	APS Direct Testimony	ACC Direct Testimony	APS Rebuttal Testimony
Return on Equity	10.70%	9.55% - 9.80% ²	10.70%
Fair Value Increment	1.00%	0.20%	0.90%
Capital Tracking Mechanism & Existing Adjustors	Maintain TCA, PSA, SRB, DSMAC, REAC and TEAM Eliminate LFCR ¹	Eliminate SRB, LFCR & TEAM Phase out REAC & DSMAC Optionally Eliminated Maintain PSA & TCA	Eliminate SRB, LFCR & TEAM if FRAM Approved ³ Maintain TCA, PSA, DSMAC, and REAC
Formula Rate Adjustment Mechanism (FRAM)	TY Eligible 12/31/2026 10.70% ROE +/- 20pbs Deadband Projected Plant 12 Months	TY Eligible 12/31/2027 9.55% ROE +/- 50pbs Deadband Post Test-Year Plant 6 Months	TY Eligible 12/31/2026 10.70% ROE +/- 40pbs Deadband Post Test-Year Plant 6 Months
Additional items	100% D&O 100% Incentive Comp 100% BOD Expense	50% D&O 50% Incentive Comp 50% BOD Expense	50% D&O 50% Incentive Comp 50% BOD Expense
Total Revenue Requirement Increase	\$662.44M	\$525.19M	\$694.23M
Bill Impact	13.99%	10.68%	14.75%

¹. Eliminate if FRAM approved

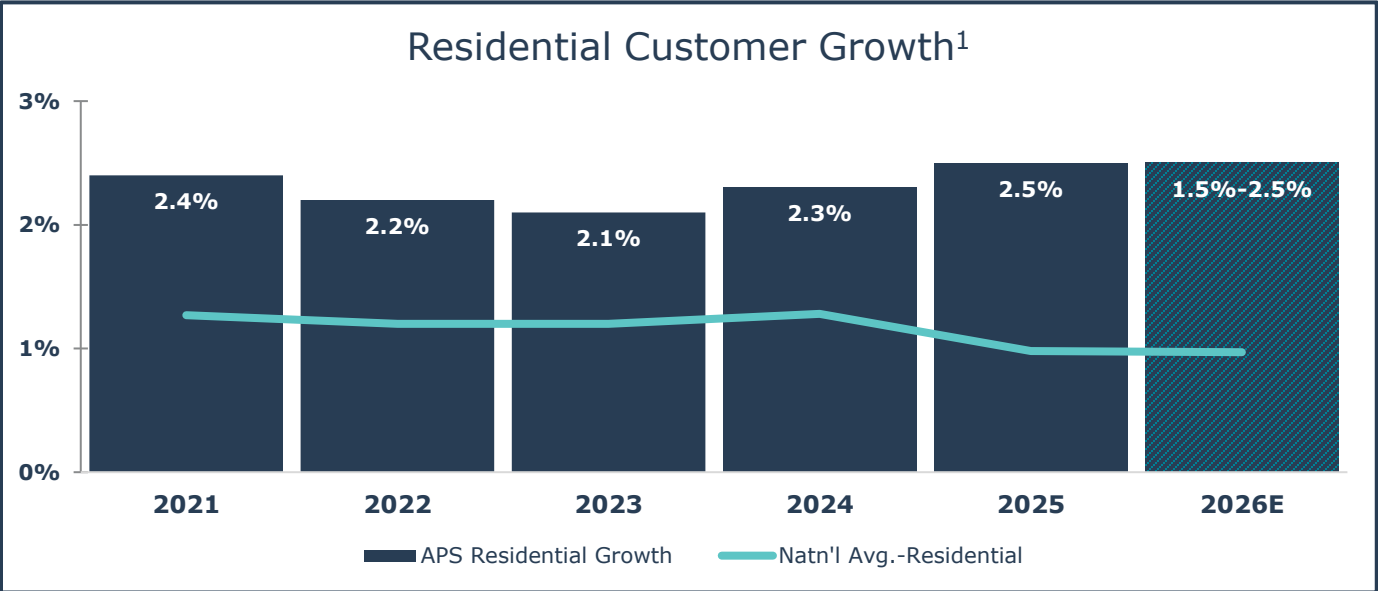
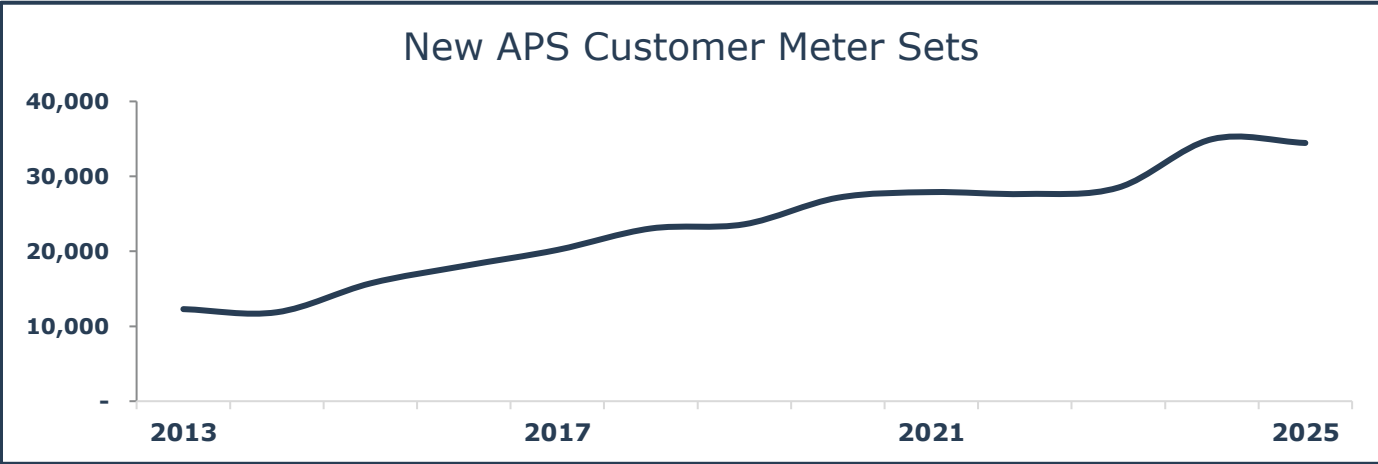
². If the FRAM is adopted, the Commission should consider an ROE at the lower end of Staff's recommended range (9.55% - 9.80%)

³. Eliminate if FRAM approved and maintains 120-day schedule

Arizona continues to be an attractive service territory with strong customer growth

Arizona economy continues to be robust and attractive

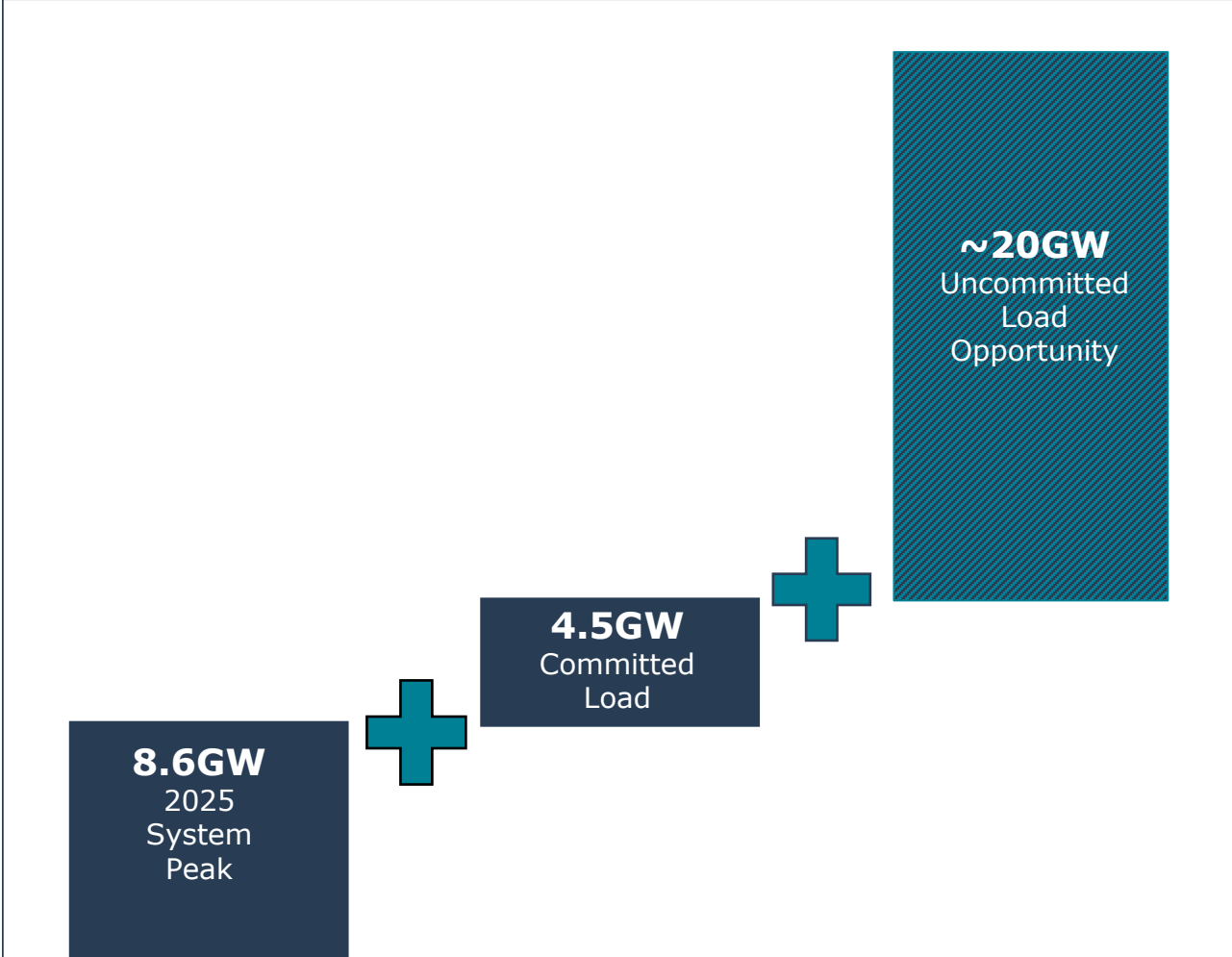
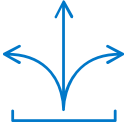
- Phoenix housing is affordable compared to major cities in the region
- Maricopa County ranked top county for economic development in 2025 by Site Selection Magazine
- Ranked #1 in the nation for semiconductor manufacturing by Business Facilities Magazine
- Phoenix is ranked #1 out of 15 top growth markets for manufacturing by Newmark Group, a global real estate firm
- Arizona State University ranked #1 in Innovation for 11th straight year by U.S. News and World Report
- Phoenix ranks #1 in Western industrial markets by sales and industrial development (3rd nationally) by Commercial Café Report



¹ National average from 2025 Itron Annual Energy Survey Report.

Significant investment opportunity to serve increased demand

There is significant additional load we need to be ready to serve



Which is requiring us to invest



New gas generation:

- Announced new gas generation build of up to 2 GWs
- Anchor shipper on new gas pipeline, expected to be in service by late 2029



Palo Verde generating station:

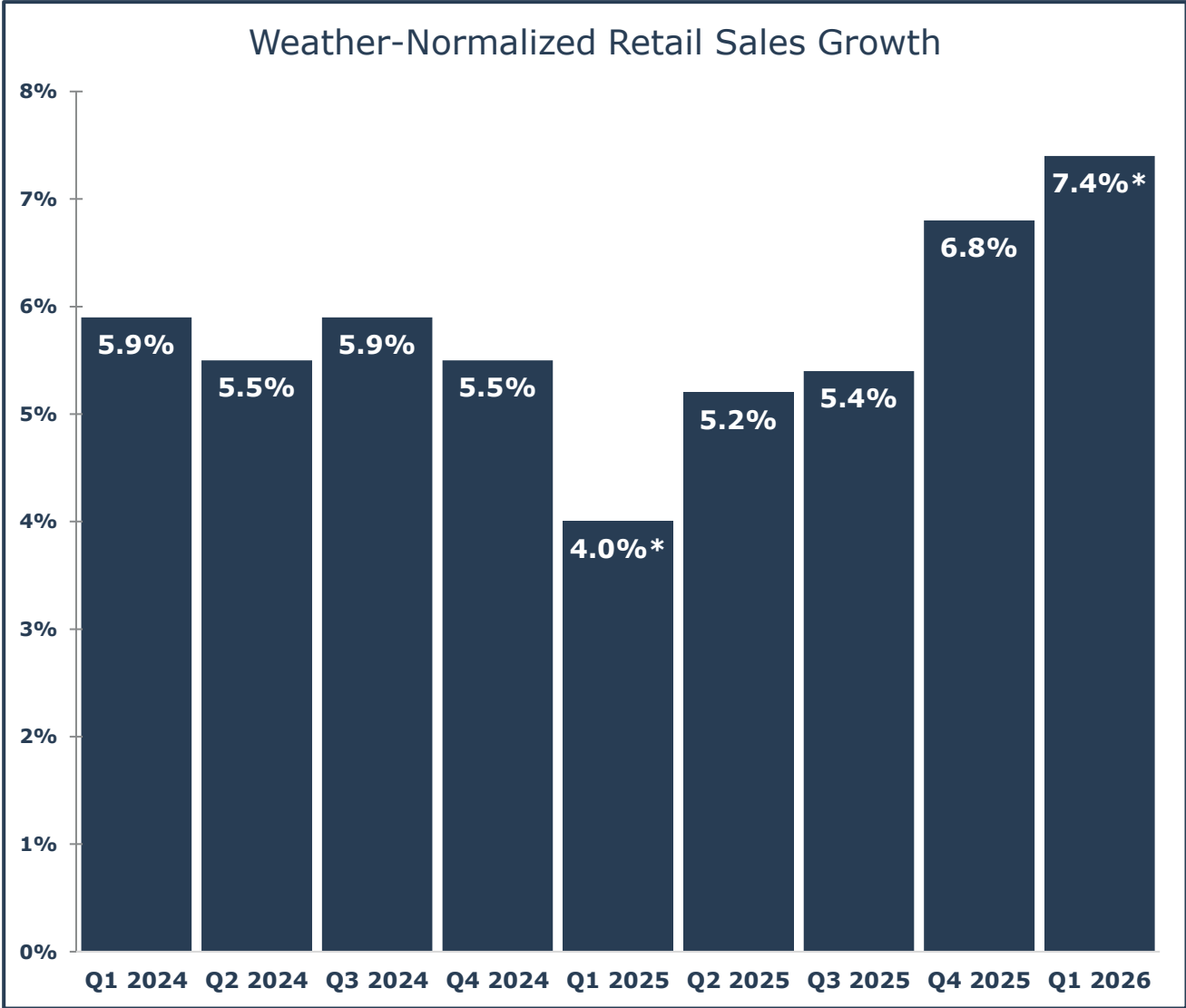
- Approximately \$200 million incremental investment made during Q3 2025 on buyout option for nearly 100 MW of nuclear capacity previously under sale-leaseback
- Increased investment in Palo Verde capital program of approximately \$500M over the next 10 years



Strategic transmission:

- Several major transmission investments to support new resources and the overall system buildout
- Additional investment in large transmission projects to enable access to out of state generation and additional markets

Strong track record of consistently robust sales growth



* Excludes \$11M reduction to unbilled revenues in January 2025

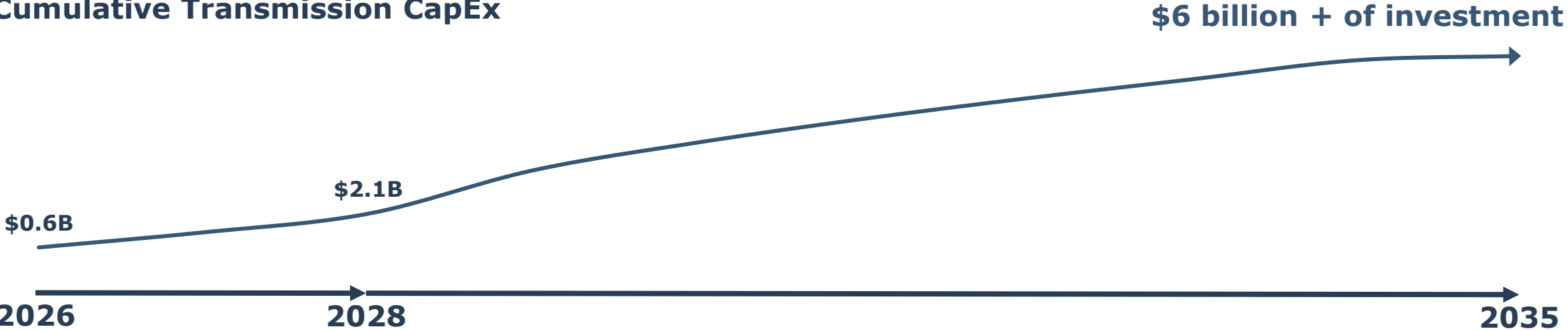
Continued trend of robust sales growth

- 9 consecutive quarters of growth within or exceeding the original long-term guidance range of 4%-6%
- Strong C&I sales growth as extra high load factor customers continue to ramp
 - Q1 2026 C&I growth of 14.6%
- 2026 sales growth guidance of 4%-6%
- Long term sales growth increased to 5%-7% and extended through 2030



Transmission expansion could drive significant capital investment

Cumulative Transmission CapEx



Major Transmission Projects in Development		
Project	Miles/kV	Est. in-service
Helios to Milligan	~23 mi/230kV	2027
Pinnacle Peak to Ocotillo	~50 mi/230kV	2030
Cotton Transmission Corridor: Panda to Freedom Lines #2 & #1 Jojoba to Rudd	~80 mi/230kV ~29 mi/500kV	2030/2031 2031
Proposed Transmission for New Gas	TBD	2030

- ### Transmission Investment Strategy
- Investments in Extra High Voltage (EHV) transmission to support reliability, resiliency, and integration of new resources
 - Over 600 miles of 345kV and above and over 300 miles of 230kV lines in planning period
 - Investments in large transmission projects to enable access to out of state generation and additional markets
 - Constructive and timely recovery through annual FERC Formula rate with wheeling revenue benefiting retail customers

Source: APS 2026-2035 Ten Year Transmission System Plan

Arizona's commercial and industrial growth is diverse

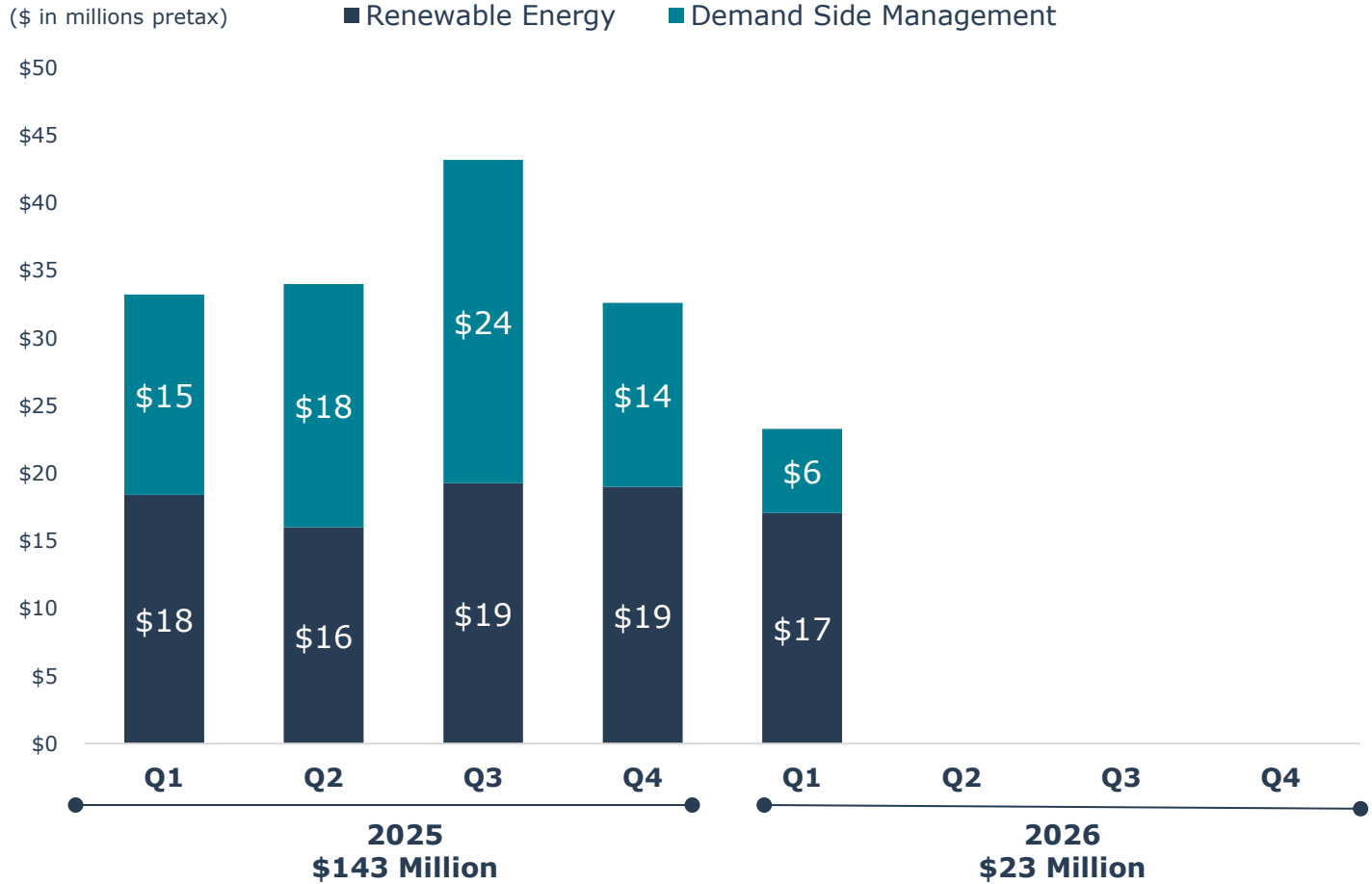
HOME TO GLOBAL GIANTS

Arizona's dynamic business ecosystem is buzzing with cutting-edge innovators across diversified industries.



... AND MANY MORE

Renewable Energy & Demand Side Management expenses¹

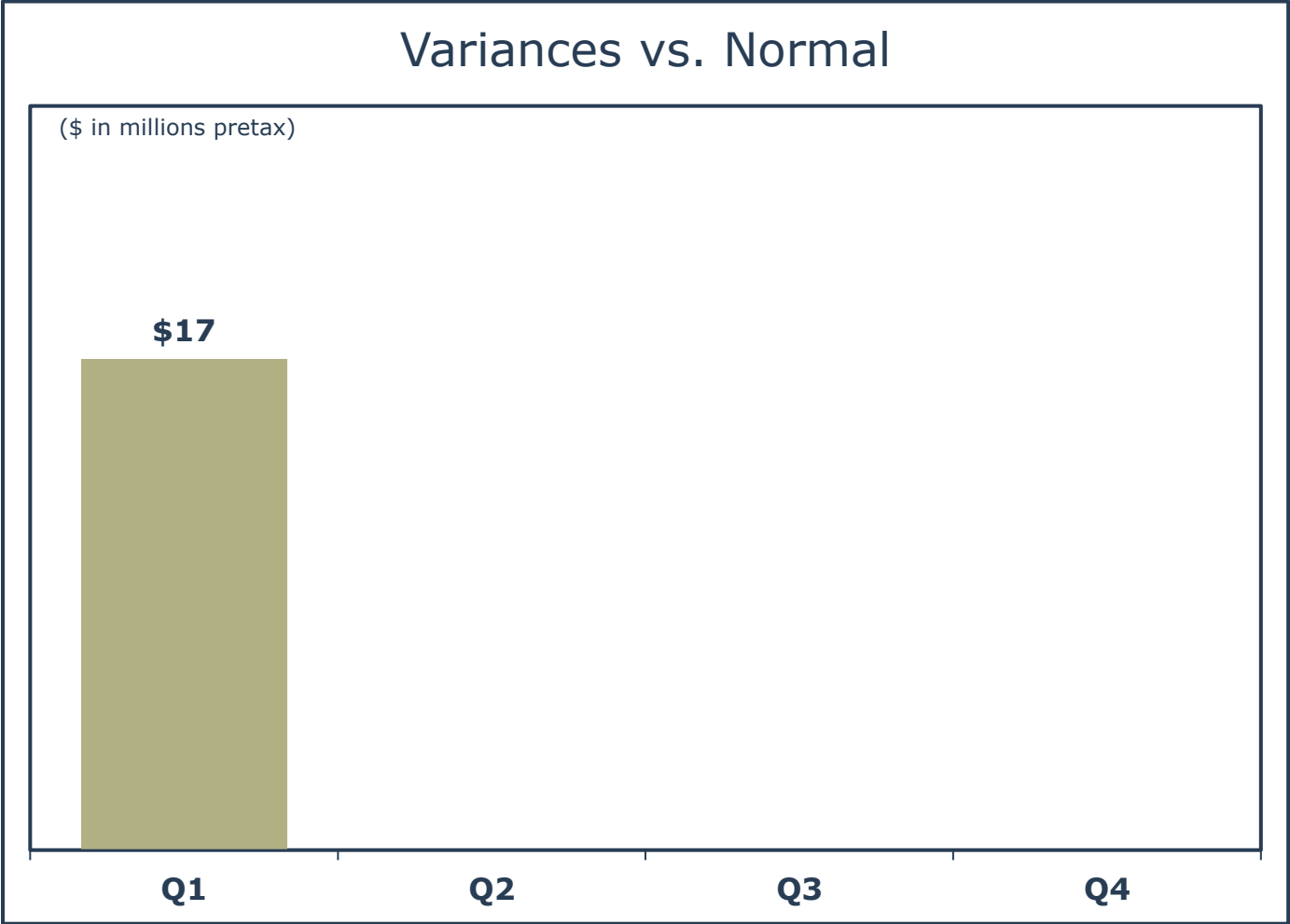


Numbers may not foot due to rounding.



¹ Renewable Energy and Demand Side Management expenses are substantially offset by adjustment mechanisms.

2026 gross margin effects of weather



2026 Total Weather Impact: \$17 Million

All periods recalculated to current 10-year rolling average (2015 - 2024). Numbers may not foot due to rounding.

2026 Planned Outage Schedule

Coal, Nuclear and Large Gas Planned Outages

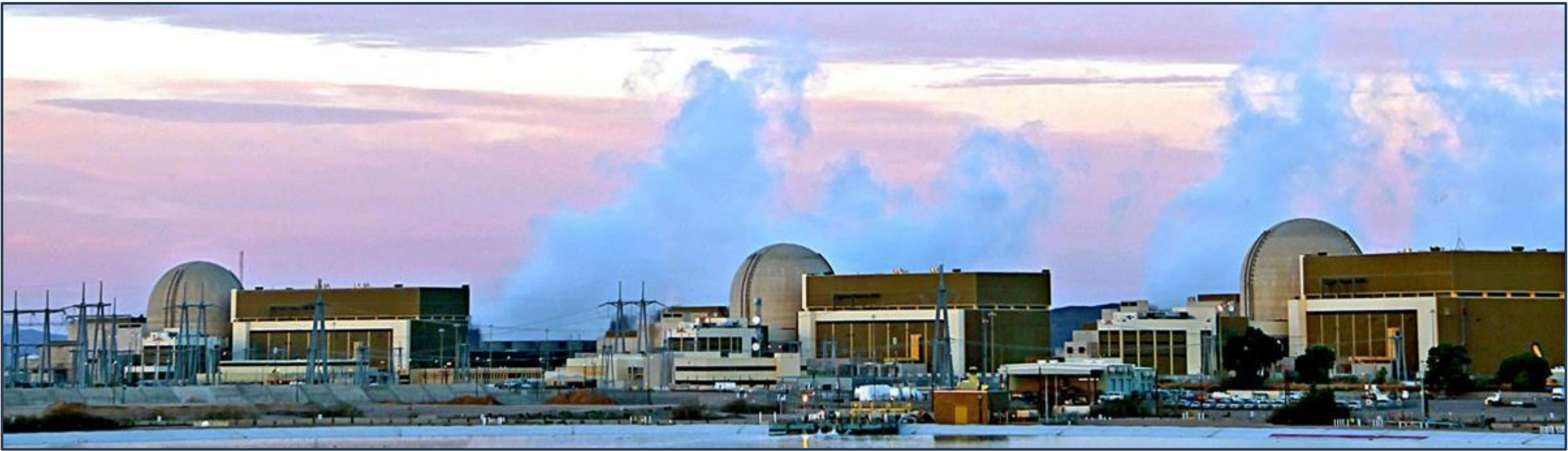
Q2

Plant	Unit	Estimated Duration in Days
Palo Verde ¹	2	36

¹ Outage began at end of Q1

Q4

Plant	Unit	Estimated Duration in Days
Palo Verde	1	46



Non-GAAP Measure Reconciliation

	2025 Actual ²	2026 Guidance ²
Operating revenues ¹	\$5.34 billion	\$5.56 - \$5.66 billion
Fuel and purchased power expenses ¹	\$1.94 billion	\$2.17 - \$2.21 billion
Gross Margin	\$3.40 billion	\$3.39 - \$3.45 billion
Adjustments:		
Renewable energy and demand side management programs	\$153 million	\$80 - \$90 million
Adjusted gross margin	\$3.25 billion	\$3.31 - \$3.37 billion
Operations and maintenance¹	\$1.19 billion	\$1.10 - \$1.12 billion
Adjustments:		
Renewable energy and demand side management programs	\$143 million	\$80 - \$90 million
Adjusted operations and maintenance	\$1.04 billion	\$1.02 - \$1.04 billion

¹ Line items from Consolidated Statements of Income.

² Numbers may not foot due to rounding.

2026 Key Regulatory Dates

Case/Docket #	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
2025 Rate Case E-01345A-25-0105:	Staff and Intervenor Direct Testimony filed March 2 and March 18	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • APS Rebuttal Testimony filed April 3 • Staff and Intervenor Surrebuttal Testimony filed May 1 • APS Rejoinder Testimony to be filed May 11 • Rate Case hearing to begin May 18 		Final Decision anticipated for Q4 2026
Power Supply Adjustor (PSA) E-01345A-22-0144:	2026 PSA rate reset effective Feb. 4			PSA reset to be filed Nov. 30
Transmission Cost Adjustor E-01345A-22-0144:		To be filed May 15 for a June 1 effective date		
Lost Fixed Cost Recovery E-01345A-26-XXXX:			2026 LFCR to be filed July 31	2026 LFCR effective Nov. 1 (if approved)
Resource Comparison Proxy E-01345A-26-XXXX:		Updated RCP calculation filed May 1	RCP update effective Sep. 1	
2027-2031 RES Implementation Plan E-01345A-26-XXXX:	2026 RES Plan approved Feb. 4		2027-2031 RES Plan to be filed July 1	
2026 DSM/TE Implementation Plan E-01345A-26-XXXX:		2026 DSM/TE Plan filed April 7		
ACC Inquiry into Nuclear Issues E-00000A-25-0026:	ACC Nuclear Workshop #2 held Feb. 24			
ACC Inquiry into Data Center Rate Classifications E-00000A-25-0069		ACC Large Load Users Development Workshop held April 16		
2026 Integrated Resource Plan: E-99999A-25-0058			2026 IRP to be filed August 3	
14th Biennial Transmission Assessment: E-99999A-25-0006	APS Ten-Year Transmission System Plan filed Jan. 30		ACC 14th BTA Workshop to be held July 16	

Wildfire Mitigation

Our current practices are comprehensive and multi-faceted:



Vegetation Management

- Comprehensive right-of-way clearance on maintained cycles
- Defensible space around poles (DSAP)
- Hazard tree program



Grid Hardening Investments

- Ongoing distribution system upgrades
- Mesh pole wrapping
- Expulsion limiting fuses
- Steel poles (if truck accessible)



Asset Inspection

- Enhanced line patrols
- Technology deployments
 - Drone use
 - Infra-red scans



Monitoring and Awareness

- Dedicated team of meteorologists
- Advanced fire modeling software
- Cameras and weather stations
- Federal & state agency partnerships



Operational Mitigations

- Non-reclosing strategy
- Public outreach program
- Red Flag Alert protocols
- Enhanced Powerline Safety Settings (EPSS)
- Public Safety Power Shutoff (PSPS)



Internal: 20-person **fire mitigation department** engages across entire APS organization to plan and implement initiatives
External: Member of 19 **fire mitigation industry associations**



Comprehensive Wildfire Mitigation Plan (CWMP) submitted to AZ DFFM as required by AZ Revised Statutes; review underway

Consolidated Statistics

	3 Months Ended March 31,		
	2026	2025	Incr (Decr)
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES (Dollars in Millions)			
Retail			
Residential	\$ 494	\$ 449	\$ 45
Business	602	525	77
Total Retail	1,095	974*	122
Sales for Resale (Wholesale)	15	25	(10)
Transmission for Others	32	26	6
Other Miscellaneous Services	7	8	(1)
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 1,150	\$ 1,032	\$ 117
ELECTRIC SALES (GWH)			
Retail			
Residential	2,814	2,669	145
Business	4,740	4,038	702
Total Retail	7,553	6,707	847
Sales for Resale (Wholesale)	606	1,087	(481)
Total Electric Sales	8,160	7,794	366
RETAIL SALES (GWH) - WEATHER NORMALIZED			
Residential	2,766	2,718	48
Business	4,608	4,023	585
Total Retail Sales	7,373	6,741	632
Retail sales (GWH) (% over prior year)	9.4%	2.1%	7.3%
AVERAGE ELECTRIC CUSTOMERS			
Retail Customers			
Residential	1,305,506	1,276,813	28,692
Business	147,483	145,144	2,339
Total Retail	1,452,989	1,421,957	31,032
Wholesale Customers	48	53	(5)
Total Customers	1,453,037	1,422,010	31,027
Total Customer Growth (% over prior year)	2.2%	2.3%	(0.1)%
RETAIL USAGE - WEATHER NORMALIZED (KWh/Average Customer)			
Residential	2,118	2,128	(10)
Business	31,243	27,719	3,524

* Includes reduction of accrued unbilled revenues in January 2025.
Numbers may not foot due to rounding.

Consolidated Statistics

	3 Months Ended March 31,		
	2026	2025	Incr (Decr)
ENERGY SOURCES (GWH)			
Generation Production			
Nuclear	2,393	2,508	(114)
Coal	1,460	1,101	359
Gas, Oil and Other	2,017	2,222	(205)
Renewables	195	180	15
Total Generation Production	6,065	6,010	55
Purchased Power			
Conventional	791	713	78
Resales	9	40	(31)
Renewables	1,638	1,492	146
Total Purchased Power	2,437	2,244	193
Total Energy Sources	8,503	8,254	248

POWER PLANT PERFORMANCE

Capacity Factors - Owned			
Nuclear	97%	101%	(5)%
Coal	50%	38%	12%
Gas, Oil and Other	25%	28%	(3)%
Solar	24%	20%	4%
System Average	42%	42%	0%

	3 Months Ended March 31,		
	2026	2025	Incr (Decr)
WEATHER INDICATORS - RESIDENTIAL			
Actual			
Cooling Degree-Days	72	6	66
Heating Degree-Days	163	379	(216)
Average Humidity	0%	0%	0%
10-Year Averages (2015 - 2024)			
Cooling Degree-Days	1	1	
Heating Degree-Days	469	469	
Average Humidity	0%	0%	0%

Numbers may not foot due to rounding.