

Keysight Technologies Q3 Fiscal Year 2025 Results

August 19, 2025

Safe Harbor

This communication contains forward-looking statements as defined in Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and is subject to the safe harbors created therein. Statements preceded by, followed by, or that otherwise include the words “anticipate,” “assume,” “plan,” “estimate,” “expect,” “guidance,” “intend,” “implied,” “target,” “believe,” “outlook,” and similar words or expressions, or future or conditional verbs such as “will,” “should,” “would,” “may,” or “could”, or statements regarding the company’s goals, priorities, anticipated revenues, anticipated demand, growth opportunities, customer service and innovation plans, new product introductions, anticipated financial condition, anticipated gross and operating margins, future earnings, the anticipated continued strengths and expected growth of the markets the company sells into, and future operations, earnings, and tax rates are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Keysight disclaims any intention to, and undertakes no responsibility to, update or revise any forward looking statement, whether as a result of new information, a future event, or otherwise. The forward-looking statements contained herein include, but are not limited to, predictions, guidance, projections, assumptions, beliefs, opinions, and expectations regarding the company’s future goals, revenues, financial condition, earnings, and operations that involve risks and uncertainties that could cause Keysight’s results to differ materially from those expressed in such statements. Such risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, impacts of global economic conditions such as inflation or recession, impacts of tariffs and reciprocal tariffs, volatility in financial markets, reduced access to credit, changing interest rates, slowing demand for products or services, impacts of US export control regulations, impacts of geopolitical tension and conflict, impacts related to net-zero emissions commitments, customer purchasing decisions and timing, order cancellations. For additional risks and uncertainties that could impact Keysight’s actual results, please see our latest Form 10-K filed with the SEC on December 17, 2024 and our latest Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on June 03, 2025, included but not limited to the discussion under “Risk Factors” therein, which may be viewed at www.sec.gov.

This presentation includes a number of different financial measures, both GAAP and non-GAAP, in analyzing and assessing the overall performance of the business, for making operating decisions and for forecasting and planning for future periods. Non-GAAP measures exclude primarily the impacts of amortization of acquisition-related balances, share-based compensation, acquisition and integration costs, restructuring and related costs, and any one-time adjustments that may have a material effect on the Company’s expenses and income from operations calculated in accordance with GAAP. Also excluded are tax benefits or expenses that are not directly related to ongoing operations and which are either isolated or cannot be expected to occur again with any regularity or predictability. For future periods, most of these excluded amounts pertain to events that have not yet occurred and are not currently possible to estimate with a reasonable degree of accuracy. This limits our ability to provide a reconciliation of the expected non-GAAP earnings per share to the GAAP equivalent. The definitions of these non-GAAP financial measures may differ from similarly titled measures used by others, and such non-GAAP measures should be considered supplemental to and not a substitute for financial information prepared in accordance with GAAP. Keysight generally uses non-GAAP financial measures to facilitate management’s comparisons to historic operating results, to competitors’ operating results and to guidance provided to investors. In addition, Keysight believes that the use of these non-GAAP financial measures provides greater transparency to investors of information used by management in its financial and operational decision-making. Refer to last slide for more details on the use of non-GAAP financial measures.

Q3'25 Highlights

1	Revenue and earnings per share above high end of guidance range	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Q3 revenue of \$1.4B (+11% y/y) and earnings per share¹ of \$1.72 (+9% y/y). • Third consecutive quarter of overall revenue growth. • Continued momentum in CSG (+11%) and second consecutive quarter of growth in EISG (+11%). • Core operating margin^{1,2} of 25.4% increased 110 basis points y/y.
2	Raised full-year outlook on strong execution and Q4 backlog	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$2.4B backlog with strong scheduled shipments for Q4. • Strong demand for AI solutions and robust order growth in aerospace, defense and government. • Continued growth in wafer test and general electronics with stable demand in automotive. • Expected FY25 revenue growth of 7% and non-GAAP EPS growth of approximately 13%.
3	Focused on strong execution in dynamic macroeconomic environment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • YTD free cash flow¹ of \$1.1B; strong cash flow conversion in the quarter. • Q3 share repurchases totaled ~300K shares for a total consideration of \$50M. • Software and services revenue was 36% of overall Keysight; recurring revenue was 28%. • Spirent regulatory clearances are progressing; close now expected in Q4 FY25. • Acquisitions of Synopsys' Optical Solutions Group and Ansys' PowerArtist advancing towards final regulatory approval.
4	Progressing tariff mitigation strategy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Actioning multi-pronged approach to reduce impact of tariffs on financial results. • Incremental gross impact of tariff increases announced on August 1 is \$75M on an annualized basis. • On track to fully mitigate April tariffs on a dollar basis by Q1 FY26. • Expect to fully mitigate impact of August tariff increases on a dollar basis within 1H FY26.

Q3'25 Non-GAAP Financial Highlights

Orders

\$1.340B

+7%y/y (+6%core*)

Revenue

\$1.352B

+11%y/y (+9% core*)

Operating Margin

25.0%

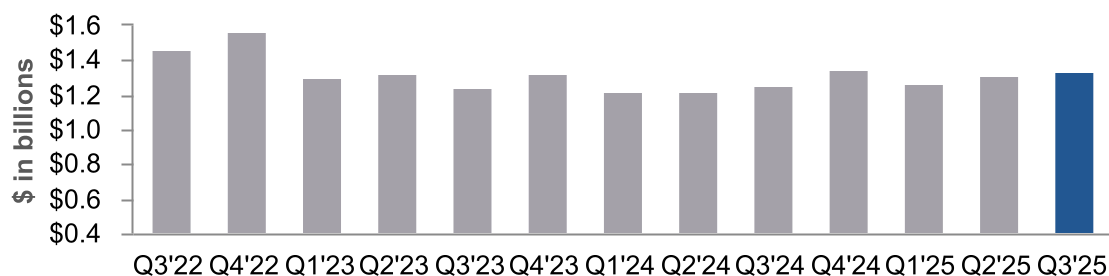
+60 basis points y/y

EPS

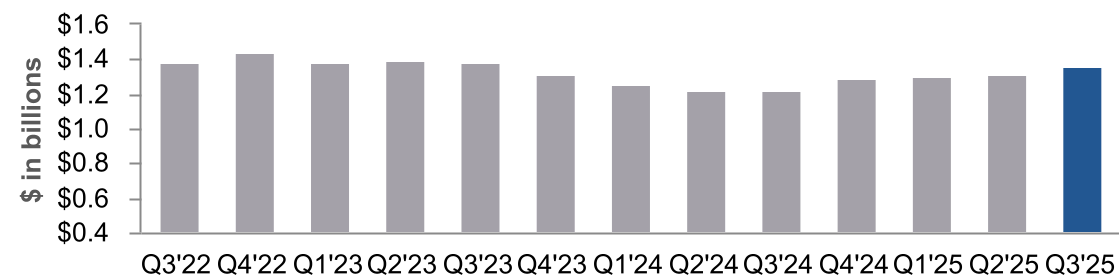
\$1.72

+9%y/y

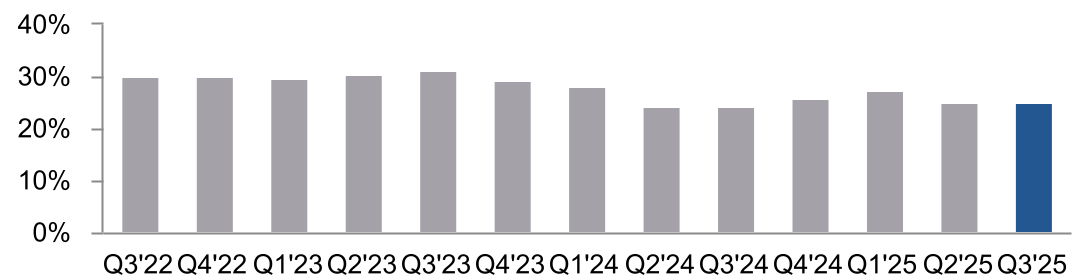
Orders



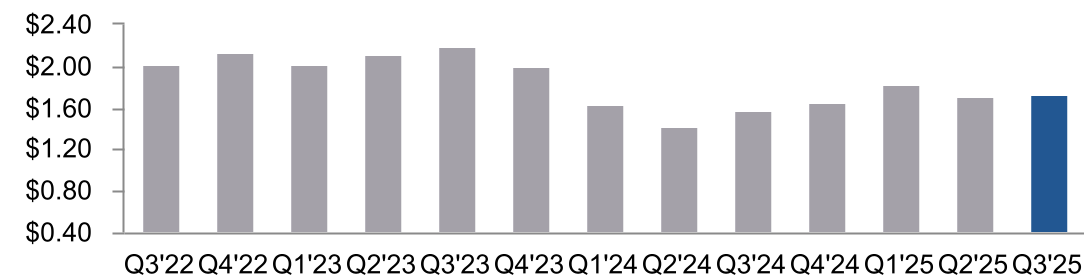
Revenue



Operating Margin



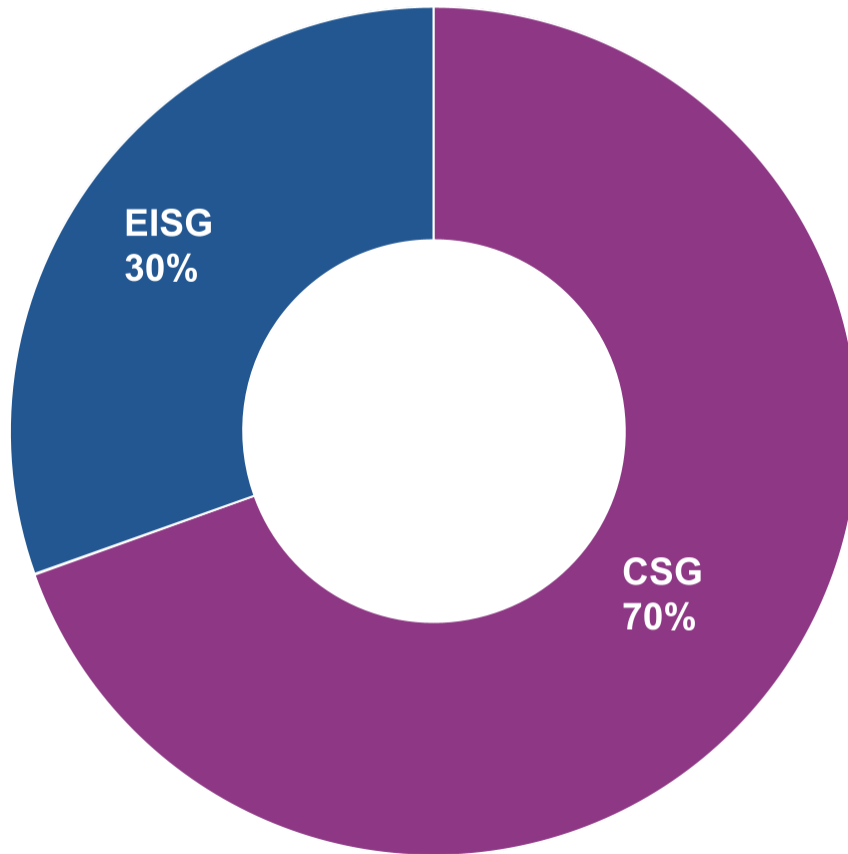
EPS



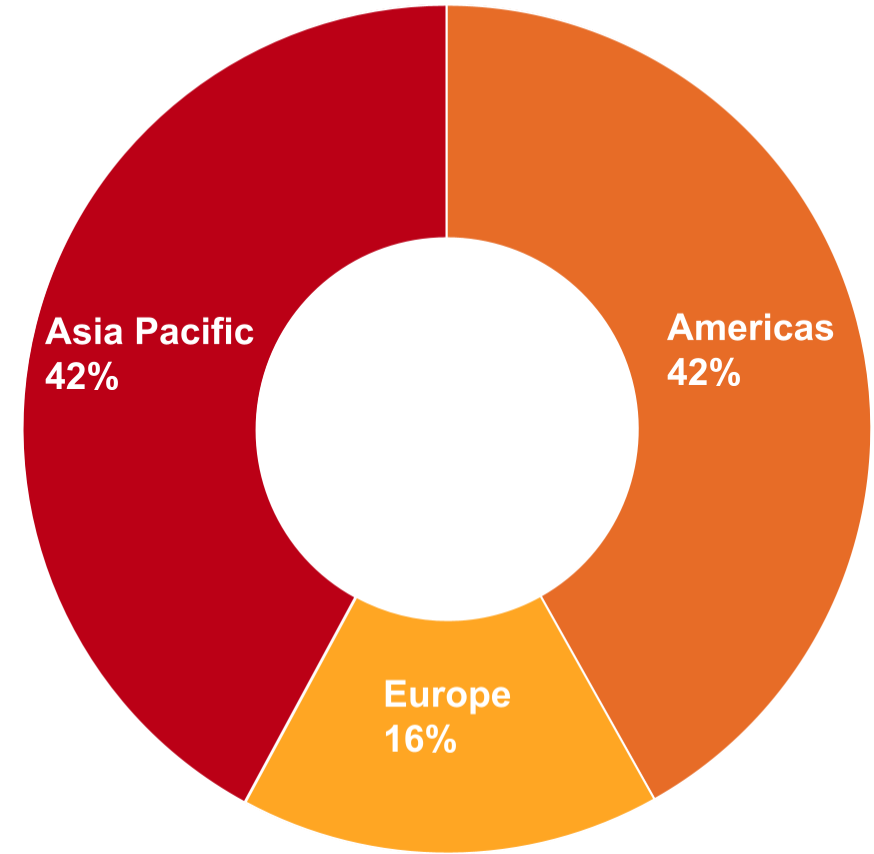
Revenue by Segment & by Region

Q3'25 Revenue: \$1.352B

By Segment



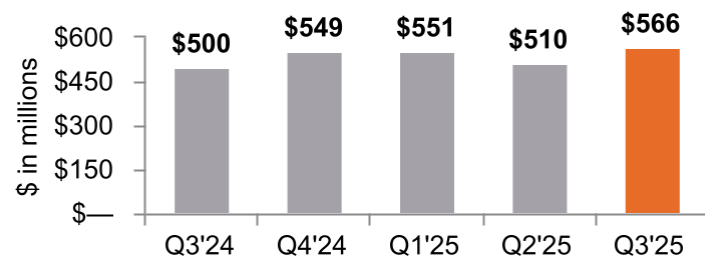
By Region



Revenue Trend by Region

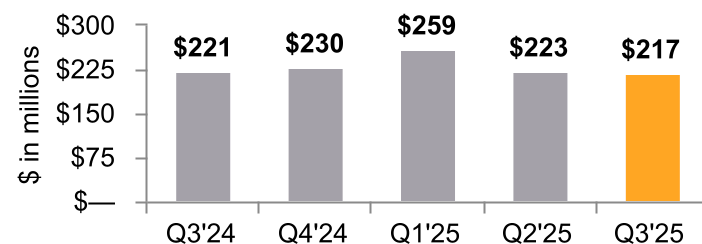


Americas



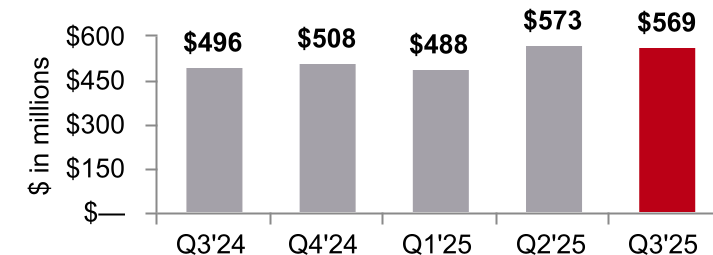
+13% y/y (+13% core*): Revenue growth across CC, ADG and EI.

Europe



-2% y/y (-6% core*): Revenue decline in ADG while EI and CC were flat.

Asia Pacific



+15% y/y (+13% core*): Revenue growth across EI, CC and ADG.

Q3'25 Communications Solutions Group Highlights



Revenue

\$940M

+11% y/y (+10% core*)



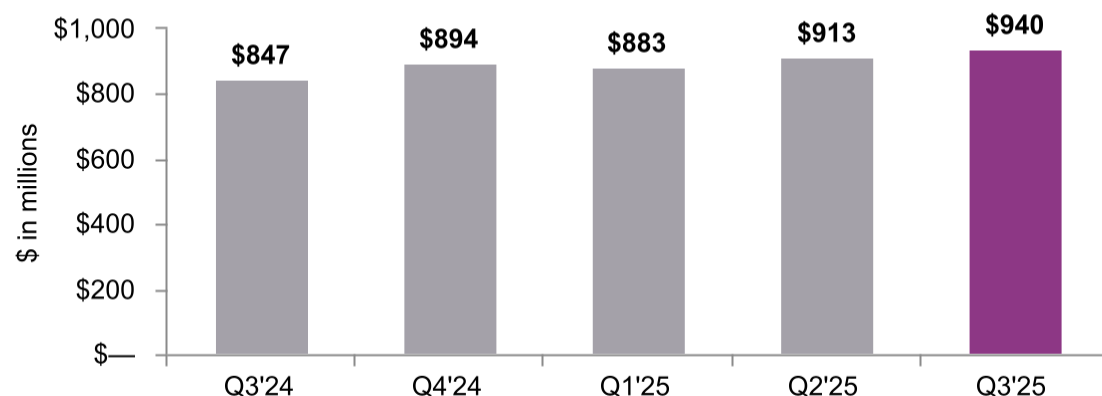
Operating Margin

26.1%

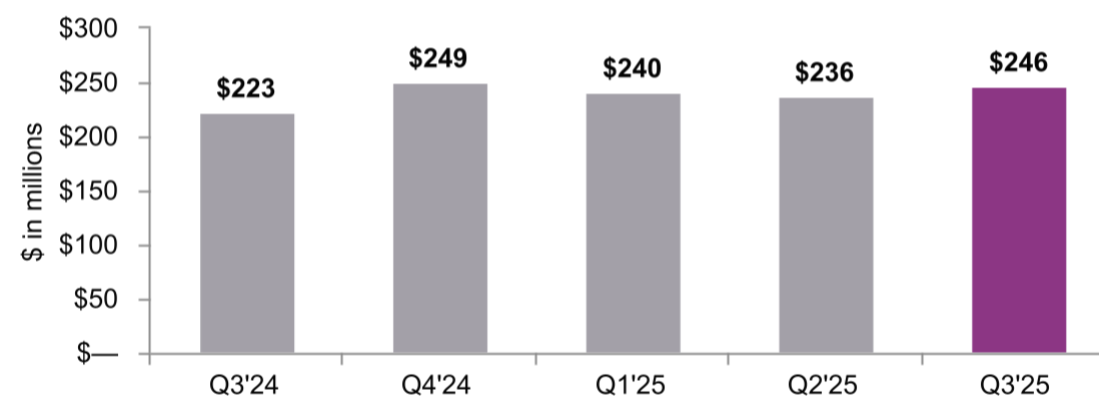
-20 basis points y/y

- **Commercial Communications:** Revenue growth was driven by double-digit increases in both wireline and wireless. Order growth reflected continued investment in AI data center infrastructure.
- **Aerospace, Defense & Government:** Revenue growth reflected strength in the U.S. and Asia. Orders grew by double-digits both y/y and sequentially fueled by ongoing global government and defense spending.

CSG Revenue



CSG Income from Operations



Q3'25 Electronic Industrial Solutions Group Highlights



Revenue

\$412M

+11% y/y (9 core*)



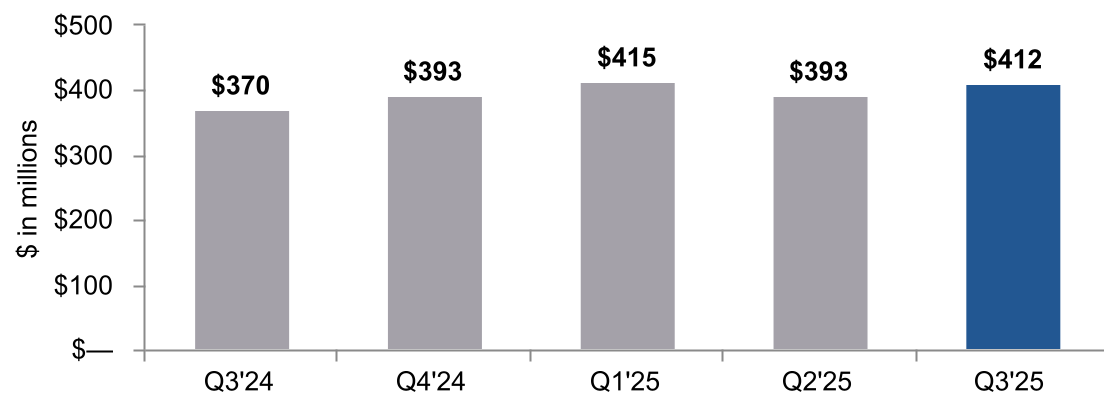
Operating Margin

22.3%

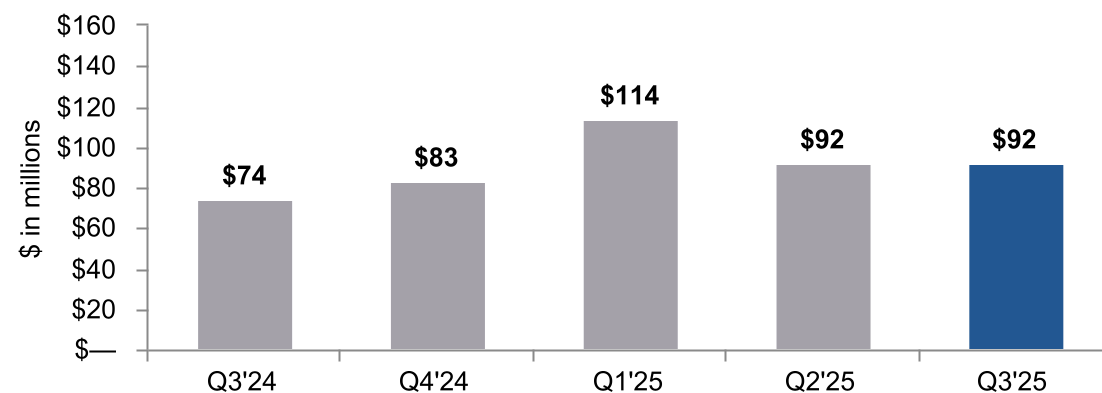
+220 basis points y/y

- **Automotive:** Revenue grew both y/y and sequentially. Orders were stable y/y and improved sequentially with steady OEM ecosystem engagement.
- **Semiconductor:** Wafer test solutions revenue grew by double-digits as foundries and IDMs continued to invest in AI-driven advanced node, memory and SiPh.
- **General Electronics:** Revenue grew for a second consecutive quarter, reflecting strength in advanced research and digital health. Broad-based demand across all key sub-segments drove double-digit order growth.

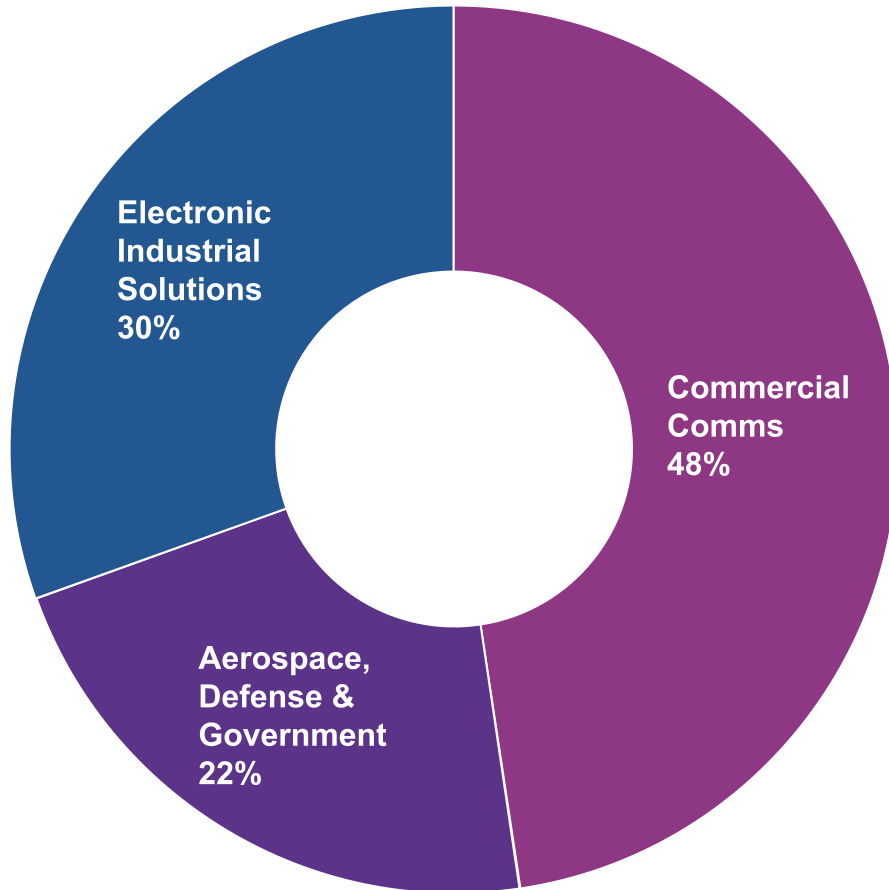
EISG Revenue



EISG Income from Operations



Q3'25 Revenue By End Market



End Market	Revenue	YoY %
Commercial Communications	\$644M	+13%
Aerospace, Defense & Government	\$296M	+8%
Electronic Industrial Solutions	\$412M	+11%
Total	\$1,352M	+11%

Guidance and Financial Considerations

Q4'25 Guidance	
Revenue	\$1.370B – \$1.390B
Non-GAAP Earnings per share	\$1.79 – \$1.85

Q4'25 Financial Assumptions

- Interest Income, Interest Expense and Other Income/Expense: ~\$14-16M net income
- Non-GAAP tax rate of 14% for Q4'25 and FY25
- Guidance assumes Q4 weighted average diluted share count of approximately 173M shares
- FY25 capital expenditures expected to be approximately \$135M
- Tariff rates are at August 1 levels

Reconciliations

RECONCILIATION OF CORE REVENUE

(In millions)

(Unaudited)

PRELIMINARY

	Three months ended July 31,			Nine months ended July 31,		
	2025	2024	Percent Inc/(Dec)	2025	2024	Percent Inc/(Dec)
Revenue	\$ 1,352	\$ 1,217	11%	\$ 3,956	\$ 3,692	7%
Adjustments:						
Revenue from acquisitions or divestitures	(2)	—		(12)	—	
Currency impacts	(19)	—		(1)	—	
Core Revenue	<u>\$ 1,331</u>	<u>\$ 1,217</u>	9%	<u>\$ 3,943</u>	<u>\$ 3,692</u>	7%

RECONCILIATIONS OF CORE REVENUE BY SEGMENT AND REGION

(In millions)

(Unaudited)

PRELIMINARY

Revenue by Segment	Year-over-Year							
	Revenue			Revenue from	Currency	Core Revenue		
				acquisitions or	Adjustments			
	Q3'25	Q3'24	YoY % Chg.	Q3'25	Q3'25	Q3'25	Q3'24	YoY % Chg.
Communications Solutions Group	\$ 940	\$ 847	11%	\$ 2	\$ 10	\$ 928	\$ 847	10%
Electronic Industrial Solutions Group	412	370	11%	—	9	403	370	9%
Total Revenue	\$ 1,352	\$ 1,217	11%	\$ 2	\$ 19	\$ 1,331	\$ 1,217	9%

Revenue by Region	Revenue			Revenue from	Currency	Core Revenue		
				acquisitions or	Adjustments			
				divestitures				
	Q3'25	Q3'24	YoY % Chg.	Q3'25	Q3'25	Q3'25	Q3'24	YoY % Chg.
Americas	\$ 566	\$ 500	13%	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ 565	\$ 500	13%
Europe	217	221	(2)%	1	10	206	221	(6)%
Asia Pacific	569	496	15%	—	9	560	496	13%
Total Revenue	\$ 1,352	\$ 1,217	11%	\$ 2	\$ 19	\$ 1,331	\$ 1,217	9%

REVENUE BY END MARKETS

(In millions)

(Unaudited)

PRELIMINARY

	<u>Q3'25</u>	<u>Q3'24</u>	<u>Percent Inc/(Dec)</u>
Aerospace, Defense and Government	\$ 296	\$ 275	8%
Commercial Communications	644	572	13%
Electronic Industrial	412	370	11%
Total Revenue	<u>\$ 1,352</u>	<u>\$ 1,217</u>	11%

GROSS MARGIN RECONCILIATION

(In millions, except where noted)

(Unaudited)

PRELIMINARY

	Three months ended July 31,		Nine months ended July 31,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Gross Profit, as reported	\$ 834	\$ 755	\$ 2,468	\$ 2,331
Amortization of acquisition-related balances	19	17	58	51
Share-based compensation	8	7	28	22
Acquisition and integration costs	—	1	1	1
Restructuring and others	3	1	7	12
Non-GAAP Gross Profit	\$ 864	\$ 781	\$ 2,562	\$ 2,417
GAAP Gross margin, %	61.7%	62.0%	62.4%	63.1%
Non-GAAP Gross margin, %	63.9%	64.1%	64.8%	65.5%

OPERATING MARGIN RECONCILIATION

(In millions, except where noted)

(Unaudited)

PRELIMINARY

	Three months ended July 31,		Nine months ended July 31,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Income from operations, as reported	\$ 234	\$ 205	\$ 659	\$ 603
Amortization of acquisition-related balances	33	31	100	106
Share-based compensation	32	32	131	118
Acquisition and integration costs	31	23	98	59
Restructuring and others	8	6	32	60
Non-GAAP income from operations	\$ 338	\$ 297	\$ 1,020	\$ 946
GAAP Operating margin, %	17.3%	16.8%	16.7%	16.3%
Non-GAAP Operating margin, %	25.0%	24.4%	25.8%	25.6%

RECONCILIATION OF CORE OPERATING MARGIN

(In millions)

(Unaudited)

PRELIMINARY

	Three months ended July 31,	
	2025	2024
Non-GAAP income from operations	\$ 338	\$ 297
Adjustments:		
Operating profit from acquisitions or divestitures	—	—
Currency impacts	1	—
Core Income from operations	\$ 339	\$ 297
Core Revenue	\$ 1,331	
Core Operating margin, %	25.4%	

NET INCOME AND DILUTED EPS RECONCILIATION

(In millions, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

PRELIMINARY

	Three months ended July 31,				Nine months ended July 31,			
	2025		2024		2025		2024	
	Net Income	Diluted EPS	Net Income	Diluted EPS	Net Income	Diluted EPS	Net Income	Diluted EPS
GAAP Net income	\$ 191	\$ 1.10	\$ 389	\$ 2.22	\$ 617	\$ 3.56	\$ 687	\$ 3.92
Non-GAAP adjustments:								
Amortization of acquisition-related balances	33	0.19	31	0.18	100	0.58	106	0.60
Share-based compensation	32	0.18	32	0.18	131	0.75	118	0.68
Acquisition and integration costs	46	0.27	16	0.09	70	0.40	56	0.32
Restructuring and others	(6)	(0.04)	6	0.03	(4)	(0.02)	44	0.25
Adjustment for taxes ^(a)	1	0.02	(199)	(1.13)	(5)	(0.03)	(203)	(1.16)
Non-GAAP Net income	\$ 297	\$ 1.72	\$ 275	\$ 1.57	\$ 909	\$ 5.24	\$ 808	\$ 4.61
Weighted average shares outstanding - diluted	173		175		173		175	

^(a) For the three and nine months ended July 31, 2025, management uses a non-GAAP effective tax rate of 14%. For the three and nine months ended July 31, 2024, management uses a non-GAAP effective tax rate of 8% and 14%, respectively.

FREE CASH FLOW

(In millions)

(Unaudited)

PRELIMINARY

	Three months ended July 31,		Nine months ended July 31,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 322	\$ 255	\$ 1,184	\$ 693
Less: Investments in property, plant and equipment	(31)	(33)	(42)	(28)
Free cash flow	\$ 291	\$ 222	\$ 1,094	\$ 577
Free cash flow as a percentage of Revenue	22%	18%	28%	16%

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Management uses both GAAP and non-GAAP financial measures to analyze and assess the overall performance of the business, to make operating decisions and to forecast and plan for future periods. We believe that our investors benefit from seeing our results “through the eyes of management” in addition to seeing our GAAP results. This information enhances investors’ understanding of the continuing performance of our business and facilitates comparison of performance to our historical and future periods.

Our non-GAAP financial measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies, including industry peer companies, limiting the usefulness of these measures for comparative purposes.

These non-GAAP measures should be considered supplemental to and not a substitute for financial information prepared in accordance with GAAP. The discussion below presents information about each of the non-GAAP financial measures and the company’s reasons for including or excluding certain categories of income or expenses from our non-GAAP results. In future periods, we may exclude such items and may incur income and expenses similar to these excluded items. Accordingly, adjustments for these items and other similar items in our non-GAAP presentation should not be interpreted as implying that these items are non-recurring, infrequent or unusual.

Core Revenue/ Margin excludes the impact of foreign currency changes and revenue/ expenses associated with acquisitions or divestitures completed within the last twelve months. We exclude from the current period the impact of foreign currency changes as currency rates can fluctuate based on factors that are not within our control and can obscure growth trends. As the nature, size and number of acquisitions can vary significantly from period to period and as compared to our peers, we also exclude revenue/ expenses associated with recently acquired businesses to facilitate comparisons of growth and analysis of underlying business trends.

Free cash flow includes cash provided by operating activities adjusted for net investments in property, plant & equipment.

Non-GAAP Income from Operations, Non-GAAP Net Income and Non-GAAP Diluted EPS may include the following types of adjustments:

Acquisition-related Items: We exclude the impact of certain items recorded in connection with business combinations from our non-GAAP financial measures that are either non-cash or not normal, recurring operating expenses due to their nature, variability of amounts and lack of predictability as to occurrence or timing. These amounts may include noncash items such as the amortization of acquired intangible assets and amortization of items associated with fair value purchase accounting adjustments. We also exclude other acquisition and integration costs associated with business acquisitions that are not normal recurring operating expenses, including gain/loss on foreign exchange contracts and legal, accounting and due diligence costs. We exclude these charges to facilitate a more meaningful evaluation of our current operating performance and comparisons to our past operating performance.

Share-based Compensation Expense: We exclude share-based compensation expense from our non-GAAP financial measures because share-based compensation expense can vary significantly from period to period based on the company’s share price, as well as the timing, size and nature of equity awards granted. Management believes the exclusion of this expense facilitates the ability of investors to compare the company’s operating results with those of other companies, many of which also exclude share-based compensation expense in determining their non-GAAP financial measures.

Restructuring and others: We exclude incremental expenses associated with restructuring initiatives including those of acquired entities, usually aimed at material changes in the business or cost structure. Such costs may include employee separation costs, asset impairments, facility-related costs, contract termination fees, and costs to move operations from one location to another. These activities can vary significantly from period to period based on the timing, size and nature of restructuring plans; therefore, we do not consider such costs to be normal, recurring operating expenses.

We also exclude “others,” not normal, recurring, cash operating income/expenses from our non-GAAP financial measures. Such items are evaluated on an individual basis, based on both quantitative and qualitative factors and generally represent items that we do not anticipate occurring as part of our normal business. While not all inclusive, examples of such items would include net unrealized gains on equity investments still held, significant non-recurring events like realized gains or losses associated with our employee benefit plans, costs and recoveries related to unusual events, gain on sale of assets/divestitures, adjustment attributable to non-controlling interest etc. We believe that these costs do not reflect expected future operating expenses and do not contribute to a meaningful evaluation of the company’s current operating performance or comparisons to our operating performance in other periods.

Estimated Tax Rate: We utilize a consistent methodology for long-term projected non-GAAP tax rate. When projecting this long-term rate, we exclude any tax benefits or expenses that are not directly related to ongoing operations and which are either isolated or cannot be expected to occur again with any regularity or predictability. Additionally, we evaluate our current long-term projections, current tax structure and other factors, such as existing tax positions in various jurisdictions and key tax holidays in major jurisdictions where Keysight operates. This tax rate could change in the future for a variety of reasons, including but not limited to significant changes in geographic earnings mix including acquisition activity, or fundamental tax law changes in major jurisdictions where Keysight operates. The above reasons also limit our ability to reasonably estimate the future GAAP tax rate and provide a reconciliation of the expected non-GAAP earnings per share for the fourth quarter of fiscal 2025 to the GAAP equivalent.

Management recognizes these items can have a material impact on our cash flows and/or our net income. Our GAAP financial statements, including our Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, portray those effects. Although we believe it is useful for investors to see core performance free of special items, investors should understand that the excluded costs are actual expenses that may impact the cash available to us for other uses. To gain a complete picture of all effects on the company’s profit and loss from any and all events, management does (and investors should) rely upon the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations prepared in accordance with GAAP. The non-GAAP measures focus instead upon the core business of the company, which is only a subset, albeit a critical one, of the company’s performance.