## Annual Report 2021



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# fALABCLLA 

# LETTER FROM THE CHAIRMAN 

Carlo Solari Donaggio

2021 was a very positive year for Falabella. We are making decisive progress implementing a new business model that will improve our customer understanding and their satisfaction, and help us to develop direct, personalized and long-term relationships with them. We are rapidly digitizing the company, by creating common platforms for various key business that will support our customers and contribute to Falabella's ecosystem and that of its suppliers.

We have achieved significant progress this year, which has resulted in very good sales, cash flow generation and earnings. We have been transformed from being a traditional retailer with a digital product range, to one capable of operating almost entirely online, using our stores and branches as a major differentiator from our competitors. We had been modernizing the company at a gentle pace, but have now been transformed into a young energetic company with agile decision-makers who constantly question and challenge. In fact this transformation is still progressing, and we are very excited and committed to the company's new direction.

Earnings for 2021 reflect the tremendous achieve ments of our teams, of thousands of people who did things differently, who adapted and succeeded in captivating our customers. After a succession of political and public health crises, Falabella is no longer the same. We have been rejuvenated, with greater strength, expectations and energy. We are convinced that we are creating something unique that is valued by our customers. We aim to become a company that gives all of us pride

Undoubtedly, the growth in sales was driven by dyna mic consumption as a result of the financial support provided in various countries and the savings that people spent to survive the pandemic. This effect is moderating as the pandemic becomes a regular feature of our lives and the elimination of stimulus in a restrictive macroeconomic environment.

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This year reminded us once again that the stable world we once knew has definitely changed. Certainty has disappeared. This is evidenced by the accelerating pace of the technological revolution, and the pandemic with its effects on health, our way of life and the economic consequences for people. We live in a world that is more politically conflictive than we had imagined, with geopolitical divisions of many kinds, resulting in a more polarized and changing environment. But as people have journeyed through time, and particularly at our company, they have demonstrated resilience and a remarkable ability to adapt. Our challenge is to continue our transformation to achieve a powerful, differentiated and valued ecosystem. We are striving hard to adapt to new circumstances each year, as we have done in the past.

The substantial earnings achieved in 2021 do not change our urgency, there is no time for complacency. On the contrary, we are accelerating the revolution caused by the digitization of commerce and financial services. Our objective is to maintain our leadership within this environment. This year served to strengthen us, to secure the resources we need for the future. We have spent years investing and digitally transforming ourselves to become leaders not only in physical stores, but also in e-commerce.

Our strategy has been focused on implementing and operating a retail marketplace, with a digital wallet, by creating distinctive platforms in logistics, loyalty incentives, customer knowledge, etc. All these platforms are available to our retailers and marketplace sellers and to our banks and financial services. We believe that this marketplace strategy, together with these common platforms, is the that best responds to the current times. We launched the falabella.com marketplace in 2021, which is still being implemented and is only just beginning to receive the functionalities required for its success.

We are creating an ecosystem that is scalable and flexible, that will allow us to grow rapidly in the future and that will be increasingly attractive to customers and suppliers. Therefore, we are focused on expanding our digital customers, using the differentiation provided by our physical stores and our pool of own and exclusive brands. We are already harvesting the first fruits. Our e-commerce sales have grown rapidly, along with an increase in third-party sales. Our financial transactions covering new current, sight and credit accounts and consumer loans are becoming almost completely digital. The redemptions within our loyalty incentives are also becoming mostly digital.

We want to maintain a direct relationship with our customers, to understand them and support them in their daily duties and requirements. They are our greatest asset and keeping them is our principal fu ture challenge. Our understanding of their desires has kept them loyal over the decades. This has been the focus of our investments in data intelligence, our CMR Puntos loyalty system and our logistics on proprietary platforms, but leveraged through business partners

We will continue to focus on improving the opera tional efficiency of our businesses in order to remain efficient and price competitive. We will continue investing and expanding the platforms used by all Falabella group companies, marketplace, CMR Puntos loyalty system, financing system, Fpay e-wallet and logistics capabilities. We will pursue state-of-the-ar technology with the support of our digital factories and our office in India

We have redoubled our commitments to significant ly and decisively strengthening our ecosystem in recent years, and especially in 2021. The Falabella transformation is complex and requires patience and commitment. It requires many talented people and a more agile and decentralized business. This path has its share of difficulties and obstacles, but our progress and achievements are disclosed in this Report and they confirm that we are moving in the right direction, which renews our energy.

We want to be the employer of choice for the new generation, an attractive place to work, to thrive and to enjoy a balanced life. This new era requires that we understand not only the consumer, but also our employees. These days people are asking for flexibility, equal opportunities and a purpose from their employer. At Falabella we are determined to meet those requirements.

We are responding to these challenges, in order to continue building a sustainable company. We wil continue to focus on being meritocratic and inclusive, on our concern for the environment and becoming integrated into local communities, while building close relationships with our employees and suppliers, especially with SMEs. This year we were once again voted the fifth best retail company in the world by the DJSI index.
would like to thank all our employees for their creativity, strength and commitment. I would like to thank our board of directors and executives for their dedication, enthusiasm and support. I would tike to thank our shareholders for their confidence in our company.

We have reached a historic moment for our company and trade in general. I am convinced that we will be one of the winning companies after this remarkable revolution. We will maintain our leadership across the region and the preference of our customers over the long-term.

## Letter from the CEO

We achieved significant progress with the development of our physical and digital ecosystem during 2021, and created capabilities for our businesses that will draw us closer to our customers. These profound changes are all aimed at achieving our purpose: to make life simpler and more enjoyable.

We achieved excellent business performance in 2021, as several financial and operational indicators reached all-time highs. At the same time, we continued to implement our strategy that involves a deep cultural transformation and significant investments in innovation and technology at the service of our customers.

We are proud of having served 35 million customers across the region, which represents growth of $25 \%$ over the previous year, and provides evidence that our retail proposals are being well received.

At the end of August we launched the new integrated platform falabella.com in Chile. This is the marketplace that unites our entire range of products from all our formats and those of thousands of entrepreneurs.

It is fast becoming the largest e-commerce platform in Chile, with an average of more than 150 million monthly visits, while tripling our 2019 online sales, and we will soon be launching in Peru and Colombia. We are creating better facilities to drive the growth of our sellers. These include the launch of our Global Seller Center, a platform for falabella.com sellers that manages their products more efficiently; Banco Falabella's financing program for marketplace entrepreneurs; and 32,700 square meters of fullfilment centers in Chile, Peru and Colombia, which where launched in the second half of 2021.

Creating our Home Delivery unit has drastically improved our service levels, even in a context of high demand and store closures. In the last two years, we have increased deliveries from 8 to 38 million orders, and during 2021 over $60 \%$ of deliveries were completed within 48 hours in Chile. Our objective is to continue improving service levels, by increasing the proportion of deliveries continuously arriving within 24 and 48 hours, which will improve customer per ception and loyalty

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During 2021, Banco Falabella achieved exceptional digitization across the region, with new digitally issued cards growing by 198\%, as 250,000 were opened in 2020 and this rose to over 745,000 this year. Today, over 6.5 million customers use our credit cards and 4.5 million prefer our accounts. Accordingly, our client base has been growing at an accelerated rate, to reaching levels comparable to the most successful fintechs in the region.

Our digital wallet and payment processing platform Fpay has arrived in Peru and will soon arrive in Colombia. In Chile it continued to gain traction. It climbed from 50,000 users to over 450,000, and processed transactions that totaled US\$ 2,625 miIlion. It has become the only payment method on Falabella's e-commerce platforms and has taken a significant role in physical stores by integrating contactless payments using a QR code.

Extending our loyalty program CMR Puntos to all means of payment, allowed us to grow it from 6 million to over 16 million customers. This program
strengthens our ability to understand our customers requirements and to approach each of them on a personalized basis. It forms the basis for improving our customer retention, and for our improved loan rigination capacity, as these are clearly visible examples of our 2021 performance.

Simultaneously, we continue to improve our physica stores, which represent the principal face-to-face interaction with our customers, and will continue to be extremely important. We are rethinking and adapting our stores to enhance their role in the customer experience. A major milestone was the opening our Falabella Retail store in Parque Arauco. This store deploys and tests many experiences integrated with our digital platforms, before scaling them up to the entire store network.

We will continue to develop the I kea franchise and wil soon be opening the first stores in Chile and Colombia. Our Mallplaza and Open Plaza shopping centers now operate 46 malls in Chile, Peru and Colombia, which total 2.4 million leasable square meters.

We continued our regional expansion with new stores. During 2021, we opened four supermarkets in Peru and three in Chile, and we opened three Sodimac stores in Mexico and one in Brazil.

Our focus in Mexico is to bring our ecosystem to a wider range of customers. We aim to not only to deliver the best in-store experience through Sodimac, but also to broaden the digital experience with financing options and payment solutions.

Sodimac Brazil is also showing significant improve ments in growth and performance. We have more than doubled sales since acquiring Dicico, and in 2021 we will complete the brand transformation of all Dicico stores to Sodimac. We have 52 stores in Sao Paulo state, six of them use the Sodimac Homecenter format and the rest Sodimac Dicico, and our digital proposal has now reached nine other states.

This year we launched Falabella Ventures, a US\$ 10 million fund that supports startups that are rele vant to our strategy. Three investments comprised 75\% of the funds invested during 2021, these were
two last-mile companies and one digital payments company. Falabella Ventures brings us closer to entrepreneurs and generate opportunities for colaboration and mutual benefit.

The professional and personal growth of our employees is essential for all these measures. Therefore, we promoted an digital corporate culture, which enhanced the attraction and retention of talented people through initiatives such as the Falabella Academy and the Digital School.

Our sustainability strategy has a clear focus on climate impact, diversity, inclusion and community support. In 2021 we were the only company in Chile selected to join the Dow Jones Sustainability Index, which positions us among the five most sustainable retail companies in the world. For the sixth conse cutive year, we formed part of the Mila, Emerging Markets and Chile indices

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## FALABELLA AT A GLANCE

OUR BUSINESSES 2021

## E-commerce

MUS $\$ 3,504$ Total GMV

14,000 sellers
in our marketplace
MUS $\$ 700$
3P GMV
+8 million
SKUs
37.6 MM
of orders shipped
43\% interest
of our app in Chile

Digital Banking and Fintech

MUS $\$$ 6,662 in loan portfolio

MUS\$ 2,625
TPV
+745,000
fully online credit
cards opened

59\% loans
digitally originated

## Physical retail

MUS\$ 11,986
gross sales of:
DEPARTMENT STORES
HOME IMPROVEMENT
SUPERMARKETS
510 stores
103 DEPARTMENT STORES
252 Homeimprovement
155 SUPERMARKETS

46 Shopping centers
GLA 2.4 milllon m ${ }^{2}$

1,570,795 m²
of logistics infrastructure

KEY FINANCIAL INDICATORS (mus\$)
$\mathbf{\$ 1 3 , 5 8 1}$ revene $\$ 1,876$ bitioa $\$ 772$ netincome

## falabella <br> OUR BUSINESS SUSTAINABILITY

## GROUP HIGHLIGHTS:

## Renewable Energy

$\mathbf{6 5 \%}$ renewable energy consumed
by the regional real estate business
64\% renewable electricity consumed
by all business units in Chile

## Productos sustentables

$\mathbf{2 6 \%}$ increase in sustainable products compared to 2020
+9,100 products

## Women in Manager and Executive Positions

7\% increase in the number of women in this category

Women Connected Network<br>$+\mathbf{8 0 0}$ members in executive positions<br>LGBT+ Community \& Aliad@s

+1,100 members

## ANNUAL HIGHLIGHTS

## Fifth place in Dow Jones

For the sixth consecutive year, Fa labella was ranked fifth in the Dow Jones Sustainability World Index for its performance reported in November 2021

## Entirely renewable energy agreement

An agreement was signed to supply entirely renewable energy to 151 facilities in Chile and 93 in Peru.

LGBT+ Community and Aliad@s

Falabella launched its LGBT+ Community and Aliad@s network at all its business units in Chile, Peru and Colombia. Employees can now lead the change and have a direct impact on transforming Falabella int an increasingly inclusive organization
\#TrainTheTrainers
The first Latin American company certified in the \#TrainTheTrainer program of the "I'm Remarkable" initiative organized by Google that seeks to empower women and other under-represented groups to celebrate their achievements in the workplace.

## Electric vehicles

Falabella announced that it will open and operate electric vehicle charging centers at stores, malls and distribution centers throughout Chile. Customers and logistics operators can then charge their vehicles at the group's facilities.

## Risk management

The recommendations issued by the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures have begun to be integrated into corporate risk management.
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## WHO WE ARE

## FALABELLA

We are a leading physical and digital retail company in Latin America.

We generate simple and personalized solutions, through a differentiated omni-channel value proposition, by combining shopping centers, physical stores, e-commerce, marketplace, logistics, digital banking and payment services.

The customer is at the center of our decisions. We want to simplify their lives by transforming their shopping experiences, and to continuously innovate to improve our value proposition. Our strategy is to build a physical-digital retail and financial services ecosystem, with recognized brands and proprietary brands that are clearly positioned in our markets.
We focus on understanding and serving our customer's requirements, which leads us to continuously reinvent our services and provide them with flexible and easy solutions, in order to maintain these long-term relationships.

Providing tailor-made products and services to our customers has been in our DNA since we began more than 100 years ago as a tailor.


We strive to make our customers' lives more enjoyable, which challenges us to continually innovate and transform our services, in order to strengthen our value proposition.

We operate in seven countries: Chile, Peru, Colombia
Brazil, Mexico, Argentina and Uruguay. We have purchasing offices in China and India, and digital center in India and Argentina. We operate department stores, home improvement stores, supermarkets, regiona shopping centers and power centers, and provide financial services through a network
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## OUR

PURPOSE
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## Loyalty

CMR Puntos Program

## OUR FOCUS

is to continue progressing in our process of transformation to become the leading digital retail and banking platform in the Andean region.

We are focused on strengthening our digital capabilities and our ecosystem, and increasing and improving our interactions with customers.

Therefore, our investments aim to continuously develop.


## III Marketplace

Platform seller center and services of value added to sellers

## L. Logistics

Home deliveries
Express deliveries ( Q -commerce) Click and collect
(\$) Digital Payments
Payment processor
FPay | FPay Payment Wallet
© Digital Banking
Financial services for
sellers and consumers
Omnichannel Retail
everage our pfysical assets and
differentating capabilities to provide a
unique omnichannel experience

## Make life

simple and
more enjoyable
We understand the need to become a digital, agile and flexible organization, always attentive and proactively responding to changes and disruptions, while maintaining our traditional commitment to focus on customers and employees. Accordingly, we strive to achieve a profound cultural and digital transformation that strengthens our capabilities based on our ecosystem.

This has led us to rethink our purpose and evolve towards a common purpose that serves both our organization and our customers. Using this perspective and an internal reflection exercise, we redefined our shared purpose for the entire Falabella Group, "to make life simpler and more enjoyable".

We want this purpose to be the focus of our conversations, it must be the compass that directs our projects, which benefit customers, employees, sellers and communities. Our decisions and value proposal for our customers aims to streamline their shopping experience, to make their lives more enjoyable. Therefore, living our values is a challenge for all businesses and countries.
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## OUR VALUES

Our continuous transformation is based on living our corporate values, which are essential for developing our ecosystem strategy and guiding our daily work:

WE ARE A TEAM
We understand that the best way to progress is as a diverse, committed team, who is passionate about our customers. A team that collaborates, communicates and achieves its goals in a direct, honest and constructive manner. We have proven that together we can achieve more, go further, and get there faster. Our sense of teamwork has matured and challenges us to achieve greater things.


## (

## we exceed

## CUSTOMER EXPECTATIONS

The customer is at the center of our decisions, so we anticipate their requirements. We provide an omni-channel, high-quality service that adds value, in order to build long-term relationships and strengthen their loyalty to our brands.

## K MAKE THINGS HAPPEN

We are responsible for our deeds. We take risks and build opportunities to make things happen, based on the entrepreneurial spirit of our founding fathers We aim to flexibly influence our customers with a differentiating and attractive proposal.

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## PRINCIPAL MILESTONES IN 2021

OPENINGS DURING THE YEAR:


## NEW FALABELLA.COM PLATFORM

was launched in Chile. It provides the entire range of products at our Depart-
ment Stores (Falabella Retail), Home Improvement (Sodimac) and Supermarkets
(Tottus) all in one place, together with our marketplace, which provides a catalog
of thousands of small and medium-sized local and international companies.

746,687
DIGITAL OPENINGS
of CMR cards
59\%
SALES OF
FINANCIAL PRODUCTS
through digital channels
15.7 million

OF PARTICIPANTS IN
LOYALTY PROGRAM
Launch in Chile and Peru of the
DEBIT CARD
100\% DIGITAL

INSTALLMENT LOANS
FOR SELLERS

Issue of
INTERNATIONAL BOND FOR US\$ 650 MILLION

FULFILLMENT CENTERS
We added $32,700 \mathrm{~m} 2$ of dedicated third-party product distribution centers across the region, to our current capacity of 1.6 million m 2 of logistics infrastructure
CHILE COLOMBIA PERu

13,500 m MBIA 10,000m²

OPERATIONAL CLOSURE

,

and financial services in Argentina
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## OUR

HISTORY

- 1889

Salvatore Falabella opened the first great tailoring store on Ahumada Street, Santiago


- 1990

Opened the first shopping mall in Chile, Mallplaza Vespucio, in La Florida


(©) 2002
Falabella opened the first supermarket Tottus en Peru

- 2001

1) Launch of Sodimac.com in Chile
© © 1999
, 1999
Falabella.com in Chile
1

- 1998

। Banco Falabella was formed,
I| by acquiring a license from ING Bank Chile
(-) 1995
|| Falabella entered Peru with the acquisition of Saga
I
(-) 1993-5
Falabella entered Argentina and Sodimac, entered Colombia

2005
Launch of Falabella.com en Argentina

2006
II| Falabella Retail and CMR entered Colombia

## 2007

Banco Falabella in Peru

## '©, 2007 MMPERMAL

Sodimac acquireda 60\% stak in Imperial a Chilean home improvement chain
(-) 2008-09
i) CMR partnered with Visa in Peru and Chile.CMR
formed a partnership with MasterCard in Argentina and Colombia in 2011

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Sodimac opened its first stores
Brazil and Uruguay

2014
Launch of Sodimac.com
in Colombia and Tottus.com in Peru

2014 MAESTRO
Maestro in Per
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2010-11
aunch of Falabella com in Colombia and Tottus.com in Chile
(8) Howwe report
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|||| Falabella agreed to sell
(-) 2015
Launch of
Sodimac.com in Peru


2016
Falabella was admitted to the Dow Jones Sustainability World

## Index Dow Jones


-) 2016

## Spin-off of

Aventura Plaza S.A. in Peru
-) 2016
Falabella and Soriana signed final contracts to jointly develop Home Improvement (Sodimac) and Financial Services
(-) 2017
The first Falabella-Soriana credit card was issued in Mexico, and the company acquired $50 \%$ of Servicios Financieros Soriana S.A.P.I de C.V.
(CMR) businesses in Mexico


I ANNUAL REPORT 2021

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## OUR PHYSICAL-DIGITAL ECOSYSTEM

During 2021 we continued our cultural transformation and improved our working approach. Its long-term vision aims to improve capabilities that are already part of our value proposal and incorporate new capabilities that increase the agility and flexibility of the organization, while maintaining our obsession to stay focused on the customer and our employees.

Therefore we continued to develop our physi-cal-digital ecosystem, in order to provide a better commercial proposal for our customers and sellers as its differentiating attribute is its unique combination of products, channels and services. We have built brand leaders in their segments, and we have many proposals that serve them by complementing each other, such as shopping centers, stores, products, e-commerce, marketplace, logistics services, payments and financial services. Our wide variety of interactions with customers help us to understand them and personalize proposals that are relevan and create value for them.

Our well-known retail, shopping center and financia services formats have improved over the years by combining strategic locations with a close relationship with our customers, which we have fostered by developing our loyalty program throughout the region and across all our business units. Our strategy is to build a physical-digital ecosystem that expands and digitally replicates our customer relationships with a differentiated proposal that leverages our unique assets developed in the physical realm.

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We are currently strengthening our e-commerce capabilities by enhancing our marketplace business, and transforming our financial services into fully online products and services, with payment solutions that span our entire ecosystem.

We are also strengthening and expanding our logistics capabilities, in order to accelerate deliveries and improve services to our sellers. We are simul-
taneously strengthening our loyalty program, as it is a fundamental pillar that provides our customers with significant benefits. It helps us to understand them and to create personalized solutions that meet their requirements.

## We served 35 million customers in the region during the year, an increase of $25 \%$ over the previous year.

Our strategy is to build a physical-digital ecosystem that carries the relationships we have fostered with our customers from physical retail and banking into the digital realm and that enriches them, based on a differentiated proposal that leverages our unique assets developed in the physical realm.

## OUR BUSINESSES

E-COMMERCE AND MARKETPLACE
$\qquad$ -
THE INTEGRATED
FALABELLA.COM PLATFORM
In August 2021 we launched a new Falabella.com platform in Chile, a major milestone in our digital transformation process.

Our goal was to provide our customers with a single platform that concentrated over 8 million products from Falabella Retail, Sodimac, Tottus and Linio together with thousands of SMEs and entrepreneurs in the marketplace.

We have also reclassified categories and increased our product catalog. We have added new categories such as Food and Beverages, Construction and Hardware, Gardening, Pets and Automotive, which have all been very well received by our customers. We are developing a highly selective product catalog, in terms of breadth and qual ity. It is composed of a wide variety of exclusive national and international brands, Falabella Group's own brands, new brands and emerging categories.

We have developed a "stores in store" proposal, for prominent sellers to build their brand identity within our marketplace. We have implemented our retailers' own sites within Falabella.com where they can offer our customers a specialized and enriched shopping experience. These offers have elements that relate to the shopping experience in our physical stores, making them omni-channel, which is especially important for construction projects as an example.

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ecosystem
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## OUR E-COMMERCE

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Our renewed proposal for mobile applications uses •Sodimac, which contains specific functionalities for a common architecture, based on our own code. We currently have three applications:

- Falabella.com, which contains every feature of our integrated e-commerce platform, along with omnichannel functionalities for an enhanced in-store experience.
use at our home improvement stores, along with access to Falabella.com's expanded catalog.

Fazil, our quick commerce application for 90-minute shopping of products from supermarkets, home improvement, department stores and a growing number of third-party products.

This was complemented by investments in logistics so that our customers could enjoy:

- Free delivery on thousands of products.
- A gradual decrease in delivery times and improvements to Click \& Collect points.
- Exchange and return facilities at any of our stores
- Increasingly proactive shipment tracking, and other benefits.


Sodimac
 (Fazil)

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The Falabella Retail application was also revamped, by incorporating the integrated offer of our new

## Falabella.com platform

We launched recommendations on product cards developed using an in-house tool, and we added an Fpay payment button to improve access from the Falabella.com App, in addition to encouraging payment using Fpay at our physical stores.

During 2021, we launched new sales channels that adapt to our customer's requirements. These included a Live-commerce channel with live videos that include an immediate purchase option. Conversational commerce, which is a shopping advice service via real time chat and attended by teams specializing in certain product categories. We consolidated the Fonocompras teams at various business units to attend the entire region with excellent services, which ensures a unique and enriched experience when acquiring a product.

Our customers shopping on the Falabella.com platform can now access all the benefits offered by the Falabella ecosystem, such as the Fpay digital wallet, fully online CMR card applications and CMR Puntos loyalty program participation. We have increased the Click\&Collect network, by increasing automation and extending it to new points, such as branches of Chilexpress and the Metro, which make collections easier and faster.

The site's taxonomy and findability were improved to optimize navigation through each category and improve product classification.

Over half of purchases in 2021 enjoyed free delivery which is a benefit that strengthens our CMR Puntos loyalty program and was largely due to a Free Shipping campaign in Chile for purchases over Ch\$16,990 We introduced geolocation for navigation.

Site navigation has been enriched by improvements in product reviews, which have resulted in a growth of:

## $\uparrow 64 \%$

in catalo
coverage.
and significant growth in product reviews:
$\uparrow 2.6 \mathrm{x}$
higher compared to December 2020
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We strengthened the value proposal for our 14,000 sellers in the region, by developing a new Global Seller Center, which is a centralized management platform for commercial relationships with sellers.

It incorporates various services that simplify sellers commercial and operational procedures, using renewed technology based on proprietary code and a simple and intuitive user interface. They can now manage their product catalog and improve their value proposal for our customers. This tool also contains new capabilities, which include greater payment transparency and financing alternatives using Fpay, improved API and integrator availability, a returns module with greater traceability, and better control over product creation and publication times.

We continued to expand our Fulfillment services, which provides thousands of sellers with logistics efficiencies and the ability to achieve fast and controlled deliveries nationwide.

We are developing a program of benefits for sellers to reward their good performance, in order to align their commercial and operational strategies with the service standards and expectations of our customers.

Falabella.com has sales offices in Asia, where our teams provide millions of internationally sourced products to our customers.

We encourage our sellers to grow using various mechanisms such as sponsored products, BI services that help them to identify growth opportunities, extended logistics networks for deliveries, warehousing services and financing products.

The launch of Falabella.com was complemented by a new integrated logistics area called Home Delivery Corporative, which consolidates home deliveries for the Group's customers. Previously, each BU had its own logistics service with separate fleets, whereas this new centralized facility unites all BUs and sellers, and delivers an efficient, cost effective and undoubtedly better service.


We increased the storage capacity for our sellers products in 2021 by opening three new distribution centers. In April, we opened a 10,000 m2 distribution center in Colombia. In June it was Peru's turn, with a 9,200 m2 distribution center. Then in August we opened a 13,500 m2 distribution center in Chile.

Our contribution to sustainable development includes increasing the use of electric vehicles, which reduce greenhouse gas emissions by $78 \%$. Falabella.com has introduced electric cars, vans and tricycles in Chile. The delivery area for these vehicles covers the Santiago urban and suburban areas with delivery deadlines of 24 hours. This initiative will be expanded to other cities in Chile over the medium term.
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## DIGITAL BANKING AND FINTECH



Falabella Financiero uses various platforms to provide financial solutions, payment solutions and benefits that make customer's lives more enjoyable.

## DIGITAL BANKING

Our digital banking platform and comprehensive financial solutions are aimed primarily at the personal banking segment in Chile, Peru and Colombia. Our services include credit cards, transactional passive accounts, insurance, consumer loans, and other services. Furthermore, an alliance with Soriana in Mexico provides credit cards and personal loans. We are card issuance leaders in Chile and Peru, and one of the main players in Latin America.

We continue to position ourselves as a fully digital bank/fintech with various capability enhancements and aggressive initiatives that will unlock the unprecedented growth potential of our businesses.
The financial services business unit competes with companies providing personal banking services, retail credit cards and other insurance companies and brokers
nternal market analysis based on public information (*) indicates that the combined market share of the CMR Falabella and Banco Falabella consumer Ioan portfolios is $10.8 \%^{1}$ in Chile.

Information from the Peruvian Banking, Insurance and Pension Market Regulator indicates that the market share of the Banco Falabella consumer loan portfolio is $3.95 \%^{2}$
Information from the Colombian Financial Market Regulator indicates that the market share of the Banco Falabella consumer loan portfolio is $5.7 \%^{3}$

Finally, information from the Mexican Nationa Banking and Securities Commission indicates that the market share was $0.48 \% 3^{4}$ in Mexico
\#1
Chile by number of cards with transactions during the month

## ()

\#1 in Peru by number of CMR cards with cardholder billing
\#4 in Colombia by number of CMR cards issued

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EXPANDING OUR DIGITAL CAPABILITIES
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Our digital transformation accelerated rapidly during 2021. During the year, we strengthened our digital origination abilities for financial products and achieved significant improvements in this process, which attracted more customers, increased customer usage and increased the number of loans.

The opening journeys for digital products achieved new records, which totaled 1.4 million credit cards and almost 1 million passive accounts across the region, where $47 \%$ were fully online openings. We leveraged these digital flows by launching our "figital" model that opens a customer card using a QR code in stores without banking executives. During 2021, 58,718 cards were opened using this model, and the digital origination process for financial products increased from $44 \%$ of total sales in 2020 , to $59 \%$ in 2021.

The use of these products grew rapidly, as credit and debit card purchases were US $\$ 11,241$ million and US\$5,088 million respectively, representing growth of $36 \%$ and $83 \%$ YoY

We have strengthened our risk models by incorporating Machine Learning technologies, which has increased our pre-approved product base by 49\%, while maintaining our risk exposure.

These new models, together with digital processes have helped us to recover to our pre-pandemic monthly lending volumes, and we closed the year with a portfolio of US $\$ 6,662$ million, an increase of $21 \%$ YoY.

Sales and customer service digitalization has supported the branch reduction plan which totaled 271 branches in Chile, Peru and Colombia, a reduction of $13 \%$ YoY. We will continue to reduce our branch footprint as we improve our digital service channels, and as our customer's experience flourishes.

We had 4.4 million active Apps across the region, an increase of $46 \%$ YoY.

This is explained by the rapid increase in digital customers, and by incorporating new functionalities such as the digital debit card in Chile and Colombia, QR payment from the App in Chile and Colombia, and purchases in installments in Chile and Peru, which simplify our customers' experience.


During 2021 we launched our regional Gennials campaign. Its aim was to transform our image and draw our target audience closer. The campaign increased our brand preference from $8 \%$ to $11 \%$ in Chile, from 2\% to 4\% in Peru and from 2\% to 3\% in Colombia.

## io 7,6 million <br> digital customers

| 1.4 million <br> credit card opened across the region | ~1 million <br> passive accounts opened across the region |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $54 \%$ <br> of total credit card openings were fully online | $\begin{aligned} & 59 \% \\ & \text { of total } \\ & \text { digital } \end{aligned}$ | es were <br> s |
| COUNTRY A | NUMBER OF CMR ACCOUNTS WITH A BALANCE | BRANCHES |
| CHILE | 2,799,130 | 128 |
| PERU | 955,344 | 52 |
| colombia | 1,238,830 | 91 |
| mexico | 214,366 | 150 |
| TOTAL | 5,207,670 | 421 |

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## DIGITAL PAYMENTS

Our Fpay platform provides digital payment solutions for individuals and businesses in Chile, Peru and soon in Colombia

Our customers can use the Fpay app to transfer funds to other users (P2P) and pay at our participating retailers using QR codes in their cell phones, without using physical cards.

By the end of the year, almost
500,000
customers were actively using our App across the region.

Our proprietary Payment Service Provider (PSP) processes any card on our e-commerce sites and marketplace platforms. It has achieved high conversion rates and minimized fraud. Our solution also incorporates transactional accounts and working capital financing for Sellers in our marketplace.

We had a significant POS growth on our Fpay payment platform, as it reached US $\$ 2,625$ million across the region, an increase of 20\% Yoy.

This growth was driven by the launch of the new Fala bella.com marketplace platform, a growing proportion of payments in physical stores, and the launch of our solution in Peru. Fpay is the payment processor on Falabella.com's integrated platform, which substantiaIly improved conversion rates and reduced payment fraud. We also began to develop financial products for our sellers, by originating our first loans.

We have deployed a unique CMR Puntos module together with the CMR Puntos loyalty platform in all e-commerce platforms
in our ecosystem along with the Banco
Falabella and Fpay mobile applications,
thus extending these benefits to every customer who shops in our stores, Apps and websites, to reach 15.7 million active customers. We have incorporated new alliances into our network of associated stores, in particular McDonalds, Subway Puntoticket and Redelcom.
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+470 active users $\rightarrow+6,4 \mathrm{x}$ YoY
$1.4 \mathrm{mм} \longrightarrow+140 \% \mathrm{YoY}$

Digital credit cards opened across the region.

## Total POS

US\$ 2,625 millio
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## PHYSICAL RETAIL

## DEPARTMENT STORES

Our Department Stores business is positioned as the most important omni-channel marketing network in South America focused on fashion, technology and home products and a pioneer in e-commerce in Chile, as it has been selling online for more than 20 years.

Its physical-digital proposal integrates the best of both worlds to offer a unique shopping and service experience through a network of 103 stores in Chile, Peru and Colombia, plus commercial offices in China.

One of Falabella Retail's greatest competitive advantages lies in its portfolio of proprietary and exclusive brands. During 2021, Falabella strengthened its leadership by launching new proprietary brands, such as Wolf\&Hank and Cascais in men's apparel, which penetrated the market with surprising speed. Dahla is a casual women's brand marketed exclusively online, and it was launched using the advantages of Falabella.com's integrated platform.

Currently, 70\% of Falabella's fashion portfolio is composed of its own brands or exclusive internatio nal brands, such as Carter's or Adolfo Domínguez.
nternal market analysis of information from the National Statistics Institute and the Casen Survey of Chile, the National Household Survey of Peru, the National Administrative Department of Statistics of Colombia and Euromonitor, found that the market

SOME OF OUR NEWLY ARRIVED PROPRIETARY BRANDS:

$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { TOTAL } \\ 103 \text { stores } \\ 700,082 \mathrm{~m}^{2} \text { of sales areas }\end{array}\right.$

## MARKET

 POSITION :$\underbrace{\# 1 \text { in Chile }}_{46 \text { stores }}$
$318,923 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ of sales areas
() \#1 in Peru

31 stores

\#1 in Colombia
26 stores

189,262 m² of sales areas

RECOGNIZED PROPRIETARY BRANDS:
share of our Department Stores in the retail industry is approximately $28.5 \%$ in Chile, $19.6 \%$ in Peru and $8.2 \%$ in Colombia in their respective categories.
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Falabella Retail began several innovative transformations during 2021 based on its omni-channel strategy, with the aim of strengthening its leadership in physical-digital commerce.


These initiatives are already bearing fruit, as we have just closed a successful year in terms of sales, margins and customer satisfaction.

The long-term sustainability of the business required some difficult decisions, such as closing down the business in Argentina. During this process we fulfilled our promises to customers and employees, many of whom are still employed within the Falabella Group.

Anew Corporate Digital Product Division was created, which aims to make the customer's in-store journey memorable and frictionless using digital solutions. Its first achievements include Escanea\&Paga. Customers can use this tool to buy products using their cell phones while visiting the store, and digitally pay for them using Fpay without going to the cash register.
During 2021, 39\% of Falabella Retail's sales used its digital channels, and $24 \%$ of these online sales were delivered to customers at Click\&Collect points
within stores. A strategic priority is extending the omni-channel role of our stores. We introduced new solutions at our stores that enhance the shopping experience, such as digital kiosks. Mobile solutions or retailers complement the value proposal for cus omers by supplementing the product selection with online products. Stores play a key role in streamlining ast-mile home delivery services through Click\&Co lect points and "ship-from-store

Falabella Retail added two new stores to its network uring 2021. One is in Cusco, making it the thirty-first tore in Peru. The second is the flagship Falabella store in Chile, a world-class store that is at the fore front of the best international retail experiences. It is located in Santiago, Chile and has an area of 25,000 m 2 , where it offers 19 new exclusive internationa brands, fashion, decoration, technology and beauty consulting, 2 cafeterias and 2 automated Click \& Collect points (using robots) for in-store collections in less than 15 seconds.


ENVIRONMENTALLY FRIENDLY STORE

This new flagship store is designed, built and operated using sustainability parameters that are sufficient for it to apply for Gold category LEED certification, granted by the U.S. Green Building Council.

$$
95 \%=
$$

of the waste generated during construction was recycled

31\%
of energy was saved in lighting per m² - -

## 51\%

of water was saved due to efficien faucets and equipment

Equivalent to 1.3 Olympic-size pools

We progressed towards establishing a more sustainable business. Our + Verde program combines our environmental initiatives into three areas, which are environmentally aware brands, sustainable businesses and the circular economy Currently +Verde's portfolio offers 3,800 products with verified certificates of origin.

We improved the recycling programs for jeans, white goods, furniture and mattresses for our customers, and we are committed to measuring and mitigating
our carbon footprint. These measurements in Co lombia, Chile and Peru were extended to Scope 3 during 2021, which is the most demanding scope for retail. Falabella Retail in Colombia achieved Carbon Neutral Certification for the third consecutive year Falabella Retail was also awarded the "US Green Building Council Leadership Award" for the Latin America region in 2021. This is an internationally recognized award for companies that strive to instal healthy and sustainable building infrastructure.

These achievements have led Falabella to be recognized as the
for Women in Chile" according to Great Place to Work (GPTW).

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Our proposal targets home, professional and business customers, where we provide a wide range of home construction, decoration and maintenance solutions.

We have 252 home improvement stores in Chile, Peru, Brazil, Colombia, Mexico, Argentina and Uruguay, using various brands such as Sodimac Homecenter, Sodimac Constructor and Imperial. Our aim is to expand principally in Brazil and Mexico. These two markets have tremendous potential as their Home Improvement market is highly fragmented and under penetrated.

We offer our home improvement customers all the products and services they need in one place, and support them with personalized advice that inspires them. We have proprietary brands to customize our value proposal, plus brands such as HOMY and Just Home Collection (decoration products), Bauker (tools) and Kolor (paints) at low prices that support our customers in their daily lives. We have brands for the professional segment, such as Ubermann, Topex, Halux, who supply tools, construction mate-
rials, lighting products and specialized ranges. We have a variety of specific products that increase the efficiency of these projects and save time and money with credit facilities. Our proprietary brands provide a differentiated and innovative proposal that represents more than $30 \%$ of our sales. They comprise a wide variety of quality products for Home Improvement at a good price that satisfy the present and future requirements of our customers.

We want to provide a personalized customer experience in our stores, and offer them advice on their projects and all the products they need. We are also leveraging our omni-channel approach. We developed functionalities in our App that bridge the physica and digital realms to become the best mobile home improvement tool, which streamlines the shopping experience for our customers and provides expert

## ©SODIMAC

## TOTAL

252 stores

MARKET
POSITION
\#1 in Chile
84 stores
84 stores\#1 in Peru
56 stores
388,166 m² of sales area\#1 in Colombia
40 stores
advice throughout their project journey. For examples, store maps that help customers to easily find their desired products, and "Scan\&Go" that speeds up checkout directly from the App.

Internal market analysis based on information from the Chilean National Statistics Institute, the Chilean Family Spending Survey, the Chilean Construction Chamber, the Peruvian National Statistics and Infor

44 in Brazil
52 stores
178,077 m² of sales areas
(t) Mexico 9 stores

粈 Uruguay
4 stores

$33,619 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ of sales areas

\#2 in Argentina

7 stores
7 stores
Welcome
mation Technology Institute, the Colombian National Statistics Administration Department, the Argentinian National Statistics and Censuses Institute, the Brazil ian Geography and Statistics Institute, and the Uruguayan National Statistics Institute, indicates that our market share ${ }^{5}$ of this segment is around $28 \%$ in Chile, $14 \%$ in Peru, $14 \%$ in Colombia, $1 \%$ in Argentina, 4\% in Uruguay and under $1 \%$ in Brazil and Mexico.
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Sodimac's mobile application played a fundamental role in digitalizing our customers through an improved online shopping experience, which incorporated functionalities that support the shopping experience in the physical store $\qquad$
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Support tools for the physical store include the store map, which can help customers to easily find products and Scan \& Go functionalities that streamline checkout. Home Improvement's online market penetration was 14\% in Chile, which represents a significant advance over our 5\% in 2019.


We strengthened the Sodimac brand across the region, while focusing on Mexico and Brazil, as these are our largest growth markets. We completed the transformation of all Dicico stores in Brazil to Sodimac Dicico, making this a unique concept across all Latin America, with a smaller format, personalized service,
and a focus on products and services for home maintenance and equipment. The Home Improvement proposal will be completed after two IKEA stores are opened in Chile in 2022 and one IKEA store in Colombia in 2023.

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Tottus is committed to our role of supplying our local communities. We aim to provide a safe, easy and fast shopping experience using our physical-digital ecosystem. We always strive to improve the quality of life of our customers and employees.

We have been operating for nearly two decades in Peru and Chile, and we have developed an omni-channel value proposal that includes various physical store formats, e-commerce based on the online store and the new Falabella.com platform, and our last-mile delivery App. Fazil is our on-demand-delivery App for Tottus, Falabella Retail, Sodimac and third-party products. It has already attracted more than 60,000 active customers.

Each channel allows customers to access all of Falabella's benefits, such as the CMR Puntos loyalty program, our universal network of Click\&Collect points, our financial products and payment services that use the FPay digital wallet.

We operate hypermarkets, supermarkets and low price formats, such as Vecino, Hiperbodega and Superbodega Precio Uno. We have 155 stores in Chile and Peru, where we provide a wide variety of national and international brands, and excellent quaIty proprietary and exclusive brands in three main categories: Food, Non-Food and Perishables.

Internal market analysis based on information from the Chilean National Statistics Institute and the Peruvian National Statistics and Information Institute indicates that Falabella has a market share in the supermarket industry of around $7 \%$ in Chile ${ }^{6}$ and $4 \%$ in Peru.

## :\% TOTTUS <br> TOTAL <br> 155 stores

485,805 $\mathrm{m}^{2}$ of sales areas

MARKET
POSITION:

## () \#2 in Peru <br> 85 stores

278,672 $\mathrm{m}^{2}$ of sales areas

4. \#4 in chile

70 stores

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We continue to expand Fazil, which is Falabella's last-mile delivery App. It celebrated its first anniversary with an online market share of $40 \%$ in Chile and $29 \%$ in Peru.

Coverage was expanded in both countries, and now encompasses the 8 Peruvian cities of Arequipa, Piura, Chiclayo, Trujillo, Lima, Ica, Cajamarca and Cusco and 18 districts in Lima. While in Chile it covers 29 municipalities and regions. Sodimac and Falabella expanded their product range, and over 300 retailers were added to complement their customer proposal, which totaled over 24,000 products in Peru and over 5,000 in Chile

This new business is managed as a marketplace, covering operations, channel marketing, systems administration and development, and platform distribution logistics.

We are developing our omni-channel strategy, by improving the efficiency of customer services that use digital channels. Accordingly, we will open the first entirely dark store in Lima in 2021, and we wil add additional capacity for the Fazil and Tottus.com channels. We have a fully mechanized gray store in Chile delivering scheduled orders for Tottus.cl and Tottus on Falabella.com. This gives us a total of 28 gray stores in Chile and 25 gray stores in Peru, which support the Fazil business in the principal cities of each country. We also implemented staging areas behind some stores to improve the efficiency o the Fazil business. We expanded our Click\&Collect network with digital kiosks for online purchases,


We have improved our shopping experience by adapting to new trends and our customer's requirements, and we aim to make our services faster and safer.
Tottus is customer focused and driven, so its challenges became opportunities for innovations that serve consumers with new solutions.

Our physical store network is growing with 7 stores opened since 2020, comprised of 3 in Chile and 4 in Peru. We opened 3 Superbodegas in Lima. This is a new format that will accelerate the penetration of Tottus into the Peruvian food distribution market, by serving the local replenishment market with smaller stores than our current formats.

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## Proprietary brand growth in 2021

$$
+27 \% \text { Peru }+11 \% \text { Chile }
$$

We strengthened our Proprietary Brands proposal with innovative developments and launches. We achieved growth of $27 \%$ in Peru and $11 \%$ in Chile compared to last year. This performance is because our products represent more than $30 \%$ of the basic requirements of our target public in Peru, and 23\% in Chile.

Finally Tottus Peruwas awarded second place in the Great Place to Work 2021-2022 (GPTW) ranking in January 2022, which rewards organizations with an outstanding working environment that implement best practices and promote trust, motivation and a safe working climate for all. This reward fills us with pride and happiness, and motivates us to seek fresh objectives.
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Falabella operates and manages shopping centers
in Chile, Peru and Colombia, through Mallplaza and Open Plaza.

Falabella's real estate division builds and operates shopping centers, manages stores in stand-alone locations, and prioritizes Falabella's retail stores and mixed-use property.

Mallplaza: Its value proposal integrates retail, entertainment, gastronomy, health, culture and other uses, based on a sustainable growth strategy. It adds value by promoting local development, culture and environmental protection
Falabella Real Estate: : It operates smaller shopping centers in Chile and Peru, with other subsidiaries operating Falabella, Sodimac and Tottus stores as anchors, which are then complemented by an attractive range of smaller stores and entertainment.

The company also owns approximately 1 million additional square meters of leasable areas within stand-alone Falabella, Sodimac, Tottus, Maestro and other stores, excluding stores specializing in apparel and footwear for exclusive and second-generation brands,

According to surveys conducted in homes and various shopping malls, the main competitors in the real estate business are shopping centers of all kinds, such as malls, power centers, strip centers and traditional shops located close to the company's shopping centers. Information from the Chilean National Statistics Institute indicates that Mallplaza's share of the retail market is estimated to be $5.4 \%$ in Chile, $2.1 \%$ in Peru and $0.7 \%$ in Colombia.

The company has a project portfol io that uses its own and concessioned properties.

The company owns land in Chile in the Metropolitan, Coquimbo, Valparaíso, Bío Bío and Araucanía regions.

## TOTAL <br> 46 shopping centers

2,396,231 m² gross leasable area (GLA)

## @) mallplaza Falabella

SHOPPING CENTERS:

* Chile
$27^{17}$ Mall plaza
1,593.416 $\mathrm{m}^{2}$ of sales areas
(1) Peru

595,433 $\mathrm{m}^{2}$ of sales areas
- Colombia

4
$164,207 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ of sales areas
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## ECOSYSTEM ENABLERS

## Falabella empowers its universal <br> business enablers, to strengthen its physical-digital ecosystem.

## I. DATA ANALYSIS AND BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE

We believe that Data \&
Analytics can generate
competitive advantages for our ecosystem, by leveraging data as a universal strategic asset.

The capillarity of our brands and our growing digital presence in online channels and digitized stores, constantly revitalizes our understanding of our customers and sellers in the ecosystem. This data complies with strict privacy standards and information ethics, and is used to provide customers with products tailored to their needs and simplify their shopping experience. This growing volume of information, together with the best data analytics technologies such as Machi-
ne Learning, Advanced Visualization, Real-Time and Cloud, strengthens our ability to execute Group strategy and to discover new market opportunities. This requires that we gather the very best understanding of our customers and sellers, in order to meet their requirements and improve our value proposal.
We are committed to attracting and retaining the best Data \& Analytics talented people. Therefore, we develop training, career development and selection programs for the best professionals in the market.

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- THIRD, we develop market-differentiating analyti-
cal capabilities, such as Advanced Analytics and Visualization.
- FOURTH, the most important pillar, ewe make better use of smart data in decision making by leveraging the other three pillars, which brings value to the ecosystem.
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During 2021, we accelerated our digital transformation, in order to manage data as a strategic asset in processes and products. We progressed our migration to the cloud and evolved towards a platform architecture based on self-managed data domains. This has accelerated our time-to-market, as our data investments have focused on the value they add to the ecosystem.

Migrating to the cloud has helped us to significantly improve our customer segmentation models, based on strategic assets such as the Customer Data Platform (CDP), which has accelerated the integration and availability of our 360 perspective of customer data, and the Machine Learning Platform (MLP), which is a new product based on innovative artificial intelligence techniques that data scientists can use to rapidly create and measure advanced analytical models then migrate them to production. We have improved our cloud capabilities and used both these products to increase our understanding of our customers and sellers and to add value, which has established the third pillar and created intelligent and best-in-class products. The Data Monetization Platform has also added value for our sellers, as it offers valuable insights in a secure and ethical manner that contribute to their decision-making, while securing the data privacy of our ecosystem participants.

We believe in democratizing data throughout the organization to improve decision-making, which has been rewarded with the 2021 "Data Governance, Strategy and Culture in Latam" award granted by the CDO Club (Chief Data Officers) Spain\&Latam, for the value offered by adopting straight forward data consumption tools.

Our data domain-based architecture has helped us to create and launch the supply chain, e-commerce, finance and people data lakes, which together with data consumption tools has significantly accelerated our Data-Driven transformation.

During 2022, we will create intelligent products that improve the individual and personalized experience of ecosystem participants, such as creating new marketing capabilities or improving logistics models using pioneering Machine Learning techniques.

## +302

million annual transactions
in our stores

## +310

million visits
to our shopping centers in 1 year

## $+\mathbf{2 , 0 8 3}$

million visits
to our retailers' websites

35
MILLION identified customers

## II. TALENT

We supporting this healthy business performance by maintaining our commitments to our internal and external stakeholders, by promoting equal opportunities for all employees, and by maintaining our commitment to the UN Sustainable Development Goals. (Further details in the sustainability section).

We are more than 100,000 people who strive to make life simpler and more enjoyable. We operate in 9 countries, and our major brands compete in various industries: Falabella Retail, Sodimac, Banco Falabella, Tottus, Falabella.com, Mallplaza and Falabella Inmobiliario. We combine to make us who we are, and as a team we aim to reinvent our services and exceed our customer's experiences
every day A team full of dreams that makes good things happen. We dare to undertake ventures and innovate, to take risks and create opportunities that keep us at the forefront, which leads us to reinvent our services and deliver the best shopping experience wherever we interact with people. We have a people management strategy based on the ollowing three pillars:

## A. Agile talent <br> B. Constructive culture <br> C. Flexible organization


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## ATTRACTING TALENT

Falabella aspires to become One Team. We strive to identify and attract the most talented people in the market and develop them within the Falabella ecosystem.

We have attracted talent into the Information Technology, Data, Logistics and Digital Products departments. We want to be recognized as a benchmark in the digital market, in order to effectively attract this scarce talent. This has required strengthening our employer brand and defining five brand attributes:

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## TALENT ATTRACTION INITIATIVES

Recruitment platform: We use technology to improve our selection and recruitment processes. We unify these processes using an ATS (Applicant Tracking System) for all business units in every country. So far, $95 \%$ of our businesses already use this tool, with teams in India, Brazil and China receiving this multilingual platform in English and Portuguese in Q2 2022. It will transform how we work and attract the best talent to Falabella. We have been gradually implementing this ATS, and we now have $+400,000$ people registered on its portals. It is managed entirely online and supported by artificial intelligence, which has improved process efficiency and provided our hiring managers, recruiters and candidates with a superior experience. Simultaneously, we launched the Muévete portal within the same platform in November 2021, which was a major milestone for Falabella, since it publishes all internal vacancies in every business and contributes to developing the careers of our people.

## Corporate Talent Acquisition Team: We expanded

 the scope of this team in 2021 to strengthen our ability to attract digital talent and take advantage of the pools of talent across all industries and countries.On Boarding: We focused on on-boarding for our digital positions, and involved our ecosystem leaders in supporting our employees during their first days by developing material that helps them to better understand the Group and our strengths and challenges.

Talks by Falabella: The "Talks by Falabella" program shares knowledge between employees, business units and the digital community. These talks are given by employees, where they present technologies, functionalities, codes and applications within Falabella that have been created internally. We arranged 8 talks during 2021 with more than 2,000 participants.

## LinkedIn Recruiter training: We arranged three

 training sessions during the year for more than 200 eaders that will enhance our recruitment culture They learned how to effectively use this platform, learned about the new features of LinkedIn Recruiter and received recommendations that will lift their impact and improve their chances of recruiting the best talent for their team and the organization. There are 1,000 leaders already using this platform. We believe in an increasingly decentralized approach to recruit ment, where each hiring manager constantly attracts and recruits talent from the market. However, they must team up with the talent attraction departments o develop efficient, agile processes that result in a better experience for our candidates and all those involved in the selection process. We have provided nstructions on using these tools at Hiring Exper workshops and in leadership academy itineraries.Falabella Ambassadors: This is an executive training and certification program that demonstrates Falabella's culture and positions our executives by supporting their content creation skills and transmitting their
points of view using Linkedln. We launched the first program in 2020 with 16 executives from various Falabella business units. We added more than 30 new Ambassadors in 2021, who were guided by mentors from the previous year. They built a powerful team of close to 50 leaders from every business and country who constantly represent us, promote our brand, and attract the best talent.

Attracting Young Professionals: We search for the best young talent by leveraging the energy and va riety of our businesses as a competitive advantage. We work as One Team while always transmitting a corporate value proposal. We position Falabella among the best companies to work for. During 2020 we strengthened our presence in Chile, Peru and Colombia at 21 job fairs and 12 university lectures. This placed us among the top 20 preferred companies for young technologists, and we achieved thirteenth place in First Job's Top of Mind study. During 2021 we added Mexico to the circuit, and participated in the Young Professionals roundtables led by the Corporate Department. We attended 5 job fairs as One Team, where we presented every brand and business in each country, which enhanced the value of our brand and efficiently reached many students.

Falabella Challenge: We held the first corporate version of the Falabella Challenge in Chile. This event attracts, identifies and selects the best young talent to fill vacancies in each business. The even
was held entirely online with over 200 people connected. Students were invited to learn about our companies, their main challenges and share directly with our leaders. This event was launched across the entire region in 2021, including Chile, Peru, Colombia and Mexico, which connected close to 300 people, We shared Falabella's latest trends in marketplace home delivery, logistics, data, technology, retail and payment methods.
Intern Day: We want to identify and attract talent before they finish their studies, so we implemented initiatives focused on interns, such as celebrating Intern Day 2021 in Chile. As with all previous events, this was a regional event that celebrated the talented people who are currently undertaking their internships with us. They totaled close to 600 people from Mexico, Colombia, Peru and Chile and they were given the opportunity to meet each other enjoy a little recreation, win prizes and above al be inspired by others who were also once interns, but now occupy managerial or executive roles in Falabella's businesses.

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TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT
When employees join Falabella for the first time, they complete an induction process, and take e-learning courses and internships at stores or distribution centers, which brings them into contact with the company's culture.

We strengthened the value of being One Team by developing a corporate induction capsule that is dovetailed into the welcoming program at each business and every country. The objective of this initiative is to welcome all new employees into Falabella and to tell them about important aspects of our working culture. This capsule presents Falabella's purpose, its values and explains the physical-digital ecosystem strategy. It also addresses legal, cyber-security and sustainability issues, which are important for new employees to be aware of from the moment they join the company. Subsequently, they continue an induction program that has been specifically designed for their role and business, which usually includes classroom and e-learning courses, as well as field visits.


Although training fell back during 2020 due to the pandemic, a significant improvement was achieved during 2021, especially in professional and managerial positions. This was due to introducing new training
methods and technologies that streamline distance learning. Average training hours for women increased for all positions, even surpassing pre-pandemic levels due to various gender equity programs.

| POSITION | MANAGERSANDEXECUTIVES |  |  | PROFESSIONALS AND TECHNICIANS |  |  | OTHERS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| YEAR | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| WOMEN | 33 | 32 | 64 | 27 | 51 | 47 | 35 | 30 | 37 |
| MEN | 35 | 33 | 78 | 30 | 32 | 43 | 46 | 34 | 30 |
| TOTAL | 34 | 33 | 73 | 29 | 40 | 45 | 41 | 32 | 34 |

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## fALABCLLA

## MAIN DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS

The Falabella Academy: This manages Falabella's cultural transformation and talent development by empowering leaders to become essential facilitators that achieve our business purpose and strategies. Accordingly, we have developed various training and development programs for our employees.

Ecosystem Leaders Program: This is entirely online program enhances the skills defined in the Falabella Leader profile. Its content is focused mainly on strategy, technology and leadership issues and addresses 40 topics. It contains 100 live sessions and 200 videos, guides, podcasts and other content that involves 50 speakers. We have enhanced the learning experience of program participants and increased their satisfaction and commitment by implementing an LXP (Learning Experience Platform) at the beginning of 2021. Its functionalities encourage active, social, personalized and on-demand learning, by creating a more dynamic and attractive virtual environment. Its main objectives and outcomes were:

- Develop change management skills: Our Ecosystem Leaders program trained 1729 leaders. Their satisfaction with the program was scored as 4.8 on a scale from 1 to 5 , and they gave it an NPS of 84 points.
- Promote a shared values culture that contributes to the ecosystem: We trained $75 \%$ of our Top and Middle Management leaders, during an average of 4 hours each, resulting in 260 leaders being certified.

Digital School: We updated our Digital School, which is a job retraining program that strengthens our transformation. It provides our employees with training and development opportunities for digital positions within the business. Falabella's Digital School has already completed three courses, which involved 404 people from Chile, Colombia and Peru. The initial digital immersion phase teaches them how to learn and apply agile methods, then they advance to the technical training phase where they specialize as a Front End Developer and UX/UI Designer Data Analytics training has been recently included. Parti cipants complete a period of professional practice in the IT departments of various businesses, to bring them closer to these digital positions. Those who successfully complete this stage can relocate to a new position associated with their specialization at the Digital School. We currently have 20 graduates, and we are adding spaces for employees who are interested in participating.

TRAINING GRIDS: Every business unit has robust training grids to strengthen the customer service, sales and product management skills of everyone directly in contact with our customers. The greatest challenge facing today's learning programs is the speed of change in our society and business, as this requires that knowledge and skills must be conti nually updated. Accordingly, the first approaches to self-managed training and digitized content have
already appeared, and this trend will eventually be come the principal learning technique used by our employees. We implement technological solution that encourage continuous learning. They can be tai lored to each student, with self-assigned courses and access to schedules, documents and course progress profiles. This gives us greater real-time traceability of content, results and reports. Finally, we have ex panded our courses by forming partnerships with content providers such as Udemy, Ubits, Crehana Degreed and MyAthina

Sponsorship programs ${ }^{7}$ : Since 2009 we have been financing MBA and Masters programs abroad in line with our commitment to professional training, in order to encourage the development of Falabella's high-performing and high-potential employees. We also grant scholarships for MBA/Masters programs, diplomas or local professional qualifications. We finan ce up to $75 \%$ of the total fees with grants and finance the remaining percentage as an interest-free loan

Career plans: We retain our digital talent by desig ning professional growth paths, which comprise of several stages. Each stage involves learning new skills that enable our employees to progress their careers. We have already built 8 career plans for IT, Data and Logistics teams
"Muévete" (Move): We promote job opportunities within the organization to strengthen our values of being One Team and growing through our achievements, in order to increase the opportunities for employees to move between Falabella's businesses and countries, and to encourage the exchange of best practices and cultural principles.

Hiring Experts Leaders Program: These training sessions were designed to teach how to attract talent, conduct successful interviews and build a differentiaing process that selects the best talent for Falabella.

Falabella Digital: our Workplace is designed to share news associated with our transformation, develop Lives with internal and external guests, and demonstrate topics related to our ecosystem. We currently have more than 3,500 active users.

Physical-digita ecosystem

STAFF HIRING AND TURNOVER RATES AT FALABELLA
During 2021, the company's rates were:
TURNOVER ${ }^{8}$ 41\% HIRING ${ }^{9}$ 47\%


These percentages include all the employment contracts at Falabella and its business units, which include fixed-term, indefinite, full-time and part-time. The turnover rate for central office employees with the same contracts was $22 \%$, while for branches, stores and distribution centers it was 44\%.

## Staff hiring rate by age range



## Staff hiring rate

by country

| Chile $--\mathbf{5 3 \%}$ | Brazil $--\mathbf{3 3 \%}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Peru $--\mathbf{5 1 \%}$ | India $-\mathbf{7 0} \%$ |
| Argentina $-\mathbf{1 0 \%}$ | China $-\mathbf{2 3} \%$ |
| Colombia - $\mathbf{2 1 \%}$ |  |
| Uruguay $-\mathbf{4 8} \%$ |  |
| Mexico $--\mathbf{8 7 \%}$ |  |

Staff hiring rate by job location
Stores/branches/shopping centers . - 48\%
Central offices . - 44\%

Staff turnover rate by age range
67\%

 | ETWEEN |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $30 \& 40$ | BETWEEN | $41 \& 50$ | BETWEEN |
| $51 \& 60$ | $61 \& 70$ |  |  | ${ }^{30}$

## Staff turnover

rate by country

| Chile $--\mathbf{3 9 \%}$ | Brazil $--\mathbf{3 7 \%}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Peru $--\mathbf{4 7 \%}$ | India $-\quad \mathbf{2 2 \%}$ |
| Argentina - $\mathbf{9 4 \%}$ | China $-\cdot \mathbf{2 1 \%}$ |
| Colombia - $\mathbf{2 3 \%}$ |  |
| Uruguay $-\mathbf{2 4 \%}$ |  |
| Mexico $--\mathbf{7 0 \%}$ |  |

## Staff turnover rate by job location

Stores/branches/shopping centers. - 22\% Central offices . - $\longrightarrow$ 44\%
astaff turnover rate is measured as the total number of employees leaving the organization voluntarily or due to la Yoff, retirement or death during 2020, over the total december headcount.
"STAFF HIRING RATE IS MEASURED AS TOTAL NEW HIRES DURING 2020, OVER THE TOTAL DECEMBER HEADCOUNT

## B. CONSTRUCTIVE CULTURE

We strengthen the value of being One Team and achieve cultural alignment by promoting collaboration in all its senses and implementing initiatives and tools that are useful for all our employees, regardless of their business unit.

We achieve a constructive culture by developing leadership and trust, and promoting collaboration and inclusion for all our employees, which ensures that they feel connected, respected and valued, regardless of their identity.

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## fALABELLA

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## DEVELOPING LEADERSHIP AND TRUST

Falabella wants its employees to receive performance evaluations ${ }^{10}$ that stimulate
their professional development, track their growth plans, strengthen their leader
ship skills and align them with the corporate culture.
We arranged two evaluation processes in 2021, as in 2020:
Executive evaluation for top and middle management, and $360^{\circ}$,
$180^{\circ}, 45^{\circ}$ or other performance evaluations for other employees.
We used a common tool that measures competencies, employee potential and specific KPIs.


A common performance evaluation tool is a specific example of how we promote our culture of becoming One Team, where competencies are based on common corporate principles and values that apply to all employees of all businesses across the region. The objective of this tool is not only to identify talent, but also to produce individual development plans that enable each employee to improve their performance and maximize their potential. The executive evaluation aimed to evaluate every employee with at least
five months' service as a manager, assistant manager or other core business position in every Falabella country and business.

## As a result, the following were performed during 2021

## 2,443 EXECUTIVE EVALUATIONS IN

Chile, Peru, Colombia, Argentina, Brazil, Uruguay, Mexico, China and India

## TOP MANAGEMENT

## PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT:

Performance management panels by business are created to monitor the development plans agreed by talent committees, which are reviewed quarterly with each Corporate CEO and in a monitoring committee with the business CEO. These include development commitments for top performers, critical talents and under-performers.

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## fALABCLLA

## PROMOTE COLLABORATION

We promote collaboration and foster our
shared values by leveraging our sense of
community and retaining talent to accelerate
Falabella's transformation.

This involves the following events:

HACKATHON: We created a sense of community, retained talent and accelerated our transformation by holding a fully online internal event where we invited every team in the region to create solutions that solved challenges associated with the pillars of our ecosystem. Over 500 people registered for the event and 62 teams were formed that involved 335 employees belonging to six ecosystem dimensions. These are data, logistics, e-commerce, payments, loyalty and marketplace.

MADE IN FALABELLA ${ }^{11}$ : We raised awareness among our employees regarding the importance of making innovation drive our culture, recognizing the entrepreneurial spirit and encouraging collaboration and a sense of One Team among people from many departments, businesses and countries. Accordingly, Falabella arranged a contest where participants must form teams and submit an innovative project. Corpo-
rate Managers, CEOs and Managers of departments associated with innovation and technology participated as contest judges. Furthermore, groups that were comprised of people from different business units/ areas/companies/countries, or with several genders, received higher scores during the evaluation, as Falabella encourages diversity.

ROUND TABLES: These meetings take place four times a year and over 3,000 Falabella executives attend. They address any important strategic issues, reward the outstanding projects for the last quarter, review the Group's overall financial performance, and reinforce Falabella's culture through testimonials and milestones. They are streamed to the nine Falabella countries and attendees can submit questions at the end of the event using an application, which are answered by senior executives. An expanded version was held for the first time in November 2021, and
every employee from every business and country in the Workplace corporate platform was invited. The main theme of this meeting was to launch the new shared purpose "Make life simpler and more enjoyable". The meeting aimed to update leaders on the status of the business and answer questions about the topics addressed. It also aimed to strengthen our culture with a unique event that drew us together as One Team, to learn about the main milestones of Falabella's physical-digital ecosystem, and reward outstanding teams both in the ecosystem and that live the corporate values.

WORKPLACE: We implemented this Meta tool as an information and collaboration network to strengthen communication, team spirit and pride among our employees in every business and country. The Chilean, Peruvian and Colombian businesses of Falabella Retail and the Chilean and Peruvian businesses of Sodimac and Imperial were incorporated into this platform during 2021. We already have more than 76,000 Workplace users.

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C. FLEXIBLE ORGANIZATION

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DEVELOP
ENTICE TO INCORPORATE

DIGITALIZE THE EMPLOYEE EXPERIENCE A ND ADAPT THE ORGANIZATION TO THE STRATEGY

We are convinced that working in our company must be an extraordinary experience, in order to attract, develop and retain the best talented people.
We are simplifying employee travel within the We are developing our people analytics capaorganization, and learning about their beha- bilities and strengthening data management vior and requirements, in order to enhance their working experience and value proposal.

We are implementing digital tools that deliver a personalized experience during each process in people's life cycle within our company. We aim to develop agile, digital and efficient processes, which provide us with better information that feeds back into the people management process
and reporting. We frequently listen to our employees and cultivate a people manage ment culture based on information.

We are transforming organizational structures and working approaches to develop company that operates and makes agile decisions. This agile culture and operating mode implies greater collaboration and continually delivers greater value to our customers tailored to their requirements.
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FALABELLA'S WORKFORCE ${ }^{12}$
Falabella and its subsidiaries ended 2021 with a total workforce of 108,888 people across all its business units.

The demographics of our workforce are that $51 \%$ are women, $45 \%$ are under 30 years old and the majority are Chilean, followed by Peruvian and Colombian. This is directly related to the size of the business in each country.


12FALABELLA SA.'S WORKFORCE INCLUDES ITS CONSOLIDATED AND UNCONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES. DETALLS OF THE WORKFORCE,
AND TLE BOARD. GENERALMANAGEMENT AND ORGANIZATIONAL DIVERSITY CAN BE FOUND ON PAGE 270 OF THIS DOCUMENT, IN ACCORDANCE WITH CMF REQUIREMENTS.

| EMPLOYEES BY NATIONALITY | $\stackrel{8}{n}$ | \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chile | 21,585 | 25,033 |
| Peru | 17,823 | 17,191 |
| Colombia | 7,916 | 7,861 |
| Brazil | 1,992 | 1,454 |
| Argentina | 738 | 585 |
| China | 41 | 110 |
| India | 250 | 91 |
| Mexico | 1,371 | 925 |
| Uruguay | 285 | 260 |
| Others | 1,635 | 1,742 |



| $\dot{\Pi}$ | $\stackrel{8}{\pi}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 24,731 | 24,303 |
| 16,405 | 17,132 |
| 7,918 | 9,169 |
| 3,484 | 3,967 |
| 977 | 650 |
| 121 | 31 |

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## III. LOGISTICS

We launched the integrated e-commerce platform under Falabella.com, and we also created an internal unit called Home Delivery Corporative, which centralizes all the group's deliveries. Its home deliveries go directly from retailers' distribution centers to the end customer, or cross-docking facilities are used that are specially dedicated to consolidating and classifying orders, in order to achieve cost synergies for low-density flows. We defined 4 macro logistics flows to accelerate the delivery of products sold by our sellers:
I. Deliveries use logistics operators, with drop-off services at the logistics operator's offices or collection from the seller's premises
II. Cross-docking at Home Delivery's Cross-dock Hub with drop-off services for the seller or collection with a logistics train. Then Home Delivery uses its dedicated fleet for customer deliveries.
III. Fullfilled by Falabella, where the seller delivers merchandise to be stored and managed in Home Delivery distribution centers dedicated to the sellers' operation.
iv. Delivery by the seller, where they are responsible for their product logistics.

TOTAL SURFACE AREA OF DISTRIBUTION CENTERS PER COUNTRY ${ }^{13}$
(

$10{ }_{21,724 \mathrm{~m}^{\prime}}^{\text {COLOMEIA }}$

## PERU

$17{ }_{325,110 \mathrm{~m}}$ CHILE $26_{\text {sesmosm }}$

The group delivered 37.6 million orders across the region during 2021, which was $25 \%$ more than in 2020, and double the orders in 2019. We are improving the speed that our customers receive their products, and during the year we managed to deliver over 60\% of our retailers' deliveries in Chile in less than 48 hours. Physical-dig
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We invest in developing the infrastructure we require to strengthen our logistics proposal to sellers by scaling up our Fulfillment capabilities.

We began operating three centers in Chile, Peru and Colombia with a total surface area of $32,700 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ dedicated to storage, packing and delivery services for third-party products (marketplace), in order to improve our last-mile services.

The Transfer Centers (TC's) network was expanded, which will reduce delivery times in cities other than capital cities and achieve operational efficiencies: We added 3 new TCs (1,900 m²) in Peru, and TCs in Chile were expanded by $1,500 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$. A $5,900 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ sectorization and dispatch Hub (Crossdock XD HUB) was set up in Chile, which will take advantage of operational synergies among the group's retailers and improve operational efficiency.

We are leveraging our Click\&Collect proposal, foIlowing a decline in uptake driven by the pandemic and travel restrictions. We are leveraging on our retailers' stores, by incorporating external points of sale using the network of specialized operators and new Stand Alone C\&Cs. By the end of 2021, we
will have reached close to 1,000 collection points across the region, where close to 300 of them are multi-format, and as a result our customers can use this service to buy their products online and collect them at any Falabella, Sodimac or Tottus store. We are improving delivery productivity and aim to provide our customers with the best shopping experience, so we increased delivery capacity at existing collection points, in fact between Q1 and Q4 2021 we doubled the maximum daily delivery capacity in the network, and we extended the automation system to encom pass 43 Falabella, Sodimac and Tottus stores.


During 2021, Falabella Retail leveraged its store network to expand its product picking capacity during periods of high demand.

We will account for $25 \%$ of deliveries in Chile in 2021. E-commerce capacity was increased by 20\% in Colombia. We expect to increase capacity at our distribution centers during 2022. An additional $20,000 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ will be achieved in Chile, with the expansion of LOF2. We will also improve productivity using automatic hanging equipment, additional aisles in the shuttle and automatic packing. Capacity is expected to increase by approximately $40 \%$ in Peru.
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The Group's first mechanized gray Tottus store was commissioned in Santiago making it the second gray store in Chile. It aims to support the sale of supermarket products on tottus.com and has a capacity of 1,000 orders per day.

The first completely dark store was opened in the heart of Lima Moderna, serving mainly Fazil customers. We began the expansion and automation phase of the distribution center in Peru, which will improve its logistics capabilities, support store openings and guarantee service levels.

The Group's Fazil "deliveries on demand" platform is growing. It is delivering orders in Chile and Peru from the Group's stores and the marketplace. Fazil's last-mile marketplace support increased during the year, with 150 stores added in Peru and 34 stores in Chile.
$\qquad$
Finally, Sodimac is developing operational improvements and infrastructure investments to support its significant increase in online sales.

The expansion of the Lurín DC in Peru was completed and its white goods operation began. The Pisos DC for customer deliveries opened in Cali, Colombia, which forms part of the new Pisos shopping experience project, and the white goods DC opened in Barranquilla to serve customers in the city and the region in 24 and 48 hours

Along with our goals of speed and efficiency, we are Iso environmentally conscious. During the year, we developed deliveries using electric vehicles together with our last-mile partners. Orders are delivered to our customers using 49 zero-emission vans.

## IV. TECHNOLOGY

Our main objective has been evolving, integrating and unlocking the growth potential of the Group's multiple platforms, to create a holistic and unique value proposal for our customers and sellers.

Our approach has been to empower the ecosystem by developing interconnected platforms across our business domains. Our approach has been to empower our key ecosystem platforms. E-commerce, marketplace, payments, digital banking, loyalty and home delivery platforms are empowering our ecosystem to connect and develop new customer and retailer experiences, and ultimately to explore and expand new business models and opportunities.

These platforms are built on simple principles, such as cloud-native, microservice-based, API First designs that generally have no interfaces. These principles give us sufficient flexibility to develop our customers' experiences, and to experiment and improve our speed of change and time to market. We are using an agile product development methodology with a focus on automating our continuous deployment pipelines with integrated safety and quality controls. We have heavily invested in data with the creation of Data Lakes for various domains, which are now helping us to integrate data with our platforms to make them intelligent and autonomous.

2021 has been a special year for us, as we have made significant progress with our business platforms and our back-end platforms that help developers improve their productivity. We have improved our working methods and improved our ability to attract and hire digital talent.

## E-COMMERCE AND MARKETPLACE:

APPS, WEB, DIGITAL STORE AND Q-COMMERCE EXPERIENCES
We have been growing and integrating digital commerce by building a common digital platform for the past two years called the "Catalyst" project, which has become fundamental to our digital commercial growth.

Catalyst is our multi-user, microservices-based, cloud-native, standalone digital retail platform. Marketplace (3P) growth has also been important. We are developing a platform called the Global Seller Center. This is a single portal for all our sellers to upload their catalogs, manage orders, leverage our own logistics capabilities and various value-added services. The big milestone in 2021 was launching the new Falabella com in Chile. Its success was the result of tremendous dedication by our teams, with Catalyst and Global Seller Center as its central engine. We have integrated product catalogs from our separate system retailers into a unique digital catalyst platform. It also required us to integrate each downstream logistics system. It has consolidated customer traffic, by uniting our broadest product assortment into one place and take full advantage of our logistics network. This year, we also leveraged our platforms to launch our digital store experiences. These were our new Self-Checkout, new mobile POS and near-ready Scan \& Go capabilities. Given that the same underlying platform powers both our e-commerce and digital store experiences, we believe it will generate significant differentiation for us to develop unique omni-channel experiences, Fazil is our on-demand delivery App and it made significant progress this year. We have the entire Tottus Food category available with a fast delivery option. We also integrated a selective catalog from Falabella and Sodimac with express delivery.
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## PAYMENTS AND DIGITAL BANKING

Fpay is the Group's digital wallet and payment processor. During 2021 it was at the center of our developments and played a key role as an enabler. This platform has a decoupled and scalable architecture by design, and has grown elastically in terms of services and users. Market penetration by FPay PSP and payments reached 95\% within the Group, and users quadrupled during the year. The platform's payment gateway is integrated into Catalyst and began processing payment methods for most of our formats. We also centralized and enhanced our fraudulent payment processing capabil ities, by integrating every e-commerce information flow from On Us and On Them payments. The same design principles were applied to our ability to finance sellers, another key component of our ecosystem. We also extended the "buy now, pay later" function from digital retail to physical retail, again integrating APIs at more than 100 points of sale in associated stores.

## INFORMATION SECURITY

As technology evolves, so does our exposure to risks and threats. Protecting our systems is an ongoing challenge. We can mitigate our information security risks by operating two sets of industry best practices. The NIST Framework for our processes and structures, and the FAIR Risk Method for our risk managemen model. We developed our vulnerability identification and detection capabilities in 2021. We implemented the Group's Cyber Fraud capability and also improved stakeholder visibility. We improved the speed and effectiveness of our incident response by automating our response capability and strengthening our corporate crisis management plans. We formed two important alliances, which were critical to improving our response capability. CSIRT Chile will address

local cyber incidents and threats, and a global organization FIRST will connect incident response teams from multiple sectors. We will continue to build on these capabilities during 2022, we will strengthen and automate our security controls within the ongoing implementation pipeline. We will strengthen our ethical hacking capabilities, and strengthen our incident monitoring and response capabilities. ecosystem
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## DIGITAL CULTURE AND TALENT

As in the rest of Falabella, the digital departments aim to become "One Team". We strive to identify and attract the best talent and develop it within our ecosystem.

We created a Corporate Talented People Acquisition Team in 2021 to strengthen our ability to attract digital talent and take advantage of the pools of talent across all industries and countries. This team led the implementation of our Corporate Applicant Tracking System that simplifies and supports selection processes, manages data, anticipates our hiring needs and improves our candidates' experience. This system is integrated into the corporate talent engagement platform that we are beginning to implement throughout the Group. We focused on on-boarding for our digital positions, and involved our ecosystem
eaders in supporting our employees during their first days by developing material that helps them to better understand the Group and our strengths and challenges. The technology community was strengthened during 2021 as a result of several events. These include the "Technology Town Hall," which are events that bring together the entire technology team. Every two months over 1,500 people from each technology team gather to share achievements and discuss challenges and opportunities, regardless of positions, businesses or countries.

We also held our "Falabella Talks" program, with internal and external sessions, and leaders from a variety of digital fields, who spoke about developments, upcoming trends, and our special participation in Nerdearla

We held our "Made in Falabella" global innovation contest, where over 1,000 people pledged to create solutions for our ecosystem, which encouraged inno vative thinking in a risk-free environment. We held the annual Data \& Analytics \#DataShake regional event in October, where all the Group's data teams shared trends, news, integration games, with special guests and speakers from the data community. Finally, in November, we held our internal Hackathon. For five days, more than 300 participants from across the Group sought to resolve challenging problems related to data, logistics, e-commerce, payment systems, loyalty scheme and digital marketing.
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## As a result, we increased the number of participating customers by $49 \%$ during 2021, to reach over 15.7 million customers accumulating CMR Puntos.

Meanwhile, we delighted and rewarded our customers by strengthening the convenience and scope of CMR Puntos redemptions in stores, shopping centers and the new digital redemption platforms launched at the end of 2020. Consequently, the number of customers using their CMR Puntos increased by $52 \%$ and the number of redemptions grew by $115 \%$ across the region. Also, we launched "Fan" in Peru and Colombia during December. This new customer cluster proposes extending benefits to our most loyal customers, and thus strengthen the program's value proposal for 2022. We are investing in improvements to our digital experience by digitizing and simplifying processes for our customers. We made progress integrating CMR Puntos into the digital ecosystem by deploying asingle

These alliances, together with the remaining ecosystem improvements, have positioned CMR Puntos as the loyalty program of choice for Chileans, while positioning it in second place in Peru and Colombia.

CMR Puntos module for all e-commerce platforms in our ecosystem along with the Banco Falabella and Fpay mobile applications. These measures have increased customer engagement within the ecosystem, and we have taken advantage of our digital business flow to increase digital redemptions by $145 \%$ and improve customer satisfaction indicators. Finally, we aim to operate the most popular loyalty program in the region by expanding the CMR Puntos market. We made progress developing large accumulation and redemption alliances with Lipigas, Shell (Enex) and Econorent in Chile, and with Repsol in Peru. This will expand the scope of the program and form part of its value proposal. ecosystem

## INVESTMENT PLANS

Falabella will invest US\$711 million in technology, logistics and stores during 2022, to strengthen its physical and digital ecosystem.

## It will invest 60\%

of this sum on techno logy and logistics to strengthen the value proposal of Falabella.com and expand it in Peru and Colombia.

## The remaining 40\%

will be mainly invested in expanding the store network, with a particular focus on IKEA in Chile and Colombia, Sodimac in Mexico and Brazil, and Tottus in Peru. Investments in technology and logistics are focused on leveraging physical assets within the ecosystem, with the aim of strengthening the omni-channel experience for customers and sellers through the following universal initiatives:

- Continuously improving e-commerce platforms by adding new product categories.
- Expanding App functionality to optimize the in-store shopping experience, by focusing on the complete customer journey from an omni-channe perspective.
- Strengthening digital banking platforms and positioning the Banco Falabella App as the main customer service channel.
- Strengthening Fpay, by expanding its functionali ties as the payment processor for the integrated e-commerce platform, and implementing new use cases such as a digital wallet.


Furthermore, technological projects will strengthen home delivery logistics and focus on reducing delivery times, quickly responding to customer's requirements, and increasing last mile visibility and traceability. The following initiatives will strengthen the company's logistics capabilities

- Increasing the order processing and packing capa city of existing distribution centers in Chile, Peru and Colombia.
- Growing third-party product processing capabili ties, covering warehousing, packaging and delivery services.
- Improving on-demand delivery and expanding assortment, in order to expand the capabilities and products available to Marketplace sellers.
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(2) Whowere

3 Physical-digitt ecosystem
(4) Sustainabilit
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Investments in

## istics will total

US\$ 418 MILLIonin 2022

- US\$ 308 miLLion
will be invested in technology.
- US\$ 110 miLlon
will be invested in logistic.
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## INVESTMENTS IN PHYSICAL STORES

The remaining 40\% will be mainly invested in developing IKEA in Chile and Colombia, Home Improvement in Mexico and Brazil, expanding Tottus in Peru, and improving and remodeling the regional store network

## US\$ 135 MILLION

of the 2022 investment plan will be invested in the multi-year store opening plan, which expects to open 19 stores in the region during 2022:

These comprise four Tottus and Hiperbodega supermarkets in Peru, which is the second largest player in the Peruvian market; one Tottus in Chile; four Sodimac stores in Mexico and seven in the rest of the region; two IKEA stores in Chile and one Falabella Retail store in Colombia.

## US\$ 158 MILLIon

will be invested in innovations and optimizing the existing store and shopping center network during 2022, through renovations and remodeling that will improve the integration of our digital proposal with the physical shopping experience, while accelerating the development of a store for the future that focuses on:

- Optimizing existing sales areas to improve "showrooming" for our own and third-party products.
- Increasing our self-service capabilities by leveraging our Apps' ability to search and discover products and streamline the payment process
- Strengthening the store's logistics role, to support our "Click\&Collect" deliveries, improve the returns and exchange experience, and expand our "ship from store" capabilities


## INVESTMENT PLAN FOR 2022 (US\$ MILLION)

## NEW STORES, EXPANSIO

## US\$ 293 - - 41\%



OPEX
US\$ $243=-34 \%$


INVESTMENT IN PHYSICAL ASSETS (US\$ MILLION)

## NEW STORES,

EXPANSIONS AND REMODELING


OPENING OF STORES FOR 2022-2023


## CUSTOMER SATISFACTION



NOTES
2019
AAPUBLISHED INTHE 2019 ANNUAL REPORT FORBANCO FALABELLAAND CMRINCHILEWAS RECALCULATED
TO REFLECT THE MERGER OF BOTHENTITIES.
2020
FIGURES For sodimac have been corrected.

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## OUR

## SUSTAINABILITY FOCUS


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## STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

At Falabella, sustainability is understood to be how we operate and add shared value for all our internal and external stakeholders. This not only ensures that we are profitable and can continue growing, but also that we create economic, social and environmental value within our local communities.

This was achieved by first identifying all the stakeholders along Falabella's value chain, we analyzed their involvement and how our business model potentially impacts them. We maintain open communication channels in order to understand their requirements and promote best practices.

We have corporate values, policies and programs throughout Falabella that drive our stakeholder engagement, such as the Free Competition Policy and Program, the Integrity Code, the Crime Prevention Policy and Model, the Ethics Program, the Handling Conflicts of Interest Policy, the Environment and Climate Change Policy and Program, the Diversity and Inclusion Policy, and the Sustainability Policy.

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## OUR ESG <br> PRIORITIES



We are a company of people and brands with one purpose, which is to make life simpler and more enjoyable.
We want to drive our business and how we do business while tackling common issues that affect us as a society. Therefore, we have prioritized various areas where we have taken and will continue to take action: Climate action, circularity and waste, diversity and inclusion, social impact, sustainable procurement, governance, ethics and compliance, and the wellbeing of our people.

## CLIMATE ACTION

Falabella contributes to the global challenge presented by the clima te crisis by implementing concrete measures that will identify, measure and manage our impact.
Our goal is to achieve a sustainable business that is resilient to climate change and we are committed to mitigating our emissions.

## OUR CARBON FOOTPRINT ——————_

We are committed to increasing the coverage of The carbon footprin
our emissions inventory, while maintaining our ben- has three scopes ${ }^{15}$.
chmarks for measuring and aligning our emissions with the international standards in the Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Protocol. Our carbon footprint has been measured for our department stores, home improvement stores, supermarkets, financial services and shopping centers in Chile, Peru and Colombia, which covers $96 \%{ }^{14}$ of our businesses.

## Scope 1: DIRECT EMISSIONS

## sociated with sources unde

Scope 2: INDIRECT EMISSIONS
These are GHG emissions from generating the
electricity used by the company
Scope 3: OTRAS EMISIONES INDIRECTAS
These are GHG emissions from the value chain that are outside the
company's direct control, but are produced as a consequence of the company's business.


COVERAGE IS EXPRESSED AS TOTAL REVENUE FOR THE BUSINESS UNIT AS A PERCENTAGE OF THE TOTAL CONSOLIDATED REVENUE OF FALABELLA THE HOME IMPROVEMENT COLOMBIA, HOME IMPROVEMENT MEXICO AND FINANCIAL SERVICES MEXICO FORMATS ARE NOT CONSOLIDATED.
4INACCORDANCEWITHTHEMETHOD PROPOSED BYTHEWRIWBSCD GREENHOUSEGAS PROTOCOL(HTTPS///GHGPROTOCOL.ORG/CORPORATE-STANDARD),
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## OUR PRINCIPAL CLIMATE CHANGE MITIGATION INITIATIVES



## LEED certification

(Leadership in Energy \& Environmental Design) has been developed by the US Green Building Council (USGBC), which is an organization that promotes sustainable construction.

Our Falabella Retail and Sodimac subsidiaries in Chile are founding members of their local representative.
In total, we have:
\% LEED Certified
14 stores
LEED Silver
26 stores
3 shopping centers
1 DISTRIBUTION CENTER
Le LeeD Gold
(안) 2 TIENDAS
2 shopping centers

## 1 distribution center

(20)

LEED Platinum
1 stores

## CONSUMPTION OF RENEWABLE ENERGY

(1) Welcome

At Falabella we have achieved significant progress with decarbonizing our energy matrix through
electricity agreements that supply electricity from
(2) Whowe are
certified renewable sources to those facilities with
technical feasibility in the region.
$\qquad$

Switching to renewable energy represents an oppor tunity to mitigate climate change that applies to all our business units.

In 2021, we signed an electricity agreement that supplied from entirely renewable energy, and it will supply:
C. 151 facilities in chile
(1) 93 facilities in peru

This represents most of electricity required by Falabella Retail, Sodimac, Tottus, Ikea, Open Plaza and Mallplaza.

By the end of 2021, 35\% of our facilities across the region will be supplied with renewable energy and 65\% our real estate business. While in Chile 64\% of our facilities will be supplied with renewable energy.


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## fALABELLA

## EFFICIENT ENERGY AND WATER USE

(1) Welcome

We encourage the rational use of energy at all our facilities,
including administrative offices, stores and shopping centers, while ensuring that our customers and employees are comfortable.
$\qquad$
This requires centralized control systems and effcient climate and lighting equipment that optimize energy performance. Our stores and shopping centers have passive design features that reduce their climatic energy requirements, which take advantage of natural light and involve construction materials with good thermal performance.

TOTAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION (MWH) BY SOURCE (\%)


Responsible water use is very important for operating Falabella's shopping centers and distribution centers, as this resource is intensively used due to the number of people within these facilities

(2) Whowe are

Our consumption has been reduced by migrating to efficient faucets, implementing water consumption
monitoring systems in bathrooms, and carefully landscaping our stores.


Our Mallplaza shopping centers use low-consumption plant species and native plants from each region in our gardens and green walls, where we also recycle the liquid nutrients from our biodigesters.


Our Huachipa distribution center for Tottus in Peru installed three wastewater treatment plants that produce more than 150 cubic meters of water per day, which is used for ornamental irrigation within the center

Our Open and Mallplaza shopping centers are conducting water footprint measurement pilots, including both direct and indirect consumption that involves the value chain at these locations.

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## TRANSPORT AND ELECTRO-MOBILITY

A significant proportion of our emissions are generated by the products we sell, followed by those associated with the logistics that supply our stores and deliver to our customers' homes. These emissions are generated by burning fossil fuels, such as gasoline or diesel, in the company's own or outsourced fleet vehicles. Accordingly, we have implemented a last-mile strategy across our business units, which uses electric vehicles to
reduce our greenhouse gas emissions by up to $78 \%$. Sodimac in Chile is decisively moving in this direction. It is the first company to make all its deliveries for online purchases carbon neutral, which was especially important during the pandemic, due to the significant growth in e-shopping. The company neutralizes its emissions using carbon credits from internationally registered renewable energy projects in Chile. This process is certified by the Santiago Climate Exchange, which provides a CO2 Neutral certificate that verifies process compliance and traceability. It also added electric vehicles for its last-mile and store deliveries, installed charging points at its main distribution center, and helped its carriers to switch


## Sodimac in Chile is decisively moving in this

 direction. It is the first company to make all its deliveries for online purchases carbon neutral, which was especially important during the pandemic, due to the significant growth in e-shopping.
to this technology. It is also helping customers by installing the first in-store charging points in 2021 located in Sodimac Homecenter La Reina and Quilín in Peñalololén. This initiative will be rolled-out across the whole of Chile during 2022.

Falabella.com has adopted similar measures and currently operates.

29 ELECTRIC VEHICLES of various sizes including automobiles, trucks and tricycles.
It expects to add another $\mathbf{4 3}$ vehicles during 2022, bringing the tot 72.
centers throughout the country. Customers and ogistics operators will then be able to charge their vehicles at Falabella group facilities. We expect to have 72 electric chargers by 2022 , which altogether would reduce vehicle emissions by 142,915 tons of CO2 per year when compared to emissions by conventional automobiles. This collaboration will form the largest network of electric charging points at shopping centers in Chile and it will gradually begin operating from December.
der expanding to other Chilean cities in the future. Falabella.com is encouraging all its carriers to operate at least one electric vehicle by the close of 2022.

Various alliances have been developed to install electric vehicle charging points at our facilities, in line with the company's aim to make life simpler and more enjoyable for its customers and employees, A milestone for Chile in 2021 was announcing a plan together with Enel X, involving Falabella Retail, Sodimac, Tottus, Ikea, Open Plaza and Mallplaza. The plan involves setting up and operating charging centers for electric vehicles at stores, malls and distribution
(5)

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## fALABCLLA

## INTEGRATING CLIMATE RISKS <br> INTO OUR RISK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

The global challenges associated with climate change not
(1) Welcome
only require an analysis of the company's impact on the environment, but also of the threats and opportunities arising from climate change that may affect the performance of the company and its value chain.

AR6 (Sixth Assessment Report) was published in August 2021 by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC). It reported that average global temperatures are likely to increase by $1.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ above pre-industrial levels before 2040, with irreparable effects on ecosystems. Therefore, this phenomenon and its associated threats must be urgently addressed.

Furthermore, the G7 Central Banks expressed their concern in 2015 regarding the financial risks associated with climate change for companies, and the requirement to disclose their exposure to such risks ${ }^{16}$. Therefore, the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) was formed to develop recommendations on integrating this perspective into corporate reporting. These recommendations focus on governance, strategy, risk management and specific metrics to quantify the potential impact should these risks materialize.
${ }^{16}$ AS THE BANK OF ENGLAND (BOE) IN 2015.

Falabella recognizes the strategic challenge of managing climate risks and we have begun to integrate the TCFD's recommendations into our corporate risk management system. In fact, we were implementing the TCFD recommendations across all our business units as of the close of 2021. We took the four TCFD pillars and applied them to each business unit with a corporate perspective.

## PROGRESS WITH THE TCFD PILLARS

$\qquad$


Governanc
A plan has been prepared to formally include climate change issues in our governance structure. Particularly risk governance, in order to universally include climate risk throughout the risk management process.

Strategy The physical risks for priority assets and the transition risks for each entire business unit were assessed, which resulted in a qualitative analysis of the expected principal impacts. Prioritized risks were quantitatively analyzed using climate models and scenario analysis.

## Metrics and goals

- 

Risk management
We are identifying, evaluating and prioritizing our climate risks, and integrating them into the company's operational risk management systems. We also identified opportunities for improvement, in order to refine climate risk management in the future
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## fALABELLA

## GOVERNANCE

The plan to strengthen governance will examine ou internal regulations and define the roles and responsi bilities associated with our climate strategy throughout the organization.

The Board expects the various committees described below to be responsible for various aspects of the climate strategy. Particularly that they supervise, develop and approve policies and processes that ensure that the strategy is implemented and that long-term goals are achieved

These responsibilities include:

- That the Remuneration Committee defines financial incentives for senior executives and other clima te-sensitive employees.
- That the Strategy Committee includes climate change factors in major investment decisions and oversees the climate strategy.
- That the Directors' Committee audits climate risk management as thoroughly as traditional risks.
We also began to develop guidelines that will help each business unit to adopt these processes and assign responsibilities, in order to implement the corporate climate change strategy.


## The principal risks assessed by asset are as follows:

## STRATEGY

Falabella has begun to evaluate the risks associated with climate change. It has begun to identify and evaluate the physical risks associated with various critical assets in each business unit. The process in volves the following steps:

- Define critical assets by their importance to the business

Collect weather and climate information for the location of these assets.

- Identify the potential threats at each location
- Assess the vulnerability of each asset to each threat
- Assign a risk severity based on the size of the hazard and the vulnerability.
- Prioritize threats based on risk severities.

Transition risks were assessed by business unit ra ther than by asset, and followed a similar process to physical risks.


The dependence of electricity consumption on several climatic variables was modeled based on historical information, in order to forecast the RCP8.5 scenario and calculate the potential impact.

The transition risks examined the impact of a carbon price, for example through a green tax. The analysis examined six different scenarios taken from the International Energy Agency and Chile's Long-Term Energy Planning. The effect of an uncertain carbon price on Falabella's costs was calculated using Monte Carlo simulations.
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## RISK MANAGEMENT

A method was defined based on climate risk identification and priorities, which will be used in the future to extend risk identification and assessment to the reminder of Falabella's portfolio. This method involves examining climate hazards, assessing the company's vulnerability to them, prioritizing these hazards, analyzing their impact and finally integrating climate risks into the Operational Risk Management System. This will ensure that existing risk management abilities and structures can be efficiently used to address the impact of climate change.

The next steps were defined that will extend this analysis as climate risk management matures, in order to systematize and scale up this process in the future.

The method is supported by changes to the risk policy and responsibilities associated with climate risk management by the board, senior management, business unit risk departments and risk managers.

## METRICS AND GOALS

Metrics are being developed for Falabella and its business units to manage and eventually report on their climate change mitigation performance

Simultaneously, metrics were identified for each bu siness unit to report their climate change mitigation results, which were adapted to each industry. This exercise will also ensure that reporting is in line with the new regulatory requirements in Chile.

The TCFD proposes seven categories of metrics that cover various aspects of climate change mitigation

- Greenhouse gas emissions
- Transition risks
- Physical risk
- Opportunities related to climate change
- Capital allocation
- Internal carbon price
- Remuneration


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## CIRCULARITY AND WASTE

At Falabella we carefully manage our waste, in order to reduce the volume sent to landfills. We are committed to reducing the impact of our business on local communities using best practices that include carefully managing hazardous waste, reducing nonhazardous waste and recovering raw materials using circular economy principles.

Therefore, we have an Environmental and Climate Change Policy, which establishes that our companies must implement an environmental compliance program that incorporates the general objectives and principles in the policy, in accordance with the nature of their business.

## TRANSFORMING HOW WE VIEW OUR WASTE

Waste is produced by our business from a variety of sources that include:

- Customers and visitors to our stores, bank branches and shopping centers.
- Food and beverages consumed in stores and shopping centers.
(1) Wetome
- Food produced by food courts and restaurants in our shopping centers.
- Retail logistics associated with product commercialization or operational packaging.
- Product shrinkage in supermarkets, department stores and home improvement stores.
- Employees in our central offices and bank branches with administrative duties.

This waste is comprised of various materials that are correctly collected, segregated and transported to their final destination. Recovery is when waste material or its energy content is partially or totally recovered and subsequently integrated back into the value chain. Waste recovery methods include:

- Repair and reuse.
- Recycling products and consumables, such as paper, cardboard and stretch film.
- Industrial composting of organic waste.
- Energy recovery by incineration at technological landfills.

During 2021, we managed to recover
37\% OF OUR WASTE
This resulted in the material or energy content of over 46,000 METRIC TONES of waste being partially or totally recovered, therefore diverted from landfills.

We measure the waste we produce using various operational practices, including traceability certificates issued by waste managers, scales at our own facilities, and dispatch notes from third parties. These figures are regularly reported to the corresponding authority in Chile, through the National Waste Declaration System and the Hazardous Waste Declaration and Tracking System.
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## fALABELLA

## WASTE MANAGEMENT AND COMPLIANCE

Our internal governance ensures that our companies execute compliance programs that meet each respective country's regulations. This results in monitoring programs, dedicated roles within each company, declarations to the authorities, and procedures for responding to preventive inspections. We believe that it is essential for regulators, the public sector and the private sector to collaborate in minimizing environmental risks.


Falabella Retail, Sodimac and Tottus in Chile wer founding partners of the first Packaging Managemen System in 2019, which was devised to achieve environmental compliance with the Extended Producer Responsibility Law (Law 20,920) enacted in June 2016. This system reduces the volume of sol lid waste sent to landfills by implementing best management practices, such as eco-design or circular economy principles, in order to avoid generating waste and increase its recovery.

Since 2019 our supermarkets, department stores and home improvement stores in Chile have adop ted various Clean Production Agreements (CPA) in alliance with the Ministry of the Environment, which involve implementing good practices that avoid generating waste or that increase its recovery This initiative has resulted in monitored stores re covering over 70\% of their waste.

## Achievements in 2021 included

The Sustainability and Climate Change Agency awarded Clean Production to 42 companies that fully achieved the goals in their Clean Production Agreements between 2018 and 2021, among them Sodimac, Tottus and Falabella Retail. These goals are essentially a commitment to produce zero waste, produce a solid waste diagnosis, and measure and monitor certain key indicators. Specifically:

Tottus La Cisterna and
Tottus CP Puente Alto recovered
68\% of their waste between June 2019 and November 2021, almost doubling their performance before implementing the CPA

Falabella Retail Los Dominicos recovered

## $\mathbf{8 0 \%}$ of its waste.

These stores demonstrate Falabella's commitment to reducing to zero the waste it sends to landfills.
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## fALABELLA

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## INNOVATION AND CIRCULARITY

Our business units have strengthened their commitment to circularity, as this also benefits our stakeholders. Innovation and circularity has reduced the amount of virgin raw materials used, while reducing the waste generated by the business. Therefore, Falabella not only reduces and manages its waste, but also provides its customers with initiatives that prevent waste from being sent to landfills.
$\qquad$ — $\qquad$ - _

Our most important initiatives during 2021 were as follows.

## OPERATIONAL MATERIAL MANAGEMENT

Falabella Retail and Tottus have introduced a plastic hanger recovery program. which transforms them into pellets that can be used to manufacture new hangers or other products formed from recycled materials.

Since 2019
Falabella Retail has recovered

## 12 MILLIONS

EQUIVALENT
670 tons
from stores in Santiago.

Meanwhile, Tottus has only recently introduced this project and uses far fewer hangers, so it had collected

## 200 KG OF PLASTIC

DURING 2021 AT IT
FIVE PILOT STORES
This project will be extended to the remaining Tottus facilities during 2022.
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Sodimac produces sustainable mulch. This was developed in partnership with the waste management company Armony, and aims to transform pallets from its stores into a material that covers planter or garden surfaces for decorative purposes and to prevent water evaporation. It makes multipurpose compos from plant and wood waste at its stores. During 2021, over 1,000 tons of operational wood waste were recycled, which produced over 627,000 liters of mulch and over two million liters of compost.

## RECYCLING SERVICES FOR CUSTOMERS

Sodimac supports the life cycle of products used by customers, by offering to collect old furniture and white goods from their homes and recycle them. While Falabella Retail offers to recycle mattresses, household appliances, white goods, exercise machines, televisions and bicycles.

## Sodimac Chile recycled

40 TONS OF HOUSEHOLD GOODS

Sodimac Peru is a member of RECOLECC, which is a recycling network for waste electrical and electronic equipment. It recycled more than
80 tons during 2021
using two containers at two Sodimac stores, which ensures that these appliances are given a recycling opportunity or properly disposed of.

Falabella Retail has formed an alliance with Midas and Rembre, two leading companies and benchmarks in reuse and recycling in Chile. It recycled or reused more than
1,500 rems
Sodimac provides communities with National Recycling Network stations, which is the largest private recycling network in the country and already has
20 STATIONS DISTRIBUTED throughout Chile

Since its creation in 2010,
20, 000
22,000 tons of Waste and received over 3.8 million visitors.

It has implemented circularity projects using the waste left at recycling stations by the community, and created new sustainable products that have been added to its "Haciendo Eco (Doing Eco) catalog.

Falabella's shopping centers promote a responsible culture through various initiatives. The "Primavera Viva" (Spring Alive) exhibition was held at Open Kennedy during the second half of 2021, which brought a fresh breeze to the shopping center through art and innovation. The project was developed in partnership with CIAN. It displayed sculptures made from waste and painted with Photio, a paint additive that replicates plant photosynthesis on any surface. One square meter painted with this technology has the decontamination potential of two trees.

## $\cdots$

Meanwhile, Mallplaza has an alliance with Claro in Chile to locate two fixed recycling stations for cell phones and accessories at its Egaña and Los Dominicos shopping centers, plus a mobile recycling station. It launched a campaign in partnership with Entel-Kyklos to reuse computers, tablets and cell phones. The company supported the Sustainable Bathroom Routine campaign developed by Kyklos and Johnson \& Johnson which provided areas at shopping centers to install collection stations for plastic containers from personal hygiene products. The campaign collected 78 kg of containers.

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## DONATED CLOTHING AND FABRICS

Falabella Retail has also formed alliances with foundations, such as Niño y Cáncer, Banco de Ropa, Ciudad del Niño, La Protectora, Corpaliv, schools in the Haciendo Escuela Program and others. The aim is to donate clothing and fabrics to help those who need them most and extend the useful life of thousands of products.


A partnership was agreed with Banco de Ropa (Clothes Bank) in 2021 that donated display clothing to the foundation, who then distributed these products according to people's age, size and requirements. Over 5,000 garments were donated between July and December.

An initiative called "Urnas Ropa Usada" (Used Clothes Urns) was developed in Colombia, which installs several urns made from 12 tons of recycled
plastic in Falabella Retail stores for customers to deposit clothes that they no longer use and want to give a second lease of life. These clothes were then sent to the Minuto de Dios Foundation, who separated them and reused, reduced and recycled them to the benefit of Iow-income people. One ton of used clothing was collected during 2021, which resulted in approximately 3,000 garments not being sent to landfills.
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## fALABCLLA

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## ORGANIC WASTE MANAGEMENT

Organic waste management significantly reduces the waste sent to landfills, it thereby reduces greenhouse gas emissions, increases compost production and takes advantage of resources to generate new products. The most important initiatives include the following:

Mallplaza in Chile has internal composters at its Egaña, Los Dominicos and Norte shopping centers, which recover organic waste generated by tenants who prepare food. It also has five active composting facilities at its Egaña, Sur, Tobalaba, Oeste and Trébol shopping centers. These are used to compost the waste produced when pruning their green areas, which is used as fertilizer in their gardens.

During 2021, these composters recovered
31.5 tons of organic waste
$\qquad$ generated by food outlets.
10.9 tons of organic waste generated by gardeners.
$\qquad$

Tottus aims to positively contribute to its local communities, by donating food, reducing waste and combating hunger. This vocation in Peru has resulted in a collaborative alliance with the Banco de Alimentos (Food Bank), to which the Huachipa Logistics Center and over 26 stores nationwide donate fruit, vegetables and consumer products

This initiative donated more than
400
TONS OF FOOD in 2021

## Tottus Chile developed a farinaceous waste reco

 very project, which consists of segregating its dry organic waste, such as bread, cakes, legumes, dried fruit, cookies, dough and other waste, and sending it to a plant operated by EccoFeed. This compan is an expert in collecting surpluses from the food industry and transforming them into raw material for animal feed
## This project recovered

$29.0^{9}$ TONS OF WASTE in 2021
from the Tottus La Cisterna and Puente Alto stores, and the La Farfana Distribution Center. $\qquad$
It also has an organic waste recovery program using the black soldier fly. Waste from Tottus Talca, Colín and Curicó stores was removed by Food for Future and was fed to black soldier fly larvae, the most efficient organism for converting waste into food.

## t transformed

25
into 1 ton of insect protein, which was used as a highly nutritious fish feed.
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## DIVERSITY AND INCLUSION

We strive to ensure that all our employees, regardless of their gender, sexual orientation, religion or any other fundamental characteristic, achieve a sense of belonging that encourages them to portray the best aspects of themselves at work.

-     -         -             - 

Diversity and inclusion is important at Falabella, not only because each person can then develop to their full potential and enrich our organizational culture, but also because we can represent the customers we serve, which enriches our value proposition.


## DIVERSITY FORMS <br> \section*{PART OF OUR IDENTITY}

Our team is inherently diverse. The majority of our workforce are women and there is an increasing proportion of women in management and executive positions, as well as a wide range of ages and many nationalities.

## 108,888 EMPLOYEES

WOMEN 51\% 49\%MEN

## - $24 \% \quad 31 \% \quad 45 \%$

OVER 10 nationalities
$\mathbf{+ 1 , 1 0 0}$ MEMBERS OF THE LGBT+ AND ALIAD@SCOMMUNITY ACROSS THE REGION

800 EXECUTIVE MEMBERS PARTICIPATE IN THE CONNECTED WOMEN NETWORK
(1) Welcome model

## fALABELLA

Inclusion is a strategic and indispensable value at Falabella and for this reason we have a Diversity and Inclusion Policy that establishes our commitment to:
I. Respect and protect the dignity of everyone.
lll. Promote an inclusive and diverse working environment.

IIII. Eliminate all arbitrary discrimination.
It creates common standards, structures ${ }^{17}$ and processes, with an emphasis on three inclusion groups: gender, sexual diversity and people with disabilities.

We have sponsors on the executive committee for each inclusion group, where the sponsor's role is to stay informed, be visibly committed to diversity and inclusion and act as spokespersons for this important issue. We arranged various training activities at stores, branches and shopping centers operated by each business unit, which involved assigning people as ambassadors with the role of "trainers for inclusion". We launched this program during 2021 and it aims to co-construct an inclusive culture that builds teams where respect and diversity are encouraged. We held six sessions that were attended by people from 55 branches of Falabella Financiero, Tottus, Falabella Retail and Sodimac, resulting in 108 graduates and "trainers for inclusion" ambassadors. They became rue role models and agents of change, and they have transmitted all of this knowledge to their teams.


'Participating in this traning course has helped me with several issues, to enlighten myself, im-
merse myself, refresh myself, and above all to develop the skills to promote such an important topic as inclusion (....). Thi experience has taught me that we should all use more inclusive language and cultural attitudes that exclude bias anc discrimination of any kind. That respect for other people should be pure, true and from the heart."

## Joel Barrera

Tottus.
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## FOCUSING ON OUR PRIORITY GROUPS

During 2021 we have created and developed initiatives for each inclusion group
The most important objectives and initiatives are the following:


## Gender equity

Our goal is to create a working environment that attracts women and encourages their professional development, with the aim of $40 \%$ of our managers and executives being women by 2022.

## Therefore, we have

developed the following initiatives:

- Working flexibly: we understand that flexible working models are very effective at improving gender diversity, especially in executive positions, and they contribute to employee engagement. It is important for us to offer flexibility to everyone, in order for teams to manage their own time and interests. Accordingly, after the pandemic our employees will be able to work remotely from any location depending on their duties and alter their start and finish times.
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- Combating bias: unconscious bias can have an adverse impact on our judgment, resulting in non-factual decisions that unconsciously favor one person or group to the detriment of others. We use various approaches to avoid bias at Falabella, such as creating an inclusive communication ma nual, reformulating job descriptions to make them gender neutral, requiring that at least a third of the long list of Managers and Executives positions should be held by women, and arranging regular training workshops on unconscious bias, where a workshop held in 2021 was attended by over 100 people. We are also equalizing the benefits for men and women, such as extending postnatal leave for men from 1 week to 1 month, which each business unit will shortly implement.
- Programs aimed at key talents: programs such as "Mujeres de Alto Rendimiento" (High Performance Women) accelerate the professional development of women within Falabella, and we strengthen their key leadership skills through training, coaching and career development sessions to prepare them for senior management positions. Falabella is the first company in Latin America to be certified in the \#TrainTheTrainers program of the "I'm Remarkable" initiative organized by Google that empowers women and other under-represented groups. Four meetings were held during 2021 which were attended by 65 women in total.

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- Connected Women Network: an independent network that brings together more than 800 fe male executives from all Falabella's businesses and countries, which promotes female talent and aims to:
I. Increase the number of women in management positions through role modeling, networking empowerment and achievement recognition.
II. Contribute to employer branding for Falabella.

The 2021 initiatives included:

- 22 talks to raise the visibility of women leaders which were attended by over 1,700 people.
- Gender equity survey: a second survey was conducted to review progress with the 2020 diagnosis
- 12 workshops, which were attended by 388 women. These included a multi-business mentoring pilot in Chile and Peru and the certification of 16 trainers within Google's \#lamRemarkable initiative, which empowers women and underrepresented groups to publicize their achievements.


## Sexual diversity

We celebrate love in all its forms. We embrace sexual diversity and encourage inclusion that is free of discrimination for everyone, regardless of their sexual orientation or gender identity. Accordingly, during 2021 we focused on:

- Attracting LGBT+ talent: Falabella supports the attraction and retention of LGBT+ professionals. We have created an environment where everyone can contribute and develop to their full potential, whatever their identity, Therefore, our vacancies are published on Pride Connection's Job Porta and we leverage the value created by our employer brand. It is important to Falabella that we provide our employees with the same benefits regardless of their union with their partners. Therefore, we have extended pre and post-natal adoption benefits to same-sex couples and provided the same benefits for marriage and civil union agreements between these couples
- Gender transition protocol: during 2021 we approved and communicated this protocol to al business units in Chile, Peru and Colombia, to highlight our commitment to inclusion and protect the dignity of everyone, regardless of their gender identity or expression. The purpose of the protocol is to lay the groundwork for supporting employees who decide to begin or continue their transition process in an environment of respect and support. Furthermore, supplementary insurance in Chile provides coverage for gender transition, including psychological support, hormone treatment and surgery.
- The LGBT+ and Aliad@s community: this was created in 2020 from a voluntary initiative by a group of people at Sodimac Peru. During 2021 it has become a network for all our business units within Falabella Chile, Peru and Colombia. Em ployees use this community to meet, connect and communicate about issues that are important to them. It also provides an opportunity for everyone to lead the change and directly impact Falabella's cultural transformation by making it increasingly inclusive, while amplifying the diversity of voices and experiences involved in setting organizationa priorities. Each community has its own leaders, who voluntarily choose to participate in order to raise awareness, build safe and comfortable environments, encourage conversation, and d rectly connect with Human Resources and Sus tainability teams. By the close of 2021, we had 1,104 members

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## +14

people completed their gender transition, while supported by the GENDER TRANSITION PROTOCOL.

## +600

MANAGERS AND EXECUTIVES TRAINED IN SEXUAL DIVERSITY

35 mallplaza
NUMBER OF MEMBES
THE LGBT+ ALIAD@S COMMUNITY
114 совроватеааиввеца
432 soomac
288 falabela ${ }^{\text {aretall }}$
158 falabellafinanciero
54
FALABELLA INMOBILIARIO
23 тotrus
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- Strategic Alliances Falabella has been a member of Pride Connection Chile since 2019. This network promotes inclusive working environments and unites over 80 Chilean companies who attract LGBT+ talented people. This strategic alliance gives us access to the best practices in the market and provides us with advice on developing and implementing our sustainability strategy. We participate in its "Equidad CL" survey every progressed with their inclusion issues, with particular focus on the LGBT+ pillar. Every group company responded collaboratively in 2021 which reflects the universal response from every business unit.
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## fALABCLLA

## People with Disabilities

We want to be an increasingly inclusive organization that provides opportunities, encourages talented people and eliminates barriers within the organization. We promote equality when exercising rights and aim to make life simpler and more enjoyable for everyone. An appropriate indicator is that 1.5\% of our total workforce are people with disabilities.

Our goal is to exceed the legal minimums by 2022 and then continue to move towards more ambitious targets. This requires going beyond $1 \%$ in Chile, $3 \%$ in Peru and $1 \%$ in Colombia, where our business is larger. We have a tremendous challenge ahead of us, as there are many barriers:
I. I. Accessibility infrastructure is still limited, such as in streets, areas and buildings, which often makes commuting difficult, especially for people with physical disabilities.
II. The standards of academic and professional training in the labor market do not always match the company's requirements, especially at its central offices where vacant positions have specific entry requirements.
III. Support and training for teams that include people with disabilities is not always sufficient

All of these factors together can create a mismatch between the supply and demand for vacancies among people with disabilities.

Therefore, in 2021 we started to diagnose labor inclusion at all our business units in Chile together with the Con Trabajo Foundation, in order to become truly inclusive and break down these barriers between supply and demand. The objective was to measure the perception of our employees and their environment regarding the inclusion of people with disabilities. The results reflected good progress with an "inclusive culture", as employees with disabilities themselves reported that they felt they belonged in their business units, that inclusive values were in evidence, that they had constant support from leaders, that they could request adaptations to their workstations, and that accessibility to facilities was progressing. In general, our business units ranked above the average global labor inclusion index.
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- Accessibility: this refers to a person's ability to arrive, move around and remain at work in a safe, comfortable and autonomous manner. We have made progress in many areas, while still having a long way to go. These include ramps at stores and branches to ease mobility and transport issues, online tickets at the SAP help desk for people with hearing or speech disabilities; progress towards performance evaluations based on people's abilities; and we have signed an alliance with RedApis that adds subtitles and sign language to our internal videos and lectures, in order to encourage inclusive communication.

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However, we focused on improving the inclusion of our facilities and processes in 2021 by implementing the following:

- Training and cultivating an inclusive culture: we must break down cultural barriers to inclusion by raising our teams' awareness of the strategic value and indispensability of inclusion. Accordingly we regularly arrange lectures and educational works hops and we arranged 7 activities in 2021, which were attended by over 1,800 people. Falabell Retail trained 1,400 employees on the "Falabell Inclusive" course with e-learning content, which introduces the skills to perform in diverse and inclusive working environments.
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## fALABCLLA

- Inclusive working cycle: we must strengthen our inclusion practices throughout the working cycle of our employees with disabilities, in order to attract and retain diverse talent. Recruitment and selection, induction, training and performance evaluation processes must be designed to ensure that they apply to everyone working at Falabella. Our selection teams in Chile participate every year in Expo Inclusión. This event is a meeting point for companies, government, academia, entrepreneurship and foundations around inclusion for people with disabilities, senior citizens and migrants with disabilities, in order to highlight the rights of people with disabilities, and to provide mechanisms to achieve a nationwide cultural, social and educational transformation. For example, Tottus Chile regularly holds workshops for HR managers and business partners at its stores on topics such as:

1. What is disability, and the status of people with disabilities in Chile.
II. Latest developments with regard to inclusion laws.
III. Analysis of regular recruitment, selection and inclusion processes in the company.
IV. Keys to a successfully inclusive interview.

Labor inclusion programs: specific initiatives in 2021 that emphasized the inclusion of people with disabilities at our business units were:

- Program with a future: Falabella Inmobiliario in Chile joined "Con Trabajo" Foundation's program of inclusion and job training for employees with disabilities. This program enables people with intellectual disabilities to increase their job skills while working, using an innovative method that offers a support system that integrates into the workplace. In 2021 it added one person to its team.
- Falabella Retail is working with Wazu Foundation to help 26 people with disabilities to start work at its stores in Chile. This process covers selection and preparing reports with recommendations and coaching to help them merge into their respective teams.
- Strategic alliances: we joined the Inclusive Com panies Network developed by SOFOFA (Sociedad de Fomento Fabril - the Chilean Production Federation) to promote training on inclusion issues and to collaborate by arranging assemblies, mentoring, events and coaching from experts on diversity and inclusion issues.


## INTER-COMPANY DIVERSITY WEEK

Falabella particinated in the first Diversity Week from November 8 to 12, 2021. This event was collaboratively arranged by companies in Chile to raise awareness and understanding around diversity, equity and inclusion issues. The agenda included an online masterclass from Lucas Chá-vez-Alcorta, Regional Branding \& PR Manage at Falabella.com, who shared his knowledge on how to achieve true inclusion for people from the LGBT+ community and how to eliminate closets in the workplace

## A TEAM WITH PRIDE

We arranged communication and aware-ness-raising campaigns in conjunction with various internal and external initiatives between April and June 2021, which aimed to extend our understanding of sexual diversity at Falabella. We commemorated special events between April and May, such as "Pink day" and the "International Day against Homophobia, Transphobia and Biphobia". We appointed 21 sexual diversity leaders with the aim of creating an "LGBT+ and Aliad@s Community" internal network to drive cultural change within Falabella. A workshop on sexual diversity was organized in June for managers and executives, which was attended more than 600 people Each business unit and its employees publicly re-affirmed their commitment to Diversity and Inclusion, we organized interventions in the logos of our brands, and a "toolkit" was designed for external communications.

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## SOCIAL IMPACT

We are committed to creating initiatives that have a positive impact on society and bring benefits to the majority. At Falabella all our business units make a difference, by transferring skills and forming long-term alliances that contribute to improving living conditions within our local communities.

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We have five social investment objectives driven by the diverse nature of our businesses:
A. Strengthen and improve the educational development of children and adolescents, which is fundamental to improving their skills, reducing learning gaps and promoting social integration (Falabella Retail and Tottus).
B. Improve living conditions within our local communities (Sodimac).
C. Contribute to financial literacy and inclusion within local communities, in order to encourage inclusive economic growth (Falabella Financiero).
D. Promote entrepreneurial development by providing knowledge and job opportunities (Mallplaza)
E. Engage with neighbors, social organizations and state communal agencies to develop recreational and educational activities promoting entrepreneurship, culture and healthy living, while always tailoring them to the local context (Falabella Inmobiliario and Mallplaza).

We use a community investment model based on three pillars to achieve our social objectives:

- Community investment: this encompasses all our activities and programs designed to strategically address social issues, where we prioritize those that are closely related to our experience and core business. They are usually managed in partnership with a community organization
- Donations: these are all our voluntary donations of money, goods or services. They respond to specific needs, requests or emergency situations.

Commercial initiatives: these are activities carried out by commercial departments to promote our brands and corporate identity, in association with and benefiting community organizations.


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Our community investment focused on the following programs:

## HACIENDO ESCUELA (SCHOOL SPONSORSHIP) PROGRAM

Falabella's Haciendo Escuela Program has provided academic, socio-emotional and digital training to over 81,000 vulnerable children in 99 educational centers in Chile, Peru and Colombia for more than 50 years.

The purpose of the Haciendo Escuela Program is to help build a better future for children and their families through education. Falabella's social investment strategy includes this program, which is jointly implemented with school authorities, parents, related institutions and a multidisciplinary team of experts

Corporate volunteering is a universal resource for this initiative. Our employees get involved and participate. Falabella encourages them to participate by all owing them time off during the working day to get involved in the program.

OVER $\mathbf{1 , 0 0 0}$ volunteers participated in Haciendo Escuela program in 2021,

WHICH TOTALED 3,700 HOURS OF HELP.

The Haciendo Escuela Program tackles the folowing topics:

- Academic foundations: it supports teachers with educational programs and materials, management support and training, with a focus on reading and writing.
- Broadening horizons: it offers students extracurricular activities that awaken their interest and foster values such as respect, discipline, companionship and self-confidence.
- Digital skills and infrastructure: it allocates re sources to ensure that each school has sufficient learning facilities, with a special emphasis on securing digital connectivity for schools and for children who are taking online classes.
- Community relations: it expands the impact of the Haciendo Escuela program to the remainder of the school and the local community


The program has operated through a web site since 2020 at www.haciendoescuela.com, which has ex tended its impact on the region's children by prov ding academic content and recreational and artistic activities, and encouraging reading and schooling for parents through its website and social networks. Its web site haciendoescuela.com had 166,355 users and 640,766 visits during 2021.

Falabella evaluates the performance of its Haciendo Escuela program using the B4SI framework (Busi ness for Social Impact, formerly LBG methodology), It records inputs, outputs and the impact of the program's initiatives each year

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The most significant initiatives
in 2021 were as follows:

## ACADEMIC FOUNDATIONS

Reading encouragement and storytelling programs supported students who were learning to read at the program's schools in Chile and Colombia. $75 \%$ of school principals in Chile and 71\% of school principals in Colombia believe that students had improved their reading and writing skills.

BROADENING HORIZONS
Initiatives such as the "Knowledge Olympics" and "Good social network use workshop" motivate students to learn and develop their skills, according to 85\% of school principals in Chile and $100 \%$ and Colombia.

## DIGITAL SKILLS AND INFRASTRUCTURE

 $88 \%$ of school principals in Chile and Colombia believe that interventions such as improving school infrastructure or providing tablets or connectivity kits to be very valuable, as they encourage students to learn and use technological tools.COMMUNITY RELATIONSHIPS
Unitiatives such as "Murales para Chile" or "Bici Parqueadero" in Colombia are very well received by school communities.
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"CRECER SANO" GROWING UP HEALTHY WITH TOTTUS
Tottus has developed principles that support how it engages with communities, neighbors and employees, and that guide how it effectively engages with its environment

Tottus has developed principles that support how it engages with communities, neighbors and employees, and that guide how it effectively engages with its environment.

It emphasizes three specific areas, which are a entrepreneurial community, a sustainable community and a healthy community. Accordingly, Tottus continues to develop the Crecer Sano program, which improves the nutritional habits and lifestyles of thousands of children and their families. It has been developing this program since 2014 and last year it was recognized by the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) as an outstanding initiative within the private sector in Latin America and the Caribbean, for its contribution to educating thousands of households on healthy nutrition issues.
Educational content and activities were developed on the crecersano.cl. web site during 2021. In total 9,000 families were reached through site browsing, newsletters to the school community and Tottus customers, and publications on Instagram, LinkedIn and company catalogs. Tottus maintains a direct link with these 40 schools every year, which are located in the Metropolitan, Fifth, Sixth and Seventh regions. It sends them audiovisual and educational material for children from nursery school to fourth grade. The web site also invited them to participate
in various motivational and knowledge contests, such as "The Bottle Fish", "Healthy Payas", "What do you know about healthy nutrition" and invited parents, teachers and web site users to participate in webinars on "Obesity and School Performance" and "Fruits and Vegetables: health and prevention" Lastly, it attended specific initiatives related to sports and nutrition, aimed at neighborhood councils and municipalities close to its supermarkets, where Crecer Sano provided a stand with water, fruit and educational material.


## BUILDING HOME DREAMS

This is Sodimac's social investment and community engagement program. It is essentially collaborative and participatory, and it consists of contributing company resources and its employees as volunteers to implement projects that improve the quality of life within its local communities.

Each project involves repairing, remodeling or mproving a community facility or environment They are proposed and prepared by local civi society organizations. Sodimac provides resources, materials, transportation and its employees as volunteers, which produces a collaborative and participatory encounter with its local com munities. The program has an Advisory Counci nade up of the Chairman of the Board, Direc tors, social leaders and Sodimac executives, who ontinually monitor and evaluate the program to ensure that it is carefully implemented and continuously improved
t also promotes initiatives together with allied organizations such as Techo, Junto al Barrio and Movidos por Chile, which include building permanent housing, improving environments, and helping communities affected by emergencies natural disasters.

Since its creation 15 years ago, "Building Drean Homes" has implemented 837 community projects, which has involved more than 15,000

Sodimac employees during volunteer days, and benefited more than 286,000 people. The program also helos Sodimac employees with proiects to improve their own homes and quality of life. Recently 631 projects have been implemented, which have benefited 390 employees. This program benefited more than 90,000 people through 49 proiects during 2021. The beneficiaries included ntities with social vulnerability, neighborhood councils, schools, kindergartens, sports centers, frefighters and health centers.

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## LOCAL ENTREPRENEURIAL

 AND EMPLOYMENT PROGRAMMallplaza has developed an entrepreneurial model that integrates its community, commercial and innovation policies, in order to develop an entrepreneurial ecosystem.

This entrepreneurial model has been developed bot-tom-up and is based on Mallplaza's communities and networks. It aims to contribute to their growth and development opportunities.

The program has been implemented together with the Simon de Cyrene Corporation and it has three components:

- Free, effective and high-impact commercial, phy sical and virtual areas.
- Practical tools based on digital training and personalized advice that ensure effective learning.
- Empowerment of an ecosystem where entrepreneurs and other public and private institutions can support each other.

During 2021, 4,705 entrepreneurs benefited from the program operated by Mall plaza's community engagement team in its 17 shopping centers in Chile. It arranged over 382 selling opportunities, such as entrepreneurial fairs, permanent modules and entrepreneurial stores, which achieved over Ch\$2.1 billion in sales, and contributed to economic reactivation for their families and communities.

They acquired new skills and tools by attending 75 digital training courses that covered topics such as business models and management, digital marketing and social networks.

Alliances were forged with organizations, institutions and companies within the Falabella Group to support entrepreneurial development and to improve these training opportunities and sales points. Some of these training opportunities were the MBA from the UC Business School, training courses at Asech and Banco Falabella, and admission to the Tottus sales room for better performing entrepreneurs, thus creating an ecosystem around the Plaza Emprende program
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## COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

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We collaborate with and support our local communities, which
requires constant monitoring to ensure that our business does not have any actual or potential negative impacts, while striving to

- Our business did not provoke any negative community impacts in 2021, and we conducted a sur vey of this issue at each Falabella business unit, to identify the components, methods and practices of their individual community engagement strategies, The objectives of this initiative are to:
- Structure community engagement at each busi ness unit by arranging regular meetings with social entities, strengthening dialog, building local trust, and identifying and engaging with social representatives and stakeholders.

Build coordination within the Falabella group and its business units.

- Record each event, in order to monitor and manage any agreements.

Actively collaborating with social entities helps us to understand the local circumstances in the vicinity of our stores, which will help us to build trust and dialog, while contributing to the quality of life of our neighbors. Accordingly, each business unit will develop an ngagement plan in 2022 based on the requirements and opportunities of each particular locality

We also developed initiatives with a locality focus in 2021 that strengthened our role in the community, in addition to other programs that comprise our "ommunity investment".
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[^2]For example, the Mallplaza Academy program trains leaders and social representatives. It aims to open up opportunities and strengthen social organizations through various courses that promote practices that build and reinforce the social fabric of each locality.

$\square$
This academy is suppor ted by a user-friendly e-learning platform.
$\square-\square-$

In 2021 it reached
172 sOCIAL REPRESENTATIVES
85 SOCIAL ORGANIZATIONS

Mallplaza provided 6 courses at its 17 sites around the country, which dealt with topics such as communication, administration, financial management, networking, and community response in emergencies. It was presented as an opportunity for 16 Mallplaza employees to connect with their neighbors through mentoring and to explain the topics addressed on each course in greater detail.

This program hel ped leaders to learn about subjects that interest them and contributed to improving local management processes. It also developed a new approach to learning and connected with other leaders in Chile, which broke down existing geographical limitations.
Open Plaza aims to create public meeting venues, by swiftly establishing links with local institutions and communities. This is based on a community engagement model that gives life to various recreational and educational programs. They encourage entrepreneu rship and culture, and aim to rescue local traditions During 2021, 36 recreational and educational events were arranged that promoted local entrepreneurship, and two events were arranged together with the Solidarity and Social Investment Fund (FOSIS), the Uniformed Police and Municipalities.

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Volunteering is universal and forms part of our plan to strengthen community investment, with the involvement of our employees. We encourage our employees to voluntarily participate in the social initiatives linked to our business lines that create value for the community and our company. Corporate volunteering is a principal focus for local community engagement, which benefits both our employees and our local communities. We provide our employees with opportunities that make them feel proud of the company and committed to their local communities.

Volunteering activities in 2021 included the following:

- Sodimac employees together with Techo have built permanent houses within vulnerable communities
- A "Murales para Chile" initiative was developed within the Haciendo Escuela program and in allian ce with Sodimac, the Antenna Foundation and the San Miguel Open Sky Museum, where corporate volunteers helped to paint murals at Haciendo Es cuela program schools. Four murals were painted during 2021.
- Falabella Retail volunteers and the Make a Wish Foundation made the dreams of 25 children with critical illnesses come true. About 80 volunteer participated.

- A mentoring program was developed by the Ma Ilplaza Academy that supports 6 asynchronous courses. Sixteen Mallplaza employee mentors voluntarily shared their knowledge with the va rious organizations and leaders who participated on these courses.
- Falabella Financiero developed "expert volunteering", which involved developing several workshops on financial literacy given by employees who are experts in topics such as finance, business, en trepreneurship, etc. A total of 9 workshops were arranged and 23 volunteers were involved.
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## fALABELLA

## OUR SOCIAL INVESTMENT IN NUMBERS

COMMUNITY INVESTMENT
(MM CLP)


COMMERCIAL INITIATIVES (MM CLP)


- Number of donations by subject (\%)

THE DEFINITION OF DONATIONS INTHIS REPORTMAY DIFFER FROM LOCALTAX REGULATIONS, SINCE IT IS ALIGNED WITH THE GRI STANDARDS AND DOW JONES SUSTAINABILITY INDEX CRITERIA.

These achievements cannot be isolated from the alliances established with civil society organizations to develop our sustainable business model. The best way to achieve effective social investment is by developing strategic alliances.
Accordingly, we collaborate with social organizations to address common challenges where they can take the lead. In 2021 these organizations included:

TECHO
Techo, which we support with various donations, construction materials, logistical support, volunteer work and technical advice (Sodimac in Chile, Uruguay y Peru).

María Ayuda CorporaciónMaría Ayuda, which we support with various initiatives such as recreational activities, containment and training (Fala bella Retail in Chile).

دAB
Junto al Barrio Foundation, Junto Al which we support within various neighborhoods by strengthening community leaders and organizations, and improving the quality of urban areas (Mallplaza and Sodimac in Chile).

Red de Alimentos \& Banco de Alimentos, where we donate consumer products that these organizations then distribute to those who most need them (Tottus in Chile and Peru)


América Solidaria, which we support by contributing to equal opportunities and overcoming child poverty across the continent (Falabella Financiero across the whole of America).


Fe y Alegría, Fe y Alegría, where we support their network of schools that provide study and training opportunities to the poorest sectors of society (Tottus and Sodimac in Peru)

Corporación Abriendo Puertas, where we support their social and labor reintegration programs for women deprived of liberty (Falabella Retail in Chile).
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## SUSTAINABLE PROCUREMENT

Great products are created with sustainability at their core. This implies ethical procurement, primarily using sustainable raw materials to manufacture our own brands, and supporting our business partners.

We are constantly innovating and we design and purchase products that use sustainable raw materials. We prefer to purchase from suppliers that can achieve a positive impact on a larger scale and make long-term progress.

## We have

+50,000
ACTIVE SUPPLIERS

We started purchasing from almost


We jointly create value with

## 25,000 SME SUPPLIERS

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## fALABELLA

## Our company commitments are channeled through various initiatives with three pillars:

## A. SUSTAINABLE PRODUCTS

Falabella's own brands form a strategic pillar. These brands provide an exclusive portfolio with the latest trends at

competitive prices

They also provide differentiation and greater value for our customers. Falabella has greater influence over production processes and can extend its environmental and social commitments to its supply chain.

## +Verde

We created a program that identifies standards that can accredit the source of products, which we call +Verde, with the purpose of systematically improving the traceability of our raw materials from Asia. This program identifies products where at least 50\% of their raw materials have been certified as sustainable by an internationally recognized entity. We have mainly focused on:

- Materials: The company's own brands prioritize recycled materials, organic attributes and fair trade.
- Control: Each sustainable material must be cer tified by a reputable international organization.
- Packaging and labeling: The +Verde program minimizes packaging material waste, and priori tizes FSC (Forest Stewardship Council) certified containers, packaging and labels.


## Portafolio of

## $+3,800$

PRODUCTS IN THE +VERDE CATEGORY

## CH\$31 BILLION

IN SALES OF
+VERDE PRODUCTS DURING 202

## +VERDE PRODUCTS

REPRESENTED ALMOST
$\mathbf{5 \%}$ of Falabella Retail's total sales in Chile within the program's categories

ECO Products
Sodimac offers customers products and services with environmental and social attributes within the ECO Products catalog. These include several cleaning organization and household items made from plastic waste received at recycling collection points. They form part of the first circular economy initiative by a retailer in South America and are the result of an alliance with TriCiclos and Comberplast. ECO pro ducts must meet standards established by the quality control department in order to use special labeling They must include more than $50 \%$ recycled conten be biodegradable in less than six months, be reusable, proven to efficiently use energy and water during thei manufacture, and be free of VOC, which are chemica particles that are harmful to health. They must also meet recognized standards and manufacturing them must safeguard natural resources and mitigate any environmental effects.
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## Portafolio of

$+5,300$
ECO PRODUCTS

## CH\$ 206 BILLION

## IN ECO PRODUCT

SALES DURING 2021

ECO PRODUCTS REPRESENTED
$\mathbf{6 \%}$ of Sodimac's total sales
in Chile within the program's categories

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## B. RESPONSIBLE SUPPLY CHAIN

We operate our business in a legal, ethical and socially responsible manner. Collaboration requires not only complying with labor legislation, but also adopting universal human rights principles.

We build long-term relationships with our suppliers, foster their growth, safeguard their working capital and encourage their commitment to sustainable production, which involves the following initiatives.

- We have produced a practical compliance guide fo suppliers that illustrates the corporate integrity parameters guiding our business approach, and the behavior expected of our suppliers in their relationship with Falabella
- $51 \%$ of our supplier contracts in the retail business and $100 \%$ in the real estate business had social responsibility clauses, which specify the ethical and human rights conditions that suppliers must respect. Furthermore 50\% of our contracts in the retail business have an environmental clause, while this rises to $100 \%$ in the real estate business
- Supplier monitoring and auditing: Sedex (Supplier Ethical Data Exchange) is an organization that grants us access to the SMETA Social Audit Protocol. This
is used to encourage our own-brand suppliers to adopt good practices that ensure responsible and integral development. Sedex arranged remote evaluations until July 2021, due to travel restric tions as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. This evaluation was not formally considered a SMETA audit, but we adapted these visits to a virtual format, in order to identify and mitigate any serious conditions in the workshops that manufacture our products. Since August these audits have been gradually rescheduled to match plans and workshop availability, while always respecting how the pandemic has progressed

Therefore, the social and environmental aspects of more than 600 suppliers were evaluated during 2021, in order to improve the productive conditions of our supply chain.

## findings included

## 96 SUPPLIERS

with negative potential social impacts.

## 5 SUPPLIERS

with negative potential environmental impacts.
The commercial relationshipwasterminated with 3 a the suppliers with social impacts, while improvements were agreed with the remaining 93 suppliers. Improvements were agreed with all the suppliers with a negative potential environmental impact.


## C. Local procurement and generating shared value WITH ENTREPRENEURS

En nuestro compromiso de simplificar y disfrutar más la vida, colaboramos con otros para crear puestos de trabajo, habilidades necesarias y facilidades para potenciar los beneficios de todos.

Our objective to make life simpler and more enjoyable drives us to collaborate with others to create jobs and improve skills and facilities, which benefits everyone. Accordingly, several of our initiatives have developed a bottom-up entrepreneurial model, which included the following in 2021:

- Mallplaza entrepreneurial program: Mallplaza has created a program of benefits and mutual value for both the entrepreneur and Mallplaza using a regional entrepreneurial platform, through continuous training, the management of commercial areas and the entrepreneur's contribution to their commercial value proposition. This model also identifies potential business partners.

- -\#ApoyemosALosEmprendedores: a social focus at Open Plaza's is promoting local entrepreneurs, so significant alliances were formed in Chile with INDAP's Farmer's Market, the Community Development Directorate (Dideco), Sernameg's women entrepreneurs, and the Municipal authorities in each city, in order to strengthen the local economy and to publish, support and sell local products in the aisles of shopping centers. Over 500 entrepreneurs were supported during 2021
- Community Vertex Rooms Program:its objective is to present a showcase of the best enterprises in Open Plaza's localities. The project resulted from an alliance with local municipalities and institutions that support entrepreneurs, and it provides them with prepared, safe areas within shopping centers to offer courses and workshops, employment programs, community meetings and exhibitions. They also participate in fairs that showcase their talents and products, which are marketed in stands located in the aisles and supported by various musica and artistic cultural activities. Ten training sessions were held in 2021 and 36 fairs were held to bring products to local communitie.
- Falabella Seller Center

Falabella.com was taunched in 2021 as
an integrated platform and has generated

## shared value with its sellers.

Falabella.com provides them with logistics services that are complemented by a complete transport and store network, retail media campaigns and marketing services, and renewed technology for their businesses, such as the Falabella Seller Center. This internal, self-administered platform allows entrepreneurs to create their products, manage their inventory, manage their sales and deliveries, review their billings, and analyze key business performance metrics.

This has been achieved together with Banco Falabella and Fpay, so that sellers can accelerate customer payments and increase their liquidity. Furthermore, financing has been offered to companies that sell their products in the Falabella Group's Marketplace, in order to provide them the company's platforms.
with working capital and increase their sales on

Falabella.com has been supporting SME sellers to manage and grow their businesses by arranging training and webinars, which were attended by more than 6,000 people during 2021.

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## GOVERNANCE, ETHICS AND COMPLIANCE

The company has a governance, ethics and compliance structure that appropriately manages its regulatory risks. It is based on compliance programs in areas such as crime prevention, ethics, antitrust, the environment, personal data protection and consumer rights protection.


All our compliance programs
contain the following guidelines:
I. Regarding regulation. These establish the behavior expected of employees and the consequences of non-compliance.
II. Regarding communication. These establish how the behavior expected of employees is communi cated, which must reach the highest hierarchy in the organization and its entire structure.
III. Regarding implementation. These establish how the regulatory components of our programs are applied in practice.
IV. Regarding verification. These establish how correct implementation is verified


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## fALABELLA

## ETHICAL PROGRAM

Falabella is firmly committed to behaving ethically, operating its business with integrity, and promoting a culture of integrity among its employees, suppliers and third parties in general.

Therefore, we have had an Ethics Program since 2020 that includes various related internal regulations, such as the Code of Integrity, the Conflict of Interests Policy and the Gifts and Invitations Policy, which reflect the values of our company and defines correct behavior.

An important component of the Ethical program is the Integrity Channel for any employee, supplier, customer or individual who wishes to register an ethical inquiry or complaint, or register doubts or concerns related to non-compliance with the law or internal regulations. The corresponding communication channels are e-mail, telephone, the link on each company's web site and Intranet, and directly in person at the offices of the corresponding Ethics Department.

There is only one channel for all of Falabella's businesses, and investigations are referred from the Ethics Department to trained investigators. Subsequently these investigators submit a report and appropriate measures are agreed with each business unit. Confidentiality is assured throughout this process, complainants or witnesses are protected against reprisals, and anonymous complaints and inquiries are accepted, unless legal regulations require identities

We worked hard
on employee training during 2021

## 57 TRAINING COURSES

The main courses were for Integrity Investigators and Counselors on subjects such as the content of the Code of Integrity, fundamental rights and sexual and labor harassment.

We published our
INTEGRITY CHANNEL

We conducted a
NATIONAL INTEGRITY SURVEY

## We celebrated the

ANNUAL INVESTIGATORS MEETING 2021
which was attended by international exhibitors and many employees.
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We launched various ethical campaigns on conflicts of interest, and gifts and invitations, in particular our own campaign involving our gifts and invitations policy. THANKS A MILLION, BUT NO.

## During the year

## 9 DISCRIMINATION CASES

were submitted, and 5 resulted in dismissals with the remaining 4 suffering disciplinary sanctions, such as written warnings, verbal warnings, feedback from management, work plans and employee monitoring.
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## fALABELLA

## CRIME PREVENTION

## AND ANTI-CORRUPTION PROGRAM

The size, structure, diversity and multiplicity
of Falabella's markets require that appropriate
behavior standards are defined, to prevent
behavior that could result in criminal liabilities
for the company.

Accordingly, the Crime Prevention Model (CPM) and corporate Anti-Bribery Policy categorically prohibit the commission of any illegal act within the organization, such as bribery between private individuals and domestic or foreign public officials. For example, an annual campaign called "I play fair" was implemented to address this important issue, which communicates the minimum standards that apply to all company employees when interacting with any public official. Therefore, the commission of any crime should be proactively avoided, especially those related to money laundering, financing terrorism, bribery of public
officials or private parties, inappropriate business dealings, and any that may involve criminal or administrative liability for any of Falabella's companies.

Specifically, the 2021 initiatives focused on:

## Awareness and training:

## More than

## 48 TRAINING SESSIONS

were held to train 3,068
people in positions exposed to this risk.
These sessions addressed various aspects of the Crime Prevention Model, while the risks and checks to prevent the crimes of bribery, inappropriate business dealings and corruption between individuals were dealt with in greater detail. Various communications were published using our internal communication platforms, in particular Suppliers Compliance Day, which explained Falabella's main compliance requirements for its suppliers. Together with the "I Play Fair" campaign mentioned above, we have implemented an "Anti-Corruption Week" during which various initiatives raised our employee's awareness regarding this issue.

Our 2021 communications reached more than 37,000 employees and we trained nearly 13,000 people in anti-corruption policies and procedures.

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## Compliance risk analysis:

Falabella has a governance, ethics and compliance structure that manages its regulatory risks, based on compliance programs covering issues such as crime prevention, ethics, antitrust, the environment, personal data protection and consumer rights protection. We have established guidelines for identifying, analyzing, assessing and managing Falabella's compliance risks, while optimizing and standardizing a culture of compliance across the entire organization

These programs continuously manage compliance risks, which have led to implementing various checks and action plans. We have defined management indicators that measure the effectiveness of our programs, and these are reported every quarter to the respective risk committees.
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## fALABCLLA

## Board oversight

A report on Falabella's compliance programs is submitted to the Board of Directors on a semi-annual basis and emphasizes the crime prevention and antitrust programs. This report describes the crime prevention program's prevention, detection, response and monitoring measures, and it focuses on:

- The main issues for the period
- Training and communication
- Audits, lawsuits and investigations
- Action plans to resolve any gaps

Procedures for addressing the CPM with intermediaries:

Falabella extends its own internal policies to its third-party intermediaries to prevent them becoming corrupted. We communicate our standards and provide training on anti-corruption issues to intermediaries. The same Risk Management Procedure is used to survey and manage these risks, and they are added to the crime prevention matrix for each business. Finally, compliance and anti-corruption clauses are added to all of Falabella's third-party contracts.


## HUMAN RIGHTS



Falabella is committed to behaving in a socially responsible manner towards its customers, employees, suppliers, local communities, the environment, and society in general.

We understand that our business can impact the quality of life of our stakeholders. Therefore, we have mechanisms that adequately identify and evaluate risks, in order to prevent these impacts and correct them where necessary. Falabella has developed the following associated mechanisms:

## Business and Human Rights Policy

Falabella approved its Business and Human Rights policy in 2021, which reflects its commitment to respect human rights. It defines the principles that will guide its behavior to actively and sustainably observe human rights standards, and minimize the impact of its business, in accordance with its corporate values and internal regulations. This policy encourages our suppliers to behave in accordance with these standards, guidelines and principles, and it establishes communication channels with stakeholders.

Our Policy has established three resources and monitoring mechanisms:
A. Due Diligence: each business unit must perform due diligence to identify and evaluate any human rights risks. It should incorporate any gaps into its risk matrices and prepare appropriate action plans to resolve them.
B.

Business and Human Rights program adoption: each business unit must adopt an organizationa system for modeling corporate behavior under a Business and Human Rights Program. The purpose of this program is to establish, communicate and guide the behavior expected of employees, in order to:

1. Prevent human rights risks.
II. Detect any potential violations of the Business and Human Rights policy and program, or the associated regulations that apply to each company.
III. Promptly respond to such potential violations.
IV. Monitor, continuously improve and update this program.
All our business units will conduct due diligence during 2022, which will complement the analysis carried out in Mall plaza in 2020 and 2021, in order to assess any existing or potential human rights risks to our business and value chain.

Another important milestone is that Falabella's business units in Chile have adopted the UN Global Compact. Falabella S.A., Tottus, Falabella.com and Falabella Financiero joined Mallplaza, Sodimac and Falabella Retail in 2021, as members of this network in Chile.
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## ANTITRUST PROGRAM

Falabella has an Antitrust Compliance program that mitigates the risk of antitrust behavior, which confirms Falabella's commitment to compete freely and fairly.

This program focuses on communication and training activities for people working in positions exposed to the antitrust risks that may arise at Falabella, and explain the checks designed to prevent exposure to them.

## During 202

$\mathbf{+ 3 , 1 0 0}$ exposed employees from several business units received nearly

## 52 training courses.

These courses addressed the main antitrust risks and how our checks counteract them, in order to prevent any conduct that might violate antitrust regulations. These courses were complemented by various publications during the year that used internal communication channels, including bulletins with relevant news on this subject and the "Antitrust Month", when communications were published containing examples of practical cases and relevant information that helped to prevent antitrust violations.

## ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAM

An Environmental program was approved
in 2020 that demonstrates Falabella's
commitment to caring for the environment
and sustainably operating its business.

The program objectives are to:
I. Guide the behavior of employees and suppliers in caring for the environment.
II. Establish mechanisms that will fulfill the legal requirements and Falabella's environmental com mitments.
III. Manage Falabella's risks associated with caring for the environment

This program encompasses several internal regulations related to environmental issues, such as the Environmental and Climate Change policy, the Inspections by Environmental Authorities protocol, the Environmental Permit Submission and Administration Instructions, the Reporting Information to Authorities protocol, and the Compliance with Extended Producer Responsibility protocol.

During 2021, we prepared for and raised awareness of recently approved requirements and regulations relating to energy efficiency, waste management, single-use plastics and polluting emissions. We prioritized communication and training for employees and suppliers, and our environmental and sustainability teams jointly developed strategies and guidelines that comprehensively address these challenges.

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## fALABELLA



## PERSONAL DATA PROTECTION PROGRAM

We know that a good shopping experience for our customers includes protecting their privacy. Accordingly, the Personal Data Protection Compliance program was approved in November 2021, which compliments the technological advances that Falabella has introduced.

Protecting personal data is evidence of Falabella's commitment to respecting the fundamental rights of individuals. Accordingly, we have the following objectives:
I. Proactively comply with personal data protection regulations.
II. Protect the personal data that it can directly or indirectly access.

These objectives involve defining general corporate principles and guidelines, and minimum personal data protection requirements for each company, in order to guarantee that all data owners, who can be customers, employees or suppliers, have their personal data processed in accordance with legal regulations and Falabella's standards. This program establishes instructions for communicating and guiding the behavior expected of employees, and ensuring that there is a unique personal data protection standard throughout Falabella.
The Personal Data Protection Compliance Department is currently implementing this program in all Falabella group companies, in order to fulfill these guidelines.

## MY CUSTOMER PROGRAM

At Falabella, we want to offer our
customers the best shopping experience
and exceed their expectations.

Therefore, we have implemented the My Custome Compliance program, which contains the main guidelines on protecting customer's rights and preventing behavior that could breach the law.

This program includes training and publications that cover the following areas:
I. The Preparation of Advertising and Promotional Material policy and procedure.
II. The Guarantee Requirements procedure.
III. The Authority's Inspections procedure.
IV. The Customer Safety procedure.
V. The Processing and Responding to Customer Complaints procedure.
VI.The Customer's Rights Protection policy.

The program is led by the Compliance Officer, whose main function is to ensure that the program is corectly executed.
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## SUPPLIER ENGAGEMENT

We have implemented several initiatives related to responsible and ethical relationships with our suppliers, because we believe that behaving ethically and responsibly is not only the right thing to do, but also the right way to do business.

Currently all of Falabella's suppliers are assessed and created in our systems by following the guidelines and checks described in the Supplier Selection and Validation policy together with the Background Data Review procedure. These two regulations govern the process for accepting any supplier that initiates a relationship with Falabella. All new suppliers are reviewed by compliance software, which compares them to public lists of prohibited people. Finally, they are reviewed for any negative press comments, and a report is submitted on any findings.

By 2022 we aim to publish our "Practical Compliance Guide for Falabella Suppliers". This practical guide illustrates the corporate integrity parameters guiding our business approach, and the behavior expected of our suppliers in their relationship with Falabella.


## ASSOCIATIONS AND ORGANIZATIONS

Falabella participates in many national and international associations and organizations, in order to develop
strategic alliances with organization that share common
sustainability objectives.

## We do not make contributions to political campaigns or lobbying organizations, in

 accordance with our internal regulations and policies.
## The total amount contributed during 2021 was

## Ch\$ 905 million

Most of these contributions were to chambers of commerce, financial organizations and shopping center associations, which totaled $\mathbf{C h} \$ 633$ million.

Our contributions to chambers of commerce contribute to national economic development through collaboration and trust. We develop open communication with large and small companies, with the aim of developing in a complementary manner to achieve higher standards and responsible regional growth. The total amount contributed during 2021 was Ch\$ 136 million.

Our contributions to financial organizations promote self-regulation initiatives and develop better business practices in the country. These contributions foster continuous improvement for the benefit of consumer inclusion and protection, promote the highest standards of service quality, and encourage a better understanding of the products offered to our customers. The total amount contributed during 2021 was $\mathbf{C h} \$ 256$ million.

Finally, the contributions to chambers and shopping center associations have the strategic aim of aligning ourselves with the market, sharing best practices for the benefit of shopping centers, and discussing the ssues that affect these associations. The total amount contributed during 2021 was $\mathbf{C h} \$ 271$ million. model

## fALABCLLA

## THE WELLBEING OF OUR PEOPLE

 were applied, it became even more important than before.

We introduced a number of appropriate prevention and mi-
tigation measures during 2021 that enabled us to continue making life simpler and more enjoyable

## OUR EMPLOYEES' WELL-BEING

 AND QUALITY OF LIFE
## Care of our employees

At Falabella we understand that caring for our employees is a fundamental value associated with business sustainability, so we have developed several benefits and measures that aim to achieve this objective

- Health insurance services: We provide access to non-work related medical and health care services and we provide complementary health insurance for all of our employees and their legal dependents. This has three layers, which are a life insurance policy, an inpatient and outpatient health expense policy, and a catastrophic health insurance policy. Employees may also incorporate their partner without being legally married or their same-sex partner, and incorporate stepchildren without distinction. This may also voluntarily include a dental plan and life
insurance extensions at very reasonable premiums Finally, the complementary health insurance has an additional service, which gives employees access to medical services at no cost, such as nutritiona advice, medical advice and psychological counseling.
- Disability coverage: The complementary life insurance package that we offer our employees covers accidental disability and $2 / 3$ permanent disability p to $100 \%$ of the insured capital, subject to the corresponding age limits.


## - Parental leave

- Days off for parents on the birth of a child: Em ployees are entitled to 10 working days of paid leave on the birth or adoption of a child. This includes any days established by law and will be extended to 1 month. This leave must be taken within 30 days of the child's birth and can be divided into two 5-day periods.

Payment of full remuneration during pre and post-natal leave: Falabella pays all remuneration without limitation, regardless of the parental post-natal leave taken by the employee.

- Post-natal gradual return: If the employee re turns from post-natal leave on a part-time basis, Falabella will extend this leave for an additional 2 months, in addition to the provisions of the law.
- Days off when a direct family member is hospitalized: If an employee's direct family member is hospitalized, they can request 1 to 3 days of paid leave
- Other benefits such as:
- Remote working, this is supported by recommendations and guidelines that ensure that it is effective, such as information sent through workplace regarding the best ergonomics, preventive advice, e-learning on managing the health and safety aspects, guidance on occupational accidents, and ACHS recommendations.
- Support for each employee to acquire the infrastructure and facilities to work remotely
- Flexible schedules with various optional starting and finishing times, and early finishing on Fridays.
- Co-working and collaborative working opportunities. Employees can reserve a place at the location that suits them best using online applications
- Leave usable during the year, plus non-working days for special events such as marriage, moving house, birthdays, deaths, COVID-19 vaccinations and extra vacation days.

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- Bonuses and loans for employees for schooling, emergencies and illnesses that endanger health. Differential prices are granted for nurseries, or that amount can be received in cash if this benefit is not taken.
- Gift cards for apparel, Christmas and national holidays, and shopping discounts.
- Mental health and wellness programs for employees, such as those provided through our alliance with Betterfly:
- Unlimited telemedicine, which can include up to 5 dependents.
- Veterinary telemedicine
- Stress reduction, a meditation platform with guides for meditating at home
- Fitness at home, with training exercises at home
- Gym memberships
- Wellness education.


## - Legal advice

- Classpass, an application for booking studios, gyms, beauty centers and spas by accumula ting credits.
- Life insurance that grows with good habits.
- Social donations, which can be delivered using an App to various causes and foundations on the platform.
- Ophthalmology benefits, through agreements with three clinics. Two campaigns were carried out in the offices during 2021, to bring raise awareness of these services among employees.


## Occupational health <br> and safety protection

At Falabella we are concerned for the health and safety of our people, especially during the pandemic. Accordingly, we have introduced various measures that make our facilities safe and healthy places, which involved implementing risk prevention programs and promoting positive lifestyles

- Our occupational health and safety systems comply with the OHSAS 18,001 standard, which establi shes legal compliance requirements and minimizes the risk of accidents and illnesses. They apply to all our employees, contractors and customers, and are audited by external entities.
- We have risk prevention experts and Health and Safety Committees at our stores and distribution centers, whose findings are reported directly by each business unit, in order to identify the main risks and subsequently integrate them into our continuous improvement processes. We have risk matrices that identify and verify risks, which ar then weighted, prioritized and managed through an action plan that is regularly audited by internal audit teams.
- The main responsibilities of these Health and Safety Committees are:
I. Instruct employees on how to correctly use protective equipment.
II. Ensure that companies and employees fully comply with prevention, hygiene and safety measures.
III.Investigate the causes of any occupational accidents or diseases at the company.
IV. Determine whether the occupational accident or disease was due to the employee's inexcusable negligence.
- These committees meet at least once a month with extraordinary meetings called for accident investigations or at the request of the Chairman, and they represent all employees

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Respect for freedom
of association rights and collective bargaining
At Falabella we encourage dialog and transparency. We recognize the right to freedom of association, workers' labor rights, and collective bargaining for both unions and union members.

Our business units comply with local labor regulations and develop their own internal procedures to optimally and collaboratively manage union negotiations:

- We have departments that specialize in labor relations and we use a collective bargaining model that regularly involves various groups to represent the company.
-We use several communication channels to maintain continual contact with union leaders, such as instant messaging, e-mail and telephone calls.
- We have invited our employees to form Joint Health and Safety Committees, so they can become representatives and organizational agents for hygiene and occupational health and safety issues, sexual harassment prevention, and other issues.
- We integrate union presentations into our induction programs.

We did not identify any internal risks to freedom of association and collective bargaining in our own facilities and distribution centers during 2021.

## +200 unions

31 OF EMPLOYEES are unionized across the region

## 29\% MEN $\stackrel{i}{\pi}$

33\% women
-

## PROTECTION FOR OUR CUSTOMERS

Advertising ethics
At Falabella we are driving through a progressive and responsible business agenda on a variety of issues.

These not only affect our employees, but also our customers. We want to reach the highest standards in marketing, innovation and product quality. Two major groups of associated initiatives are as follows:

## RESPONSIBLE LABELING

f.

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Falabella Retail
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Falabella Retail has several internal rules that validate a product as + Verde, which were created by the Sustainability Department. They apply to vari u us categories, such as footwear, clothing and furniture. The steps involved are summarized as follows:

- A product must be made from at least $50 \%$ sustainable materia.
- Its composition must be corroborated by attaching a materiality certificate to a purchasing management platform
- This certificate is reviewed and validated both in Asia and Chile.
- Information regarding the component or the product is incorporated into the care label, to inform our customers.


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## Home Improvement

Sodimac ensures that it complies with regulations using a product control and validation process, which has several stages:

Information validation when the product is added to the catalog. This requires not only reviewing and validating the documentation submitted by the supplier, but also the supplier is given an instruction manual with the minimum requirements in terms of packaging and storage.
$\mathbf{2 5 \%}$ of Sodimac's products are subject to a critical review, as some products are subject to government regulations.
here are other products classified as ECO Products, which must meet one or more of the foll owing criteria:

- Sustainable production: resources are efficiently used and their impact on the environment during production is minimized.
- Efficient consumption: energy and fresh water use is reduced or avoided altogether.
- Healthy home: they contribute to an indoor environment free of harmful chemical particles in the home.
- Circularity and recycling: they are recycled, reassembled, reused, recyclable, compostable or biodegradable.
- Accountability and transparency: they promote commitments to social causes and ethical behavior.

Each of these criteria are validated using various certificates and Chilean standards, or validated by a third party, which are listed and sent to suppliers for review.

## :\%: TOTTUS

## Supermarkets

Products are assured to be safe
and healthy using quality control,
certificates and product and food
tracing systems.
These mechanisms apply to both in-house and outsourced products. They include origin traceability and suppliers are supported during process development.

Product labeling and advertising are key elements of these internal processes, not only from a legal and food hygiene regulatory perspective, but also from a good practice perspective. We currently have:

- Process sheets associated with product development. All of Tottus' own brands are subject to this check.
- Information on each product label includes:
- The origin of the product and an indication of its "intended" use, which is a legal requirement.
- "Eco-labeling" of packaging, which is being incorporated into the company's own brands.
- We currently have 15 own-brand products with the \#Elijo Reciclar seal, which indicates that at least $80 \%$ of the packaging by weight is made from recyclable materials. The purpose of this seal is to help customers to identify packaging with the highest recyclable content, by providing clear information and encouraging recycling.
(5) Corporate
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## RESPONSIBLE SELLING

We have tools that help us to advise people of the
benefits of our products and innovations.
These measures reflect some of the ways we engage with our consumers:

We protect our customers' ability to pay: Banco Falabella has a risk strategy based on rules and models developed using Machine Learning methods. This strategy can identify vulnerable segments with low repayment capabilities, in order to protect them from an increase in borrowing that they may not be able to afford. Therefore, we evaluate the entire portfolio every month and protect it by limiting the expenses our customers can incur, to ensure that they do not exceed their current and future repayment capabilities.

We advise our customers: We have a consumer loan sales protocol that standardizes how we sell financial products, in order to provide our customers with good advice and information on how to use these products, which highlights their benefits, convenience and main features.

We provide healthier products: our Tottus super markets provide unique, high quality products at reasonable prices through our own brands as leaders. This vision has driven us to create new product lines in recent years that include healthier products.

## Relevant progress includes

- Supplying organic, vegetarian and vegan products, and others free or low in gluten, sugars, allergens, fats and sodium.

We have a research and development team of 14 people in the Quality department at Tottus Peru, who are responsible for making healthy products, such as high protein quinoa bread, together with a range of own brand products that promote healthy eating and serve a population segment that would welcome this proposal.

- We also reformulated close to 300 own brand products and reduced their seals in Peru. We implemented an octagon verification manual for our suppliers, which includes additional checks for the corresponding internal departments.


## CLICK HERE FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ON THE

 that addresses nutritional habits: the "Crecer Sano con Tottus" program aims to improve the nutritiona habits of thousands of children and their families. We are committed to our sponsored schools and in recent years we have freely delivered material to them using a single platform that is accessible by all interested parties. We use the crecersano.cl website to strengthen our three objectives, which are heal thy eating education, physical activity and healthy habits. Each week, we add content to the site with new learning materials for children, which includes educational videos that improve their reading and interaction. We also developed webinars on nutrition for the community and invited children to participate in contests that recognize the importance of good nutrition at home


## My customer program

The customer is at the core of our decisions at Falabella. Therefore, we have created a customer rights protection

(1) Welcome

Who we are
(3) Physical-digital
ecosystem

## 33 incidents

related to customer safety in Chile during 2021.

## 11 of them involved

ACCIDENTS AT OUR FACILITIES
The remaining 22 were
ARRESTS AND THEFTS at our stores.
In every case, our safety procedures served as a guide when responding to each situation.
(5) Corporate governance
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## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

## BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Falabella's Board of Directors is comprised of nine
members, who hold office for three years from their appointment date and can be re-elected indefinitely. The Board does not have any alternate directors.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders on April 28, 2020 reappointed the current Company directors for the statutory period of three years.

The Board of Falabella as of December 31, 2021 was composed of the following members:

| NAME | RCHILEANID | POSIITION | PROFESSION | $\begin{gathered} \text { DIRECTOR } \\ \text { FROM } \end{gathered}$ | ATTENDANCE 2021 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CARLO SOLARI DONAGGIO | 9,585,749-3 | Chairman | Engineer | 2011 | 15 |
| JUAN CARLOS CORTÉS SOLARI | 7,017,522-3 | VICE-PRESIDENT | CIVIL ENGINEER | 2002 | 15 |
| HERNÁN BÜCHI BUC | 5,718,666-6 | DIRECTOR (INDEPENDIENTE) | CIVIL <br> ENGINEER | 1996 | 15 |
| SERGIO CARDONE SOLARI | 5,082,229-K | DIRECTOR | BUSINESS ADMINISTRATOR | 1986 | 15 |
| FELIPE AURELIO DEL RÍO GOUDIE | 5,851,869-7 | DIRECTOR | CIVIL ENGINEER | 2020 | 15 |
| JoSÉ LUIS DEL RÍO GOUDIE | 4,773,832-6 | DIRECTOR | CIVIL ENGINEER | 2003 | 14 |
| CARLOS HELLER SOLARI | 8,717,000-4 | DIRECTOR | EXECUTION ENGINEER | 2002 | 14 |
| MARÍA CECILIA KARLEZI SOLARI | 7,005,097-8 | DIRECTOR | Entrepreneur | 2003 | 14 |
| PAOLA CÚNEO QUEIROLO | 8,506,868-7 | DIRECTOR | BUSINESS <br> ADMINISTRATOR | 2014 | 15 |

(3) Physical-digita ecosystem
(4) Sustainability

Sustain
model

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IN 2021


Pursuant to Falabella S.A.'s bylaws, there is no minimum attendance requirement for directors, but rather at least five directors are required to attend in order to hold a meeting

Board of Directors composition


NUMBER OF BOARD MEMBERS

By age range

|  | 1 | 4■ | 1 | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Between | 41 AND 50 | 51AND 60 | 61 AND 70 | OVER 70 |



The Board of Directors did not hire
any consultants during 2021.

DIRECTORS PAYMENTS SUMMARY FOR 2021 (ThCh\$)

| DIRECTOR | CHILEANID | FEES | PROFIT SHARE | TOTAL 2021 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CARLO SOLARI Donaggio | 9,585,749-3 | CH\$ 202,116 | CH\$ 21,531 | CH\$ 223,647 |
| SERGIo CARDONE SOLARI | 5,082,229-K | CH\$ 18,075 | CH\$ 10,765 | CH\$ 28,841 |
| hernán büchibuc | 5,718,666-6 | CH\$ 18,075 | CH\$ 10,765 | CH\$ 28,841 |
| CARLOS HELLER SOLARI | 8,717,000-4 | CH\$ 18,075 | CH\$ 10,765 | CH\$ 28,841 |
| JUAN CARLOS CORTÉS SOLARI | 7,017,522-3 | CH\$ 18,075 | CH\$ 10,765 | CH\$ 28,841 |
| Joséluis del río goudie | 4,773,832-6 | CH\$ 18,075 | CH\$ 10,765 | CH\$ 28,841 |
| MARİA CECILIA KARLEZI SOLARI | 7,005,097-8 | CH\$ 18,075 | CH\$ 10,765 | CH\$ 28,841 |
| paola cúneo queirolo | 6,066,460-9 | CH\$ 18,075 | CH\$ 10,765 | CH\$ 28,841 |
| JuAn PABLO Del río goudie | 5,898,685-2 | CH\$0 | CH\$ 3,588 | CH \$3,588 |
| felipe del río goudie | 5,851,869-7 | CH\$ 18,075 | CH\$7,177 | CH\$ 25,253 |
| TOTAL |  | 346,719 | 107,654 | 454,373 |

## DIRECTORS PAYMENTS SUMMARY FOR 2020 (ThCh\$)

| DIRECTOR | CHILEAN ID NUMBER | FEES | PROFIT SHARE | TOTAL 2021 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CARLO SOLARI Donaggio | 9,585,749-3 | CH\$184,188 | CH $\$ 206,831$ | CH\$391,020 |
| SERGIo CARDONE SOLARI | 5,082,229-K | CH\$15,775 | CH\$103,416 | CH\$119,191 |
| hernán büchibuc | 5,718,666-6 | CH\$15,775 | CH\$103,416 | CH\$119,191 |
| CARLOS Hellersolari | 8,717,000-4 | CH\$15,775 | CH\$103,416 | CH\$119,191 |
| JuAn CARLOS CORTÉS SOLARI | 7,017,522-3 | CH\$15,775 | CH\$103,416 | CH\$119,191 |
| José luis del río goudie | 4,773,832-6 | CH\$15,775 | CH $\$ 103,416$ | CH\$119,191 |
| MARİA CECILIA KARLEZI SOLARI | 7,005,097-8 | CH\$15,775 | CH\$103,416 | CH\$119,191 |
| PAOLA CÚNEO QUEIROLO | 6,066,460-9 | CH\$15,775 | CH\$103,416 | CH\$119,191 |
| JUAN PABLO DEL RÍO GOUDIE | 5,898,685-2 | CH\$6,273 | CH\$103,416 | CH\$109,688 |
| FELIPE deL RİO GOUDIE | 5,851,869-7 | CH\$9,502 | CH\$ | CH\$9,502 |
| TOTAL |  | 310,389 | 1,034,157 | 1,344,547 |

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RESUMEN GENERAL PAGOS DIRECTORES EN FILIALES, AÑO 2021 (M\$)

| DIRECTORS | CHILEANID NUMBER | HYPERMARKETS TOTTUSS.A. | MALLS | SODIMAC | CMR | FIF | RETAIL | BANK | 2021 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PAOLA CÚNEO QUEIROLO | 6,066,460-9 |  |  | CH\$18,535 |  |  |  |  | CH\$18,535 |
| SERGIO CARDONE SOLARI | 5,082,229-K |  | CH\$79,011 |  |  | CH\$18,274 | CH\$18,167 |  | CH\$115,452 |
| CARLOS Heller solari | 8,717,000-4 |  |  |  |  |  | CH\$72,863 |  | CH\$72,863 |
| JUAN CARLOS CORTÉS SOLARI | 7,017,522-3 | CH\$54,827 |  |  |  |  |  |  | CH\$54,827 |
| José Luis del río goudie | 4,773,832-6 |  |  | CH\$18,535 |  |  |  |  | CH\$ 18,535 |
| CARLO SOLARI DONAGGIO | 9,585,749-3 | CH\$18,276 | CH\$39,506 |  |  | CH\$18,274 | CH\$18,167 |  | CH\$94,223 |
| JuAn PABLO DEL Río Goudie | 5,898,685-2 |  |  | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| felipe del río goudie | 5,851,869-7 |  |  | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| MARİA CECILIA KARLEZI SOLARI | 7,005,097-8 |  |  | CH\$18,535 |  |  |  |  | CH\$18,535 |
| totales |  | CH\$73,103 | CH\$118,517 | CH\$55,605 | CH\$0,000 | CH\$36,548 | CH\$109,197 | CH\$0,000 | CH\$392,970 |

DIRECTORS OF SUBSIDIARIES PAYMENTS SUMMARY FOR 2020 (ThCh\$)

| DIRECTORS | CHILEAN ID NUMBER | HYPERMARKETS TOTTUS S,A, | MALLS | SODIMAC | CMR | FIF | RETAIL | BANK | 2021 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| paola cúneo queirolo | 6,066,460-9 |  |  | CH\$15,506 |  |  |  |  | CH\$15,506 |
| SERGIo CARDONE SOLARI | 5,082,229-K |  | CH\$68,855 |  |  | CH\$15,932 | CH\$15,839 |  | CH\$100,626 |
| CARLOS Heller solari | 8,717,000-4 |  |  |  |  |  | CH\$63,741 |  | CH\$63,741 |
| JUAN CARLOS CORTÉS SOLARI | 7,017,522-3 | CH\$48,041 |  |  |  |  |  |  | CH\$48,041 |
| José Luis del río goudie | 4,773,832-6 |  | - | CH\$15,506 | - | - | - | - | CH\$ 15,506 |
| CARLO SOLARI DONAGGIO | 9,585,749-3 | CH\$15,933 | CH\$34,427 |  | - | CH\$15,932 | CH\$15,839 | - | CH\$82,131 |
| JuAn PABLO DEL Río goudie | 5,898,685-2 |  |  | CH\$92,805 |  |  |  |  | CH\$92,805 |
| Felipe del río goudie | 5,851,869-7 |  |  |  |  | CH\$ $\$, 335$ |  |  | CH\$6,335 |
| MARİA CECILIA KARLEZI SOLARI | 7,005,097-8 | - | - | CH\$15,506 | - | - | - | - | CH\$15,506 |
| TOTALES |  | CH\$63,974 | CH\$103,282 | CH\$139,323 | CH\$0,000 | CH\$38,199 | CH\$95,419 | CH\$0,000 | CH\$440,197 |

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BOARD EVALUATIONS AND TRAINING

Whoweare
The Company is advised by an external consulting
firm that conducts a survey on corporate governance matters, which supports the detection and implementation of potential improvements.

This process involved sendinga guestionnairetothe Company's directors on corporate governance prac tices, with the aim of diagnosing the roles and responsibilities within the Company's senior management, the decision-making structures and processes, the dedication of Directors and other aspects, with the objective of evaluating whether they effectively and efficiently perform their roles. The process culminates in a presentation to the Board of Directors of the main conclusions and suggestions for improvement. The Board of Directors conducts this survey annually.


The Board has agreed to hold at least one training day per year going forward. The first day was held during September 2016, and two training days have been held per year through to 2021 usually between May and October, except in 2019 when there was only one in May. The topics covered in the two 2021 training days dealt with the following:

- Falabella strategy
- E-Commerce.
- Antitrust update
- Deep Dive Technology
- Update on Consumer Protection Legislation

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## DIRECTORS' COMMITTEES

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on April 28, 2020 completely reappointed the Board of Directors for the statutory period of three years.
The meeting reappointed Mr. Hernán Büchi Buc as Independent Director (hereinafter, Independent Director). At a Regular Board meeting held on the same date, the Independent Directors appointed Mr. Sergio Cardone Solari and Mr. Jose Luis del Rio Goudie as members of the Directors' Committee, pursuant to Article 50 bis of Law 18,046 on Corporations.

As of that date, the Committee is composed of the aforementioned Directors and is chaired by the Independent Director

The expense budget of the Committee and the compensation of each of its members for the period between the Annual General Meeting of shareholders held on April 27, 2021 (hereinafter the "2021 AGM') and the meeting to be held on April 19, 2022 (the "2021/2022 Period" and the "2022 AGM" respectively) were determined by the Company's shareholders at the 2021 AGM, as follows:

1. The expense budget for Committee and for consultancy services regarding matters within its jurisdiction was agreed as the sum of the annual remuneration of the members of the Committee; and,
2. The remuneration of each member of the Committee was set at:
3. A fixed monthly fee in Chilean pesos equiva lent to one third of the fixed monthly fee for a Director of the Company, for each Committee meeting attended by the respective member and the Committee Chairman should receive an additional fixed monthly fee being the equivalent Chilean pesos of 160 Unidades de Fomento gross for each month or fraction of a month ser ved from the appointment date, plus,
II. The fixed monthly fees described in the previous point, and the Committee members also receive an annual variable fee in Chilean pesos equivalent to one third of the annual variable fee provided for the Company Directors, plus,
III. All these fees shall be in addition to the fees that the Committee members are entitled to receive as Directors of the Company.

There were no Committee consulting expenses in 2021


## MEETINGS

The Committee met on five occasions during 2021 These were February 22, May 10, August 30, October 30, November 8 and December 13.

## MATTERS DISCUSSED

The Committee addressed the matters within its jurisdiction at these meetings in 2021. The Committe addressed various matters described in Article 50 bis of Law 18,046 on Corporations and other matter that were delegated by the Board, which included:

Examined the quarterly and annual financial sta tements of the Company, including the reports submitted by both the Company's executives and the external auditors. It expressed its opinion on them prior to submitting them to the Board of Directors and, where applicable, to the shareholders for their approval;

- It proposed to the Board the appointment of the Company's external auditors and private risk classifiers, which were proposed and approved by the 2021 AGM:
- It recommended to the Board the appropriateness of using the external audit firm to provide non-audit services, in accordance with numeral 6 of paragraph 8 of Article 50 bis of Law 18,046 on Corporations;
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- It reviewed information on the Company's com pensation systems and compensation plans for managers, senior executives and employees, in relation to the general compensation positioning policy for its fixed, variable and total components, and the long-term incentive programs for a target group;
- It reviewed reports on the progress of audits at the Company and its subsidiaries, and the internal control report submitted by the external auditors;
- It reviewed the reports submitted by the Corporate Internal Audit Department, and approved the internal audit plan for 2022.
- It reviewed the certification process for the crime prevention model of the Company and its subsidiaries being performed by the certifying entity.

At the meeting held on December 13, 2021, the Committee evaluated service proposals for 2022 received from external audit firms and proposed to the Board for the Board to propose to the 2022 AGM that they choose from the following in order of preference
I. Infirst place, EY Servicios Profesionales de Auditoría y Asesorías SpA (hereinafter "EY"), and,
II. In second place, Deloitte Auditores y Consul tores Limitada.

The Committee mentioned that the professional aspects of the EY service proposal that should receive first priority are as follows:

- Quality of the professional team responsible for the company's audit.
- The Company's experience working with EY in the past
- EY's international coverage in the countries where the company has subsidiaries
- The financial proposal for the audit services.
- New countries and businesses that have recently been incorporated into the group, which need to be correctly introduced to the audit process.
During the meeting held on February 22,2021 the Committee agreed to propose to the Board to propose to the AGM 2021 the following risk classifiers for the company's securities that are offered to the public:

1. Continue with Fitch Chile Clasificadora de Riesgo Limitada and Feller-Rate Clasificadora de Riesgo Limitada for the company's shares, bonds and commercial papers issued in Chile for the 2021/2022 Period.
2. Continue with Standard \& Poor's and Fitch Ratings for its securities issued abroad for the 2021/2022 Period.

## STRATEGY COMMITTEE

The Strategy Committee aims to evaluate and prepare Board proposals regarding industry trends and their implications for Falabella, and medium and long-term strategic opportunities within the business.

It also amplifies the guidelines relating to the corporate strategic plan and business unit plans. It proposes adjustments to the strategic plan submitted by Management.

The Committee also delves deeper into investment and divestment analysis, and proposes the Company's investment and risk management policies. It is responsible for leading analysis and developing proposals on critical issues as requested by the Board.

The Strategic Committee met twice during 2021.

MEMBERS AND ATTENDANCE AT MEETINGS

| DIRECTOR | ATTENDANCE <br> 2020 | ATTENDANCE <br> 2021 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| CARLO SOLARI DONAGGIO (CHAIRMAN) | 3 | 2 |
| JUAN CARLOS CORTÉS SOLARI | 3 | 2 |
| SERGIO CARDONE SOLARI | 3 | 2 |
| JOSÉLUIS DEL RÍO GOUDIE | 3 | 1 |
| PAOLA CÚNEO QUEIROLO | 3 | 2 |
| FELIPE DEL RÍO GOUDIE | 3 | 2 |
| HERNÁN BÜCHI BUC |  |  |

## COMPENSATION $=$ <br> AND TALENT COMMITTEE

This Committee analyzes compensation,
evaluation and talent management policies, and reviews the nominated directors for subsidiary companies, if appropriate.

It analyzes and proposes compensation policies for executives of the company and its subsidiaries. It evaluates the long-term incentives to be awarded during the year. It ensures that the performance evaluation of the company's main executives is correctly implemented.

The Remuneration and Talent Committee met twice during 2021
MEMBERS AND ATTENDANCE AT MEETINGS
ula nagement issues and nominations within the organization. It proposes procedures relating to succession planning for the CEO and their direct reports, and monitors the performance of senior executives.

## DIRECTOR ATTENDANCE ATTENDANCE

| JUAN CARLOS CORTÉS SOLARI (CHAIRMAN) | 2 |
| :--- | :--- |
| CARLO SOLARI DONAGGIO | 2 |
| FELIPE DEL RÍO GOUDIE | 2 |
| SERGIO CARDONE SOLARI | 2 |

NOTE: FELIPE DEL RIO JOINED THE COMPANY IN 2020, TO REPLACE JUAN PABLO DEL RIO.
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MANAGEMENT SENIOR EXECUTIVES

| NAME | CHILEAN ID NUMBER | Position | Profession | Years | Group date APPOINTMENT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GASTON BOTTAZZINI | 22,923,569-9 | CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER | ECONOMIST | 13 | 06-01-2018 |
| ALEJANDRO GONZÁLEZ DALE | 10,054,917-4 | CORPORATE FINANCE MANAGER | BUSINESS ADMINISTRATOR | 15 | 11-06-2006 |
| GONZALO SMITH FERRER | 9,959,968-5 | CORPORATE MANAGER LEGALAFFAIRS AND governance | Attorney | 6 | 12-16-2015 |
| JORGE JOANNON ERRÁZURIZ | 7,003,348-8 | CORPORATE INTERNAL AUDITMANAGER | INDUSTRIALENGINEER | 7 | 08-01-2014 |
| MARÍA FRANCISCA PRIETO ARROYO | 11,83, 668-2 | CORPORATETECHNOLOGY OF PERSONS | BUSINESS ADMINISTRATOR | 10 | 09-01-2018 |
| RODRIGO FAJARDO ZILLERUELO | 7,649,739-7 | COUNTRY MANAGER <br> COLOMBIA | BUSINESS ADMINISTRATOR | 27 | 02-09-2010 |
| JUAN FERNANDO CORREA MALACHOWSKI | FOREIGNER | COUNTRYMANAGER PERU | INDUSTRIALENGINEER | 18 | 01-01-2017 |
| ALEJANDRO ARZE SAFIAN | 12,232,048-0 | CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER HOME IMPROVEMENT | BUSINESS <br> ADMINISTRATOR | 24 | 03-01-2020 |
| JUAN MANUEL MATHEU LOITEGUI | 21,658,334-5 | CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER FALABELLA FINANCIERO | BUSINESS ADMINISTRATOR | 12 | 06-01-2018 |
| FERNANDO DEPENAIVER | 7,556,207-1 | CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER MALL PLAZA | CIVILENGINEER | 32 | 01-01-1990 |
| ANDREA GONZALEZBAYON | 23,663,893-6 | STRATEGY AND <br> SUSTAINABILITY MANAGER | BUSINESS <br> ADMINISTRATOR | 4 | 12-01-2021 |
| ASHISH GROVER | FOREIGNER | CORPORATE TECHNOLOGY | Engineer | 4 | 01-01-2021 |
| FRANCISCO iRARRÁZAVAL MENA | 12,854,914-5 | CORPORATE MANAGER DEPARTMENT STORES | CIVILENGINEER | 1 | 02-15-2021 |
| JOHANN <br> RAMBERG ARNI- <br> LLAS | FOREIGNER | CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER CORP. SUPERMARKETS | ECONOMIST | 18 | 09-01-2018 |
| RICARDO <br> hepp de los ríos | 7,617,431-8 | CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER FALABELLAINMOBILIARIO | BUSINESS ADMINISTRATOR | 27 | 04-01-2009 |
| BENOIT DE GRAVE* | 14,705,241-3 | CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER FALABELLA,COM | BUSINESS <br> ADMINISTRATOR | 9 | 09-23-2019 |

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| corso group | CHILEANID NUMBER | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NUMBER OF } \\ & \text { SHARES } \end{aligned}$ | \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| JUAN CARLOS Cortés solari | 7,017,522-3 | 2,081,442 | 0.08\% |
| Teresa matlid solari falabella | 4,661,725-8 | 2,229,487 | 0.09\% |
| maria francisca cortés solari | 7,017,523-1 | 2,082,186 | 0.08\% |
| INVERSIONES MAPTER DOS LIMITADA | 76,839,460-1 | 6,180,193 | 0.25\% |
| THIS Company IS Controlled by the following individuals: |  |  |  |
| TERESA MATLLD SOLARRI FALABELLA | 4,661,725-8 |  |  |
| Juan carlos cortes solarl | 7,017,522-3 |  |  |
| maria francisca cortés solari | 7,017,523-1 |  |  |
| INVERSIONES Quitafal limitada | 76,038,402-K | 18,30, 200 | 0.73\% |
| THIS COMPANY I CONTROLLED BYTHEFOLLOWING INDIVIDUALS: |  |  |  |
| TERESA MATLLDE SOLARII ALABELLA | 4,661,725-8 |  |  |
| Juan carlos cortés solarl | 7,017,522-3 |  |  |
| MARİ Francisca cortés solari | 7,017,523-1 |  |  |
| Inversiones don alberto cuatro spa. | 99,552,470-8 | 151,079,494 | 6.02\% |
| THIS COMPANY IS Control eie by the following individuals: |  |  |  |
| TERESA MATLLDESOLARI FALABELLA | 4.661.725-8 |  |  |
| Juan carlos cortés solarl | 7,017,522-3 |  |  |
| maria francisca cortes solari | 7,017,523-1 |  |  |
| mapcor cuatro spa. | 99,556,480-7 | 45,00,000 | 1.79\% |
| THIS Company Is Controlled bythe following individuals: |  |  |  |
| TERESA MATLDE SOLARI FALABELLA | 4,661,725-8 |  |  |
| JuAn carlos cortés solarl | 7,017,522-3 |  |  |
| marí francisca cortés solari | 7,017,523-1 |  |  |
| mapcor cuatro alfa spa. | 77,112,738-K | 63,247,346 | 2.52\% |
| THIS Company IS Controlled bYthe following individuals: |  |  |  |
| TERESA MATLDE SOLARI FALABELLA | 4,661,725-8 |  |  |
| Juan carlos cortés solari | 7,017,522-3 |  |  |
| maria francisca cortés solari | 7,017,523-1 |  |  |


| SAN VITTO Group | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CHILEAN ID } \\ & \text { NUMBER } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { NUMBER OF } \\ \text { SHARES } \end{array}$ | \% | (1) | Welcome |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Inversiones San vitto limitada | 77,945,970-5 | 243,698,146 | 9.71\% |  |  |
| THIS Company I controlled by the following individuals: |  |  |  |  |  |
| PIERO SOLARI DONAGGIO | 9,585,72-6 |  |  | (2) | Who we are |
| Sandro solari donaggio | 9,585,729-9 |  |  |  |  |
| Carlo solari donaggio | 9,585,749-3 |  |  |  |  |
| AsEsorias einversiones brunelo limitada | 78,907,380-5 | 8,542,268 | 0.34\% |  | Physical-digita ecosystem |
| THIS Company Is Controlled bythe following individuals: |  |  |  | (3) |  |
| PIERO SOLARI DONAGGIO | 9,585,725-6 |  |  |  |  |
| Sandro solaridonagio | 9,585,729-9 |  |  | (4) | Sustainability <br> mode |
| Carlo solari donaggio | 9,585,749-3 |  |  |  |  |
| Inversiones brunelo dos limitada | 76,265,839-9 | 310,000 | 0.01\% |  |  |
| THIS COMPANYIS CONTROLLED BYTHEFOLLOWING INDIVIDUALS: |  |  |  |  |  |
| PIIERO SOLARI DONAGGIO | 9,585,725-6 |  |  | Corporate governance |  |
| SAndo Solari donaggio | 9,585,729-9 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Carlo solari donaggio | 9,585,749-3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| ASESORIASEINVERSIONES BAROLO LIMITADA | 78,907,350-3 | 8,852,288 | 0.35\% |  |  |  |
| THIIS Company I Controlled by the following individuals: |  |  |  | (6) | Corporate information |
| PIERO SOLARR DONAGGIO | 9,585,725-6 |  |  |  |  |
| Sandro solari donaggio | 9,585,729-9 |  |  |  |  |
| Carlo solari donaggio | 9,585,749-3 |  |  | (7) | Financial statements |
| AsEsorías einversiones sancioveselimitada | 78,907,390-2 | 8,852,248 | 0.35\% |  |  |
| THII Company Is Controlled by the following individals: |  |  |  |  |  |
| PIIERO SOLARI DONAGGIO | 9,585,725-6 |  |  | (8) | How we report |
| Sandro solaridonaggio | 9,585,729-9 |  |  |  |  |
| CARLO SOLARI Donaggio | 9,585,749-3 |  |  |  |  |
| SANDRO SOLARI DONAGGIO | 9,585,729-9 | 360,000 | 0.01\% |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | (9) | Consolidated financial statements |



[^6]| QUILICURAS.A. | 76,338,077-7 | 22,415,828 | 0.89\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| THIS COMPANY IS CONTROLLED BY THE FOLLOWING INDIVIDUALS: |  |  |  |
| José Luis del río goudie | 4,773,832-6 |  |  |
| BÁRBARA Del río goudie | 4,778,798-K |  |  |
| JUAN PABLO DEL RÍo GOUDIE | 5,898,685-2 |  |  |
| FELIPE del río goudie | 5,851,869-7 |  |  |
| ignacio del río goudie | 6,921,717-6 |  |  |
| SEBASTIAN DEL RÍo goudie | 6,921,716-8 |  |  |
| CARolina del río goudie | 6,888,500-0 |  |  |
| el roquerio s.a., | 76,338,125-0 | 22,415,828 | 0.89\% |
| THIS COMPANY IS CONTROLLED BY THE FOLLOWING INDIVIDUALS: |  |  |  |
| José Luis del río goudie | 4,773,832-6 |  |  |
| BÁRBARA Del río goudie | 4,778,798-K |  |  |
| Juan pablo del río goudie | 5,898,685-2 |  |  |
| felipe del río goudie | 5,851,869-7 |  |  |
| ignacio del río goudie | 6,921,717-6 |  |  |
| SEbAstian del río goudie | 6,921,716-8 |  |  |
| CAROLINA del río goudie | 6,888,500-0 |  |  |
| DTDYD SpA. | 76,338,126-9 | 34,105,996 | 1.36\% |


| JUAN PABLO DEL Rí́ GOUDIE | $5,898,685-2$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| PATRICIA EDWARDS BRAUN | $5,711,271-9$ |
| ELISA DEL RÍO EDWARDS | $12,628,617-1$ |
| DIEGO DEL RíO EDWARDS | $13,234,004-8$ |
| ANA DEL RÍO EDWARDS | $13,435,488-7$ |
| PEDRO DEL RÍO EDWARDS | $15,382,612-9$ |
| SARA DEL RÍO EDWARDS | $15,641,769-6$ |
| PAULA DELRÍO EDWARDS | $16,371,405-1$ |

- 

THIS COMPANY IS CONTROLLED BYTHE FOLLOWING INDIVIDU

| José Luİ del río goudie | 4,773,832-6 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bÁrbara del río goudie | 4,778,798-K |  |  |
| JUAN PABLO DEL Río GOUDIE | 5,898,685-2 |  |  |
| Felipe del río goudie | 5,851,869-7 |  |  |
| igNaCIo del río Goudie | 6,921,717-6 |  |  |
| SEbastian del río goudie | 6,921,716-8 |  |  |
| CArolina del río goudie | 6,888,500-0 |  |  |
| dt Peñuelas Spa. | 76,338,177-3 | 33,784,036 | 1.35\% |
| THIS COMPANY IS CONTROLLED BY THE FOLLOWING INDIVIDUALS: |  |  |  |
| CAROLINA del río goudie | 6,888,500-0 |  |  |
| VICTOR PUCCI LABATUT | 6,474,224-8 |  |  |
| victor puccidel río | 15,643,671-2 |  |  |
| pablo pucci del río | 15,637,474-1 |  |  |
| Rodrigo pucci del río | 16,371,133-8 |  |  |
| felipe pucci del río | 18,392,648-9 |  |  |
| InVERSIONES TORCA LIMITADA | 79,875,040-2 | 723,797 | 0.03\% |
| THIS COMPANY IS CONTROLLED BY THE FOLLOWING INDIVIDUALS: |  |  |  |
| ignacio del río goudie | 6,921,717-6 |  |  |
| INVERSIONES VITACURA S.A. | 88,494,700-6 | 5,376,695 | 0.21\% |
| THIS COMPANY IS CONTROLLED BY THE FOLLOWING INDIVIDUALS: |  |  |  |
| José LUIS DEL Río GOUDIE | 4,773,832-6 |  |  |
| bÁrbara del río goudie | 4,778,798-K |  |  |
| JUAN PABLO DEL Río goudie | 5,898,685-2 |  |  |
| Felipe del río goudie | 5,851,869-7 |  |  |
| ignacio del río goudie | 6,921,717-6 |  |  |
| SEbAstian del río goudie | 6,921,716-8 |  |  |
| CAROLINA del río goudie | 6,888,500-0 |  |  |

## fALABELLA



## fALABELLA

## DIVIDEND POLICY

LThe Annual General Shareholders' Meeting has approved our dividend policy to distribute at least $30 \%$ of net distributable income each year.
The dividends distributed during 2015, 2016, 2017 , 2018, 2019, 2020 and 2021 were as follows


CH\$/SHARE
FINAL DIVIDEND N ${ }^{\circ} 36$
PAID In may 2015 47
INTERIM DIVIDEND N ${ }^{\circ} 37$
PAID IN OCTOBER 2015

| PAID IN OCTOBER 2015 | 26 |
| :---: | :---: |
| FINALDIVIDEND ${ }^{\circ} 38$ |  |
| PAID INMAY DE 2016 | 54 |
| INTERIM DIVIDEND ${ }^{\circ} 39$ |  |
| PAID IN NOVEMBER 2016 | 26 |
| FINAL DIVIDEND ${ }^{\circ} 40$ |  |
| PAID IN MAY 2017 | 54 |
| INTERIM DIVIDEND ${ }^{\circ} 41$ |  |
| PAID IN NOVEMBER 2017 | 26 |
| FINAL DIVIDEND ${ }^{\circ} 42$ |  |

INTEDIM DIVIDEND NOMS

PAID IN JANUARY 2019 26

FINALDIVIDEND N`44
PAID IN MAY 2019 50 INTERIM DIVIDEND N ${ }^{\circ} 45$

| PAID IN JANUARY 2020 | 17 |
| :--- | :--- |
| FINAL DIVIDEND N 046 |  |

FINAL DIVIDEND N゚46
PAID IN MAY 2020 19
FINAL DIVIDEND N ${ }^{\circ} 47$
PAID IN MAY 2021
INTERIM DIVIDEND N ${ }^{\circ} 48$
PAID IN SEPTEMBER 2021


## SUSTAINABILITY IN OUR GOVERNANCE

Our company has a governance body that continuously manages the economic, social and environmental risks related to our business.

This is the Board of Directors, which is composed of nine members who serve for three years from the date of election and may be re-elected indefinitely Falabella's Chief Executive Officer reports to the Board, and the corporate managers of each business report to the CEO

Falabella has three areas of risk management and governance for economic, social and environmental decision-making:

- The Board of Directors manages risks in accordance with the Risk Management and Control Policy, and the results are presented to the Board of Directors at least once a year
- Specifically, the Board of Directors meets every six months with each business unit, where this meeting is attended by the corresponding Chief Executive Officer and the Corporate Internal Audit Manager. The purpose is to ensure that risk management processes are functioning correctly and it addresses risk detection, categorization and monitoring.
- Finally, each business unit has a Sustainability Committee, which is composed of a member of its Board of Directors, its Chief Executive Officer, managers of the departments involved in business strategy and managers responsible for sustainability projects. The purpose of this Committee is to review compliance with the guidelines issued by the Board of Directors, approve strategies and review progress.
(1) Welcome
(2) Whowe are
(3) Physical-digital
ecosystem
(4) Sustainability

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(6) Corporate
(7) Financial
(8) How we report

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## CORPORATE

 INFORMATION
## COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Falabella S.A: is a publicly held corporation regis tered on the Securities Registry of the Chilean Financial Market Commission under number 582. Its domicile and its headquarters address is 1404 Catedral, Santiago, Chile, telephone +562 23802000 fax 223802077 PO Box 1737 web site: www.falabella.com, e-mail: inversionistas@ falabella.cl. Its Chilean identification number is 90.749.000-9

Falabella S.A. was formed as "Sociedad Anónima Comercial Industrial Falabella SACIF", by public deed granted on March 19, 1937, before Santiago Notary Mr. Jorge Gaete Rojas, and was authorized and declared legally constituted by Supreme Decree Number 1,424 dated April 14, 1937, having registered the statutes and this Supreme Decree on pages 1,181 and 1,200 under the numbers 400 and 401 of the Commercial Register for 1937, at the Santiago Property Registrar

These Statutes and Supreme Decree were publi shed in the Official Journal on April 27, 1937, and in the Santiago version of La Nación newspaper n April 27, 29 and 30 and May 3, 1937.

During the years since its incorporation, the bylaws have undergone several amendments, which included changing its corporate name to
"S.A.C.I. Falabella" by public deed dated Decembe 23, 1970, and subsequently to "Falabella S.A.", this being its current corporate name, agreed at an Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting held on April 23, 2019, whose minutes were reduced to public deed on May 2, 2019 before the Santia go notary Mr. Francisco Leiva Carvajal, notary public of the Second Notary Office of Santiago. An extract of this deed was published in Official Journal 42,346 dated May 6, 2019 and registered on page 34,034 , number 17,064 of the Commercial Register of the Santiago Property Registrar in 2019

The latest Company amendment consists of a capital decrease because on August 20, 2021 three years had elapsed since the Extraordinary

Shareholders' Meeting of Falabella S.A. that approved its latest capital increase on August 20, 2018. This amendment is recorded in a public deed dated October 7, 2021, granted at the Santiago Notary Office of Mr. Francisco Leiva Carvajal, under the number 86,204-2021. This amendment was noted in the margin on page 1,181 number 400 of the Commercial Registry of the Real Estate Registry of Santiago of 1937, dated October 15, 2021, and a copy of the records was sent to the National Archive.
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(9) finamicial financial statenents

## THE COMPANY'S PURPOSE

1 To implement and operate, directly or through third parties, in the country or abroad, any kind of commercial establishments, stores, warehouses or supermarkets, intended for the retail trade of any kind of products or services that include clothing, raw materials, fabrics, ready-made clothing, garments, ornaments and accessories, any kind of hardware products, household goods, household equipment, electrical items, electronic items, radios, receivers, televisions, computers, kitchens, washing machines and anything of a similar nature, and in general any kind of products and services suitable for retail marketing in large stores, warehouses and supermarkets.


TRADEMARKS AND PATENTS
The Company has registered a large number of the brands it sells both in Chile and abroad. The Company uses the services of the law firm Silva to protect its brands. Moreover, the subsidiary Plaza S.A. uses the services of the law firm Porzio, Rios, Garcia. The main brands owned and registered by Falabella and its subsidiaries include: FalabeIla, Sodimac, Homecenter, Homecenter Sodimac, Sodimac Constructor, Imperial, Maestro, Homy, Tottus, Precio Uno, CMR, Banco Falabella, Viajes Falabella, Seguros Falabella, FPay, Mallplaza, Open Plaza, Linio, Fazil, Sybilla, Basement, Blue, Florencia, Harris \& Frank, Holley, Mica, Qfeel, Scoop, Stefano Cocci, Textil Viña, Americanino, Newport, Apology, University Club, Coniglio, Denimlab, Yamp, Doo, Eleven, Roberta Allen, Bearcliff, Dröm, Fratta, Click \& Collect, Home Collection, Bauker, Kölor Mr. Beef, Recco, Ubermann, Wurden, Ozom, Dear Santa, Klein, Topex, Redline, Autostyle, Halux, Dairu, Fixser, Volker, Klimber, Hölztek, Karson, Ergo, Do It, Humboldt, Petizoos y Sensi D'Acqua and Murana.


REGULATORY FRAMEWORK
Falabella S.A. is a publicly-held corporation and is subject to Law 18,046 on Corporations, Law 18,045 on the Stock Market and Regulations issued by the Financial Market Commission and other legislation. Depending on their business, Falabella S.A. subsidiaries are subject to Consumer Protection Law, General Banking Law, Regulations issued by the Financial Market Commission and other legislation. Finally, the business conducted by subsidiaries in countries other than Chile is governed by the regulations in such jurisdictions. nance, and other construction risks. The physical property policy covers the risks of loss of profits at various locations, through an additional policy for damages due to stoppages. There are also policies that reasonably cover other operational risks, such as third-party civil liability, cyber-security and others related to the banking sector.

These insured risks have expressly included fire, strikes, looting, popular uprisings and also natural catastrophic risks, such as earthquakes and tsunamis. The construction all-risk policy reasonably covers


Falabella S.A. and its subsidiaries are exposed to risks that could adversely affect its business, operations, assets, performance and investments.

The Company has introduced various measures, policies and procedures to identify, manage and mitigate the risks facing its business.

Accordingly, it has developed a model with three ines of defense. Business units and those responsible for each process are responsible for the first line. Senior management and the risk departments are responsible for the second line, who evaluate and provide risk management assistance. Finally, internal audit is responsible for the third line, whose objective is to verify, independently from management, that the control environment is adequate especially with regard to the risks detected and the weaknesses in how they are managed, to ensure that critical risks are being managed correctly.

Falabella S.A. has a Risk Management and Contro Policy and an Internal Audit Policy. Both policies apply to its subsidiaries, who can issue additional policies and guidelines, provided they do not contradict or conflict with the aforementioned poli cies. Falabella S.A. has risk committees that meet
quarterly, where the CEO's directreports (functions and businesses) present to the CEO how they are managing their risks. Many Falabella S.A. business units have risk committees, whose purpose is to analyze potential risks to their respective businesses. These committees meet regularly and their members
comprise senior executives from every business, including the respective CEO and in some cases directors

The directors of Falabella S.A. and its principal business units also analyze potential risks at Board meetings, at Director's Committee meetings and at Audit Committee meetings at specific subsidiaries.

Falabella S.A. has a Risk Management and Control Policy and an Internal Audit Policy.
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(5) Corporate governance

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## OPERATIONAL RISK

We are exposed to the risk of harm to people and physical assets

Our business requires operating numerous physical facilities such as stores, shopping centers, distribution centers, call centers, offices, and other facilities. These facilities, goods and assets are subject to events that could impair their operability, such as fires, floods, earthquakes and other natural disasters or harmful events. Some of these events and their effects can potentially be controlled or contained. Damage to our facilities could temporarily or permanently disable them, which could result in
inancial losses, depending on the scope of the event and the coverage of our insurance policies. Harm to people within our facilities, including customers, employees, suppliers, contractors or visitors, could ave legal, financial or reputational consequences for the Company and its subsidiaries.

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We face increasing and disruptive competition in our markets
, operate in highly competitive businesses where competition could intensify in the future, A potential failure to compete against current or future competitors could result in lost market share, lower revenue, lower margins, or in an extreme cases the obsolescence of our business model or value proposition.

We are exposed to various risks as a result of our international businesses


Our financial position and results of operations depend on the state of the economy in each country, which is impacted by factors such as economic and other policies imposed by governments, inflation rates and the mechanisms used to combat inflation changes in foreign currency exchange rates, changes in customs tariff policies and other geopolitical factors. Adverse changes in these factors could mpact us, our customers and our suppliers.
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The commercial sector is sensitive to economic cycles

Our revenue is subject to economic cycles. Consumer behavior is affected by factors such as their perception of economic performance, inflation rate, interest rate, exchange rate, unemployment and geopolitical factors. Changes to these factors may affect the purchasing and borrowing behavior of our customers, which could negatively impact our revenue and profitability.

## We are exposed

 to persistent inventory riskWe must maintain sufficient inventory to successfuly operate our businesses and avoid both inventory stock-outs and excesses. Generally, our suppliers equire significant advance notice to fulfill purcha se orders. Therefore, we have to issue purchase orders long before these products will be sold, so it is vitally important that we accurately forecas future demand for a product estimate lead times, and plan our inventory to ensure that inventory evels are appropriate. Weather and seasonality are factors that impact the performance of various business units. Customers purchase products to meet their needs for each season and we believ this tendency will continue in the future. Preparation for peak seasons requires us to increase inventories to above average levels. Geopolitical,

Our relationship with suppliers exposes us to severalrisks

We have suppliers of key products and services for our business. If our suppliers cease to sell or license products, content, components or services on acceptable terms, or delivery delays arise as a result of suppliers going bankrupt due to poor economic conditions, natural disasters, international trade disputes, pandemics, epidemics or other reasons, we may not be able to source alternatives from new suppliers in a timely, efficient manner or on acceptable terms. Furthermore, if our suppliers breach laws, regulations, our codes, or implement practices considered unethical, unsafe, or hazardous to the environment or local communities, then they could damage our reputation, limit our growth and negatively affect our performance.
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## We are increasingly dependent on e-commerce growth across

 the regionE-commerce in Latin America is in full swing. An increasing proportion of our revenue depends on Latin American consumers using the Internet and our digital products. This requires a suitable telecommunications infrastructure for each market.

We depend on rapidly identifying and responding to the preferences of current and potential customers


## INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY AND SECURITY RISKS

Technology network damage, information loss or corruption, cyber-attacks or security breaches may result in losing operational continuity

All our businesses use information systems and technologies for their operational processes, which are located either in our facilities or those of suppliers. A system failure could interrupt some of these processes, which could affect our businesses.

We are also exposed to the risk that third parties may attempt to breach our systems, or the systems of our technology providers, to gain access to confidential company, customer or supplier information. A security breach in the information security systems could severely damage our reputation and impact future revenue.

## We are exposed to technological obsolescence

The significant speed of technological change is constantly impacting our systems and their supporting infrastructure. Obsolescence management requires promptly introducing new tools and adapting to
technological changes and new industry standards, Otherwise, the company's digital transformation processes and customer services could be impacted.
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(5) Corporate
( Corporate information
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## COMPLIANCE RISKS

We are exposed to changes in the legal regulations in each country

How we conduct our business is determined by the legal and regulatory frameworks that vary from country to country. These frameworks may change in the future, which may impact or restrict our business models, increase costs and affect profitability and viability.

Our businesses could suffer legal, regulatory and reputational consequences if crime prevention, antitrust, environmental, consumer rights or personal data regulations are breached. They could be sanctioned as a result of investigations by the corresponding regulators. These contingencies are not predictable and could have a negative impact on our performance, the Company's reputation and result in higher than estimated costs.

## PEOPLE RISKS

Our growth depends on attracting, developing and retaining the best talented people
We must have highly qualified and committed people in every department, in order to meet our customers' expectations. Our talent management can be affected by external factors, as there is increasing competition for digital talent, potential legislative changes that may ffect salaries and working hours, demographic changes, unexpected movements in the employment rate, and other factors.

## Our business requires

 a minimum volumeof people

Political, demographic, socioeconomic and health events, such as pandemics, could affect the number of people required by our businesses. This will affect service availability and quality and the profitability of businesses that require many people.
(7) Financia statements
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## fALABELLA

FINANCIAL RISKS

## Exchange rate risks

Fluctuations in foreign currencies could have a significant impact on our business

The Chilean peso and other national currencies have been subject to great devaluations and appreciations in the past, and could have significant fluctuations in the future. Many of the products we sell are imported and denominated in foreign currencies, mainly the US dollar, which exposes us to foreign exchange risk.

Fluctuations in the exchange rates of currencies with respect to the Chilean peso can affect the value of our foreign net investments.


Inflation risks
Rising inflation
may increase our
Operating costs $\begin{aligned} & \text { Global, regional and local inflationary } \\ & \text { pressures could have a negative impact }\end{aligned}$ on our profitability

## Interest rate risks

Rising interest rates could negatively impact our financial costs

Interest rate risk is the risk of losses caused by adverse changes in market interest rates, which could be caused by global, regional or local political or economic events that negatively affect our costs.
(2) Who we are
(3) Physical-digita ecosystem
(4) Sustainability

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(5) Corporate
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(7) Financia Financial
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(8) How we report

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## Credit risks

Our financial businesses may be affected by a deterioration in the credit quality of our portfolio, resulting in an increase in delinquency and charge-offs indicators and increased impairment provisions, which would negatively impact our financial performance.

Credit risk is the risk of losses caused by coun-ter-parties failing to meet their contractual obligations (default risk). Our credit business provides consumer loans to individuals to acquire consumer goods and services, mortgage loans to acquire residential real estate and automobile loans to acquire vehicles. It also provides loans to legal entities for their purchases, which involves our corporate sales teams. Our real estate business leases property to tenants who may delay their lease payments. Delinquency ratios can be affected by exogenous factors, such as macroeconomic, geopolitical and

## Liquidity risks

A scarcity of funds in the market could cause an increase in our financing costs.

Liquidity risk is the risk of a temporary gap between cash receipts and payments, which could be caused by global, regional or local political or economic events that cause a sudden or unexpected shortage of funds at our businesses, which will in crease the costs required to maintain business continuity.
social factors that go beyond the strategic decisions and risk management practices of the business. Therefore, we cannot ensure that these ratios will not increase, which may result in additional impairment provisions that will adversely affect our financial performance.

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(3) Physical-digital ecosystem
(4) Sustainabilit Sustainabilit
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(8) $\qquad$
(9) Consolidated financial statements


AWARDS AND RECOGNITION

DOW JONES SUSTAINABILITY INDEX

Falabella was the only Chilean company selected to join the Dow Jones Sustainability World Index (D JSI World), which unites leading international listed companies by their sustainability performance. The LGBT+ and Aliad@s Community was launched across the region and the "Mujeres Conectadas" (Connected Women) network, which are both aligned with our commitment to inclusion and diversity. The former promotes inclusion and sexual
diversity, and protects employee dignity, while the latter promotes women in leadership positions. The Company has also encouraged local community development, through its social investment and community engagement programs that focus on education and entrepreneurship.

FALABELLA
Fifth in the global ranking for the retail category and in the top 2\%

The only Chilean company included in four sustainability indices: : World, Emerging Markets. MILA and Chile.

## Dow Jones <br> Sustainability Indexes

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(3) Physial-digita
(4) Sustanability
model
(5) Corporate

- Corporate
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FALABELLA RETAIL

- Second Best Place to Work for Women in the Great Place To Work survey.
- The fourth best company to work for in Chile ac cording to CompuTrabajo Chile and the best in the retail sector
- Awarded the "Most Innovative Retailer" by Americ Retail and the Santiago Chamber of Commerce.
- Consumer Loyalty Award in Chile, awarded by ALCO for the sixth time.
- Merco 2021: Sixth place in the best Corporate Reputation in Chile and first in the retail category.
- Eikon 2021 Award for our Corporate Communica tion Campaign in the Sustainability Programs with Suppliers category. - US Green Business Council Leadership Award - Latin America (international award based on the sustainability of our buildings).
(8) PERU
- Second place in the Peruvian retail category in the 17th Merco Talento ranking

COLOMBIA

- Colombian Carbon Neutral Certification for the third consecutive year
- Falabella Colombia won a Gold Effie in the "Crisis Response/Directional Change" category with the agency Leo Burnett and the 3,362 falabella com campaign.
- Bronze award for Creativity in Commerce for Falabella.com Colombia with the Aliado Em prendedor campaign and finalists in Creative Operational Transformation
- Nominated for portfolio awards in the environ mental category

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FALABELLA

## Second Best Place to Work for Women

in the Great Place To Work survey

## BEST 2022 <br> WORKPLACES <br> Computrabjo <br> FALABELLA

Best place to work in Chile in the retail sector
(2) Who we are
(3) Physical-digita
ecosystem
(4) Sustainab
(5)

Corporate


(9) financial

First place in the retail sector in the 2021 Corporate Reputation Study

- Sodimac is the top brand associated with corporate volunteering: Sodimac ranked in first place for the third consecutive year in the 2021 National Survey on Volunteering and Solidarity, among the brands associated with corporate volunteering prepared by Trascender Foundation and Criteria.
- First place in the Home Improvement sector in the Most Innovative Companies in Chile 2021 ranking, conducted by the ESE Business School, in partnership with the newspaper El Mercurio and the consulting firm MIC Innovation.
- First place in the retail sector in the Cadem Citizen Brands ranking.
- First place in the Chile 3D ranking as a Home Im provement retail brand
by Ipsos and INC Consultants (formerly Hill \& Knowlton)
- Sodimac Chile received the COVID-19 ACHS seal for its nationwide preventive handling of the pandemic in Chile, including its stores, supply chain and central office
- Sodimac's Great Training Fair was recognized by the "Let's Get Through This Together Latin America; Resilience and Sustainability for our Cities" summit organized by the Chilean Association of Municipalities, AMUR, Sistema B, Stgo+B, and other entities.
(1) Welcome
(2) Who we are
(3) Physical-digita
ecosystem


Sustainabilit
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(5)

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(7) Financial statements
(8) How we report
(9)

Consolidated financial statements

- Sodimac and Maestrowereplaced top for the second consecutive year in the 2021 Great Place To Work survey in the Diversity and Inclusion category, as the most inclusive companies in the country.
- Third place in the national 2020 Great Place To Work survey
- Eighth place in the Great Place To Work for Millen nials survey, as a consequence of strengthening the employer brand with quality of life, development, digitalization and sustainability best practices.
- Awarded the Socially Responsible Company award for the eighth consecutive year, by the Sustainable Peru Organization and the Mexican Philanthropy Center - CEMEFI, which recognizes that it has sustainably managed its economic, social and environmental issues.
- Finalist in the 2021 PAR ranking, and sixth place in the 2020 PAR ranking, which recognizes compa
nies that promote gender equity in Latin America
- It was also mentioned in the 2021 Best Work Places prepared by "Computrabajo" as one of the best employers in Peru.
- Ranked in fiftieth place among the companies with the best business reputation by Merco Peru 2021 and among the top one hundred in terms of Talent.
- Certification from the NGO Presente, which recognizes the best places for talented LGTBIQ+ people to develop. It was awarded third place in the Best Companies for LGTBIQ+ Talent ranking and in the Top 5 most Trans-inclusive companies according to the same organization
- Special recognition as a finalist in the Best Practices Contest in the Diversity and Inclusion Category awarded by the National Integration of People with Disabilities Council (CONADIS), in recognition of ts "Junto a ti" program.


SODIMAC Y MAESTRO
First place in the diversity and inclusion category

COLOMBIA

- Sodimac Colombia was included in the na tional inclusive companies ranking for the second consecutive year, selected by the Colombian Chamber of LGBT Merchants (CCLGBT) and the National Consulting Center. It was awarded ninth place among the fifteen most inclusive companies in Colombia.
- Sodimac Colombia was recognized by Em ployers For Youth (EFY) as one of the best employers, according to young people. It was awarded twenty-ninth place among 700 companies from 13 countries.
- Top 10 in the Companies Committed to Youth ranking, awarded by the International Youth Orga nization for Ibero-America (OIJ) and DCH, which brings together companies and private sector entities that consider intergenerational objectives and propose solutions to help young people during their transition to working life and while building their own autonomy
- Merco Corporate Ranking. Awarded twenty-third place in the 100 companies with the best corporate reputation in the country.
- Merco Talento Ranking. Awarded twenty-fourth place and climbed five positions compared to the previous year, in a ranking that identifies the mos

SODIMAC COLOMBIA

## Top ten companies <br> (2) Who we are

 committed to youth, awardedby the International Youth
Organization for Iberoamerica
attractive employers. It was awarded first place in the retail sector.

- INcluye 2021 Award for Best Practices in Diversity and Inclusion, which recognizes its diversity and inclusion program as the best in the Andean region.
- The company achieved ISO 14001 Environmenta Management Systems (EMS) certification, making it the only retailer in Colombia and the region to certify all its stores. The company also achieved carbon neutral certification granted by ICONTEC, after offsetting all of its scope 1 and 2 carbon footprint.
(3) Physical-digital ecosystem
(1) Welcome
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(9)

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financial statements

## BRAZIL

- Sodimac Brazil was nominated for the Reclam Aquí Award for the second consecutive year in De cember. This is one of the most respected awards in Brazil, as companies that provide good service are selected by popular vote.
- Sodimac Brazil was included for the first time as one of the 150 Best Companies to Work For in Brazil, according to the Great Place to Work (GPTW) survey, as a result of its commitment to its employees and its organizational climate. There were 70 winners in the large companies category, which included Sodimac.
- Sodimac Brazil was included for the fourth time as one of the Best Companies for Customer Satisfac tion in the retail construction category, according to a survey conducted by the MESC Institute in partnership with Google. There were more than 10 million customer reviews this year, and more than 10,000 companies analyzed in 117 market segments.
- The company was rewarded for the eighteenth time in the Top of Mind survey conducted by Jornal A Tribuna. Sodimac Dicico was awarded first place in the construction materials segment in Baixada Santista, on the coast of São Paulo state.


## 르 URUGUAY

- Once again, the Forge Foundation rewarded So dimac Uruguay twice: "For its valuable support in finding work for young people" and for its "Significant contribution" to training
* CHILE
- Tottus is proud of the award from the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organiza tion, FAO, for its "Crecer Sano con Tottus" program, as an outstanding private sector initiative in Latin America and the Caribbean that contributes to improving eating habits in households. Since 2014, we have wanted to reach thousands of children and their families, with activities, workshops and initiatives that promote healthy eating and consumption. We would like to thank every school that have opened their doors to us and allowed Crecer Sano con Tottus to contribute to healthy eating.
- Tottus is committed to the environment and to reducing its carbon footprint, and it was rewarded for the third time by the Ministry of the Environment with the 2020 Footprint Quantification Seal. We received the Carbon Footprint Reduction Seal for the first time from the Footprint Chile Program, due to our greenhouse gas emissions reduction by reducing electricity consumption (scope 2).
- Our store in La Cisterna received the Zero Waste to Landfill Seal granted by the Ministry of the Environment within the framework of the Zero Waste Disposal Clean Production Agreement, as a result of our waste management, which concentrates on recycling.
- The Sustainability and Climate Change Agency awarded a certificate to Tottus La Cisterna for having fully complied with the objectives of the Zero Waste Disposal Clean Production Agreement.
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Physical-digital ecosystem
(4) Sustainability Sustaina
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- Top 3 in the "The Best Companies to Work for in Peru - Diversity and Inclusion 2021 survey by Great Place to Work (GPTW) which recognizes the good practices implemented during our "Tottus for All" program. This program aims to create diversit and inclusion with equal opportunities for everyone to grow and develop, regardless of the employee's position or department.
- Tenth place in the "Best Place to Work for Women" survey in Peru, and seventh place in the "Best Place to Work for Millennials survey in Peru 2021.
- Tottus is the only supermarket represented in the price consultation App "Mi Caserita published by the Ministry of Agriculture and Irrigation, which contains over 150 staple products, such as fruits, vegetables and groceries. This application was recognized by "Citizens Advice" as good public management.
- Bronze EFFIE® at the EFFIE® AWARD PERU 2021 in the Internal Communication category for its "Unique Advice" campaign which secured the health and safety of our employees during the pandemic.
- Green Seal Certification for the Tottus Cusco store from the Cusco Municipality for adopting environmental practices and efficient resource use.
- Mallplaza certified the secure reopening of its shopping centers in Chile, Peru and Colombia. The company certified that all its safety and hygiene protocols had been correctly implemented by awarding them the Veritas Bureau Safe Guard seal.


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Physical-digital ecosystem
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- Featured in Employers for Youth. We were featured in a study by First Job in Peru, who are leaders in employer branding. This study considers aspects such as working envionment, infrastructure, diversity, culture, benefits, talent and career development.


## MALLPLAZA <br>  <br> 且

- S\&P GLOBAL SUSTAINABILITYYEARBOOK 2022. Mall plaza was included as a member in the S\&P Global Sustainability Yearbook for the second consecutive year, in recognition of its commitment to ESG issues. This is one of the most comprehensive annual publications on corporate sustainability.
- First place in the Cadem Citizen Brands Study in the shopping center category.
- First place in the 2021 Social Innovation Awards given by the Shopping Centers Chamber
- Dow Jones Sustainability Index: Mallplaza has been included in the Dow Jones Sus tainability Index for MILA and Chile for the third consecutive year.

Best Mobile Banking App" awarded by CHILE PAN Finance.

- Silver award by Financial Innovators of the Americas
- First place in the ProQuality Awards fo Customer Satisfaction in the banking and etail card categories.
- First place in the ALCO Consumer Loyalty Awards in the banking and retail card categories
- First place in the Servitest (IPSOS) Customer atisfaction Survey for banks.

FINANCIAL BUSINESS
who are members of its Directors' Committee for the Period 2021/2022, in accordance with the law and in addition to the fees payable to them as members of the Board of Directors.

- Directors' Committee Expense Budget. Approve the Directors' Committee budget for the Period 2021/2022 covering this committee's operating expenses and any consultancy services for matters within its jurisdiction.
- Corporate Publications. Approve the journal where the Company's publications required by law will be published during the Period 2021/2022.
(1) Welcome
(2) Who we are
(3) Physical-digital
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(4)

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model
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(9) financia statements

Appointment of the Risk Rating Agencies the Period 2021/2022. Approve the risk rating agencies for the securities issued by the Company during the Period 2021/2022.

- Related Party Transactions. Accept the Board of Directors' report of related party transactions during the Year 2020, regulated by Chapter XVI of Law 18,046 on Corporations (hereinafter, the "LSA").
- Directors' Committee Report. Accept the Directors' Committee report for the Year 2020, established in compliance with Article 50 bis of the LSA (hereinafter, the "Directors' Committee").
- Directors' Committee Remuneration. Approve the remuneration for the Company's directors
ending December 31, 2021 (hereinafter, the "Year 2021").
- Directors Remuneration. Approve the Directors remuneration for the period between the AGM and the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting to be held in the first four months of 2022 (hereinafter, the "Period 2021/2022").
- Appointment of the External Auditors for the Year 2021. Approve the Company's external auditors for the Year 2021.
- 2020 Statement of Income. Approve the Company's audited consolidated statement of income for the Year 2020.
- External Auditors Opinion. Accept the externa auditors report by EY Servicios Profesionales de Auditoria y Asesorías SpA for the Year 2020.
- Earnings Distribution for the Year 2020-A Single, Final Dividend. Approve a single, final dividend payable from distributable earnings for the Year 2020 (hereinafter, the "2020 Earnings").
- Earnings Distribution for the Year 2020 - Un distributed Earnings. Approve the use of 2020 Earnings not paid to the Company's shareholders.
- Dividend Policy for the Year 2021: Approve the Company's dividend payment policy for the year


## $C_{\text {Dividend }}^{\text {Proposed }}$

It will propose to the AGM (i) that a single, final dividend be distributed from 2020 Earnings of Ch\$5 per share, representing $40.65 \%$ of the 2020 Earnings, (ii) that this dividend be paid on May 13 , 2021 to the shareholders registered in the shareholders' register as of May 7, 2021, and iii) that the proposed dividend be paid to shareholder's bank accounts, or that they collect a bank check in their name from any branch of Banco de Crédito Inversiones (BCI) in Chile.

## D <br> Other

All the Board's proposals that will be submitted to the AGM regarding these matters, including the single, final dividend and the documents explaining them will be available to shareholders as of April 12 2021 on the Company's website https://investors. falabella. com.

## ㄷ. AGM - Participation

Shareholders registered in the company's shareholder register at midnight on the fifth business day prior to the AGM, which is midnight on April 21, 2021, shall be entitled to attend it. Powers of attorney, if any, shall be accepted on the day of the AGM, when it is due to start.

## - Notices <br> Calling the AGM

The first notice calling the AGM will be published in the electronic newspaper http://www.latercera com on April 9, 2021.

## - Publication of the financial <br> statements and annual report

The financial statements and annual report will be published for shareholders as of April 9, 2021 on the Company's website https://investors.falabella. com., in accordance with Article 75 of the LSA and Circular 444 issued by the CMF.

## - Impact of the

Any public health measures that apply on the date of the AGM could impact both the manner in which it can be held and whether it can be held at all, within the term required by law. Accordingly, the CMF in its General Rule 435 and its Circular 1,141 authorized that technological means can be used by shareholders who cannot physically attend the meetings of publicly held companies, in order to participate and vote at such meetings. Therefore the Company will make these technological means
available to its shareholders so that they may remotely participate in the AGM. Shareholders who are entitled to participate in the AGM can remotely participate by registering in accordance with the instructions that will be published on April 12, 2021, on the Company's website https://investors.falabeIla. com. Remote registration closes at 2:00pm on April 26, 2021. These registered shareholders will be sent the link and password to remotely participate and vote at the AGM by e-mail to the address provided when they registered. On the day of the AGM, shareholders should open the web platform for this purpose with an access code or control number that will be provided, in order to remotely participate and vote at the AGM. The electronic registration and voting services will be provided by DCV Registros S.A., a subsidiary of Depósito Central de Valores S.A.

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## MATERIAL EVENT 2

April 27, 2021
The AGM approved the following resolutions:

- The Company's annual report, consolidated financial statements and the external auditors opinion, all relating to the year ended December 31, 2020 (hereinafter, the "Year 2020").
- A single, final dividend to be distributed from 2020 Earnings of Ch\$5 per share, which will be paid on May 13, 2021 to the shareholders of the Company's single series shares registered in its shareholders' register as of May 7, 2021, and for which purposes, Form 1 of Circular 660 issued by the CMF is attached hereto.
- The Company's dividend policy for the year ending December 31, 2021 (hereinafter, the "Year 2021") which consists of distributing at least $30 \%$ of the distributable net income for the Year 2021.
- The appointment of EY Servicios Profesionales de Auditoria y Asesorías SpA, as the Company's external auditors for the Year 2021.


## MATERIAL EVENT 3

## April 28, 2021

Section 2.03 of the second Form of CMF Cir cular 660 was amended, which was attached to Material Event 02/21 dated April 27 of this year. The amendment affects the single, final dividend to be paid on May 13, 2021 to the shareholders of the Company's single series shares that are registered in its shareholder register as of May 7, 2021, as where it says "Ch\$9,227,495,556", it should read "Ch\$3,277,222,659". Form 1 of Circular 660 issued by the CMF is attached hereto with this amendment.

## MATERIAL EVENT 4

## September 1, 2021

A Board meeting was held on August 31, 2021 , which approved the distribution of an interim dividend from earnings for the Year 2021 of Ch\$30 per share. This dividend will be paid on September 29, 2021 to single series shareholders registered in the Shareholders Register as of September 23, 2021. Form 1 of Circular 660 is attached hereto. ecosystem
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## MATERIAL EVENT 5

October 13, 2021

On October 12, 2021, the Company agreed to issue and place bonds in the international markets that total US\$650,000,000 (sixhundred and fifty million United States dollars), subject to Rule 144A and Regulation S. of the US Securities and Exchange Commission, under the Securities Act f 1993 of the United States of America. On the same date, the Company signed a bond Purchase Agreement with Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Goldman Sachs \& Co. LLC and J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, as initial purchasers and bond underwriters. In accordance with the applicable legislation, these bonds will not be subject to registration with the US Securities and Exchange Commission nor the CMF, nor be offered to the public in the United States of America nor in Chile.

The bonds will mature in 10 years' time, with se-mi-annual interest payments and capital repayment at maturity. The nominal interest rate on the bond was $3.375 \%$ ("coupon") and the issue rate was
$3.477 \%$ ("yield"), which is a 190 basis points spread over 10 year US Treasury bonds. The proceeds of this placement will be primarily used for wholly or partially financing: (i) a voluntary early redemption offer (Tender Offer) for the bonds issued by the Company that mature in 2023 at an interest rate of $3.750 \%$ per annum and the bonds issued by the Company that mature in 2025 at an interest rate of $4.375 \%$ up to a total combined maximum of US $\$ 550,000,000$ (five hundred and fifty million United States dollars), and (ii) short-term liabilities. The form from Circular 1,702 is attached hereto.


## SHAREHOLDER'S COMMENTS AND PROPOSALS

No comments or proposals were received from shareholders during the Annual General Shareholder's Meeting held on April 27, 2021, in accordance with paragraph 3 of Article 74 of Law 18,046.


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## 2021 STOCK INFORMATION

The Company's shares are traded on Santiago Exchange and the Chilean Electronic Stock Exchange.

STOCK STATISTICS
FOR FALABELLA 2020-2021

| PERIOD | NO. OF SHARES | VoLume | AVERAGE PRICE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 102020 | 170,761,594 | CH\$439,846,538,003 | CH\$2,576 |
| 2Q 2020 | 363,503,291 | CH\$794,534,468,129 | CH\$2,186 |
| 3Q 2020 | 218,290,260 | CH\$566,900,375,522 | CH\$2,597 |
| 4Q 2020 | 192,798,332 | CH\$472,207,485,952 | CH\$2,449 |
| 102021 | 205,293,315 | CH\$608,097,799,347 | CH\$2,962 |
| 2Q 2021 | 263,990,301 | CH $\$ 853,508,554,132$ | CH\$3,233 |
| 3Q 2021 | 266,499,595 | CH\$792,059,404,332 | CH\$2,972 |
| 4Q 2021 | 343,629,081 | CH\$904,592,409,490 | CH\$2,632 |

CHANGES IN THE FALABELLA SHARE PRICE AND IPSA (BASE 100)

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## STORES BY FORMAT AND COUNTRY

OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE


DEPARTMENT STORES

* Chile

| № | Store | Location | CITY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | CENTRO | AHUMADA 25, 165, 167, 366, SANTIAGO | SANTIAGO |
| 2 | CONCEPCIÓN | BARROS ARANA 802 | CONCEPCIÓN |
| 3 | PARQUEARAUCO | AV. PRESIDENTE KENNEDY 5413, LAS CONDES | SANTIAGO |
| 4 | temuco | ARTURO PRAT 570 | temuco |
| 5 | viñadelmar | SUCRE 250 | VIINADELMAR |
| 6 | plaza vespucio | AVVVICUÑA MACKENNA 7110, SANTIAGO | SANTIAGO |
| 7 | LYON | AV. PROVIDENCIA 2188, PROVIDENCIA | SANTIAGO |
| 8 | rancagua | SARGENTO Cuevas 405 | Rancagua |
| 9 | PLAZA CALAMA | AV. BALMACEDA 3242, LOCAL 268 | calama |
| 10 | alto las condes | AV. KENNEDY 9001, LOCAL 1001, LAS CONDES | SANtiago |
| 11 | PLAZA OESTE | AV. AMÉRICO VESPUCIO 1501, MAIPÚ | SANtiAgo |
| 12 | plaza trébol | AV. Joséalessand II 3177, ACCESO CARRIEL SUR | CONCEPCIÓN |
| 13 | OSorno | ELEUTERIO RAMÍREZ 840 | OSORNO |
| 14 | CHILLAN | EL ROBLE 770, LOCALA | CHILLÁN |
| 15 | talca | 1 NORTE 1485 | TALCA |
| 16 | plaza tobalaba | AV. CAMILO HENRÍIUEZ 3296, PUENTEALTO | SANtiAgo |
| 17 | plaza la serena | ALberto solarl 1400, mall plaza LA serena | LA SERENA |
| 18 | valparaíso | INDEPENDENCIA 1806 | valparaíso |
| 19 | CURICÓ | PENA 615 | CURICÓ |
| 20 | IqUIQUE | HÉROES DE LA CONCEPCIÓN 2555 | IqUIQUE |
| 21 | PUERTO MONTT | AV. JUAN SOLER MANFREDINI 101 | PUERTO MONTT |

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(9) Consolidate

## fALABELLA

| 22 | Quilpué | DIEGO PORTALES 822 | Quilpué |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23 | plaza los Ángeles | VaLDIVIA 472 | Los ÁNGELES |
| 24 | PLAZANORTE | AV. AMÉRICO VESPUCIO 1737, SANTIAGO | SANTIAGO |
| 25 | PUCÓN | O'HIGGINS 112, LOCALES 9/10/11 | pucón |
| 26 | puente | PUENTE 530, SANTIAGO | SANtiAgo |
| 27 | PORTALLA DEHESA | LA DEHESA 1445, LOCAL 1, LO BARNECHEA | SANTIAGO |
| 28 | PLAZAANTOFAGASTA | BALMACEDA 2355, MALL PLAZA | Antofagasta |
| 29 | LA CALERA | PROLONGACIÓN J.J. Pérez 12010 | LA CALERA |
| 30 | valdivia | ARAUCO 561 | Valdivia |
| 31 | MELIPILLA | VARGAS 457, MELIPILLA | MELIPILLA |
| 32 | punta arenas | AVENIDA FREI 01110 | punta arenas |
| 33 | PlAZAALAMEDA | AV. LIBERTADOR BERNARDO O'HIGGINS 3470 LOCALA-2. ESTACIÓN CENTRAL | SANTIAGO |
| 34 | PLAZA SUR | AV. Jorge Alessan dri 20.040, LOCAL 1, SAN BERNARDO | SANTIAGO |
| 35 | SAN FELIPE | AV. BERNARDO O'HIGGINS 1150 | SAN FELIPE |
| 36 | costanera center | AVENIDA ANDRÉS BELLO 2461, PROVIDENCIA | SANTIAGO |
| 37 | Arauco malpú | AV. AMÉRICO VESPUCIO 399, LOCAL 500, MAIPÚ | SANTIAGO |
| 38 | puentealto | AV. CONCHA YTORO 1477 | SANTIAGO |
| 39 | ovalle | PROLONGACIÓN BENAVENTE 1075 | ovalle |
| 40 | plaza egaña | LARRAİN 5862, LA REINA | SANTIAGO |
| 41 | SAn fernando | CHILLÁN 744, SAN FERNANDO | SAN FERNANDO |
| 42 | PLAZA COPIAPÓ | MAIPÚ 110 | COPIAPÓ |
| 43 | CASTRO | SAN MARTİN 457 | CASTRO |
| 44 | los dominicos | AV. PADRE HURTADO SUR 875, LAS CONDES | SANTIAGO |
| 45 | mall plaza arica | AV. DIEGO PORTALES 640 | ARICA |
| 46 | INDEPENDENCIA | AV. INDEPENDENCIA 565 | SANTIAGO |

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| No | Store | Location | CITY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | SAN IIIDRO | AV. PASEO DE LA REPÚBLICA 3220, SAN ISIDRO | LIMA |
| 2 | sanmiguel | AV. LA MARINA 2100 (PLAZA SAN MIGUEL), SAN MIGUEL | LIMA |
| 3 | Jockey plaza | AV. JAVIER PRADO ESTE 4200 (JOCKEY PLAZA), SANTIAGO DE SURCO | LIMA |
| 4 | Lima Centro | JR. DE LA UNIÓN 517, LIMA CERCADO | LIMA |
| 5 | PIURA | ESQUINA JR. AREQUIPA 802 Y JR. HUANCAVELICA 551, PIURA CERCADO | PIURA |
| 6 | AREQUIPA | AV. EJÉRCITO 793, CAYMA | AREQUIPA |
| 7 | MIRAFLORES | AV. AREQUIPA 5280, MIRAFLORES | LIMA |
| 8 | CHICLAYO MALL | CALLE MIGUEL DE CERVANTES 300 (REAL PLAZA), P.J. DIEGO FERRÉ | CHICLAYO |
| 9 | MEGAPLAZA | AV. Industrial 3515 (MEGAPLAZA), INDEPENDENCIA | LIMA |
| 10 | cajamarca | JR. SOR MANUELA GIL 151 URB, SAN CARLOS | CAJAMARCA |
| 11 | TRUJlllo cc | AV. MANSICHES/N (MALL AVENTURA PLAZA), CASERÍO EL Cortioo | trujlloo |
| 12 | bellavista | AV. ÓSCAR R. BENAVIDES 3866 (MALL AVENTURA PLAZA), BELLAVISTA | LIMA |
| 13 | ATOCONGO | AV. CIRCUNVALACIÓN (ATOCONGO OPEN PLAZA). SAN JUAN DE MIRAFLORES | LIMA |
| 14 | ANGAMOS | AV. ANGAMOS ESTE 1803 (ANGAMOS OPEN PLAZA), SURQUIILIO | LIMA |
| 15 | PIURAMALL OPEN PLAZA | AV. ANDRES AVELINO CACERES 147 (PIURA OPEN PLAZA), CASTILLA | PIURA |
| 16 | AREQUIPA PORONGOCHE | AV. PORONGOCHE 502 (MALL AVENTURA PLAZA), PAUCARPATA | AREQUIPA |
| 17 | CHIMBOTE | AV.VICTOR RAÚL haya de la torre 4694, nuevo chimbote | CHIMBOTE |
| 18 | SANTAANITA | AV. CARRETERA CENTRAL 111 (TIENDA TD-1) SANTA ANITA-LIMA | LIMA |
| 19 | LIMANORTE | AV. ALFREDO MENDIOLA 1400, ANCLA 6 (C.C. PLAZA NORTE)INDEPENDENCIA | LIMA |

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(1) Welcome
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(3) Physical-digita ecosystem
(4) Sustainability
(5) Corporate governance

Corporate nformation

## fALABCLLA

| 20 | MEGAPLAZA | AV. MARISCAL BENAVIDES 1000 - SAN VICENTE DE CAÑETE CAÑETE | LIMA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21 | ICAmALL | CAlle lima 433, ICA CERCADO | ICA |
| 22 | PUCALLPA OP | AV. Centenario 2086 - Ancla 2 - YARINACOCHA | PUCALLPA |
| 23 | IQUITOS | JR. PROSPERO 560 - MAYNAS | Iquitos |
| 24 | SALAVERRY | AV. General felipe salaverry 2370 - Jesus maría | LIMA |
| 25 | huánuco open plaza | JR. DOS DEMAYO 125 | huánuco |
| 26 | centro cívico | AV. GARCILASO DE LAVEGA No 1337 | LIMA |
| 27 | Mall delsur | AV. Los Lirios 301 - URb. Entel-SAN Juan de miraflores | LIMA |
| 28 | huancayo | AV. Ferrocarril 146-HUANCAYO | huancayo |
| 29 | puruchuco | AV. NICOLÁS AYLLÓN 4770, ATE VITARTE | LIMA |
| 30 | COMAS | AV. LOS ÁNGELES 602, Comas | LIMA |
| 31 | cusco | AV. COLLASUYO 2964, CUSCO | cusco |


| ${ }^{\circ}$ | STORE | Location | CITY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | SANTAFÉ | CALLE 185 No. $45-03$, CENTRO COMERCIAL SANTAFÉ | bogotá |
| 2 | SUBA | AV. CARRERA 104 N. 0148 - 07, CENTRO COMERCIAL PLAZAIMPERIAL | BOGOTÁ |
| 3 | SAN diego | CARRERA 43 N. $36-04$, CENTRO COMERCIALSANDIEGO | medellín |
| 4 | hayuelos | CALLEN 20 N. $82-52$, CENTRO Comercial hayuelos | bogotá |
| 5 | UNICENTRO BOGOTA | AVENIDA 15 No. 123-30, CENTRO COMERCIAL UNICENTRO | Bogotá |
| 6 | galerías | CALLE 53 No. $25-35$, Centro Comercial galerías | bogotá |


| 7 | CENTRO MAYOR | AUTOPISTA SUR CARRERA 27 N. 38 A SUR, CENTRO COMERCIAL CENTRO MAYOR | Bogotá |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | SANTAFÉ MEDELLíN | CARRERA 43A N. 7 SUR - 170, CENTRO COMERCIAL SANTAFÉ MEDELLíN | MEDELLÍN |
| 9 | PARQUEARBOLEDA | AV. CIRCUNVALAR N ${ }^{\circ} 5$ - 20, LOCAL 214, PARQUE ARBOLEDA CENTRO COMERCIAL | PEREIRA |
| 10 | VILLA COUNTRY | CALLE 78 № $53-70$ LOCAL 100, CENTRO COMERCIAL VILLA COUNTRY | BARRANQUILLA |
| 11 | TITÁN | CARRERA 72 No 80 -94 LOCAL 130-350, CENTRO COMERCIAL TITÁN PLAZA | BOGOTA |
| 12 | ELCASTILLO | CARRERA $13 \mathrm{~N}^{\circ} 31$ - 45 CHAMBACU LOCAL 125, CENTRO COMERCIAL MALL PLAZA | CARTAGENA |
| 13 | PARQUE CARACOLI | CARRERA 23 No 29-145 LOCAL 101, CENTRO COMERCIAL PARQUE CARACOLI | BUCARAMANGA |
| 14 | ACQUA | CALLE 57 No 60 K - 8E AVENIDA GUABINAL, CENTRO COMERCIALACQUA | IBAGUE |
| 15 | WTC CALI | AVENIDA $6^{3}$ NORTE ENTRE CALLES 35AN Y 36AN, WORLD TRADE CENTER | CALI |
| 16 | CACIQUE | TRANSVERSAL ORIENTAL 93\#34-99, CENTRO COMERCIAL cACIquE | BUCARAMANGA |
| 17 | HACIENDA FONTANAR | KM 2.5VİA CHİA-CAJICÁ CENTRO COMERCIAL FONTANER | CHíA |
| 18 | JARDín PLAZA | CARRERA 98 N. 16-20 LOCAL 229, CENTRO COMERCIAL JARDÍN PLAZA | CALI |
| 19 | PRIMAVERA | CALLE 15 N. 42 - 01 LOC 101-201-301, CENTRO COMERCIAL PRIMAVERA | VILLAVICENCIO |
| 20 | PLAZA CENTRAL | AVENIDA CALLE 13, ENTRE LAS CARRERA. 62\#11-2 Y LA CARRERA 65 \#11-48 CENTRO COMERCIAL PLAZA CENTRAL | BOGOTÁ |
| 21 | DIVERPLAZA | DIRECCIÓNTRASVERSAL 99\#70 A - 89, CENTRO COMERCIAL DIVERPLAZA | BOGOTÁ |
| 22 | LAFELICIDAD | AVENIDA BOYACÁ CON CALLE 13, CENTRO COMERCIAL MULTIPLAZA | BOGOTA |
| 23 | LA CAROLA | CARRERA 11 NO. 56A-16; (AVENIDA KEVIN ANGEL), CENTRO COMERCIAL LA CAROLA | MANIZALES |
| 24 | buenavista | CARRERA 55 NO. 988-15, CENTRO COMERCIAL BUENAVISTA 3 | BARRANQUILLA |
| 25 | LAMOTA | CARRERA 701 -30, CENTRO Comercialarkadia | MEDElLín |
| 26 | COLINA CAMPESTRE | CARRERA 58 D N. 146 - 51,LOCAL L 100, CENTRO COMERCIAL PARQUE LA COLINA | BOGOTÁ |

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HOME IMPROVEMENT

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| 1 | IMPERIAL SANTA ROSA | AV. SANTA ROSA 7850, LA GRANJA | SANTIAGO |
| 2 | coviñadelmar | CALLE LIMACHE 3119 | viñadelmar |
| 3 | co cantagallo | AV. LAS CONDES 12422, LO BARNECHEA | SANTIAGO |
| 4 | covalparaíso | YUNGAY 2516 | VALPARAİso |
| 5 | hc las condes | AV. LAS CONDES 11049, LAS CONDES | SANTIAGO |
| 6 | CO Antofagasta | AV. Antonio rendic 6852 | ANTOFAGASTA |
| 7 | HCVIṄA DEL MAR | AV. 15 NORTE 961 | VIÑA del mar |
| 8 | hC RANCAGUA | AV. ALBERT EINSTEIN 297 | Rancagua |
| 9 | hC puentealto | AV. CONCHAYTORO 1315, PUENTEALTO | SANTIAGO |
| 10 | HCELTRÉBOL | AUTOPISTA CONCEP-TALCAHUANO 9200 | talcahuano |
| 11 | HC LASERENA | AV. FRANCISCO DEAGUIRRE 02 | LA SERENA |
| 12 | IMPERIAL MAPOCHO | CALLE MAPOCHO 5906, QUINTA NORMAL | SANTIAGO |
| 13 | hc parque arauco | AV. PDTE. KENNEDY 5601, LAS CONDES | SANTIAGO |
| 14 | IMPERIALMAIPÚ | CALLE ALBERTO LLONA 1153, MAIPÚ | SANTIAGO |
| 15 | IMPERIAL VESPUCIO | AV. AMÉrICO VESPUCIO 1030, PEÑALOLÉN | SANTIAGO |
| 16 | HC SAN MIGUEL | Gran av. José miguel carrera 5508, SAN MIGUEL | SANTIAGO |
| 17 | HC LAREINA | AV. Jorge Alessand il 1347, LA REINA | SANTIAGO |
| 18 | covallenar | MERCED 501, VALLENAR | Vallenar |
| 19 | HCNUBLE | AVVIICUÑA MACKENNA 1700, ÑUÑOA | SANTIAGO |
| 20 | HCVALDIVIA | AV. PICARTE 3349 | VALDIVIA |


| 21 | hC NUEVA LAFLORIDA | AV. José pedro alessandri 6402, PENALOLÉN | SANTIAGO |
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| 22 | IMPERIAL VALPARAÍso | AV. INDEPENDENCIA 3033 | VALPARAİSo |
| 23 | hCsstemuco | CAUPOLICÁN 0457 | temuco |
| 24 | hc huechuraba | AV. AMÉRICO VESPUCIO 1737, HUECHURABA | SANTIAGO |
| 25 | HC VILLARRICA | SATURNINO EPULEF 1580 | VILLARRICA |
| 26 | hcosorno | AV. René SORIANO 2619 | OSORNO |
| 27 | hcangol | AV. BERNARDO O'HIGGINS 1744 | ANGOL |
| 28 | HC CHILLȦN | AV. ECUADOR 599 | CHILLAN |
| 29 | hc curicó | AV. CARLOS CONDELL 1192 | CURICÓ |
| 30 | hc coquimbo | RUTA 5 NORTE 849 | coquimbo |
| 31 | HC PLAZA OESTE | AV. AMÉrICO VESPUCIO 1501, CERRILLOS | SANTIAGO |
| 32 | hc la calera | PROLONGACIÓN J.J. Pérez 12010 | LACALERA |
| 33 | HC PUERTO MONTT | AV. PRESIDENTE IBÁṄEZ 650 | PUERTO MONTT |
| 34 | HC PLAZA VESPUCIO | AV. AMÉrICO VESPUCIO 7310, LA FLORIDA | SANTIAGO |
| 35 | HC SAN FELIPE | TOCORNAL 2810 | SAN FELIPE |
| 36 | HC ARICA | AV. SANTA MARİA 2985 | ARICA |
| 37 | IMPERIAL CONCEPCIÓN | TUCAPEL 1259 | CONCEPCIÓN |
| 38 | HC IQUIQUE | HÉROES DE LA CONCEPCIÓN 2311 | IQUIQUE |
| 39 | hc antofagasta | BALMACEDA 2355 | ANTOFAGASTA |
| 40 | HC PLAZA CONCEPCIÓN | AV. PDTE. JoRGE ALESSANDRI 3177 | CONCEPCIÓN |
| 41 | hC Punta arenas | AVDA. PDTE. EDUARDO FREI M. 01400 | PUNTAARENAS |
| 42 | HC LINARES | AV. LEÓN BUSTOS 0376 | LINARES |
| 43 | IMPERIAL HUECHURABA | AV. A. VESPUCIO 1399, ESQ. PEDRO FONTOVA, HUECHURABA | SANTIAGO |
| 44 | HC TALCA | AV. CIRCUNVALACIÓN, 2 NORTE 3344 | TALCA |
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| 46 | HCESTACIÓN CENTRAL | SAN FRANCISCO DE BORJA 402, ESTACIÓN CENTRAL | SANTIAGO |
| 47 | hC LOS ÁNGELES | AV. ALEMANIA 850 | LOS ÁNGELES |
| 48 | hCel bosque | AV. José miguel carrera 10375, EL BOSQUE | SANTIAGO |
| 49 | hC CALAMA | AV. BALMACEDA 3398 | CALAMA |
| 50 | hC SAn bernardo | AV. Jorge Alessand ri rodríguez 20040, SAN BERNARDO | SANTIAGO |
| 51 | imperial temuco | AV. CAUPOLICÁN 1151 | temuco |
| 52 | hc Coyhaique | AV. OGANA 869 | COYHAIQUE |
| 53 | hc quilpué | AV. FREIRE 1351 | Quilpué |
| 54 | corancagua | AV. Koke 011 | rancagua |
| 55 | ImPERIAL RANCAGUA | CALLE LA CRUZ 01000 | Rancagua |
| 56 | hC reñaca SANTA JULIA | ALESSANDRI 5 | VIṄA delmar |
| 57 | HC Quinta vergara | AV. Valparaíso 1070 | viñadelmar |
| 58 | HC QUILICURA | AV. MANUELA. MATTA 581, QUILICURA | SANTIAGO |
| 59 | HC Plaza tobalaba | AV. CAMILO HENRÍOUEZ 3692, PUENTE ALTO | SANTIAGO |
| 60 | hC RIberanorte | AV. LOS CARRERA PONIENTE 301 | CONCEPCIÓN |
| 61 | IMPERIAL REÑACA | CAMINO INTERNACIONAL 1025 (ROTONDA SANTA JULIA) | VIINA del mar |
| 62 | imperial talca | AV. SAN MIGUEL 2687, ESQ. 23 ORIENTE (EX SAN PABLO) | talca |
| 63 | hCtalca colin | AV. CoLín 0635 | talca |
| 64 | hC SAn fernando | AV. LIBERTADOR B. O'HIGGINS 0450, RUTA I-50 | SAN FERNANDO |
| 65 | HC ALTO HOSPICIO | AV. LOS AROMOS 2780 | ALTO HOSPICIO |
| 66 | HC CASTRO | RUTA 5 NORTE 2456, SECTOR TEN TEN, CASTRO, CHILOÉ | CASTRO |
| 67 | hC SANTA CRUZ | RAFAEL CASANOVA 412 | SANTA CRUZ |
| 68 | hc ovalle | PROLONGACIÓN BENAVENTE 1075 | OVALLE |



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| 1 | san miguel | AV. de Lamarina 2355, SAn miguel | LIMA |
| 2 | megaplaza | AV. Industrial 3515-3517, LOCALA-8, CC MEGA PLAZA | LIMA |
| 3 | atocongo | AV. CIRCUNVALACIÓN 1801-1803-1805 | LIMA |
| 4 | JAVIER PRADO | AV. JAVIER PRADO ESTE 1057-A | LIMA |
| 5 | CHICLAYO | AV.VICTOR RAÚL HAYA de Latorre S/n urb. SAN EdUARDO. | CHICLAYO |
| 6 | TRUJILLO OPEN PLAZA | AV. AMÉRICA NORTE 1245, ANCLA 2, URB. LOS JARDINES, OPEN PLAZA. | TRUJILLO |
| 7 | lima Centro | AV. TACNA 640 | LIMA |
| 8 | CANTA CALLAO | AV. JAPON (EX. BERTELLO) / CALLE LAS BEGONIAS S/N, CC CANTA CALLAO OPEN PLAZA - CALLAO | LIMA |
| 9 | TRUJILLO MALL | AV. MANSICHES/N TRUJILLO - C.C. MALL AVENTURA PLAZA | TRUJILLO |
| 10 | bellavista | AV. OSCAR R. BENAVIDES 3866, LOCALTH - 1, MALL PLAZA bellavista | LIMA |
| 11 | ICAMINKA | AV. SAN MARTİN 727, InTERIOR 101, C.C. PLAZA DEL SOL | ICA |
| 12 | ANGAMOS | AV. NUEVA TOMÁS MARSANO 961, ESQ. C/ ANGAMOS 1803 ANCLA 01 | LIMA |
| 13 | PIURA | AV. A.A. CACERES 147-CC OPEN PLAZA - URB MIRAFLORESCASTILA | PIURA |
| 14 | AREQUIPA | AV. PORONGOCHE 500, MALLAVENTURA, DEL DISTRITO DE PAUCARPATA | AREQUIPA |
| 15 | Jockey PLAZA | AV. PRADO, JAVIER ESTE 4010 TDA TD-3 URB. FUNDO <br> MONTERRICO CHICO, SANTIAGO DESURCO, LIMA | LIMA |
| 16 | CHIMBOTE | VICTOR HAYA DE LA TORRE 4694, INTERIOR A04, MZ B, LOTE 1-A 1-A2, PARQUE GRAN CHAVIN | CHIMBOTE |
| 17 | SANTA ANITA (ATE) | AV. LOS FRUTALES 202, SÓTANO, 1.ERPISO, MEZANINE Y AZOTEA URB. FUNDO MONTERRICO GRANDE OESTE | LIMA |


| 18 | CAṄETE | AV. MARISCAL BENAVIDES S/N (CUADRA 10) SAN VICENTE DECAÑETE | SAN VICENTE <br> DECAN゙ETE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19 | HUACHO | AV. 9 DE OCTUBRE CON 28 DE JULIO, HUACHO | HUACHo |
| 20 | SAN JUAN LURIGANCHO | AV. LAS LOMAS601-649 MZ. L, LT 11 - URB ZARATE INDUSTRIAL | LIMA |
| 21 | PUCALLPA | AV. CENTENARIO 2086, ANCLA 3 DISTRITO DE YARINOCOCHA | PUCALLPA |
| 22 | SULLANA | CARRETERA SULLANA A PAITA No. 101-SUB LOTE A - SULLANA | SULLANA |
| 23 | VILLAelsalvador | PARQUE IND. PARC. II, MANZANA C LOTE 1 Y 7 | LIMA |
| 24 | CAJAMARCA OP | AV. ANDRES ZEVALLOS CUADRA 26 /URB. HORACIO ZEVALLOS GOMEZ | CAJAMARCA |
| 25 | Chacarilla | AV CAMINOS DEL INCA 100 MZ. A LT 12345 URB. <br> TAMBO DE MONTERRICO | LIMA |
| 26 | SURQUILLO | AV. ANGAMOS ESTE 1353-1355 ESQ. CON AV. REPÚBLICA DE PANAMÁ | LIMA |
| 27 | PUEbLO Libre | AV.UNIVERSITARIA SUR 2271, PUEBLO LIBRE | LIMA |
| 28 | Chorrillos | AV. PASEO DE LA REPÚBLICA, PRLG N. ${ }^{\circ}$ S/N DEPARTAMENTO LM - 04, PLAZA LIMASUR. | LIMA |
| 29 | ATE | AV. LA MOLINA 378, FUNDO IQUISIDOR Y PULIDO, ATE | LIMA |
| 30 | AREQUIPA | AV. LOS INCAS 400 - A. REF. SECTOR LAMBRAMANI, AREQUIPA | AREQUIPA |
| 31 | NARANJAL | AV. ALFREDO MENDIOLA 5118-5150, LOT. INDUSTRIAL INFANTAS, IIETAPA, LOS OLIVOS | LIMA |
| 32 | CALLAO | AV. ARGENTINA 2842-2868 | LIMA |
| 33 | COLONIAL | AV. COLONIAL 751 | LIMA |
| 34 | PIURA | AV. SANCHEZ CERRO 3254-ZONA INDUSTRIAL III ETAPAVENTISEIS DE OCTUBRE-PIURA | PIURA |
| 35 | Independencia | AV. ALFREDO MENDIOLA 1400 SECTOR 6 C.C. PLAZA LIMA NORTE | LIMA |
| 36 | CHICLAYO | CALLE HERMANOS GALINDO S/N - CUADRA 3 - URB. PATAZCA. CHICLAYO | CHICLAYO |

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| 37 | TRUJILLO | AV. AMERICA DEL SUR 1451-1459, CA JOSÉ GALVEZ N. 955 URBANIZACIÓN BARRIO CHICAGO | TRUJILLO |
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| 38 | huancayo | AV. HUANCAVELICA 221-225 ELTAMBO | HUANCAYO |
| 39 | ICA | AV. LOS MAESTROS 206-208 | ICA |
| 40 | cusco | Prolongación av. Cultura lote 1,2,9 Versalles | cusco |
| 41 | CERRO Colorado | AV. AVIACIÓn CuAdra 1 S/N - Cerro colorado | AREQUIPA |
| 42 | SAnluis | AV. NICOLÁS AYLLón 1680 URb. EL PINO DISTRITO SAN LUIS | LIMA |
| 43 | TACNA | CERCADO - PRoLongación 2 de mayo, PARCELA N. 3. | TACNA |
| 44 | cajamarca | JR. SAN LUISS/N, SECTOR 09, PUEBLO LIBRE, CAJAMARCA | CAJAMARCA |
| 45 | SULLANA | PROLONGACIÓN AV. SÁNCHEZ CERRO N. ${ }^{3} 3264$, MZ V, LOTE 07, ZONA INDUSTRIALIII-26DE OCTUBRE-PIURA | SULLANA |
| 46 | COMAS | AV. CHACRA CERRO ZON C LT-121 EX. FUNDO CHACRA CERRO (SÓTANO, 1.ERAL 3ER PISO Y AZOTEA). | LIMA |
| 47 | PUENTE PIEDRA | CALLE 07MZ lit 01 URBANIZACIÓN LASVEGAS | LIMA |
| 48 | HUACHO | PROLONGACIÓN AV. CULTURA LOTE 1,2,9 URB VERSALLES | HUACHO |
| 49 | CHINCHA | AV. SAN IDELFONSO S/N CP. CINCO ESQUINAS - ACEQUIA GRANDE | CHINCHA |
| 50 | VENTANILLA | CALLE ALONSO DE MOLINA LT. 5.,.,7, ,8,9 SUBLOTE 14C URB ZONA INDUSTRIAL, DISTRITO VENTANILA-CALLAO | LIMA |
| 51 | SAN JUAN DE MIRAFLORES | AV. BELISARIO SUAREZ 181 ZONA INDUSTRIAL, SAN JUAN DE MIRAFLORES | LIMA |
| 52 | barrios altos | JR. LUIS SOTOMAYOR PIMENTEL 252, CERCADO | LIMA |
| 53 | CHICLAYO 2 | AV. Jose maría escriva de balaguer 1415 - CARRETERA A LAMbayeque | CHICLAYO |
| 54 | huancayo | AV. FERROCARRIL 146-150 | huancayo |
| 55 | PURUCHUCO | LOCALO-5, 0-6, 0-11, 0-12 BOULEVARD ASIA, PANAMERICANA SUR kM 97.5-ASIA-CAÑETE. | LIMA |
| 56 | COMAS | AV. LOS ÁNGELES 668 DPTO: (TH1) MZ: A-1 LT: 1 URB. ALAMEDAS DEL RETABLO COMAS | LIMA |



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| 21 | hC montería | CARRERA 68\#06-50 | COSTA |
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| 22 | HCNEIVA | CALLE 50\#16-02 | ibaguéy ALREDEDORES |
| 23 | HC MANIZALES | CALLE 70 \# 18-165 | Eje Cafetero |
| 24 | HC Cedritos | CALLE152 No.9-08 | bogotá |
| 25 | hCenvigado | CRA 49 AV. REGIONAL NO 32 B SUR 24 | medellín |
| 26 | hC Valledupar | TRANSVERSAL 19\#3-150 | COSTA |
| 27 | HC SANTA MARTA | CARRERA 35 No. $29^{\text {a }}$ - 355 | COSTA |
| 28 | hC Palmira | CALLE 42\#39 ESQUINA | CALI |
| 29 | HC BARRANQUILLA PRADO CENTRO | CRA 46 NO 48-50 | BARRANQUILLA |
| 30 | HCARMENIA | AV. CENTENARIO \#3-180 | EJE CAFETERO |
| 31 | HC RIonegro | CALLE 43 No. $54-139$ CC SAN NICOLÁS | medellín |
| 32 | hC CAJICÁ | KM. 27 VİA BOGOTÁ- CAJICÁ | bogotá |
| 33 | HC TINTAL | CALLE 10 N 86-50 | bogotá |
| 34 | HC GIRARDOT | AV. KENNEDY Con CAlLe 35 | IBAGUÉY <br> ALREDEDORES |
| 35 | HC YOPAL | CALLE 24 NO 35-39 | VILLAVICENCIO <br> YALREDEDORES |
| 36 | HC CARTAGENA SAN FERNANDO | CALLE $31 \mathrm{~N} .82-112$ | CARTAGENA |
| 37 | hC TULUÁ | CARRERA 40 NO 37229 CENTRO COMERCIAL TULUÁ AL LADO delalmacén la 14 barrio el retiro. | CALI |
| 38 | HC BARRANQUILLA 3 | CRA 10N27B-211 DIAGONALALC.C. PANORAMA | BARRANQUILLA |
| 39 | HCTUNJA | AVENIDA UNIVERSITARIA \# 50-21 | TUNJA |
| 40 | HC MOSQUERA FUNZA | AV. TRONCAL OCCIDENTE \#1 59 ESTE ETAPA 8 PARQUE INDUSTRIALEL PORTAL | MOSQUERA |

[^10]| 12 CARAGUATATUBA | AV.RIO-BRANCO, 450-INDAIAA, CARAGUATATUBA - <br> SP, CEP 11665-600. | CARAGUATATUBA |
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| 14 | CEP 09950-000 | DIADEMA |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 14 | ENSEADA | AV. DOM PEDRO I, 2520-JARDIM BELMAR, GUARUJÁ - SP, <br> CEP 11440-002. | GUARUJÁ |


| 15 | fernão días | ROD. FERNÃO DIAS, KM 87, S/N - PARQUE EDU CHAVES, SÃO PAULO - SP, CEP 02283-000. | SÃO PAULO |
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| 16 | gualanases | ESTRADA ITAQUERA GUAIANASES, 2000 (NO D'AVÓ) - JARDIM helena, SÃo PAuLo - SP, CEP 08420-000. | SÃO PAULO |

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| 18 | guaratinguetá | AV. JUSCELINO KUBITSCHECK DE OLIVEIRA, 870-CAMPO DO GALVÃO, GUARATINGUETÁ - SP, CEP 12500-290. | GUARATINGUETA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19 | gUARUJÁ BALSA | AV. ADHEMAR DE BARROS, 1531 (BALSA) - JARDIM HELENA MARIA, GUARUJÁ - SP, CEP 11430-003. | guarujá |
| 20 | IndAIATUBA | AV. PRESIDENTE KENNEDY, 330 - CIDADE NOVA I, INDAIATUBA - SP, CEP 13334-170. | InDAIATUBA |
| 21 | IPIRANGA | R. DOS PATRIOTAS, 1211, IPIRANGA | SÃO PAULO |
| 22 | ITANHAÉM | R. JOÃO PEDRO ORSI, 117/120 - CIDADE ANCHIETA, ITANHAÉM - SP CEP 11740-000. | ITANHAÉM |
| 23 | ITU | AV. NOVE DE JULHO, 897 - VILA PADRE BENTO, ITU - SP, CEP 13313-100. | ITU |
| 24 | JACAREI | PRACA CHARLES GATES, 90 - JARDIM DAS INDUSTRIAS, <br> JACAREÍ - SP, CEP 12306-090. | Jacareí |
| 25 | Jundiaí | AV. ANTÔNIO FREDERICO OZANAN, 6080 (AO LADO DO MAXI SHOPPING) - HORTO FLORESTAL, JUNDIAI' - SP, CEP 13214-205. | judiaí |
| 26 | LIMEIRA | R. MIGUEL GUIDOTTI, 2155, PARQUE EGISTO RAGAZZO, LIMEIRA-SP | LIMEIRA |
| 27 | M. TIETE | AV. THOMAS EDISON, 1324 - BARRA FUNDA, SÃO PAULO - SP, CEP 01140-001 | SÃO PAULO |
| 28 | M. TITO | AVENIDA MARECHALTITO, 5768 (NO ROLDÃO) - ITAIM PAULISTA, SÃO PAULO - SP, CEP 08115-000. | SÃO PAULO |
| 29 | maUÁ | AV. ANTÔNIA ROSA FIORAVANTE - CENTRO (MAUÁ PLAZA SHOPPING), MAUÁ - SP - CEP 09390-015. | MAUÁ |
| 30 | MOGI | RUA PROFESSOR ISMAELALVES DOS SANTOS, 455 - VILA MOGILAR - MOGI DAS CRUZES - SP - CEP 08773-550. | MOGIDAS cruzes |
| 31 | MOGI GUAÇU | AV. MOGI MIRIM, 252 (AO LADO DO BIG BOM) - AREIÃO, MOG GUAÇU - SP, CEP 13844-110. | MOGI GUAÇU |
| 32 | MONGAGUÁ | AV. ANTÔNIO MARTINS DE ARAÚJO, 100 - CENTRO, MONGAGUÁ - SP, CEP 11730-000. | MONGAGUA |
| 33 | Peruíbe | AV. PADRE ANCHIETA, 4741 - TRÊS MARIAS, PERUÍBE - SP, CEP 11750-000. | peruíbe |
| 34 | PIRITUBA | AV. RAIMUNDO PEREIRA DE MAGALHÃES 11.980, JARDIM PIRITUBA | SÃO PAULO |
| 35 | POÁ | ROD. HENRIQUE EROLES, 141 - VILA ERCILIA, POÁ - SP. CEP 08557-700. | POÁ |


| 36 | PRAIA GRANDE | AV. PRES. KENNEDY, 1876 - GUILHERMINA, PRAIA GRANDE - SP, CEP 11702-200. | PRAIAGRANDE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 37 | RADIAL LESTE | AV. ALCÂNTARA MACHADO, 1993 - BRÁS, SÃO PAULO - SP, CEP 03101-003 | SÃo paulo |
| 38 | SÃO JOSÉ DOSCAMPOS | AV. ENGENHEIRO FRANCISCO JOSÉ LONGO, 1595, LOJA 1 , JARDIM SÃO DIMAS, SÃO JOSÉ DOS CAMPOS -SP | SÃO José dos campos |
| 39 | SANTA BÁRBARA | R. DO ÓSMIO, 915 - JARDIM MOLLON, SANTA BÁRBARA D'OESTE <br> - SP, CEP 13456-625. | SANTA BARBARA D'OESTE |
| 40 | SANTO ANDRÉ | AV. ANTÔNIO CARDOSO, 536 - BANGÚ (NO SAM'S CLUB), SANTO ANDRÉ - SP, CEP 09280-570. | SANTO ANDRÉ |
| 41 | SAntos | SHOPPING PRAIAMAR - R. ALEXANDRE MARTINS, 80-301APARECIDA, SANTOS - SP, CEP 11025-200. | SANTOS |
| 42 | SÃo carlos | AV. GETÚLIO VARGAS, 157 - VILA LUTFALLA, SÃO CARLOS - SP. CEP 13570-672. | SĀO carlos |
| 43 | SÃo miguel | AV. SÃO MIGUEL, 8201 - SÃO MIGUEL PAULISTA, SÃO PAULO - SP, CEP 08070-001. | SÃo Paulo |
| 44 | SÃO VICENTE | AV. PREFEITO JOSÉ MONTEIRO, 1045 - JARDIM INDEPENDENCIA, SÃO VICENTE - SP, CEP 11380-001. | SȦO VICente |
| 45 | sorocaba | AV. PROFESSORA IZORAIDA MARQUES PERES, 401, LJ B, PARQUE CAMPOLIM | sorocaba |
| 46 | sto. Amaro | AV. JOÃO DIAS, 1713 - SANTO AMARO, SÃO PAULO - SP. CEP 04723-002 | SÃO PAULO |
| 47 | sumaré | AV. JOSÉ MANCINE, 350 - JARDIM SAO CARLOS, SUMARÉ - SP, CEP 13170-040. | SUMARÉ |
| 48 | suzano | AV. VER. JOÃO BATISTA FITIPALDI, 380 (NO ATACADÃO) VILA MALUF, SUZANO - SP, CEP 08685-000. | SUZANO |
| 49 | T.VILELA | AV. SEN. TEOTÔNIO VILELA, 8030 (ATACADÃO) - JARDIM SÃO RAFAEL, SÃO PAULO - SP, CEP 04864-002. | SÃO PAULO |
| 50 | taubaté | AV. CHARLES SCHNNEIDER, 850 - PARQUE SR. DO BONFIM, TAUBATÉ - SP, CEP 12040-000. | taubaté |
| 51 | TREMEMBÉ | AV. CEL. SEZEFREDO FAGUNDES, 1855 - TREMEMBÉ, <br> SÃO PAULO - SP, CEP 02306-000. | SÃo Paulo |
| 52 | SÃo bernardo | AV. SENADOR VERGUEIRO, N. 2000 JR. TRÊS MARIAS, SÃO BERNARDO DO CAMPO - SP, CEP 09750-900. | SÃo Paulo |

[^11]
## fALABEL..A.

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\equiv \text { Index }
$$

(1) mexico

| No | STORE | LOCATION | CITY |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

(1) Welcome

| No | Store | Location | CITY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | hC San martin | AV. SAN MARTíN 421,ESQ Gral.paz, partido de san martín | buenosaires |
| 2 | HC SAN JUSTO | AVENIDA DON BOSCO 2680, PARTIDO DE LAMATANZA | buenos aires |
| 3 | HC VICENTE LOPEZ | AV. LIBERTADOR 77, VICENTE LÓPEZ | PROVINCIA BUENOS AIRES |
| 4 | HC TORTUGAS | AV. OLIVOS 4051, PARTIDO DE MALVINAS ARGENTINA, TORTUGUITAS | PROVINCIA BUENOSAIRES |
| 5 | HC Córdoba | AV. COLÓN 4880, BARRIO VILLA URQUIZA | CÓrdoba |
| 6 | hC LAPlata | CAmino general belgrano S/n Entre 514 Y 517 | LA PLATA |
| 7 | HC ADROGUÉ | BOULEVARD SHOPPING - AV. HIPÓLITO YRIGOYEN 13298, ADROGUÉ | PROVINCIA BUENOSAIRES |

## = URUGUAY

| No | STORE | LOCATION | CITY |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | HC GIANNATTASIO | AVDA. GIANNATTASIO KM 16, BARRA DE CARRASCO | CANELONES |
| 2 | HC SAYAGO | ARIEL CAMINO 4620, MONTEVIDEO | MONTEVIDEO |
| 3 | HC MALDONADO | RUTA 39, ESQ. AV. LUIS DE HERRERA | MALDONADO |
| 4 | AV.ITALIA | AVENIDA ITALIA 4250, ESQ. COLOMBRES, MONTEVIDEO | MONTEVIDEO |


(2) Whoweare
(3) Physical-digital ecosystem
(4) Sustainability
model
(5) Corporate governance

6 Corporate (7) Financial $\begin{aligned} & \text { statements }\end{aligned}$
(8) How we report

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## fALABEL.A.

## SUPERMARKET

* chile

| № | STORE | Location | CITY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | ELMONTE | LOS LIBERTADORES 316, EL MONTE | SANTIAGO |
| 2 | talagante plaza | EYZAGUIRRE 715, TALAGANTE | SANtiAgo |
| 3 | SB PLAZA | O'HIGGINS 550, SAN BERNARDO | SANTIAGO |
| 4 | buin | SAN MARTİN 174, BUIN | SANTIAGO |
| 5 | SBESTACIÓN | ARTURO PRAT 117, SAN BERNARDO | SANTIAGO |
| 6 | peñaflor | ALCalde luis araya cereceda 4237, peñaflor | SANTIAGO |
| 7 | Rengo | CONDELL 100 | Rengo |
| 8 | MELIPILLA | AVDA. SERRANO 395, MELIPILLA | SANTIAGO |
| 9 | SAN ANTONIO | AVDA. BARROS LUCO 1399 | SAN ANTONIO |
| 10 | TALAGANTE CORDILLERA | CALETERA LOSAROMOS 0441, TALAGANTE | SANTIAGO |
| 11 | PUENTE ALTO | AVDA. CONCHA YTORO 1477, PUENTEALTO | SANTIAGO |
| 12 | Nataniel | NATANIEL COX 620, SANTIAGO | SANTIAGO |
| 13 | LA CALERA | PROLONGACIÓN PEREZ 12010 | LACALERA |
| 14 | ANTOFAGASTA MALL | BALMACEDA 2355 | ANTOFAGASTA |
| 15 | LAFLORIDA | AVDA. AMÉrICO VESPUCIO 7310, LA FLORIDA | SANTIAGO |
| 16 | ANTOFAGASTA CENTRO | CONDELL 2639-2645 | ANTOFAGASTA |
| 17 | COLINA | AVDA. CONCEPCIÓN 47, COLINA | SANTIAGO |
| 18 | ALAMEDA | AV. LIBERTADOR BERNARDO O'HIGGINS 3470, ESTACIÓN CENTRAL | SANTIAGO |
| 19 | El bosque | GRAN AVENIDA JOSÉ MIGUEL CARRERA 10375, EL BOSQUE | SANTIAGO |


| 20 | SAn fernando | AV. CARAMPANGUE 681 | SAn fernando |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21 | PADRE HURTADO | CAMINO SAN ALBERTO HURTADO 2436, PADRE HURTADO | SANTIAGO |
| 22 | SAN FELIPE | AV. LIBERTADOR BERNARDO O'HIGGINS 1150 | SAN FELIPE |
| 23 | talca | CALLE 4NORTE 1530 | talca |
| 24 | Catedral | CATEDRAL 1850, SANTIAGO | SANTIAGO |
| 25 | machalí | AVDA. SAN JUAN 133, MACHALÍ | MACHALÍ |
| 26 | SANTA Julia | AVDA. ALESSANDRI 4025 | Viña delmar |
| 27 | Calama centro | CENTRO AVDA. GRANADEROS 3651 | CALAMA |
| 28 | huechuraba | SANTA MARTA DE HUECHURABA 7300, HUECHURABA | SANTIAGO |
| 29 | вío bío | AVDA. Los Carrera poniente 301, Concepción | вıовío |
| 30 | CHILLȦN | ECUADOR 599 | CHILLÁN |
| 31 | Rancagua centro | CUEVAS 405 | rancagua |
| 32 | Vicuñamackenna | AV. VICUÑ̇ MACKENNA 665, SANTIAGO | SANTIAGO |
| 33 | MALL PLAZA TOBALABA | AVDA. CAMILO HENRÍQUEZ 3692, LOCAL H100, PUENTE ALTO | SANTIAGO |
| 34 | LOS ÁNGELES | MEndoza 535 | LOS ÁNGELES |
| 35 | VITACURA | AVDA. VITACURA 9019, VITACURA | SANTIAGO |
| 36 | Eltrébol | AV. JORGE ALESSANDRI 3177 | talcahuano |
| 37 | plaza egaña | AV. LARRAín 5862, Local hioo, LAREINA | SANTIAGO |
| 38 | ovalle | ProLongAción Calle benavente 1075, LOCAL 200 | OVALLE |
| 39 | Quilpué | AV. FREIRE 120 | Quilpué |
| 40 | CONCÓN | AV. MANANTIALES 955 | CONCÓN |
| 41 | Walker martínez | WALKER MARTíNez 3600, LA FLORIDA | SANTIAGO |
| 42 | MALL Plaza Copiapó | MAIPÚ 109, LOTE B | COPIAPÓ |
| 43 | reñaca | AV. VICUÑA MACKENNA 1050, Local 1; Reñacabajo | Viña delmar |
| 44 | chamisero | AV. Chamisero, Lote A8, LOCAL 1, Colina | SANTIAGO |

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(2) Whoweare
(3) Physical-digital ecosystem
(4) Sustainability model
(5) Corporate governance

6 Corporate
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(7)
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(8)

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SANTIAGO

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& \begin{array}{l}
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\text { ecosystem }
\end{array} \\
& \text { (4) Sustainability } \\
& \text { model } \\
& \text { (5) Corporate } \\
& \text { governance } \\
& 6 \\
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { Corporate } \\
\text { nformation }
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& \text { (7) Financial } \\
& \text { statements } \\
& \text { (8) How we report } \\
& \text { Consolidated } \\
& \text { (9) financial }
\end{aligned}
$$

| 67 | ANTOFAGASTA | AV. PEDRO AGUIRRE CERDA 10578 | ANTOFAGASTA |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | NORTE |  |  |

(T) PERU - ————— (3)

| $\mathrm{N}^{\circ}$ | STORE | LOCATION | CITY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | MEGAPLAZA | ALFREDO MENDIOLA 3698, CENTRO COMERCIAL MEGA PLAZA, INDEPENDENCIA | LIMA |
| 2 | LAS BEGONIAS | AV. LAS BEGONIAS 785, URB. JARDín, SAN IIIDRO | LIMA |
| 3 | LA MARINA | AV. LA MARINA 2355, URB MARANGA - 1ERA ETAPA ANCLA 2 SAN MIGUEL | LIMA |
| 4 | ATOCONGO | AV. CIRCUNVALACIÓN 1803, TIENDA ANCLA 2,SAN JUAN DEMIRAFLORES | LIMA |
| 5 | HUAYLAS | AV DEFENSORES DEL MORRO 1350, CHORRILLOS | LIMA |
| 6 | TRUJILLO 1 | AV. MANSICHES/N- CASERIO CORTIJO | TRUJILLO |
| 7 | CHICLAYO 1 | VICTOR RAÚLHAYA DE LA TORRE 150-250-URB. SAN EDUARDO TIENDAANCLA 1 | CHICLAYO |
| 8 | QUILCA | AV. LIMA 4208, URB. BOCANEGRA, PROVINCIA CONSTITUCIONAL DELCALLAO | LIMA |
| 9 | SAENZ PENA | CALLE CASTILLA 496, PROVINCIA CONSTITUCIONAL DEL CALLAO | LIMA |
| 10 | CANTA CALLAO | CARRETERA CANTA CALLAO 378, CALLE CASTILLA 496, PROVINCIA CONSTITUCIONAL DEL CALLAO | LIMA |
| 11 | lima centro | AV. TACNA 665 - CERCADO DE LIMA | LIMA |
| 12 | elagustino | AV.ANCASH 2479, ELAGUSTINO | LIMA |
| 13 | PUENTE PIEDRA | AV. PUENTE PIEDRA SUR 322 - ALT. KM 30 PANAMERICANANORTEPUENTE PIEDRA | LIMA |

## fALABELLA

| 14 | TRUJILLO 2 | AV. AMÉRICA NORTE 1245 URB. LOS JARDINES OPEN PLAZA TRUJILLO | TRUJILLO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 | bellavista | AV. ÓSCAR R. BENAVIDES 3866 (SM 1) BeLLAVISTA - CALLAO | LIMA |
| 16 | ICA | AV. SAN MARTín 763 | ICA |
| 17 | PACHACÚTEC | AV. PROLONG. PACHACUTEC 6321, TABLADA DE LURIN ZONA 4 VILLA MARIA DEL TRIUNFO | LIMA |
| 18 | zorritos | AV. COLONIAL 1291, 1293 - JR. ZORRITOS 1504, 1548, 1552 | LIMA |
| 19 | LAFONTANA | AV. LA FONTANA 790, URB. LA RIVERA DE MONTERRICO II ETAPA LAMOLINA | LIMA |
| 20 | ANGAMOS | AV. ANGAMOS ESTE 1803 - ESQ. TOMAS MARSANO Y ANGAMOS ESTE - SURQUILLO | LIMA |
| 21 | TUSILAGOS | AV. LOS TUSILAGOS OESTE 281 URB. LOS JARDINES DE <br> SAN JUAN SECTOR 3 SAN JUAN DE LURIGANCHO | LIMA |
| 22 | PIURA | AV. ANDRÉS AVELINO CÁCERES 147 SECTOR 1B TDA ANCLA 2. URB. MIRAFLORES-CASTILLA | PIURA |
| 23 | AREQUIPA CAYMA | AV. EJERCITO 793, AREQUIPA CAYMA | AREQUIPA |
| 24 | AREQUIPA PORON GOCHE | AV. PORONGOCHE 500, DISTRITO DE PAUCARPATA | AREQUIPA |
| 25 | PRÓCERES | AV. LOS PRÓCERES 1030, SANTIAGO DE SURCO | LIMA |
| 26 | Jockey PLAZA | AV. JAVIER PRADO ESTE 4010, URB. FUNDO MONTERRICO CHICO SANTIAGO DESURCO | LIMA |
| 27 | CHICLAYO BELAÚNDE YLORA | AV. FERNANDO BELAUNDE TERRY 685 - URB LA PRIMAVERA | CHICLAYO |
| 28 | CAMPOY | AV. PROLONGACIÓN MALECÓN CHECA, CON A.D.V VILLA MERCEDES, CON CALLE 5 MANZANA LSUB LOTE 1-1A* | LIMA |
| 29 | CHINCHA | ESQUINA AV. MASSARO CON ESO MARISCAL CASTILLA- <br> CHINCHAALTA - CHINCHA - ICA* | ICA |
| 30 | CHIMBOTE | AV. PANAMERICANA NORTE 505 MZ. B LOTE. 1A-1-A2 CHIMBOTE SANTA - ANCASH | CHIMBOTE |
| 31 | SANTAANITA | Z.I. A-B CARRETERA CENTRAL 135, SANTA ANITA | LIMA |
| 32 | LOS OLIVOS | AV. ALFREDO MENDIOLA 5810, LOS OLIVOS | LIMA |


| 33 | CHICLAYO SAN JOSÉ | AV. LUIS GONZALES 881 | CHICLAYO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 34 | cañete | AV. MARISCAL BENAVIDES 1000-SAN VICENTE DE CAÑETE -CAÑETE-LIMA | CAṄETE |
| 35 | AV. CENTRAL | AV. CANTA CALLAO 3005 - S.M.P. (MZ. G LOTE 3 - URB. HUERTOS DEL NARANJAL) | LIMA |
| 36 | CHICLAYO LEGUíA | AV. AUGUSTO B LEGUÍA 110 | CHICLAYO |
| 37 | PACASMAYO | AV. GONZALO UGAZSALCEDO 23 | pacasmayo |
| 38 | AREQUIPA PARRA | AV. PARRA 218-218A-220 | AREQUIPA |
| 39 | SULLANA | AV. PANAMERICANA 445 ESQ. CA. SANTO TORIBIO 160 | SULLANA |
| 40 | pucallpa | AV. CENTENARIO 2086, YARINACOCHA - CORONEL PORTILLO | PUCALLPA |
| 41 | SAN LUIS | AV. SAN LUIS AV. SAN LUIS MZ. A LOTE 1 URB. SAN BORJA CENTRO (FICHA REGISTRAL) | LIMA |
| 42 | MIRAFLORES | AV. 28 DE JULIO 1045, MIRAFLORES (CENTRO COMERCIAL PASO 28 DE JULIO) | LIMA |
| 43 | hb puente piedra | AV.LEONCIO PRADO 1916-PUENTE PIEDRA - LIMA | LIMA |
| 44 | CHEPÉN | CARRETERA PANAMERICANA 715-721 | CHEPÉN |
| 45 | huánuco | JR. 2 DEMAYO 125, HUÁNUCO | LIMA |
| 46 | hb huaycán | AV.LOS InCAS 205 MZ.ALT. 7 EX.AV. CIRCUNVALACIÓN - AtE | HUAYCAN |
| 47 | CAJAMARCA | JR. CINCO ESQUINAS S/N C/AV.VİA DE EVITAMIENTO | cajamarca |
| 48 | SAN HILARION | AV SAN HILARION ESTE 150-180 URB. SAN HILARION SJ LURIGANCHO (TEMPORAL) | LIMA |
| 49 | molicentro | AV. 7510 -EL SUACE - RINCONADA, LA MOLINA | LIMA |
| 50 | Huacho | AVENIDA MOORE, 213-215, HUACHO, PROVINCIA DE HUAURA, DEPARTAMENTO DE LIMA | LIMA |
| 51 | huaral | AV. CHANCAY KM. 8.5 HUARAL | LIMA |
| 52 | hb Guardia civil | AV. GUARDIA CIVIL MZA M Lote 13-LA CAMPIINA, Chorrillos | LIMA |
| 53 | LIMASUR | AV. LOS LIRIOS NRO. 301 URB. ENTEL PERU - SAN JUAN DEMIRAFLORES | LIMA |

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| 54 | HBCHINCHA | CAL. Leopoldo carrillo nro. 0 - Chincha alta, ica | CHINCHA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 55 | HBP1 PISCO | CALLE COMERCIO 700, PISCO | ICA |
| 56 | HBP1 BARRIOS ALTOS | JR. HUÁNUCO 925, CERCADO | LIMA |
| 57 | ht PIURANORTE | AV. SÁNCHEZ CERRO 3264 - INTERIOR 101, DISTRITO DE 26 DE OCTUBRE, PIURA | PIURA |
| 58 | TOTTUS HUANCAYO | AV. FERROCARRILESQ CON PROLONGACIÓN SAN CARLOS S/N SECTOR 14 | HUANCAYO |
| 59 | VILLA EL SALVADOR | MZA. DLOTE. 3 -ZONA AGROPECUARIA (FRENTE MERCADO UNICACHI) VILLA EL SALVADOR, LIMA | LIMA |
| 60 | tottus cusco | AV. De LA Cultura 2219, Cusco | cusco |
| 61 | hb chulucanas | AV. RAMÓN CASTILLA No. 1480 Chulucanas Morropón - PIURA | PIURA |
| 62 | HBP1ICA PANAMERICANA | AV. FERNANDO LEÓN DE VIVERO 611 URB. SAN JOAQUín | ICA |
| 63 | tottus dominicos | AV. TOMASVALLE 3305 URB. Jorge chávez, CALLAO | LIMA |
| 64 | TOTTUS COMANDAN- <br> TE ESPINAR | AV. COMANDANTE ESPINAR 719, MIRAFLORES | LIMA |
| 65 | hbsullana | AH SANTA TERESITA CAL. Jorge châvez 131 | PIURA |
| 66 | HB TRUJILLO PIÉROLA | AV. NICOLÁS de Piérola 1971, URB. LA ESPERANCITA, TRUJILLO | TRUJILLO |
| 67 | HBICATINGUIÑA | AV. RIO DE JANEIRO 361, DISTRITO DE LATINGÜINA, ICA | ICA |
| 68 | HB HUACHO | AV. CHANCAY 1248 | LIMA |
| 69 | HBNICOLÁS DUEÑAS | AV. NICOLÁS DUEÑAS 475, Cercado de lima | LIMA |
| 70 | HB MOYOBAMBA | JR. MANUEL DELÁGUILA 837, MOYOBAMBA | MOYobamba |
| 71 | hb FERRENAFE | ESQUINA AV. AUGUSTO B. LEGUÍA CON AV. TACNA - FERREÑAFE, LAMBAYEQUE | FERRENAFE |
| 72 | HB TRUJILLO UNION | URB. EL SOL DEL CHACARERO / PROLONGACIÓN UNIÓN 2325, TRUJILLO | TRUJILLO |
| 73 | hb Piura grau | AV. GRAU 4816, PIURA | PIURA |


| 74 | hbiqlamarina | AV.LA MARINA 405 | IQUITOS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 75 | HBMAESTRO PUCALLPA | AV. SALVADORALLENDES/N | PUCALLPA |
| 76 | puruchuco | AV. PRoLongAción JAVIER PRADO 8680,ATE | LIMA |
| 77 | hbtarapoto | JR. JIMÉNEZ PIMENTEL 1043, TARAPOTO | TARAPOTO |
| 78 | HB IQ ALF UGARTE | AV. ALFONsO UGARTE 1393 (EX AV. EJÉRCITO) | IQUITOS |
| 79 | plaza comas | AV. LOS ÁNGELES 602 URB. ALAMEDAS Del retablo, Comas | LIMA |
| 80 | hb PANAMERICANA URBANA | AV. LEONCIO PRADO 916, ZAPALLAL, PUENTE PIEDRA | LIMA |
| 81 | hb LAmerced | AV. PERU 438, CHANCHAMAYO, JUNİN | junin |
| 82 | BODEGAATE KAMPU | PARCELACIÓN FUNDO LAESTRELLA LOTE 86A,B, DYELOTE 2 SECTOR 3 , ATE | LIMA |
| 83 | bodegalurin | fnd SAN VICENTE N/S UC 10579 SUBLOTE 17, LURIN | LIMA |
| 84 | BODEGAV PACHACUTEC | AV. PROLONGACIÓN PACHACUTEC 6321, VILLA MARÍA DELTRIUNFO | LIMA |
| 85 | hbVMt mariategui | PROLONGACIÓN AV. José carlos mariategui 2524 | LIMA | Corporate

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## SUMMARIZED CORPORATE STRUCTURE ${ }^{19}$



## INFORMATION ON SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES

DIRECT SUBSIDIARIES

## INVERSIONES PARMIN SpA

Inversiones Parmin SpA is a simplified company constituted in accordance with Chilean law, with subscribed and paid share capital totaling Ch $\$ 232,400,047$. Falabella S.A. owns all the issued shares. During 2021 the company had a capital increase to reach this total, as stated in a public deed dated December 29, 2021, without resulting in any significant variations to ownership percentages.

## Business description

Invest in any capacity in all kinds of tangible and intangible goods, fixed or movable assets; in transferable securities, bonds, debentures, promissory notes or other financial documents, and their use and management; participation in all kinds of civil and commercial companies, whether collectives, limited partnerships as partner or manager, corporations, or limited liabil ity companies, irrespective of their purpose.

## MANAGEMENT

Falabella S.A
Class A Representatives:

- Mr. Carlo Solari Donaggio
- Mr. Juan Carlos Cortés Solari
- Mr. Gaston Bottazzin



## INVERSIONES FALABELLA LTDA

Inversiones Falabella Ltda, is a limited liabilty company incorporated in accordance with Chilean law, with subscribed and paid capital totaling Ch\$ 2,388,161,497,717. Falabella owns approximately $99.99 \%$ of the share capital, with the remainder owned by Inversiones Parmin SpA. During 2021, the Company had a capital increase to reach this total, as stated in public deeds dated May 11, 2021, August 4, 2021, November 17, 2021, December 13, 2021, December 28, 2021 and December 30, 2021, without resulting in any significant variations to ownership percentages.

## Business description

Invest in any class of shares, bonds, debentures, units or rights in companies in any capacity and securities and other fixed-income securities, to administer such assets, invest in all kinds of real estate and use and lease them to obtain income from such property. Therefore, the company may carry out all transactions, sign all contracts and generally perform anything that is appropriate or necessary in the opinion of its manager.

## MANAGEMENT

Corresponde a Falabella S.A.

## Class A Representatives:

- Mr. Carlo Solari Donaggio

Mr. Juan Carlos Cortés Solari
Mr. Gaston Bottazzini

M\$ (2021)
M\$(2020)

|  | M $\$(2021)$ | M $\$(2020)$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| TOTAL ASSETS | $21,026,351,550$ | $18,577,135,069$ |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | $14,215,000,826$ | $12,680,164,073$ |
| TOTAL EQUITY | $6,811,350,724$ | $5,896,970,996$ |
| NET INCOME FOR THE YEAR | $695,795,596$ | $35,341,101$ |
| CHANGES IN EQUITY | $914,379,728$ | $(242,303,314)$ |

(DECREASE) IN CASH AND
CASH EQUIVALENTS
$133,525,150 \quad 1,074,819,963$
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## SODIMAC COLOMBIA S.A.

Sodimac Colombia S.A. is a company incorporated under the laws of Colombia, with subscribed and paid capital totaling COP $\$ 29,975,000,000$ Falabella indirectly owns $49 \%$ of the issued shares, and there have been no changes during 2021.

## BOARD AND MANAGEMENT

## Principal Directors

- Mr. Roberto Junguito Pombo
- Mr. Alvaro Andres Echavarria Olano
- Mr. Daniel Echavarria Arango
- Mr. Rodrigo Agustin Fajardo Zilleruelo
- Mr. Rodrigo Andrés Sabugal Armijo


## Alternate Directors

- Ms. Emilia Restrepo Gómez
- Mr. Julio Manuel Ayerbe Muñoz
- Mr. Gaston Bottazzini
- Mr. Alejandro Arze Safian

Chief Executive Officer
Mr. Miguel Pardo Brigard

## Business description

Purchase, sell, distribute, manufacture, produce import, export, transport and market products suitable for human use or consumption or for animal consumption, including all kinds of fish pets and animals, goods, machinery, and services for construction, decoration, renovation improvement, staffing or equipping the home marketing agricultural consumables and seeds for planting, surveillance equipment and private security services, and all the services that are complementary to these activities.

|  | M\$(2021) | M\$(2020) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| TOTALASSETS | 750.859 .352 | 722.251 .736 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 513.764 .721 | 479.018 .423 |
| TOTAL EQUITY | 237.094 .631 | 243.233 .313 |
| NET INCOME FOR THE <br> YEAR | 71.681 .244 | 36.912 .580 |
| CHANGES IN EQUITY | $(6.138 .682)$ | $(19.558 .873)$ |
| FALABELLA S.A.S PERCEN- <br> TAGE OWNERSHIP | $\mathbf{4 9 \%}$ | $49 \%$ |
| ASSET PARTICIPATION | $\mathbf{1 , 1 1 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 2 9 \%}$ |

## SERVICIOS FINANCIEROS SORIANA,

## S.A.P.I DE C.V., SOFOM, E.N.R.

Servicios Financieros Soriana, S.A.P.I. de C.V., SOFOM, E.N.R. is a variable-capital private equity, multi-financial purpose, non-regulated entity constituted in accordance to the laws of Mexico, with subscribed and paid capital totaling MXN\$2,061,366,102. The

BOARD AND MANAGEMENT
Principal Directors

- Mr. Ricardo Martin Bringas (Chairman)
- Mr. Alberto Martin Soberón
- Mr. Ismael Humberto Fayad Wolff
- Mr. Carlo Solari Donaggio
- Mr. Gaston Bottazzini
- Mr. Juan Manuel Matheu

Alternate Directors

- Mr. Ricardo Martin Bringas
- Mr. Francisco Ramírez Díaz
- Mr. Rodrigo Jesus Benet Cordova
- Mr. Benoit Jean-Marie de Grave
- Mr. Leonardo Di Nucci
- Mr. Jordi Gaju Nicolau

Chief Executive Officer
Mr. Miguel Pardo Brigard

Company increased its capital twice during 2021 as recorded in unanimous shareholder resolutions dated March 12, 2021 and August 31, 2021. Falabella S.A. indirectly owns $50 \%$ of the issued shares.

## Business description

Grant all kinds of loans and credits of any nature, documented according to applicable legislation, with or without guarantees, with or without interest, repayable in one or various installments, including issuing credit cards in accordance with contracts for current-account credit facilities.

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## fALABELLA

(1) Welcome

## SOCIEDAD DISTRIBUIDORA DE MEJORAMIENTO

## DEL HOGAR Y CONSTRUCCIÓN S.A.P.I. DE C.V.

Sociedad Distribuidora de Mejoramiento del Hoga y Construcción S.A.P.I. de C.V. is a variable-capital private equity company constituted in accordance with the laws of Mexico, with subscribed and paid capital totaling MXN $\$ 5,027,356,663.48$. The Company increased its capital five times during 2021, as recorded in unanimous shareholder resolutions dated January 27, 2021, February 1, 2021, March 5, 2021, September 6, 2021 and November 18, 2021. Falabella S.A. indirectly owns $50 \%$ of the issued shares.

## usiness descriptio

Promote, organize, acquire, constitute, sell or ma hage commercial businesses, commercial or civi societies, trusts, or any other entity, whether or not it has legal personality, and according to the laws of any jurisdiction. Develop and build stores that sell all kinds of goods and market services, both directly and indirectly, using the companies that the company constitutes, or which it invests in for such purposes, through the construction or mprovement of any kind of buildings, being able to sell, without being limited to, anything related to hardware and tools, timber, electricity, lighting plumbing, doors, windows, furniture, kitchen and table utensils, paints and coatings, bathrooms and kitchens, floors, and gardening.

## BOARD AND MANAGEMENT

## Principal Directors

- Mr. Ricardo Martin Bringas (Chairman
- Mr. Alberto Martin Soberón
- Mr. Rodrigo Jesus Benet Cordova
- Mr. Carlo Solari Donaggio
- Mr. Gaston Bottazzini
- Mr. Alejandro Arze Safian


## Alternate Directors

- Mr. Ricardo Martin Bringas
- Mr. Francisco Ramírez Díaz
- Mr. Ismael Humberto Fayad Wolff
- Mr. Jordi Gaju Nicolau
- Mr. Fabio de Petris Duart
- Mr. Francisco Errazuriz Lopez


## Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Eduardo de Vries de los Santos

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## SUBSIDIARIES

## WITH SHARES

| CHILEANID NUMBER | SUBSIDIARY COMPANY NAME | $\begin{gathered} \text { DEC-31-2021 } \\ \text { DIRECT } \% \end{gathered}$ | DEC-31-2021 INDIRECT $\%$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DEC-31-2021 } \\ & \text { TOTALL } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DEC-31-2020 } \\ & \text { TOTAL } \end{aligned}$ | COUNTRY | FUNCTIONAL CURRENCY | SHARE OF TOTAL ASSETS INDIVIDUAL FSA DEC-21\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 76.020.391-2 | INVERSIONES FALABELLA LIMITADA | 99,992 | 0,008 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP | 71,39\% |
| 76.020.385-8 | INVERSIONES PARMIN SpA. | 100 |  | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP | 0,01\% |
| 79.598.260-4 | ADMINIITRADORA DE SERVICIOS COMPUTACIONALES Y DE CRÉdito cmr falabella ltda. |  | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP | -0,63\% |
| 79.990.670-8 | ADMIIISTRADORA PLAZA VESPUCIO S.A. |  | 59,272 | 59,272 | 59,272 | CHILE | CLP | 1,18\% |
| 76.644.120-3 | APORTA SOLUCIONES PARA LA ADMIIIITRACIÓN DE RECURSOS HUMANOS SpA. |  | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP | 0,00\% |
| 76.046.439-2 | APYSER SpA. |  | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP | 0,03\% |
| 76.683.615-1 | ASESORİAS Y EVALUACIÓN DE CRÉditos ltda. |  | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP | 0,42\% |
| 76.044.159-7 | AUTOPLAZA Spa. |  | 59,278 | 59,278 | 59,278 | CHILE | CLP | 0,03\% |
| 76.011.659-9 | BANCO FALABELLA Corredores de seguros limitada. |  | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP | 0,04\% |
| 96.509.660-4 | BANCO FALABELLA |  | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP | 9,33\% |
| 76.153.976-0 | CAPYSER SpA. |  | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP | 0,03\% |
| 76.662.120-1 | SERVICIOS GENERALES CERRO COLORADO LIMITADA. |  | 88 | 88 | 88 | CHILE | CLP | 0,00\% |
| 76.477.116-8 | C.F. SEGUROS DEVIDAS.A. |  | 94,206 | 94,206 | 90 | CHILE | CLP | 0,24\% |
| 76.046.445-7 | CONFECCIONES INDUSTRIALES SpA. |  | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP | 0,23\% |
| 77.104.802-1 | DESARROLLOS InMOBILIARIOS DOS SpA. |  | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP | 3,77\% |

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## fALABELLA



## fALABELLA

| 76.882.090-2 | PLAZA CORDILLERA SpA. | 45,94 | 45,94 | 45,94 | CHILE | CLP | 0,09\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 96.653.660-8 | plaza del trébolspa. | 59,278 | 59,278 | 59,278 | CHILE | CLP | 5,18\% |
| 96.795.700-3 | pLAZA LA SERENA SpA. | 59,278 | 59,278 | 59,278 | CHILE | CLP | 1,36\% |
| 96.653.650-0 | PLAZA OESTE SpA. | 59,278 | 59,278 | 59,278 | CHILE | CLP | 17,02\% |
| 76.017.019-4 | PLAZAS.A. | 59,278 | 59,278 | 59,278 | CHILE | CLP | 22,08\% |
| 76.034.238-6 | PLAZA SPA. | 59,278 | 59,278 | 59,278 | CHILE | CLP | 0,00\% |
| 96.791.560-2 | PLAZA TOBALABA SpA. | 59,278 | 59,278 | 59,278 | CHILE | CLP | 0,89\% |
| 76.677.940-9 | plaza valparaíso s.a. | 45,94 | 45,94 | 45,94 | CHILE | CLP | 0,25\% |
| 96.538.230-5 | PLAZA VESPUCIO SpA. | 59,278 | 59,278 | 59,278 | CHILE | CLP | 3,78\% |
| 76.027.825-4 | PROMOCIONESY PUBLICIDAD LTDA. | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP | 0,00\% |
| 76.000.935-0 | PROMOTORA Chilena de café Colombias.a. | 65 | 65 | 65 | CHILE | CLP | 0,07\% |
| 90.743.000-6 | PROMOTORA CMRFALABELLAS.A. | 99,998 | 99,998 | 99,996 | CHILE | CLP | 6,71\% |
| 76.434.317-4 | PROMOTORA CMR INVERSIONESS.A. | 99,996 | 99,996 | 99,996 | CHILE | CLP | 0,05\% |
| 76.201.304-5 | RENTAS Hoteleras spa. | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP | -0,08\% |
| 77.099.010-6 | SEGUROS FALABELLA CORREDORES LTDA. | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP | 0,02\% |
| 77.235.510-6 | SERVICIOS de evaluaciones y cobranzas sevalco ltda. | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP | 0,00\% |
| 76.427.811-9 | SERVICIOS DE INFRAESTRUCTURA FALABELLA SpA. | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP | 0,01\% |
| 96.847.200-3 | SERVICIOS EINVERSIONES FALABELLALTDA. | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP | 0,10\% |
| 77.070.342-5 | SERVICIOS FALABELLA SpA. | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP | 0,01\% |
| 76.222.370-8 | SERVIIIOS GENERALES BASCUÑÃN LTDA. | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP | 0,01\% |
| 78.566.830-8 | SOC. DE Cobranzas legales lexicom ltda. | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP | 0,00\% |




## falabella

| FALABELLA S.A. | 100 | 100 | 99,999 | ARGENTINA | ARS | 0,00\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INVERSIONES FALABELLA ARGENTINAS.A. | 100 | 100 | 99,999 | ARGEntina | ARS | -0,01\% |
| LINIO ARGENTINA S.R.L. | 100 | 100 | 100 | ARGENTINA | ARS | -0,04\% |
| Productora de seguros falabella s.a. | 100 | 100 | 99,999 | ARGENTINA | ARS | 0,00\% |
| SERVICIOS DE PERSONAL LOGİSTICO S.A. | 100 | 100 | 99,999 | ARGEntina | ARS | -0,05\% |
| CONSTRUDECOR PROPERTIES LTDA. | 100 | 100 | 100 | brazil | BRL | 0,00\% |
| CONSTRUDECORS.A. | 100 | 100 | 100 | BRAZIL | BRL | 1,81\% |
| CONSTRUDECOR SERVICIOS LTDA. | 100 | 100 | 100 | BRAZIL | BRL | 0,01\% |
| FALABELLA brazil ltda. | 100 | 100 | 100 | BRAZIL | BRL | 2,20\% |
| LILLE InVESTIMENTOS InMOBILIARIO LTDA. | 100 | 100 | 100 | BRAZIL | BRL | 0,13\% |
| SODIMAC BRAZIL LTDA. | 100 | 100 | 100 | Brazil | BRL | 2,19\% |
| TENERIFE EMPRENDIMIENTOS E PARTICIPACOES LTDA. | 100 | 100 | 100 | brazil | BRL | 0,12\% |
| SHEARVAN CORPORATE S.A. | 100 | 100 | 100 | I.V. Británicas | USD | 0,43\% |
| FALABELLA CORPORATE SERVICES India Private limited | 100 | 100 | 100 | INDIA | INR | 0,00\% |
| SHEARVAN PURCHASING INDIA PRIVATED LIMITED | 100 | 100 | 100 | INDIA | INR | 0,43\% |
| INVERFAL MEXICO S.A. DEC.V. | 100 | 100 | 100 | MEXICO | MXN | 1,60\% |
| BAZAYAMEXICO S. DER.L. DEC.V. | 100 | 100 | 100 | MEXICO | MXM | 0,04\% |
| BANCO FALABELLA PERU S.A. | 99,759 | 99,759 | 99,759 | PERU | PEN | 2,03\% |
| COMPAÑİA SAN JUAN S.A.C. | 99,758 | 99,758 | 99,758 | PERU | PEN | 0,04\% |
| CONTAC CENTER FALABELLAS.A.C. | 99,759 | 99,759 | 99,759 | PERU | PEN | 0,04\% |




## fALABELLA

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## falabella <br>  <br> SUMMARIZED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial Statements are available to the public on the websites of the reporting entity and the Financial Market Commission.

Operating revenue 2021
CLP 11,471,883 million $+21.2 \%$ compared to 2020

This increase is due to improved performance from the retail and real estate formats, partially offset by a decrease in operating revenue from the ban kingbusiness associated with lower credit loans.

Net operating income 2021
CLP 1,116,753 million
+204.7\% compared to 2020
This was due to an improvement in contribution rom the three formats of Retail, Shopping Centers and Financial Service.

Non-Operating Results
-CLP 212,919 million
$-25.3 \%$ compared to 2020

Net Profit
CLP 652,031 million
21x compared to 2020
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## FINANCIAL POSITION

## STATEMENTS

Assets

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DEC-31-21 } \\ & \text { THCH\$ } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { DEC-31-20 } \\ \text { THCH\$ } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NON-BANKING BUSINESSES |  |  |
| CURRENT ASSETS |  |  |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | 533,265,538 | 1,216,193,920 |
| OTHER FINANCIALASSETS | 45,368,100 | 41,163,435 |
| OTHER NON-FINANCIALASSETS | 123,118,533 | 103,954,106 |
| TRADE AND OTHERACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE | 392,422,932 | 416,572,521 |
| Accounts receivable from related parties | 19,394,535 | 33,374,856 |
| inventory | 1,867,793,791 | 1,161,244,547 |
| TAXASSETS | 52,894,382 | 59,292,980 |
| "TOTAL OF CURRENT ASSETS DIFFERENT FROM THOSE ASSETS OR DISPOSAL GROUPS CLASSIFIED AS <br> HELD FOR SALE OR AS HELD FOR DISTRIBUTION TO OWNERS" | 3,034,257,811 | 3,031,796,365 |
| NON-CURRENTASSETS OR DISPOSAL GROUPS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE OR AS held for distribution to owners | 38,129,032 | 29,095,216 |
| "NON-CURRENT ASSETS OR DISPOSAL GROUPS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE OR AS HELD FOR DISTRIBUTION TO OWNERS" | 38,129,032 | 29,095,216 |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | 3,072,386,843 | 3,060,891,581 |
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS |  |  |
| other financialassets | 507,250,640 | 195,004,590 |
| OTHER NON-FINANCIALASSETS | 79,200,811 | 91,649,259 |
| ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE FROM CLIENTS | 11,810,824 | 5,594,155 |
| ACCOUNTS RECEIVAbLE TO RELATED PARTIES | 30,315,227 | 13,841,640 |


| INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD | 246,099,787 | 194,146,313 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INTANGIBLE ASSETS OTHER THAN GOODWILL | 331,012,433 | 340,551,306 |
| GOODWILL | 626,955,302 | 607,108,378 |
| PROPERTY, PLANTAND EQUIPMENT | 3,562,938,875 | 3,388,090,202 |
| INVESTMENT PROPERTIES | 3,406,025,227 | 3,315,319,472 |
| NON-CURRENT TAXASSETS | 13,289,193 | 16,538,022 |
| DEFERREDTAXASSETS | 260,646,688 | 233,685,099 |
| TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS | 9,075,545,007 | 8,401,528,436 |
| TOTAL ASSETS - NON-BANKING BUSINESS | 12,147,931,850 | 11,462,420,017 |
| "BANKING SERVICES ASSETS |  |  |
| CASH AND BANK DEPOSITS | 562,625,424 | 336,805,631 |
| TRANSACTIONS WITH SETTLEMENT IN PROGRESS | 59,886,059 | 273,561,309 |
| FINANCIALASSETS HELD For trading | 99,356,256 | 450,773,778 |
| RETRO-PURCHASE AGREEMENTS AND SECURITIES LOANS | 15,171,250 | 15,016,800 |
| FInANCIAL derivative contracts | 692,381,202 | 640,330,966 |
| LOANS AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE FROM CLIENTS | 5,346,827,330 | 4,304,988,052 |
| AVAILABLE FOR SALE INSTRUMENTS | 2,018,807,924 | 1,071,527,684 |
| InVESTMENTS IN COMPANIES | 3,810,616 | 3,134,482 |
| intangibles | 78,416,922 | 76,525,371 |
| PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT | 57,637,796 | 58,890,879 |
| cURrent taxes | 21,297,373 | 13,217,364 |
| Deferred taxes | 75,691,795 | 66,492,338 |
| OTHER ASSETS | 252,802,069 | 144,844,995 |
| TOTAL BANK SERVICES ASSETS | 9,284,712,016 | 7,456,109,649 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 21,432,643,866 | 18,918,529,666 |

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## NET EQUITY AND LIABILITIES

$\left.\begin{array}{lll}\hline & \text { DEC-31-21 } \\ \text { THCH\$ }\end{array} \begin{array}{c}\text { DEC-31-20 } \\ \text { THCH }\end{array}\right\}$

| BANKING SERVICES LIABIIITIES (PRESENTATION) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DEPOSITS AND OTHER DEMAND LIABILITIES | 2,311,017,791 | 1,549,896,493 |
| TRANSACTIONS WITH SETTLEMENT IN PROGRESS | 448,849,277 | 265,976,430 |
| TIME DEPOSITS AND OTHER TERM DEPOSITS | 2,422,073,787 | 2,421,271,205 |
| FINANCIAL DERIVATIVE CONTRACTS | 779,430,144 | 587,247,845 |
| DUE TO BANKS | 781,593,376 | 341,118,713 |
| DEBT INSTRUMENTS ISSUED | 212,007,852 | 205,447,491 |
| OTHER FINANCIAL OBLIGATIONS | 65,170,753 | 74,735,593 |
| LEASING LIABILITIES | 26,397,415 | 27,237,056 |
| DEFERRED TAXES | 19,975,132 | 13,390,117 |
| PROVIIIONS | 53,761,481 | 31,025,702 |
| OTHER LIABILITIES | 377,389,356 | 473,957,252 |
| TOTAL BANKING SERVICES LIABILITIES | 7,497,666,364 | 5,991,303,897 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 14,787,579,136 | 12,933,273,975 |
| NET EQUITY |  |  |
| ISSUED CAPITAL | 919,419,389 | 919,419,389 |
| Retalned EARNings | 4,912,670,411 | 4,459,532,797 |
| SHARE PREMIUM | 93,482,329 | 93,482,329 |
| OWN SHARES IN PORTFOLIO | -27,738,111 | -43,405,118 |
| OTHER RESERVES | -246,427,061 | $-407,289,735$ |
| EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE PARENT | 5,651,406,957 | 5,021,739,662 |
| NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS | 993,657,773 | 963,516,029 |
| TOTAL EQUITY | 6,645,064,730 | 5,985,255,691 |
| TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | 21,432,643,866 | 18,918,529,666 |

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## COMPREHENSIVE INCOME STATEMENT BY FUNCTION

STATEMENT OF INCOME

|  | JAN 01-21 DEC-31-21 THCH\$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JAN 01-20 } \\ & \text { DEC-31-20 } \\ & \text { THCH\$ } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NON-BANKING BUSINESS |  |  |
| REVENUE FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS | 10,335,383,740 | 8,281,049,949 |
| COST OF SALES | -7,047,860,245 | -5,790,733,690 |
| GROSS PROFIT | 3,287,523,495 | 2,490,316,259 |
| DISTRIBUTION COSTS | -220,052,786 | -191,796,601 |
| ADMIIISTRATIVE EXPENSES | -2,080,380,919 | $-1,988,674,117$ |
| OTHEREXPENSES, bY FUNCTION | -181,917,875 | -111,787,544 |
| OTHER GAINS (LOSSES) | -29,055,029 | -45,064,092 |
| Financialincome | 124,517,244 | 67,907,001 |
| FINANCIALEXPENSES | -234,461,905 | -254,510,949 |
| EqUITY INTEREST IN PROFITS (LOSSES) OF ASSOCIATES ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD | 22,662,137 | 3,579,174 |
| Foreign currency translation | -41,110,070 | -29,085,779 |
| income from indexation units | -56,003,432 | -28,678,051 |
| PROFIT (LOSS), BEFORE TAXES | 591,720,860 | (87,794,699) |
| Incometax expense | -137,325,967 | -5,243,074 |
| PROFIT (LOSS) FROM NON-BANKING BUSINESS | 454,394,893 | (93,037,773) |
| BANKING SERVICES (PRESENTATION) |  |  |
| interest and indexation revenue | 901,241,504 | 978,716,654 |
| Interest and indexation expenses | -115,989,486 | -138,045,499 |
| NET INCOME FROM INTEREST AND INDEXATION | 785,252,018 | 840,671,155 |
| fee revenue | 231,937,086 | 206,908,355 |


| FEE EXPENSES | -88,385,525 | -86,761,814 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net fee income | 143,551,561 | 120,146,541 |
| NET INCOME FROM FINANCIAL OPERATIONS | 22,555,337 | 26,894,489 |
| net EXChange gains (LOSSES) | -8,379,431 | -3,198,974 |
| OTHER OPERATING INCOME | 3,320,434 | 2,125,477 |
| PROVIIION FOR LOAN LOSSES | -130,842,039 | -384,783,080 |
| TOTAL OPERATING INCOME, NET | 815,457,880 | 601,855,608 |
| Employee remunerations and expenses | -132,165,948 | -139,733,434 |
| Administrative expenses | -281,848,447 | -206,582,607 |
| depreciation and amortization | -39,291,807 | -37,506,177 |
| other operating expenses | -50,571,387 | -49,636,946 |
| TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES | $(503,877,589)$ | $(433,459,164)$ |
| operating income | 311,580,291 | 168,396,444 |
| INCOME FROM EQUITY METHOD INVESTMENTS IN COMPANIES | 531,673 | 708,890 |
| INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES | 312,111,964 | 169,105,334 |
| INCOMETAX EXPENSE | -71,485,124 | -39,403,119 |
| PROFIT (LOSS) FROM BANKING BUSINESS | 240,626,840 | 129,702,215 |
| PROFIT (LOSS) | 695,021,733 | 36,664,442 |
| PROFIT (LOSS), ATTRIBUTABLE TO: |  |  |
| owners of the parent | 652,030,703 | 30,758,319 |
| NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS | 42,991,030 | 5,906,123 |
| PROFIT (LOSS) | 695,021,733 | 36,664,442 |
| EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE |  |  |
| BASIC EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE |  |  |
| basic earnings (LOSS) PER SHARE FROM Continuing operations | 0,26 | 0,01 |
| BASIC EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE | 0,26 | 0,01 |
| diluted earnings (LOSS) Per share |  |  |
| DILUTED EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS | 0,26 | 0,01 |
| DILUTED EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE | 0,26 | 0,01 |

## STATEMENT OF

## COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JAN 01-21 } \\ & \text { DEC-31-21 } \\ & \text { THCH\$ } \end{aligned}$ | JAN 01-20 DEC-31-20 THCH\$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NET INCOME FOR THE PERIOD | 695,021,733 | 36,664,442 |
| COMPONENTSOF OTHER COMPREHENSIVEINCOMETHATWILL NOTBE RECLASSIFIED TO INCOME FOR THE YEAR, BEFORE TAX |  |  |
| ACTUARIAL LOSSES FOR DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS, BEFORE TAX | -107,719 | 575,530 |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME THAT WILL NOT BE RECLASSIFIED TO INCOME FOR THE YEAR | $(107,719)$ | 575,530 |
| COMPONENTS OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME THAT WILL BE RECLASSIFIED TO INCOME FOR THE YEAR, BEFORE TAX |  |  |
| FOREIGN CURRENCY CONVERSION |  |  |
| gain on foreign currency converion, before tax | 152,953,755 | -316,247,593 |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, BEFORE TAX, FROM FOREIGN CURRENCY CONVERSION | 152,953,755 | (316,247,593) |
| INCOME (LOSSES) FROM RE-MEASUREMENT OF FINANCIALASSETS HELD FOR SALE, BEFORETAX | -30,810,463 | -146,803 |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, BEFORE TAX, ON FINANCIAL ASSETS HELD FOR SALE | (30,810,463) | $(146,803)$ |
| CASH flow hedges |  |  |
| GAIN (LOSS) FROM CASH FLOW HEDGES, BEFORETAX | 88,904,050 | 60,324,824 |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FROM CASH FLOW HEDGES, BEFORE TAX | 88,904,050 | 60,324,824 |
| OTHER COMPONENTS OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME THAT WILL BE RECLASSIFIED TO INCOME FOR THE YEAR, BEFORE TAX | 211,047,342 | $(256,069,572)$ |



## STATEMENT OF CHANGES

 IN NET EQUITY

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\section*{CASH FLOW STATEMENT DIRECT METHOD <br> CASH FLOWS PROVIDED <br> BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES <br> | INCREASE IN DEPOSITS AND OTHER DEMAND OBLIGATIONS | $761,121,298$ | $747,524,423$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| (DECREASE) INCREASE IN DEPOSITS AND OTHER TIME DEPOSITS | $9,213,236$ | $-620,906,874$ |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN OBLIGATIONS WITH BANKS | $174,981,370$ | $19,423,687$ |
| OTHER USE OF CASH | $-214,690,024$ | $\mathbf{1 7 2 , 6 9 8 , 1 3 6}$ |
| SUBTOTAL NET CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY BANKING SERVICES OPERATING ACTI- | $\mathbf{1 3 8 , 0 0 7 , 6 7 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 4 1 6 , 7 0 5 , 8 1 0}$ |
| VITIES | $\mathbf{4 7 1 , 0 1 2 , 6 9 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 1 9 8 , 3 3 6 , 0 3 9}$ |
| NET CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES |  |  | <br> NET CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES 471,012,691 2,198,336,039}


|  | JAN 01-21 THCH\$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JAN 01-20 } \\ & \text { DEC-31-20 } \\ & \text { THCH\$ } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NON-BANKING BUSINESS (PRESENTATION) |  |  |
| CLASSES OF PROCEEDS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES |  |  |
| PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF GOodS And PROVIDING SERVICES | 12,410,116,796 | 9,938,936,822 |
| CLASSES OF PAYMENTS |  |  |
| PAYMENT TO SUPPLIERS FOR SUPPLYIING GOODS AND SERVICES | -10,650,085,675 | -7,846,998,881 |
| PAYMENTS TO AND ON ACCOUNT OF EMPLOYEES | -1,108,191,356 | -1,125,689,570 |
| income taxes refunded (PAID) | -35,105,536 | 13,252,206 |
| OTHER CASH INFLOWS (OUTFLOWS) | -283,729,208 | -197,870,348 |
| SUBTOTAL NET CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY NON-BANKING BUSINESS OPERATING ACTIVITIES | 333,005,021 | 781,630,229 |
| banking Services (PRESENTATION) |  |  |
| CONSOLIDATED NET INCOME (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD | 240,626,840 | 129,702,215 |
| CHARGES (CREDITS) TO INCOME THAT DO NOT INVOLVE CASH MOVEMENTS: |  |  |
| DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION | 39,291,807 | 37,506,177 |
| CREDIT RISK PROVIIION | 210,366,358 | 467,908,202 |
| NET PROFIT FROM EQUITY METHOD INVESTMENTS | -531,673 | -708,890 |
| OTHER CHARGES THAT DO NOT INVOLVE SIGNIFICANT CASH FLOW MOVEMENTS | 71,485,124 | 39,403,119 |
| NET CHANGE IN INTEREST, INDEXATIONS AND FEES ACCRUED ON ASSETS AND LIABILITIES | -39,080,293 | 60,263,614 |
| CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AFFECTING OPERATING CASH FLOW: |  |  |
| INCREASE ININVESTMENTS UNDER RESALE AGREEMENTS AND OBLIGATIONS UNDER REPURCHASEAGREEMENTS | -15,171,250 |  |
| DECREASE (INCREASE) IN LOANS AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE FROM CLIENTS | -1,200,636,435 | 399,516,167 |
| NET DECREASE In Instruments held for trading | 101,031,312 | -35,624,166 |

CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES

## NON-BANKING BUSINESS (PRESENTATION

| CASH FLOWS FROM LOSS Of CONTROL OF SUBSIDIARIES OR OTHER BUSINESSES | 3,287,485 | 4,209,950 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CASH FLOWS USED TO OBTAIN CONTROL OF SUBSIDIARIES OR OTHER BUSINESSES | -30,365,760 | -18,421,834 |
| CONTRIBUTIONSMADE TO RELATED COMPANIES | -33,283,172 | $-29,275,407$ |
| LOANS TO RELATED PARTIES | -7,930,022 | -2,047,852 |
| PROCEEDS FROM DISPOSAL OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT | 9,108,127 | 1,538,896 |
| ADDITIONS TO PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT | -286,987,282 | -279,388,984 |
| PURCHASES OF INTANGIBLE ASSETS | -46,308,324 | -49,918,932 |
| AMOUNTS FROM SALES OF INTANGIBLE ASSETS | 6,405,494 | 13,366,043 |
| ADDITIONSTO OTHER LONG-TERM ASSETS | -80,366,015 | -123,383,685 |
| DIVIDENDS RECEIVED | 39,164,111 | 16,186,707 |
| Interest received | 28,120,697 | 24,914,283 |
| OTHER CASH INFLOWS (OUTFLOWS) | 7,244,082 | $-6,708,836$ |
| SUBTOTAL NET CASH FLOWS USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES IN THE NON-BANKING BUSINESS | -391,910,579 | -448,929,651 |
| banking services (PRESENTATION) |  |  |
| NET DECREASE IN INVESTMENT SECURITIES AVAILABLE FOR SALE | -111,301,445 | -65,414,091 |
| PURCHASE OF FIXED ASSETS | -25,228,300 | -33,982,056 |
| DIVIDENDS RECEIVED | 506,422 | 247,434 |
| OTHER SOURCES OF CASH | -35,555 | -84,180 |
| SUBTOTAL NET CASH FLOWS USED IN BANKING SERVICES INVESTING ACTIVITIES | -136,058,878 | -99,232,893 |
| NET CASH FLOWS USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES | -527,969,457 | -548,162,544 |

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BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES

|  | JAN 01-21 DEC-31-21 DEC-31-21 THCH\$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { JAN 01-20 } \\ \text { DEC-31-20 } \\ \text { THH } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NON-BANKING SERVICES (PRESENTATION) |  |  |
| AMOUNTS FROM THE ISSUANCE OF SHARES | 8,080,281 | 4,959,484 |
| PAYMENTS FOR SELLING THE ENTITY'S SHARES | 10,175,892 |  |
| PROCEEDS FROM LONG-TERM LOANS | 944,407,127 | 809,818,703 |
| PROCEEDS FROM SHort-term loans | 407,535,776 | 1,898,099,783 |
| TOTAL PROCEEDS FROM LOANS | 1,351,942,903 | 2,707,918,486 |
| payment of loans | -1,753,763,358 | $-2,044,888,397$ |
| DIVIDENDS PAID | -93,063,481 | -108,030,689 |
| INTEREST PAID | -152,165,733 | -186,551,639 |
| OTHER CASH OUTFLOWS | 845,809 | 3,483,996 |
| SUBTOTAL NET CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) NON-BANKING BUSINESS FINANCING ACTIVITIES | -627,947,687 | 376,891,241 |


| BANKING SERVICES (PRESENTATION) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RETRIEVAL OF LETTERS OF CREDIT | -5,790,964 | -9,934,960 |
| BOND ISSUANCEAND OTHER LIABILITIES (PAYMENT) | 272,053,653 | -283,907,431 |
| OTHER CASH OUTFLOWS | -176,612 | $-4,736,907$ |
| SUBTOTAL NET CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) BANKING SERVICES FINANCING ACTIVITIES | 266,086,077 | -298,579,298 |
| NET CASH FLOWS (USED IN) PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES | -361,861,610 | 78,311,943 |
| NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEFORE THE EFFECT OF CHANGES IN THE EXCHANGE RATE | -418,818,376 | 1,728,485,438 |
| effects of Changes in the exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents |  |  |
| EFFECTS OF CHANGES In THE EXCHANGE RATE ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | 19,468,608 | $-103,891,485$ |
| NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | -399,349,768 | 1,624,593,953 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIod | 2,462,375,816 | 837,781,863 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD | 2,063,026,048 | 2,462,375,816 |

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## HOW

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DO WE REPORT REPORTING STANDARDS

Falabella S.A.'s Integrated Annual Report uses guidelines provided by various national and international reporting standards, as follows:

1. GRI Standards
(Global Reporting Initiative)
2. Recommendations issued by the Task Force on Climate Related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)
\|. General Standard 385 dated 2015 issued by
the Chilean Financial Market Commission
IV. Sustainability recommendations issued by the Dow Jones Sustainability Index and FTSE 4Good sustainability stock indices

[^14]Furthermore, we became Supporters of the Taskforce on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) and in 2021 we began to integrate its recommendations into our corporate risk management system and into this report, in order to give greater transparency to the risks and opportunities arising from climate change for Falabella and its subsidiaries. Our objective is to complete this integration, in order to comprehensively incorporate its recommendations in future years
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## DEFINITION OF MATERIALITY

We live in an uncertain and constantly changing whether it is important to our stakeholders, such as world. As a result, materiality helps us to report the sustainability issues that matter most to our business and our stakeholders. An issue is material for Falabella if it meets two conditions. First, whether it has a significant impact on our business by affecting our growth, costs or risks. Second,

MAIN STAKEHOLDERS INVOLVED IN FALABELLA'S
MATERIALITY ANALYSIS


Our first corporate materiality study was
completed in 2018, which helped to develop
strategic guidelines that focused our priorities
and investments. We recently repeated this
exercise in 2021 to update our assessment and
ensure that it reflects any subsequent changes within our business and the environment.

This new exercise has identified emerging issues, and verified whether we are disclosing enough information and being transparent in the right areas.
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We use an independent consulting firm specializing in social and environmental management to achieve an objective and best-practice approach.

We conduct in-depth analyses of our business impact and use data and insights to measure the relative importance of each issue to our stakeholders. This pro cess is described as follows

THE MATERIALITY
MATRIX PREPARATION PROCESS

## A

Identification of potentially material issues

The potential material issues for Falabella and its subsidiaries were identified by reviewing reports, employee and customer surveys, enterprise risk management research, press reports, ESG ratings and ESG data trends.

## C

Effective external stakeholder participation
Customers, suppliers, NGOs, trade union leaders, consumer organizations and other external stakeholders were interviewed, to develop a $360^{\circ}$ perspective of our ESG opportunities and risks.

## B

B. Effective internal stakeholder participation

Between 10 and 12 interviews lasting 45 minu tes were arranged with corporate executives, to understand their priorities, business challenges and their ESG perspective.

## D

Draft matrix and strategy

The materiality matrix was developed and validated by the Strategy and Sustainability team.

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A materiality matrix was created from these results for the 21 issues identified as material, where the "y" axis is the external perception and
the "x" axis is the internal perception. We have grouped these issues into six main priorities, which helps us to create economic, social and
environmental value, which is aligned with our stakeholders.

MATERIALITY MATRIX
based on the importance for both internal and external stakeholders

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## NON FINANCIAL AUDIT LETTER

## Deloitte.

EXTERNAL AUDIT REPORT FOR FALABELLA ANNUAL REPORT 202

## March 29", 2022

Sirs of Falabella S.A.
Present
Please find here in the outcomes of the revision of the 2021 Annual Report of Falabella according to the
Scope
Limited assurance engagement of the adherence of the contents and indicators included in the 2021 Annual Report to the Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) Standards, reagrding the organizazition's profile and material indicators anising trom the materaialty process sthat the C
to the economic. social, and environmental dimensions.

Standards and Assurance Process
We have carried out our task in accordance with the guidelines of the International Standard on Assuran Engagements ©ther than Ausits or Reviews of Histoncial Financial Intormation (ISAE Sood) issued by th
International Audting and Assurance Standard Board (IASB) of the International Federation of Accountan
IIFAC) (IFAC).

Our review has consisted in an inquiry process involving different Falabella units and management areas
involved in the process of developing the Annual Report, as well as in the application of analytico procedures involved in the processs of deveroping the Annuar Repori, as well
and verification tests, which are described in the following items:
$\checkmark$ Meeting with Sustainability management.
Requirements and review of evidence with the areas participating in the preparation of the 2021 Annual Report:
$\checkmark$ Analysis of the adherence of the contents of the 2021 Annual Report to the GRI Slandards. Core option
and review of the indicators included in the Report in order to verty that they ane all protococols estabishe indications in the Standuded in the Report in order to verty thet whether the fact that some indicators are aligned wot applicable of not material is justified.
Venification, through tests of quantitative and qualitative information corresponding to the GRI Standards
indicators included in the 2021 indicators included in the 2021

## Conclusions

The assurance process was based on the indicators established in the materiality process carried out by Falabella. Once those indicalors wera identified, prioitized, and
The reported and verified indicators appear in the following table

| $102-17$ | $102-18$ | $102-27$ | $102-28$ | $205-2$ | $205-3$ | $206-1$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $301-3$ | $303-1$ | $355-1$ | $305-5$ | $308-1$ | $308-2$ | $430-1$ |  |
| $403-2$ | $403-3$ | $403-4$ | $403-7$ | $403-8$ | $403-9$ | $407-1$ |  |
| $412-3$ | $418-1$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Regarding the verified indicators, we can say that no aspect has arisen to lead us to believe that the 202 Anual Report of Falab identifed in the scope.


The drating of the 2021 Annual Report, as well as its contents are under Falabella responsibility, which
is in charge of the definition, adaptation, and maintenance of the management and internal control systems from who the information is obtained.
 This Report has been prepared exclusively by Falabella's request, in accordance win the term stabished in the Engagement Letter.
We have developes.
thics of the IFAC.
The concusions of
he conclusions of the verification made by Deloitte apply to the latest version of the Falabella Annual The scope of a limititod assurrance engagement is essentially inferior to a reasonable assurance
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## RESPONSIBILITY AND SOCIAL INDICATORS

NUMBER OF PEOPLE NUMBER OF PEOPLE

BY GENDER

| POSITION | MEN | WOMEN | TOTAL |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| DIRECTORS | 7 | 2 | 9 |
| MANAGERS | 14 | 2 | 16 |
| EMPLOYEES | 53.636 | 55.252 | 108.888 |

BY NATIONALITY

| POSITION | CHILEAN | FOREICN | TOTAL |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| DIRECTORS | 9 | 0 | 9 |
| MANAGERS | 9 | 7 | 16 |
| EMPLOYEES | 46.618 | 62.270 | 108.888 |

SALARY RANGE BY GENDER

| POSITION | BASE SALARY <br> WOMEN/MEN |
| :--- | ---: |
| MANAGERS AND DEPUTY MANAGERS | $81 \%$ |
| TECHNICIAN AND PROFESSIONALS | $90 \%$ |
| OTHER | $100 \%$ |

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## RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

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(2) Whowe are

## Declaración de Responsabilidad

De conformidad con lo establecido en el numeral 10 del literal C del párrafo I de la Sección II de la Norma de Carácter General n. 230 de la comisión para el Mercado Financiero de la Repưblica de Chile (en adelante, la "CMF"); y, teniendo en cuenta la información que les fuera proporcionada por administración de Falabella S.A. (en adelante, "Falabella"), sociedad anónima abierta constituida vigente conformidad con las leyes de la República de Chile, con rol único tributario n.e9 90.749.000-9 Directores de Falabella firmantes de la misma y su Gerente General, quien tambien la suscribe, se hace | Iesponsables, bajo juramento, de la veracidad del la información incorporada en la Memoria Anual 202 |
| :--- | de Falabella.

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## ANEX-GRI DISCLOSURES

ECONOMIC PILLAR
(2) Whowere

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

| GRI STANDARD | DESCRIPTION | UNIT | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE |  |  |  |  |  |
| 102-18; 405-1 | NUMBER OF DIRECTORS | PERSON | 9 | 9 | 9 |
|  | NUMBER OF DIRECTORS BY AGE GROUP |  |  |  |  |
|  | AGED UNDER 30 | PERSON |  |  |  |
|  | AGED BeTWEEN 30 And 40 | PERSON |  |  |  |
|  | AGED BeTWEEN 41 And 50 | PERSON | 1 | 1 | 1 |
|  | AGED BETWEEN 51 AND 60 | PERSON | 3 | 4 | 4 |
|  | AGED BETWEEN61 AND 70 | PERSON |  | 1 | 1 |
|  | AGED OVER 70 | PERSON | 5 | 3 | 3 |
|  | NUMBER OF DIRECTORS BY LENGTH OF SERVICE |  |  |  |  |
|  | UNDER 3 YEARS | PERSON | 1 | 1 | 1 |
|  | between 3and 6YEARS | PERSON | 1 | 1 |  |
|  | BETWEEN 6 AND 9 YEARS | PERSON | 1 |  | 1 |
|  | BETWEEN 9 And 12 YEARS | PERSON |  | 1 | 1 |
|  | OVER 12 YEARS | PERSON | 6 | 6 | 6 |
|  | NUMBER OF DIRECTORS BY GENDER |  |  |  |  |
|  | MEN | PERSON | 7 | 7 | 7 |
|  | WOMEN | PERSON | 2 | 2 | 2 |
|  | NUMBER OF DIRECTORS BY TYPE |  |  |  |  |
|  | EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS | PERSON |  |  |  |
|  | INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS | PERSON | 1 | 1 | 1 |
|  | OTHER NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS | PERSON | 8 | 8 | 8 |
|  | DIRECTORS' COMMITTEES |  |  |  |  |
|  | NUMBER OF COMMITTEES | NUMBER | 14 | 16 | 15 |
|  | AVERAGE ATTENDANCE AT BOARD MEETINGS | \% PER YEAR | 93\% | 93\% | 93\% |

SUPPLIER ASSESSMENT
GRI STANDARD DESCRIPTION $\quad$ UNIT $\quad 2019 \quad 2020 \quad 2021$

SUPPLIER RNVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMEN
SUPPLIER ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT
NUMBER OF SUPPLIERS WHOSE ENVIRONMENTALIMPACT WAS EVALUATED
RETALLBUSINESS SUPPLIERS
REAL ESTATE BUSINESS
NUMBER OF SUPPLIERS IDENTIFIED AS HAVING A SIGNIFICANT NEGATIVE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT
RETALL BUSINESS

> SUPPLIERS

REAL ESTATE BUSINESS SUPDIERS
PERCENTAGE OFSUPPLLIRS WITH IMPROVEMENT AGREEMENTS FOR NEGATVE ENVIRONMENTALIMPACTS
$\frac{\text { RETALL BUSINESS }}{\text { REAL ESTATE BUSINESS }}$
REAL ESTATE BUSINESS
PERCENTAGE OF SUPPLIERSWHOSE RELATIONSHIPWASTERMINATED DUE TO NEGATVEENVIRONMENTALIMPACTS RETALLBUSINESS

SUPPLIER SOCIALASSESSMENT

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## SOCIAL PILLAR

$\equiv{ }^{\text {Inder }}$
(1) Welcome

SOCIAL INVESTMENT
GRI STANDARD DESCRIPTION

## UNIT

2021

| SOCIALINVESTMENT DISTRIBUTION (MILLION) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| COMMUNITY INVESTMENT | CLP | 5.740 | 5.009 | 4.970 |
| DONATIONS | CLP | 1.533 | 1.314 | 825 |
| COMMERCIAL INITIATVES | CLP | 346 | 896 | 427 |
| SOCIAL INVESTMENT DISTRIBUTION |  |  |  |  |
| COMMUNITY INVESTMENT | \% | 75\% | 70\% | 80\% |
| DONATIONS | \% | 20\% | 18\% | 13\% |
| COMMERCIALIIIITATIVES | \% | 5\% | 12\% | 7\% |
| CONTRIBUTION TYPE (MILLION) |  |  |  |  |
| CASH | CLP | 5.596 | 5.968 | 5.198 |
| SPECIE | CLP | 1.604 | 1.211 | 933 |
| VOLUNTEERING COSTS | CLP | 419 | 40 | 91 |
| ADMINIITRATIVE COSTS | CLP | 223 | 491 | 647 |

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EMPLOYEE MANAGEMENT, DEVELOPMENT AND COMMITMENT

| GRI STANDARD | DESCRIPTION | UNIT | 2019 |  | 2020 |  | 2021 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| WORKFORCE |  |  | MEN | WOMEN | MEN | WOMEN | MEN | WOMEN |
| 102-7 | TOTAL WORKFORCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | WORKFORCE | PERSON | 56,590 | 58,573 | 53,230 | 53,699 | 53,636 | 55,252 |
|  | EMPLOYEES BY CATEGORY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | MANAGERS AND EXECUTIVES | PERSON | 2,500 | 1,317 | 1,935 | 1,078 | 1,855 | 1,155 |
|  | PROFESSIONALSAND TECHNICIANS | PERSON | 13,580 | 14,057 | 10,800 | 9,440 | 12,379 | 10,370 |
|  | OTHER EMPLOYEES | PERSON | 40,510 | 43,199 | 40,498 | 43,178 | 39,402 | 43,727 |
|  | EMPLOYEES BY AGE RANGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | UNDER 30 | PERSON | 25,121 | 24,044 | 24,010 | 22,363 | 24,731 | 24,303 |
|  | 30-40 | PERSON | 18,578 | 19,840 | 16,873 | 17,568 | 16,405 | 17,132 |
|  | 41-50 | PERSON | 7,951 | 9,730 | 7,755 | 9,162 | 7,918 | 9,169 |
|  | 51-60 | PERSON | 3,643 | 4,142 | 3,455 | 3,950 | 3,484 | 3,967 |
|  | 61-70 | PERSON | 1,131 | 749 | 1,016 | 620 | 977 | 650 |
|  | OVER 70 | PERSON | 166 | 68 | 124 | 33 | 121 | 31 |
|  | EMPLOYEES BY LENGTH OF SERVICE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | UNDER3YEARS | PERSON | 31,071 | 29,827 | 28,758 | 27,150 | 27,499 | 27,747 |
|  | BETWEEN 3 And 6 YEARS | PERSON | 9,617 | 11,378 | 10,265 | 11,286 | 13,097 | 13,956 |
|  | BETWEEN 6 AND 9 YEARS | PERSON | 6,436 | 7,628 | 6,093 | 7,047 | 5,046 | 5,895 |
|  | BETWEEN 9 AND 12 YEARS | PERSON | 3,636 | 4,184 | 2,961 | 3,159 | 2,924 | 2,945 |
|  | OVER 12 YEARS | PERSON | 5,830 | 5,556 | 5,156 | 5,054 | 5,070 | 4,709 |
|  | EMPLOYEES BY JOB LOCATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 405-1 | CHILE | PERSON | - |  | 21,941 | 25,198 | 23,595 | 27,377 |
|  | PERU | PERSON | - |  | 18,082 | 16,660 | 17,646 | 16,868 |
|  | ARGENTINA | PERSON | - |  | 1,333 | 1,581 | 652 | 529 |
|  | COLOMBIA | PERSON | - | - | 8,051 | 7,671 | 7,800 | 7,661 |
|  | URUGUAY | PERSON |  |  | 219 | 196 | 281 | 253 |
|  | MEXICO | PERSON |  |  | 1,309 | 814 | 1,397 | 937 |
|  | BRAZIL | PERSON | - |  | 2,107 | 1,434 | 1,985 | 1,435 |
|  | INDIA | PERSON | - | - | 146 | 39 | 238 | 87 |
|  | CHINA | PERSON |  |  | 45 | 103 | 42 | 105 |
|  | EMPLOYEES BY NATIONALITY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | CHILE | PERSON | 22,814 | 26,731 | 20,189 | 23,293 | 21,585 | 25,033 |
|  | PERU | PERSON | 17,439 | 16,307 | 18,225 | 16,934 | 17,823 | 17,191 |
|  | COLOMBIA | PERSON | 8,732 | 8,780 | 8,163 | 7,839 | 7,916 | 7,861 |
|  | BRAZIL | PERSON | 2,159 | 1,403 | 2,117 | 1,456 | 1,992 | 1,454 |
|  | ARGENTINA | PERSON | 2,039 | 2,762 | 1,380 | 1,581 | 738 | 585 |
|  | CHINA | PERSON | - | $\checkmark$ | 42 | 103 | 41 | 110 |
|  | INDIA | PERSON |  |  | 162 | 44 | 250 | 91 |
|  | MEXICO | PERSON | - |  | 1,274 | 798 | 1,371 | 925 |
|  | URUGUAY | PERSON | 249 | 207 | 224 | 202 | 285 | 260 |
|  | OTHERS | PERSON | 3,158 | 2,383 | 1,454 | 1,449 | 1,635 | 1,742 |

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## fALABELLA

| GRI STANDARD | DESCRIPTION | UNIT | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| equality |  |  |  |  |  |
| 405-2 | WOMEN'S SALARIES OVER MEN'S SALARIES IN THE REGION |  |  |  |  |
|  | MANAGERS AND EXECUTIVES | \% | 77\% | 66\% | 81\% |
|  | PROFESSIONALSAND TECHNICIANS | \% | 98\% | 88\% | 90\% |
|  | OTHER EMPLOYEES | \% | 110\% | 100\% | 100\% |
|  | WOMEN'SALARIES OVER MEN'S SALARIES IN CHILE |  |  |  |  |
|  | MANAGERS AND EXECUTIVES | \% | 86\% | 81\% | 80\% |
|  | PROFESSIONALSAND TECHNICIANS | \% | 95\% | 83\% | 84\% |
|  | OTHEREMPLOYEES | \% | 118\% | 95\% | 100\% |
|  | PERCENTAGE OF WOMEN BY LABOR CATEGORY-\% WOMENTTOTAL |  |  |  |  |
|  | MANAGERS AND EXECUTIVES [TARGET 2022: $00 \%$ | \% | 35\% | 36\% | 38\% |
|  | PROFESSIONALS AND TECHNICIANS [TARGET 2022: $50 \%$ | \% | 51\% | 47\% | 46\% |
|  | OTHER EMPLOYEES [TARGET 2022: 50\% | \% | 52\% | 52\% | 53\% |
| EMPLOYMENT |  |  |  |  |  |
| 401-1 | OVERALL STAFF HIRING RATE - STAFF HIRING RATE BY AGE RANGE |  |  |  |  |
|  | UNDER 30 | \% | 79\% | 61\% | 84\% |
|  | 30-40 | \% | 27\% | 23\% | 28\% |
|  | 41-50 | \% | 18\% | 16\% | 19\% |
|  | 51-60 | \% | 14\% | 10\% | 15\% |
|  | 61-70 | \% | 10\% | 5\% | 11\% |
|  | OVER 70 | \% | 15\% | 6\% | 6\% |
|  | STAFF HIRING RATE BY COUNTRY |  |  |  |  |
|  | CHILE | \% | 39\% | 35\% | 53\% |
|  | PERU | \% | 68\% | 50\% | 51\% |
|  | ARGEntina | \% | 6\% | 5\% | 10\% |
|  | COLOMBIA | \% | 32\% | 16\% | 21\% |
|  | URUGUAY | \% | 27\% | 19\% | 48\% |
|  | MEXICO | \% | 108\% | 90\% | 87\% |
|  | BrAZIL | \% | 38\% | 33\% | 33\% |
|  | INDIA | \% | 100\% | 46\% | 70\% |
|  | CHINA | \% | 11\% | 18\% | 23\% |
|  | OTHERS | \% | 64\% | - | - |
|  | STAFF HIRING RATE BY Job Location |  |  |  |  |
|  | STORES/BRANCHES/SHOPPING CENTERS | \% | - | 39\% | 48\% |
|  | CENTRAL OFFICES | \% |  | 23\% | 44\% |

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& \text { Financial } \\
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\end{aligned}
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| GRI ST | DESCRIPTION |  | UNIT |  | 2019 |  | 2020 |  | 2021 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EMPLOYEE COMMITMENT AND RETENTION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | STAFF TURNOVER BY AGE RANGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | UNDER 30 |  | \% |  | 67\% |  | 66\% |  | 67\% |
|  | 30-40 |  | \% |  | 28\% |  | 33\% |  | 28\% |
|  | 41-50 |  | \% |  | 22\% |  | 26\% |  | 20\% |
|  | 51-60 |  | \% |  | 19\% |  | 26\% |  | 17\% |
|  | 61-70 |  | \% |  | 20\% |  | 50\% |  | 17\% |
|  | OVER 70 |  | \% |  | 20\% |  | 96\% |  | 16\% |
|  | STAFF TURNOVER BY COUNTRY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | CHILE |  | \% |  | 41\% |  | 47\% |  | 39\% |
|  | PERU |  | \% |  | 55\% |  | 51\% |  | 47\% |
| 401-1 | ARGENTINA |  | \% |  | 21\% |  | 70\% |  | 94\% |
|  | COLOMBIA |  | \% |  | 27\% |  | 25\% |  | 23\% |
|  | URUGUAY |  | \% |  | 27\% |  | 26\% |  | 24\% |
|  | MEXICO |  | \% |  | 95\% |  | 86\% |  | 70\% |
|  | BRAZIL |  | \% |  | 35\% |  | 35\% |  | 37\% |
|  | INDIA |  | \% |  | 18\% |  | 14\% |  | 22\% |
|  | CHINA |  | \% |  | 14\% |  | 25\% |  | 21\% |
|  | OTHERS |  | \% |  | 187\% |  |  |  |  |
|  | STAFF TURNOVER BY JOB LOCATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Stores/Branches/shopping centers |  | \% |  |  |  | 48\% |  | 22\% |
|  | CENTRALOFFICES |  | \% |  |  |  | 35\% |  | 44\% |
| EMPLOYEE DEVELOPMENT |  |  |  | MEN | WOMEN | MEN | WOMEN | MEN | WOMEN |
| 404-1 | AVERAGE TRAINING HOURS PER EMPLOYEE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | MANAGERS AND EXECUTIVES | HOURS |  | 35 | 33 | 33 | 32 | 78 | 64 |
|  | PROFESSIONALSAND TECHNICIANS | HOURS |  | 30 | 27 | 32 | 51 | 43 | 47 |
|  | OTHER EMPLOYEES | HOURS |  | 46 | 35 | 34 | 30 | 30 | 37 |
| 404-3 | PERFORMANCE EVALUATIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | MANAGERS AND EXECUTVES | \% |  | 75\% | 69\% | 94\% | 100\% | 91\% | 100\% |
|  | PROFESSIONALSAND TECHNICIANS | \% |  |  |  | 90\% | 87\% | 63\% | 63\% |
|  | OTHER EMPLOYEES | \% |  |  |  | 82\% | 87\% | 81\% | 76\% |

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(5) Corporate governance
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& \text { Financial } \\
& \text { statements }
\end{aligned}
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## ENVIRONMENTAL PILLAR

WATER CONSUMPTION

| GRI STANDARD | description | UNIT | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 303-5 | Source |  |  |  |  |
|  | MUNIIIPAL/ DRINKING/WATER UTLITIES | M ${ }^{3}$ | 6,722,446 | 4,462,620 | 5,630,543 |
|  | SURFACE SOURCES, SUCH AS RIVERS AND CANALS | M ${ }^{3}$ | 53,281 |  |  |
|  | UNDERGROUND SOURCES, SUCH AS WELLS | $\mathrm{M}^{3}$ | 514,237 | 293,026 | 108,042 |
|  | TOTAL WATER CONSUMPTION | $\mathrm{M}^{3}$ | 7,289,964 | 4,755,646 | 5,738,585 |
|  | MEASUREMENT COVERAGE | \% | 63\% | 67\% | 96\% |

ENERGY CONSUMPTION OF OWN BUSINESS


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4. THIRD-PARTY TENANT CONSUMPTION WAS INCLUDED IN THE REALESTATE BUSINESS IN 2019. THIS WAS RECTIFIED FOR THE CONSUMPTION REPORTED FOR 2020 AND 2021.
5. BIOFUELS WERE INCLUDED In The MIX USED IN FALABELLA COLOMBIA FOR GENERATOR SETS.
6. THE CONSOLIDATION ELIMINATES DUPLICATIONSTHAT MAY OCCUR DUE TO ENERGY CONSUMPTION BY FALABELLA GROUP STORES AND BRANCHES WITHIN ITS SHOPPING CENTERS.

## fALABELLA

## WASTE

| GRI STANDARD | DESCRIPTION | UNIT | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 306-3; 306-4; 306-5 | HAZARDOUS WASTE |  |  |  |  |
|  | DISPOSALINLANDFILLS | TONS | 586 | 505 | 1,301 |
|  | OTHER DISPOSAL METHODS | TONS | 722 | 918 | 50 |
|  | TOTAL HAZARDOUS WASTE | TONS | 1,308 | 1,423 | 1,351 |
|  | NON-HAZARDOUS WASTE |  |  |  |  |
|  | REUSE | TONS | 503 | 97 | 130 |
|  | RECYCLE | TONS | 40,011 | 38,817 | 39,687 |
|  | COMPOST | TONS | 1,575 | 2,006 | 2,458 |
|  | Energy recovery | TONS | 8,902 | 5,374 | 4,599 |
|  | TOTAL NON-HAZARDOUS WASTE RECOVERED | TONS | 50,991 | 46,295 | 46,875 |
|  | DISPOSALINLANDFILLS | TONS | 79,111 | 52,251 | 77,915 |
|  | OTHER DISPOSALMETHODS | TONS | 2,471 | 893 | 502 |
|  | TOTAL NON-HAZARDOUS WASTE | TONS | 132,573 | 99,438 | 125,292 |
|  | \% RECOVERY OF NON-HAZARDOUS WASTE | \% | 38\% | 47\% | 37\% |
|  | MEASUREMENT COVE |  | 50\% |  |  |

## DEFINITIONS AND CALCULATION GUID

1. RECOVERY $=($ REUSE + RECYCLE + COMPOST + ENERGY RECOVERY) /TOTAL WASTE * 100
2. Themeasurement coverage is total revenue for banking and non-banking business units, expressed as a percentage of total consolidated revenue for falabella s.A.

CORPORATE CARBON FOOTPRINT

| GRI STANDARD | DESCRIPTION | UNIT | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CARBON FOOTPRINT |  |  |  |  |  |
| 305-1; 305-2; 305-3 | SCOPE |  |  |  |  |
|  | SCOPE 1 | $\mathrm{tCO}_{2} \mathrm{eq}$ | 73,452 | 103,161 | 106,328 |
|  | SCOPE 2 (LOCATION-BASED) | $\mathrm{tCO}_{2} \mathrm{eq}$ | 90,621 | 195,399 | 198,102 |
|  | SCOPE 2 (MARKET-BASED) | tCO2eq | 73,400 | 110,016 | 104,258 |
|  | SCOPE3(LOCATION-BASED) | $\mathrm{tCO}_{2} \mathrm{eq}$ | 565,395 | 7,140,729 | 9,621,245 |
|  | SCOPE 3(MARKET-BASED) | $\mathrm{tCO}_{2} \mathrm{eq}$ | 565,847 | 7,105,321 | 9,577,114 |
|  | SCOPE $1+2$ (MARKET-BASED) | tCO2eq | 146,852 | 213,178 | 210,586 |
|  | TOTAL | $\mathrm{tCO}_{2} \mathrm{eq}$ | 712,699 | 7,318,499 | 9,787,700 |
|  | MEASUREMENT COVERAGE | \% | 50\% | 94\% | 96\% |

## DEFINITIONS AND CALCULATION GUIDE

1. this calculation is based on the corporate greenhouse gas protocolaccounting and reporting standard (ghg PROTOCOL: A Corporate accounting and reporting standard). 2020 and 2021 MEASUREMENT BY ProyectaE.
2. THE GLOBAL WARMING POTENTIALS FROM THE IPCC FIFTH ASSESSMENT REPORT (AR5) WERE USED.
3. EMISSION FACTORSINCLUDETRACEABLE SOURCES, USINGVALUES FROM EACHYEARIFPOSSIBLE.THEY ARECLASSIFIED INTO 3 MAJOR GROUPS: ENERGY: OFFICIAL SOURCES FOREACH COUNTRY (ELLCCTRICITY, FUELS) MATERIALS, TRANSPORTATION, OTHERS: BASED ON ACTORS PUBLISHED BYTHEDEPARTMENT FORTHE ENVIRONMENT, FOOD \& RURALAFFAIRS (DEFRA). PRODUCTS PURCHASED: SPEND. BASED METHOD BASED ONFACTORS PUBLSHED BY DEFRA
4. SCOPE 2 I I PRESENTED USING THE LOCATION METHOD AND THE MARKET METHOD.
5. EMISSIONS ARE PRESENTED IN TONS OF CARBON DIOXIDE EQUIVALENT (TCO2E), WHICH COMBINES THE EFFECT OF 7 GREENHOUSE GASES (CO2, CH4, N20, HFCS, PFCS, SF6, NF3)
6. THE IMPACT OF CUSTOMER'S TRAVEL TO FALABELLA GROUP COMPANIES, INCLUDES SURVEYS TO DETERMINE THE MEANS OF transportation and distances traveled.
7. 2021 DATA WAS VERIIIED BY AN INDEPENDENT THIRD PARTY AS COMPLYING WITH THE GHG PROTOCOL. AUDIT PERFORMED BY geoinvest
8. MALLPLAZAAND FALABELLAINMOBILIARIO REPORTTHEIR 2020 AND 2021 ENERGY CONSUMPTION FOR COMMON AREAS AND PARKING UNDER SCOPE 2 AND THEIR TENANTS CONSUMPTION UNDER SCOPE 3
9. COVERAGE IS EXPRESSED AS TOTAL REVENUE FOR THE BUSINESS UNIT AS A PERCENTAGE OF THE TOTAL CONSOLIDATED REVENUE the home improvement colombia, home improvement mexico and financial services mexico units are not consolidated.
10. FURTHERINFORMATION ON OUR CARBON FOOTPRINTAND MITIGATION MEASURES CAN BE FOUND INTHESUSTAINABILITY REPORTS AT INVESTORS.FALABELLA.COM
(1) Welcome
(2) Who we are
(3) Physical-digital ecosystem
(4) Sustainability
(5) Corporate governance
(6) Corporate
information
(7) Financial
statements
(8) How we report

Consalided

financia statement

## HISTORICAL INFORMATION OF THE COMPANY

- 1889

Salvatore Falabella opened his first great tailo ring store on Ahumada Street, Santiago, Chile.

- 1937

Alberto Solari joined the company, transforming it into an important clothing store.
(-) 1958
Household products were introduced, laying the foundations for the first department store in Chile, and Ahumada Street became known as "Falabella Street".
( 1980
Falabella launched CMR, its own credit card and the first of its kind in Chile.

- 1990

Mallplaza opened its first shopping mall in Chile, Mallplaza Vespucio in La Florida.

- 1993
|| Falabella entered Argentina, and Sodimac entered Colombia.
- 1995
| Falabella entered Peru by acquiring Saga
|| Falabella went public and its shares began to trade on the Santiago Stock Exchange
- 1997
|| Viajes Falabella and Seguros Falabella were created.
- 1997
|| Falabella formed a partnership with Home Depot in Chile, and acquired it four years later
- 1998
|| Banco Falabella was formed by acquiring a license from ING Bank Chile
(1) Welcome
(2) Who we are
(3) Physical-digita

Sodimac acquired $60 \%$ of the Imperial home improvement chain in Chile.

- 2008-09

CMR formed a partnership with Visa in Peru and Chile. Then formed a partnership with MasterCard inArgentina and Colombia in 2011.

- 2009

Homy was launched in Chile

- 2011

Banco Falabella was launched in Colombia
2012
Mallplaza opened its first shopping mall in
Colombia.

- 2013

Falabella entered Brazil by acquiring 50.1\%
(4) Sustainability
(5) Corporate
(6) Corporate
(7) Financial
(8) How we report
(9)
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## fALABCLLA

4

- of the Dicico home improvement chain.

2014
I. Sodimac acquired the Maestro home impro-

- vement chain in Peru.


## 2014

- Hiperbodega Precio Uno was launched in Peru.
i| 2015

1. Sodimac entered Uruguay by opening its first

- two stores
| 2015
I. Falabella opened its first two Sodimac stores
- in Brazil
i| 2016

1. Falabella was admitted into the Dow Jones

- Sustainability World Index 2016
- Separation of Aventura Plaza S.A. in Peru. 2016

Falabella and Soriana signed final contracts to jointly develop Home Improvement (Sodimac) and Financial Services (CMR) businesses in

- Mexico

2017
SFalabella acquired 50\% of Servicios Financieros Soriana S.A.P.I de C.V. in Mexico and the

- first Falabella-Soriana credit card was issued.


## 2018

Falabella signed an MOU with IKEA to build and operate at least nine IKEA stores in Chile,

- Colombia and Peru over the next ten years.


## 2018

CMR and Banco Falabella Chile announced the integration of their businesses to improve their customer value proposal by focusing it

## 2018

On August 1, the company advanced towards its goal of becoming a regional e-commerce leader by acquiring Linio, which is a regional marketplace with significant market share in Mexico, Colombia and Peru

Also in August 2018, Falabella acquired the minority interests in Construdecor in Brazil from third parties, making it a wholly owned

- subsidiary.


## 2019

Falabella agreed to sell Viajes Falabella to Despegar and formed a long-term strategic

- alliance.


## 2020

Falabella launched Fazil in Chile which is a on-demand-delivery App using a supermarke format. It had already been piloted in Peruat
$1 i$
the end of 2019
2020
Falabella's virtual wallet FPay was launched, where users can upload cards issued by any bank, and shop at Falabella stores and other

- participating businesses using QR codes
||| 2020
|| A fully digital CMR card was launched in Chile
- and Colombia
|| 2021
| Department stores operation in Argentina
- was closed.


## 2021

The Falabella.com integrated platform was launched in Chile
(1) Welcome
(2) Who we are
(3) Physical-digita
ecosystem
(4) Sustainability

Sustai
(5) Corporate
governance
(6) Corporate
(7) Financial $\begin{aligned} & \text { statements }\end{aligned}$
(8)

How we report

Consolidated
financia statements


# Falabella S.A. and Subsidiaries <br> Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2021 

## 「AレA13 든.…

ThCh\$-Thousands of Chilean pesos

## Independent Auditor's Report

(Translation of the report originally issued in Spanish)

To the Shareholders and Directors
Falabella S.A.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Falabella S.A. and subsidiaries ("The company), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the comprehensive consolidated income statement, statement of changes in equity, and statement of cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

## Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards. This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in Chile. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

Building a better working world

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

## Opinion on the Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Falabella S.A. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.


Santiago, March 1, 2022

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As of December 31, 2021, and 2020

|  | Note | Dec-31-21 | Dec-31-20 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Note | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ |
| Assets |  |  |  |
| Non-Banking Businesses (Presentation) |  |  |  |
| Current assets |  |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 3 | 533,265,538 | 1,216,193,920 |
| Other financial assets, current | 4 | 45,368,100 | 41,163,435 |
| Other non-financial assets, current | 5 | 123,118,533 | 103,954,106 |
| Trade and other receivables, current | 6 | 392,422,932 | 416,572,521 |
| Related party receivables, current | 7 | 19,394,535 | 33,374,856 |
| Inventories | 8 | 1,867,793,791 | 1,161,244,547 |
| Current tax assets | 9 | 52,894,382 | 59,292,980 |
| Total current assets other than assets or disposal groups classified as held for sale or as held for distribution to owners |  | 3,034,257,811 | 3,031,796,365 |
| Non-current assets or groups of assets classified as held-for-sale or held-fordistribution to the owners | 2.16 | 38,129,032 | 29,095,216 |
| Non-current assets or groups of assets classified as held-for-sale or held-for-distribution to the owners |  | 38,129,032 | 29,095,216 |
| Total current assets |  | 3,072,386,843 | 3,060,891,581 |
| Non-current assets |  |  |  |
| Other financial assets. non-current | 4 | 507,250,640 | 195,004,590 |
| Other non-financial assets, non-current | 5 | 79,200,811 | 91,649,259 |
| Trade and other receivables, non-current | 6 | 11,810,824 | 5,594,155 |
| Related party receivables, non-current | 7 | 30,315,227 | 13,841,640 |
| Equity method investments | 11 | 246,099,787 | 194,146,313 |
| Intangible assets other than goodwill | 12 | 331,012,433 | 340,551,306 |
| Goodwill | 13 | 626,955,302 | 607,108,378 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 14 | 3,562,938,875 | 3,388,090,202 |
| Investment properties | 15 | 3,406,025,227 | 3,315,319,472 |
| Tax assets, non-current | 9 | 13,289,193 | 16,538,022 |
| Deferred tax assets | 10 | 260,646,688 | 233,685,099 |
| Total non-current assets |  | 9,075,545,007 | 8,401,528,436 |
| Total assets - non-banking businesses |  | 12,147,931,850 | 11,462,420,017 |
| Assets Banking Businesses (Presentation) |  |  |  |
| Cash and bank deposits | 3 | 562,625,424 | 336,805,631 |
| Transactions pending settlement. | 3 | 59,886,059 | 273,561,309 |
| Traded instruments | 3 | 99,356,256 | 450,773,778 |
| Receivables from repurchase agreements and securities lending |  | 15,171,250 | 15,016,800 |
| Financial derivative contracts |  | 692,381,202 | 640,330,966 |
| Customer loans and receivables | 6 | 5,346,827,330 | 4,304,988,052 |
| Investment instruments held for sale | 16 | 2,018,807,924 | 1,071,527,684 |
| Investments in companies | 11 | 3,810,616 | 3,134,482 |
| Intangible assets | 12 | 78,416,922 | 76,525,371 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 14 | 57,637,796 | 58,890,879 |
| Current tax liabilities | 9 | 21,297,373 | 13,217,364 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 10 | 75,691,795 | 66,492,338 |
| Other assets | 17 | 252,802,069 | 144,844,995 |
| Total assets - banking businesses |  | 9,284,712,016 | 7,456,109,649 |
| Total assets |  | 21,432,643,866 | 18,918,529,666 |

The accompanying notes 1 to 43 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020

|  | Note <br> Note | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec-31-21 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec-31-20 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity |  |  |  |
| Non-Banking Businesses (Presentation) |  |  |  |
| Current liabilities |  |  |  |
| Other financial liabilities, current | 18 | 508,082,080 | 530,542,382 |
| Leasing liabilities, current | 19 | 96,132,009 | 79,955,074 |
| Trade and other payables | 20 | 1,296,379,060 | 1,145,100,927 |
| Related party payables, current | 7 | 33,530,717 | 18,084,369 |
| Other provisions, current | 21 | 27,769,367 | 26,052,956 |
| Current tax liabilities | 9 | 90,466,042 | 22,623,827 |
| Employee benefit provisions | 22 | 207,125,196 | 145,574,678 |
| Other non-financial liabilities, current | 23 | 188,173,945 | 194,908,389 |
| Total current liabilities |  | 2,447,658,416 | 2,162,842,602 |
| Non-current liabilities |  |  |  |
| Other financial liabilities, non-current | 18 | 3,143,925,925 | 3,229,990,163 |
| Leasing liabilities, non-current | 19 | 978,459,876 | 853,592,987 |
| Trade and other payables, non-current | 20 | 1,098,361 | 1,074,634 |
| Other provisions, non-current | 21 | 9,394,347 | 8,425,778 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 10 | 613,288,475 | 591,807,294 |
| Employee benefit provisions, non-current | 22 | 47,702,105 | 43,599,751 |
| Other non-financial liabilities, non-current | 23 | 48,385,267 | 50,636,869 |
| Total non-current liabilities |  | 4,842,254,356 | 4,779,127,476 |
| Total liabilities - non-banking businesses |  | 7,289,912,772 | 6,941,970,078 |
| Banking Business Liabilities (Presentation) |  |  |  |
| Deposits and other demand obligations |  | 2,311,017,791 | 1,549,896,493 |
| Transactions pending settlement. | 3 | 448,849,277 | 265,976,430 |
| Savings accounts and other term deposits | 24 | 2,422,073,787 | 2,421,271,205 |
| Financial derivative contracts |  | 779,430,144 | 587,247,845 |
| Obligations to banks | 25 | 781,593,376 | 341,118,713 |
| Debt instruments issued | 26 | 212,007,852 | 205,447,491 |
| Other financial obligations | 26 | 65,170,753 | 74,735,593 |
| Leasing liabilities | 19 | 26,397,415 | 27,237,056 |
| Current tax liabilities | 9 | 19,975,132 | 13,390,117 |
| Provisions | 21 | 53,761,481 | 31,025,702 |
| Other liabilities | 27 | 377,389,356 | 473,957,252 |
| Total liabilities - banking businesses |  | 7,497,666,364 | 5,991,303,897 |
| Total liabilities |  | 14,787,579,136 | 12,933,273,975 |
| Equity |  |  |  |
| Share capital | 35 | 919,419,389 | 919,419,389 |
| Retained earnings |  | 4,912,670,411 | 4,459,532,797 |
| Share premium | 35 | 93,482,329 | 93,482,329 |
| Treasury shares |  | $(27,738,111)$ | $(43,405,118)$ |
| Other reserves | 35 | $(246,427,061)$ | $(407,289,735)$ |
| Equity attributable to owners of the parent company |  | 5,651,406,957 | 5,021,739,662 |
| Non-controlling interests |  | 993,657,773 | 963,516,029 |
| Total equity |  | 6,645,064,730 | 5,985,255,691 |
| Total equity and liabilities |  | 21,432,643,866 | 18,918,529,666 |

The accompanying notes 1 to 43 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

|  | Note | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Jan 01-21 } \\ \text { Dec-31-21 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan 01-20 } \\ \text { Dec-31-20 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Statement of Net Income |  |  |  |
| Non-Banking Businesses (Presentation) |  |  |  |
| Operating revenue | 28 | 10,335,383,740 | 8,281,049,949 |
| Cost of sales | 29 | $(7,047,860,245)$ | $(5,790,733,690)$ |
| Gross margin |  | 3,287,523,495 | 2,490,316,259 |
| Distribution costs |  | $(220,052,786)$ | $(191,796,601)$ |
| Administrative expenses | 30 | $(2,080,380,919)$ | (1,988,674,117) |
| Other expenses, by function |  | $(181,917,875)$ | $(111,787,544)$ |
| Other gains (losses) | 32 | $(29,055,029)$ | $(45,064,092)$ |
| Financial income |  | 124,517,244 | 67,907,001 |
| Financial costs | 31 | (234,461,905) | $(254,510,949)$ |
| Share of net income of equity method associates and joint ventures | 11 | 22,662,137 | 3,579,174 |
| Exchange differences |  | $(41,110,070)$ | $(29,085,779)$ |
| Gain (loss) on indexed assets and liabilities | 31 | $(56,003,432)$ | $(28,678,051)$ |
| Net income (loss) before tax |  | 591,720,860 | $(87,794,699)$ |
| Income tax expense | 10 | $(137,325,967)$ | $(5,243,074)$ |
| Net income (loss) from non-banking businesses |  | 454,394,893 | $(93,037,773)$ |
| Banking Businesses (Presentation) |  |  |  |
| Interest and indexation income. | 28 | 901,241,504 | 978,716,654 |
| Interest and indexation expense | 29 | $(115,989,486)$ | $(138,045,499)$ |
| Net interest and indexation income |  | 785,252,018 | 840,671,155 |
| Commission income | 28 | 231,937,086 | 206,908,355 |
| Commission expenses | 29 | $(88,385,525)$ | $(86,761,814)$ |
| Net commission income |  | 143,551,561 | 120,146,541 |
| Net income (loss) on financial transactions |  | 22,555,337 | 26,894,489 |
| Net income (loss) on currency exchange |  | $(8,379,431)$ | $(3,198,974)$ |
| Other operating income |  | 3,320,434 | 2,125,477 |
| Credit risk allowances | 29 | $(130,842,039)$ | $(384,783,080)$ |
| Total net operating income |  | 815,457,880 | 601,855,608 |
| Staff remuneration and expenses | 30 | $(132,165,948)$ | $(139,733,434)$ |
| Administrative expenses | 30 | $(281,848,447)$ | $(206,582,607)$ |
| Depreciation and amortization | 30 | $(39,291,807)$ | $(37,506,177)$ |
| Other operating expenses | 30 | $(50,571,387)$ | $(49,636,946)$ |
| Total operating expenses |  | $(503,877,589)$ | $(433,459,164)$ |
| Net operating income |  | 311,580,291 | 168,396,444 |
| Income from investments in companies | 11 | 531,673 | 708,890 |
| Net income before taxes |  | 312,111,964 | 169,105,334 |
| Income tax expense | 10 | $(71,485,124)$ | $(39,403,119)$ |
| Net income from banking businesses |  | 240,626,840 | 129,702,215 |
| Net income for the year |  | 695,021,733 | 36,664,442 |
| Net income attributable to |  |  |  |
| Net income attributable to owners of the parent company | 33 | 652,030,703 | 30,758,319 |
| Net income attributable to non-controlling interests |  | 42,991,030 | 5,906,123 |
| Net income for the year |  | 695,021,733 | 36,664,442 |
| Earnings per Share |  |  |  |
| Basic earnings per share |  |  |  |
| Basic earnings per share from continuing operations | 33 | 0,26 | 0,01 |
| Basic earnings per share |  | 0,26 | 0,01 |
| Diluted earnings per share |  |  |  |
| Diluted earnings per share from continuing operations | 33 | 0,26 | 0,01 |
| Diluted earnings per share |  | 0,26 | 0,01 |

The accompanying notes 1 to 43 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income by Function

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Jan 01-21 } \\ \text { Dec-31-21 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan 01-20 } \\ \text { Dec-31-20 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Statement of Comprehensive Income |  |  |
| Net income for the year | 695,021,733 | 36,664,442 |
| Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to income for the year, before tax <br> Actuarial income (losses) on defined benefit plans, before tax | $(107,719)$ | 575,530 |
| Other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to income for the year | $(107,719)$ | 575,530 |
| Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to income for the year, before tax <br> Foreign currency conversion <br> Income (losses) from foreign currency conversion, before tax | 152,953,755 | $(316,247,593)$ |
| Other comprehensive income from foreign currency conversion, before tax | 152,953,755 | $(316,247,593)$ |
| Income (losses) on financial assets held for sale, before tax | $(30,810,463)$ | $(146,803)$ |
| Other comprehensive income on financial assets held for sale, before tax | $(30,810,463)$ | $(146,803)$ |
| Cash flow hedges Income (losses) on cash flow hedges, before tax | 88,904,050 | 60,324,824 |
| Other comprehensive income on cash flow hedges, before tax | 88,904,050 | 60,324,824 |
| Other components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to income for the year, before tax | 211,047,342 | $(256,069,572)$ |
| Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income Income tax related to defined benefits plans in other comprehensive income | 32,365 | $(164,100)$ |
| Total income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to income for the year | 32,365 | $(164,100)$ |
| Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income Income tax related to financial assets held for sale in other comprehensive income Income tax related to cash flow hedges in other comprehensive income | $\begin{array}{r} 4,698,313 \\ (23,941,007) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 39,634 \\ (16,246,906) \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Total income tax related to components of other comprehensive income | $(19,242,694)$ | $(16,207,272)$ |
| Total other comprehensive income (losses) | 191,729,294 | $(271,865,414)$ |
| Total comprehensive income (losses) | 886,751,027 | $(235,200,972)$ |
| Comprehensive income (losses) attributable to <br> Comprehensive income (losses) attributable to owners of the parent company Comprehensive income (losses) attributable to non-controlling interests | $\begin{array}{r} 841,252,873 \\ 45,498,154 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} (226,588,051) \\ (8,612,921) \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Total comprehensive income (losses) | 886,751,027 | $(235,200,972)$ |

The accompanying notes 1 to 43 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.
a) The Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended December 31, 2021 was as follows:

|  | Share capital (Note 35) | Share premium | Treasury shares (Note 22.d) | Foreign currency conversion reserves | Cash flow hedge reserves | Actuarial gains or losses on defined benefit plans reserves | Gains or losses on financial assets held for sale reserves | Other miscellaneous reserves | Other reserves | Retained earnings (losses) | Equity attributable to owners of the parent company | Noncontrolling interests | Total shareholder's equity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Opening balance as of 01/01/2021 | 919,419,389 | 93,482,329 | (43,405,118) | (269,379,440) | 395,917 | (21,064,356) | 756,970 | (117,998,826) | $(407,289,735)$ | 4,459,532,797 | 5,021,739,662 | 963,516,029 | 5,985,255,691 |
| Changes in equity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Comprehensive income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net income for the year | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | . | 652,030,703 | 652,030,703 | 42.991.030 | 695.021.733 |
| Other comprehensive income | - |  |  | 149,640,965 | 64,161,216 | (71,132) | (24,508,879) | - | 189,222,170 | - | 189,222,170 | 2.507.124 | 191.729.294 |
| Total comprehensive income | - | - | . | 149,640,965 | 64,161,216 | (71,132) | $(24,508,879)$ | - | 189,222,170 | 652,030,703 | 841,252,873 | 45.498.154 | 886.751.027 |
| Shares issued | - |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | 8,080,281 | 8.080.281 |
| Dividends | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $(78,408,216)$ | (78,408,216) | $(8,598,312)$ | (87.006.528) |
| Increase (decrease) due to transfers and other changes | . | - | . | . | . | . | - | $(22,868,381)$ | $(22,868,381)$ | (120,484,873) | (143,353,254) | (14,838,379) | (158.191.633) |
| Increase (decrease) for transactions with treasury shares | - | - | 15,667,007 | . | - | . | - | $(5,491,115)$ | $(5,491,115)$ | - | 10,175,892 | - | 10.175 .892 |
| Total changes in equity | - | - | 15,667,007 | 149,640,965 | 64,161,216 | $(71,132)$ | (24,508,879) | (28,359,496) | 160,862,674 | 453,137,614 | 629,667,295 | 30,141,744 | 659,809,039 |
| Closing balance as of 12/31/2021 | 919,419,389 | 93,482,329 | $(27,738,111)$ | (119,738,475) | 64,557,133 | $(21,135,488)$ | $(23,751,909)$ | (146,358,322) | $(246,427,061)$ | 4,912,670,411 | 5,651,406,957 | 993,657,773 | 6,645,064,730 |

b) The Statement of Changes in Net Equity for the year ended December 31, 2020 was as follows:

|  | Share capital (Note 35) | Share premium | Treasury shares (Note 22.d) | Foreign currency conversion reserves | Cash flow hedge reserves | Actuarial gains or losses on defined benefit plans reserves | Gains or losses on financial assets held for sale reserves | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Other } \\ & \text { miscellaneous } \\ & \text { reserves } \end{aligned}$ | Other reserves | Retained earnings (losses) | Equity attributable to owners of the parent company | Non- controlling interests | Total shareholder's equity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Opening balance as of 01/01/2020 | 919,419,389 | 93,482,329 | $(43,405,118)$ | 25,472,380 | (36,810,863) | (21,475,754) | 869,698 | (117,998,826) | (149,943,365) | 4,439,393,886 | 5,258,947,121 | 973,664,955 | 6,232,612,076 |
| Changes in equity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Comprehensive income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net income for the year | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | . | 30,758,319 | 30,758,319 | 5.906 .123 | 36.664.442 |
| Other comprehensive income | - | . |  | $(294,851,820)$ | 37,206,780 | 411,398 | (112,728) | . | $(257,346,370)$ | - | $(257,346,370)$ | (14.519.044) | (271.865.414) |
| Total comprehensive income | . | . | - | (294,851,820) | 37,206,780 | 411,398 | $(112,728)$ | - | (257,346,370) | 30,758,319 | (226,588,051) | (8.612.921) | (235.200.972) |
| Shares issued | . | - |  | - | . | . | - | - | - | - | - | 4,959,484 | 4.959.484 |
| Dividends | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $(1,391,912)$ | $(1,391,912)$ | $(5,731,299)$ | (7.123.211) |
| Increase (decrease) due to transfers and other changes | . | . | . | . | - | - | . | . | . | $(9,227,496)$ | $(9,227,496)$ | $(764,190)$ | (9.991.686) |
| Total changes in equity | - | - | - | (294,851,820) | 37,206,780 | 411,398 | (112,728) | - | (257,346,370) | 20,138,911 | (237,207,459) | $(10,148,926)$ | (247,356,385) |
| Closing balance as of 12/31/2020 | 919,419,389 | 93,482,329 | $(43,405,118)$ | $(269,379,440)$ | 395,917 | $(21,064,356)$ | 756,970 | $(117,998,826)$ | $(407,289,735)$ | 4,459,532,797 | 5,021,739,662 | 963,516,029 | 5,985,255,691 |

The accompanying notes 1 to 43 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

| Cash Flow Statement - Direct Method | Jan 01-21 | Jan 01-20 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Dec-31-21 | Dec-31-20 |
|  | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ |
| Cash flow statements |  |  |
| Cash flow provided by (used in) operating activities |  |  |
| Non-Banking Businesses (Presentation) |  |  |
| Proceeds from operating activities |  |  |
| Proceeds from sale of goods and services | 12,410,116,796 | 9,938,936,822 |
| Payments for operating activities |  |  |
| Payments to suppliers for goods and services | $(10,650,085,675)$ | $(7,846,998,881)$ |
| Payments to and on behalf of employees | $(1,108,191,356)$ | $(1,125,689,570)$ |
| Income taxes refunded (paid) | $(35,105,536)$ | 13,252,206 |
| Other payments | $(283,729,208)$ | $(197,870,348)$ |
| Subtotal net cash flow provided by operating activities from Non-Banking Businesses | 333,005,021 | 781,630,229 |
| Banking Businesses (Presentation) |  |  |
| Consolidated net income for the year | 240,626,840 | 129,702,215 |
| Charges (credits) not affecting cash flows: |  |  |
| Depreciation and amortization | 39,291,807 | 37,506,177 |
| Credit risk allowances | 210,366,358 | 467,908,202 |
| Net income from investments in companies with significant influence | $(531,673)$ | $(708,890)$ |
| Other charges that do not involve cash movements | 71,485,124 | 39,403,119 |
| Net changes in accrued interest, indexation and commission on assets and liabilities | $(39,080,293)$ | 60,263,614 |
| Changes in assets and liabilities that affect operating cash flows: |  |  |
| Increase from repurchase agreements and securities loans | $(15,171,250)$ | - |
| Increase (decrease) in customer loans and receivables | $(1,200,636,435)$ | 399,516,167 |
| Net (increase) decrease in instruments held for trading | 101,031,312 | $(35,624,166)$ |
| Increase in deposits and other demand obligations | 761,121,298 | 747,524,423 |
| Increase (decrease) in savings accounts and other term deposits | 9,213,236 | $(620,906,874)$ |
| Increase in obligations to banks | 174,981,370 | 19,423,687 |
| Other proceeds (payments) | (214,690,024) | 172,698,136 |
| Subtotal net cash flow provided by operating activities from Banking Businesses | 138,007,670 | 1,416,705,810 |
| Net cash flow provided by operating activities | 471,012,691 | 2,198,336,039 |
| Cash flow provided by (used in) investing activities |  |  |
| Non-Banking Businesses (Presentation) |  |  |
| Proceeds from the loss of control of subsidiaries or other businesses | 3,287,485 | 4,209,950 |
| Payments to obtain control of subsidiaries or other businesses | $(30,365,760)$ | $(18,421,834)$ |
| Contributions to associates | $(33,283,172)$ | $(29,275,407)$ |
| Loans to related parties | $(7,930,022)$ | $(2,047,852)$ |
| Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment | 9,108,127 | 1,538,896 |
| Purchases of property, plant and equipment | $(286,987,282)$ | $(279,388,984)$ |
| Purchases of intangible assets | $(46,308,324)$ | $(49,918,932)$ |
| Proceeds from other long-term assets | 6,405,494 | 13,366,043 |
| Purchases of other long-term assets | $(80,366,015)$ | $(123,383,685)$ |
| Dividends received | 39,164,111 | 16,186,707 |
| Interest received | 28,120,697 | 24,914,283 |
| Other proceeds (payments) | 7,244,082 | $(6,708,836)$ |
| Subtotal net cash flow used in investing activities for Non-Banking Businesses | $(391,910,579)$ | $(448,929,651)$ |
| Banking Businesses (Presentation) |  |  |
| Net increase in investment instruments held for sale | $(111,301,445)$ | $(65,414,091)$ |
| Purchases of property, plant and equipment | $(25,228,300)$ | $(33,982,056)$ |
| Dividends received | 506,422 | 247,434 |
| Other payments | $(35,555)$ | $(84,180)$ |
| Subtotal net cash flow provided by (used in) investing activities for Banking Businesses | $(136,058,878)$ | $(99,232,893)$ |
| Net cash flow used in investing activities | $(527,969,457)$ | $(548,162,544)$ |

The accompanying notes 1 to 43 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow
For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

| Cash Flow Statement - Direct Method | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan 01-21 } \\ \text { Dec-31-21 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan 01-20 } \\ \text { Dec-31-20 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash flow provided by (used in) financing activities Non-Banking Businesses (Presentation) |  |  |
| Proceeds from share issues | 8,080,281 | 4,959,484 |
| Proceeds from selling the Company's own shares | 10,175,892 |  |
| Proceeds from long-term loans | 944,407,127 | 809,818,703 |
| Proceeds from short-term loans | 407,535,776 | 1,898,099,783 |
| Total proceeds from loans | 1,351,942,903 | 2,707,918,486 |
| Loan repayments | (1,753,763,358) | $(2,044,888,397)$ |
| Dividends paid | $(93,063,481)$ | $(108,030,689)$ |
| Interest paid | $(152,165,733)$ | $(186,551,639)$ |
| Other proceeds | 845,809 | 3,483,996 |
| Subtotal net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities for Non-Banking Businesses | $(627,947,687)$ | 376,891,241 |
| Banking Businesses (Presentation) |  |  |
| Letters of credit redeemed | $(5,790,964)$ | $(9,934,960)$ |
| Procurement (repayment) of loans and other liabilities | 272,053,653 | $(283,907,431)$ |
| Other proceeds (payments) | $(176,612)$ | $(4,736,907)$ |
| Subtotal net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities for Banking Businesses | 266,086,077 | $(298,579,298)$ |
| Net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities | $(361,861,610)$ | 78,311,943 |
| Net (decrease) increase in cash \& cash equivalents before effect of changes in exchange rates | $(418,818,376)$ | 1,728,485,438 |
| Effect of changes in exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents |  |  |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | $(399,349,768)$ | 1,624,593,953 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the start of the year | 2,462,375,816 | 837,781,863 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year | 2,063,026,048 | 2,462,375,816 |

The accompanying notes 1 to 43 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## Falabella S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Consolidated Classified Financial Statements

## Note 1 - Company Information

Falabella S.A. (hereinafter the "Parent Company") is a publicly traded company established in Santiago, Chile on March 19, 1937 in accordance with Law No. 18,046. Its formation was legally authorized by Supreme Decree No. 1,424 of April 14, 1937. The Company is registered in the Securities Registry under No. 582 and is subject to the supervision of the Chilean Financial Market Commission ("FMC"). Its main offices and legal domicile are located at Manuel Rodríguez Norte 730, Santiago, Chile.

The subsidiary companies registered with the FMC are detailed as follows:

| SUBSIDIARY | Chilean ID <br> Number | Registration number |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Sodimac S.A. | $96,792,430-\mathrm{K}$ | 850 |
| Plaza S.A. | $76,017,019-4$ | 1,028 |
| Banco Falabella S.A | $96,509,660-4$ | 051 |

Falabella S.A. and its subsidiaries (hereinafter the "Company" or "Falabella") operates in Chile, Argentina, Perú, Colombia, Uruguay, México and Brazil.

The Company's business is selling a wide range of products, including the retail sale of clothing, accessories, home products, electronics, beauty products and others. A significant portion of sales in this segment occurs during the second half of each year. In addition it sells retail and wholesale construction and home improvement products, including building materials, hardware, tools, kitchen accessories, bathroom, gardening and decorative products, as well as food products in Supermarkets. It also operates in the real estate segment through constructions, administration, management, operations, and the leasing and subleasing of stores and malls, and is renowned for providing a comprehensive supply of goods and services in world class malls, working with the main commercial operators in the countries where it operates. It also works with other businesses that support its main business such as financial services (CMR, insurance brokers and banking), and in textile manufacturing (Mavesa).

Falabella had the following number of employees as of December 31, 2021 and 2020:

| Country | Dec-31-21 | Dec-31-20 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Chile | 50,972 | 47,139 |
| Perú | 34,514 | 34,742 |
| Colombia | 7,097 | 6,730 |
| Argentina | 1,181 | 2,914 |
| Brazil | 3,420 | 3,541 |
| Uruguay | 534 | 415 |
| India | 325 | 185 |
| China | 147 | 148 |
| México | 240 | 297 |
| TOTAL | 98,430 | 96,111 |
| Senior Executives | 2,774 | 2,475 |

## Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### 2.1. Basis of Preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements

These consolidated financial statements of Falabella S.A. and subsidiaries include consolidated statements of financial position, consolidated statements of comprehensive income by function, statements of changes in equity and consolidated statements of cash flow for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 and their corresponding notes which have been prepared and presented in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), including additional information required by the Chilean Financial Market Commission ("FMC") which does not contradict IFRS.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of historical cost, except for certain financial instruments, employee benefit obligations and share-based payment obligations, which are measured at fair value.

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires the use of estimates and critical assumptions that could affect the reported amounts of certain assets and liabilities, as well as certain income and expenses. It also requires that Management exercises judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies. Subsection 2.28 discloses the areas that entail a greater degree of judgment or complexity, and the areas where the assumptions and estimates are significant for the consolidated financial statements.

The Company uses mixed presentation criteria, separating the balances of the banking companies (Banking Business) from the remaining consolidated companies (Non-Banking Business). The Falabella banking companies that were separated were: Banco Falabella Chile, Banco Falabella Perú and Banco Falabella Colombia.

The consolidated financial statements of Falabella S.A. for 2020 were approved by its Board at a meeting held on February 23,2021 and were subsequently submitted to the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting held on April 27,2021 , where they were finally approved.

### 2.2. New standards, interpretations and amendments adopted by Falabella

The accounting policies adopted in preparing these consolidated financial statements are consistent with those applied in preparing Falabella's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020. Certain items from the previous year's financial statements have been reclassified for the purpose of ensuring comparability with the current year's presentation.

### 2.3. Presentation and Functional Currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Chilean pesos, which is the functional currency of the Parent Company and Falabella's presentation currency. Chilean pesos are rounded to the nearest thousand pesos.

Each Falabella company has determined its own functional currency in accordance with the requirements of IAS 21 "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates". The items included in the financial statements of each company are measured using that functional currency, and are then converted to Falabella's presentation currency, in accordance with IAS 21.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### 2.4. Period covered by the Consolidated Financial Statements

The consolidated financial statements comprise the statements of financial position, the statements of comprehensive income by function, the statements of cash flow, and the statements of changes in equity for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

### 2.5. Basis for Consolidation of the Financial Statements

These consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Parent Company and its subsidiaries, including all of its assets, liabilities, income, expenses and cash flows after performing the adjustments and eliminations related to transactions between the companies that form part of the consolidation. These consolidated financial statements also include structured entities created in asset securitization processes, for which the Company has not transferred all the risks of the associated assets and liabilities.

Subsidiaries are all companies over which Falabella has control, in accordance with IFRS 10. In order to comply with the definition of control in IFRS 10, three criteria must be met, which include: (a) an investor must be able to exercise authority over the investee's business, (b) an investor must be exposed, or have the rights to variable returns resulting from its involvement in the investee, and (c) an investor must have the ability to use its authority over the investee to influence the investor's returns.

The non-controlling interest represents the portion of net assets and net income or losses that are not owned by Falabella, which is presented separately in the statement of comprehensive income and in equity in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The Company has not consolidated the financial statements of R-SC Internet Services C.A. (Linio Venezuela). Although it controls this company, the conditions established by IFRS 10 to consolidate it have not been met, because the economic situation and measures in Venezuela have caused significant distortions with respect to receiving the cash flows generated there. Additionally, the identifiable net assets of this subsidiary were valued at a fair value of zero as of the business combination date, given this situation.

The acquisition of subsidiaries is recorded in accordance with IFRS 3 "Business Combinations", using the acquisition method. This method requires the recognition of identifiable assets (including intangible assets not previously recognized and goodwill) and business liabilities acquired at fair value on the date of acquisition. The non-controlling interest is the minority shareholder's share of the fair values of recognized assets and liabilities.

The excess of the acquisition cost over the fair value of the Company's share in the net identifiable assets acquired is recognized as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is lower than the fair value of the net assets of the acquired subsidiary, the difference is recognized directly in the statement of income.

The financial statements of subsidiaries have been prepared on the same date as the Parent Company and uniform accounting policies have been applied, considering the specific nature of each business.

## Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### 2.5. Basis for Consolidation of the Financial Statements (continued)

Subsidiaries included in the consolidation are detailed as follows:

| CHILEAN ID NUMBER | SUBSIDIARY | OWNERSHIP INTEREST |  |  |  | COUNTRY | FUNCTIONAL CURRENCY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec-31-21 } \\ \text { DIRECT } \\ \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec-31-21 } \\ \text { INDIRECT } \\ \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec-31-21 } \\ \text { TOTAL } \\ \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec-31-20 } \\ \text { TOTAL } \\ \% \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 76.020.391-2 | Inversiones Falabella Limitada | 99,992 | 0,008 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.020.385-8 | Inversiones Parmin SpA. | 100 | - | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 79.598.260-4 | Administradora de Servicios Computacionales y de Crédito CMR Falabella Ltda. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 79.990.670-8 | Administradora Plaza Vespucio S.A. | - | 59,272 | 59,272 | 59,272 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.644.120-3 | Aporta Soluciones para la Administración de Recursos Humanos SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.046.439-2 | Apyser SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.683.615-1 | Asesorías y Evaluación de Créditos Ltda. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.044.159-7 | Autoplaza SpA. | - | 59,278 | 59,278 | 59,278 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.011.659-9 | Banco Falabella Corredores de Seguros Limitada. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 96.509.660-4 | Banco Falabella | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.153.976-0 | Capyser SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.662.120-1 | Servicios Generales Cerro Colorado Limitada. | - | 88 | 88 | 88 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.477.116-8 | C.F. Seguros de Vida S.A. | - | 94,206 | 94,206 | 90 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.046.445-7 | Confecciones Industriales SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 77.104.802-1 | Desarrollos Inmobiliarios Dos SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.883.720-1 | Desarrollos e Inversiones Internacionales SpA. | - | 59,278 | 59,278 | 59,278 | CHILE | CLP |
| 99.593.960-6 | Desarrollos Inmobiliarios SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 99.564.380-4 | Desarrollos Urbanos SpA. | - | 45,94 | 45,94 | 45,94 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.788.282-3 | Digital Payments SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.039.672-9 | Dinalsa SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.212.492-0 | Falabella.com SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 99.556.170-0 | Falabella Inmobiliario S.A. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.046.433-3 | Falabella Inversiones Financieras S.A. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 77.261.280-K | Falabella Retail S.A. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.587.847-0 | Falabella Servicios Profesionales de TI SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 77.612.410-9 | Falabella Tecnología Corporativa Ltda. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 77.275.077-3 | Falabella Trading SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 96.792.430-K | Fazil SpA | - | 100 | 100 | - | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.142.721-0 | Gift Corp SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 78.627.210-6 | Hipermercados Tottus S.A. | - | 100 | 100 | 88 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.993.859-1 | IKSO SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.821.330-5 | Imperial S.A. | - | 60 | 60 | 60 | CHILE | CLP |
| 77.107.881-8 | Inmobiliaria Rentas Dos SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 96.951.230-0 | Inmobiliaria Mall Calama SpA. | - | 59,278 | 59,278 | 59,278 | CHILE | CLP |
| 96.824.450-7 | Inmobiliaria Mall Las Américas S.A. | - | 45,143 | 45,143 | 45,143 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.007.317-2 | Invercol SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.282.188-5 | Inverfal Brasil SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.803.189-4 | Inverfal India SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.159.684-5 | Inverfal Uruguay SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.149.308-6 | Inversiones Brasil SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.319.068-4 | Inversiones India SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.141.046-6 | Inversiones Inverfal Argentina SpA. | - | - | - | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.141.045-8 | Inversiones Inverfal Colombia SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 96.647.930-2 | Inversiones Inverfal Perú SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.335.739-2 | Inversiones México SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.899.941-4 | Inversiones Mktp SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.159.664-0 | Inversiones Uruguay SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.042.509-5 | Inversiones y Prestaciones Venser Seis Ltda. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.167.965-1 | Logística Internacional Ltda. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 96.573.100-8 | Manufacturas de Vestuario Mavesa Ltda. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.042.371-8 | Nueva Falabella Inversiones Internacionales SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.308.853-7 | Nueva Inverfal Argentina SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.582.813-9 | Nueva Inverfal México SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |

## Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### 2.5. Basis for Consolidation of the Financial Statements (continued)

Subsidiaries included in the consolidation are detailed as follows (continued):

| CHILEAN ID NUMBER | SUBSIDIARY | OWNERSHIP INTEREST |  |  |  | COUNTRY | FUNCTIONAL CURRENCY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Dec-31-21 } \\ \text { DIRECT } \\ \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Dec-31-21 } \\ \text { INDIRECT } \\ \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Dec-31-20 } \\ \text { TOTAL } \\ \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 76.023.147-9 | Nueva Inverfin SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.882.330-8 | Nuevos Desarrollos S.A. | - | 45,94 | 45,94 | 45,94 | CHILE | CLP |
| 77.110.043-0 | Open Plaza Chile SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 99.555.550-6 | Plaza Antofagasta S.A. | - | 59,278 | 59,278 | 59,278 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.882.090-2 | Plaza Cordillera SpA. | - | 45,94 | 45,94 | 45,94 | CHILE | CLP |
| 96.653.660-8 | Plaza del Trébol SpA. | - | 59,278 | 59,278 | 59,278 | CHILE | CLP |
| 96.795.700-3 | Plaza La Serena SpA. | - | 59,278 | 59,278 | 59,278 | CHILE | CLP |
| 96.653.650-0 | Plaza Oeste SpA. | - | 59,278 | 59,278 | 59,278 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.017.019-4 | Plaza S.A. | - | 59,278 | 59,278 | 59,278 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.034.238-6 | Plaza SpA. | - | 59,278 | 59,278 | 59,278 | CHILE | CLP |
| 96.791.560-2 | Plaza Tobalaba SpA. | - | 59,278 | 59,278 | 59,278 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.677.940-9 | Plaza Valparaíso S.A. | - | 45,94 | 45,94 | 45,94 | CHILE | CLP |
| 96.538.230-5 | Plaza Vespucio SpA. | - | 59,278 | 59,278 | 59,278 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.027.825-4 | Promociones y Publicidad Ltda. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.000.935-0 | Promotora Chilena de Café Colombia S.A. | - | 65 | 65 | 65 | CHILE | CLP |
| 90.743.000-6 | Promotora CMR Falabella S.A. | - | 99,998 | 99,998 | 99,996 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.434.317-4 | Promotora CMR Inversiones S.A. | - | 99,996 | 99,996 | 99,996 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.201.304-5 | Rentas Hoteleras SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 77.099.010-6 | Seguros Falabella Corredores Ltda. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 77.235.510-6 | Servicios de Evaluaciones y Cobranzas Sevalco Ltda. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.427.811-9 | Servicios de Infraestructura Falabella SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 96.847.200-3 | Servicios e Inversiones Falabella Ltda. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 77.070.342-5 | Servicios Falabella SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.222.370-8 | Servicios Generales Bascuñán Ltda. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 78.566.830-8 | Soc. de Cobranzas Legales Lexicom Ltda. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 96.792.430-K | Sodimac S.A. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 99.556.180-8 | Sodimac Tres S.A. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.512.060-8 | Soluciones Crediticias CMR Falabella Ltda. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 76.054.151-6 | Traineemac S.A. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 78.745.900-5 | Trasciende Gestión Integral de Capacitación SpA. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHILE | CLP |
| 77.303.603-9 | Desarrollos Inmobiliarios Ñuble SpA | - | 100 | 100 | - | CHILE | CLP |
| 77.312.496-5 | Digital Payments Prepago S.A. | - | 100 | 100 | - | CHILE | CLP |
| O-E | Linio Asia Limited (Hong Kong) | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHINA | HKD |
| O-E | Linio Consulting (Shenzhen) Co., Ltda. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHINA | CNY |
| O-E | Shearvan Commercial (Shangai) Co., Ltda. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | CHINA | CNY |
| O-E | ABC de Servicios S.A.S. | - | 65 | 65 | 65 | COLOMBIA | COP |
| O-E | Agencia de Seguros Falabella Ltda. | - | 65 | 65 | 65 | COLOMBIA | COP |
| O-E | Banco Falabella S.A. | - | 65 | 65 | 65 | COLOMBIA | COP |
| O-E | Digital Payments S.A.S. | - | 100 | 100 | - | COLOMBIA | COP |
| O-E | Falabella Colombia S.A. | - | 65 | 65 | 65 | COLOMBIA | COP |
| O-E | Fondo de Capital Privado Mall Plaza De Colombia | - | 59,278 | 59,278 | 59,278 | COLOMBIA | COP |
| O-E | IKSO S.A.S. | - | 51 | 51 | 51 | COLOMBIA | COP |
| O-E | Inversiones Falabella de Colombia S.A. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | COLOMBIA | COP |
| O-E | Linio Colombia S.A.S. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | COLOMBIA | COP |

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### 2.5. Basis for Consolidation of the Financial Statements (continued)

Subsidiaries included in the consolidation are detailed as follows (continued):

| CHILEAN ID NUMBER | SUBSIDIARY | OWNERSHIP INTEREST |  |  |  | COUNTRY | FUNCTIONAL CURRENCY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Dec-31-21 } \\ \text { DIRECT } \\ \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Dec-31-21 } \\ \text { INDIRECT } \\ \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Dec-31-21 } \\ \text { TOTAL } \\ \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Dec-31-20 } \\ \text { TOTAL } \\ \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| O-E | Mall Plaza Colombia S.A.S. | - | - | - | 59,278 | COLOMBIA | COP |
| O-E | Mall Plaza Servicios S.A.S. | - | 59,278 | 59,278 | 59,278 | COLOMBIA | COP |
| O-E | Patrimonio Autónomo Centro Comercial Barranquilla | - | 38,531 | 38,531 | 38,531 | COLOMBIA | COP |
| O-E | Patrimonio Autónomo Centro Comercial Cartagena | - | 59,278 | 59,278 | 59,278 | COLOMBIA | COP |
| O-E | Patrimonio Autónomo Centro Comercial Manizales Dos | - | 47,422 | 47,422 | 47,422 | COLOMBIA | COP |
| O-E | Patrimonio Autónomo Mall Plaza Calí | - | 59,278 | 59,278 | 59,278 | COLOMBIA | COP |
| O-E | Patrimonio Autónomo Mall Plaza Calima Holding | - | 59,278 | 59,278 | 59,278 | COLOMBIA | COP |
| O-E | Falabella Servicios S.A.S. | - | 100 | 100 | - | COLOMBIA | COP |
| O-E | Jade 1364 Gmbh \& Co. 14. Verwaltungs Kg | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | GERMANY | EUR |
| O-E | Jade 1364 Gmbh \& Co. Dritte Verwaltungs Kg | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | GERMANY | EUR |
| O-E | Jade 1364 Gmbh \& Co. Fünfte Verwaltungs Kg | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | GERMANY | EUR |
| O-E | Jade 1364 Gmbh \& Co. Sechste Verwaltungs Kg | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | GERMANY | EUR |
| O-E | Jade 1364 Gmbh \& Co. Siebte Verwaltungs Kg | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | GERMANY | EUR |
| O-E | Jade 1364 Gmbh \& Co. Vierte Verwaltungs Kg | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | GERMANY | EUR |
| O-E | Jade 1364 Gmbh \& Co. Zehnte Verwaltungs Kg | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | GERMANY | EUR |
| O-E | Jade 1364 Gmbh \& Co. Zweite Verwaltungs Kg | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | GERMANY | EUR |
| O-E | Jade 1364. Gmbh | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | GERMANY | EUR |
| O-E | New Tin Linio I Gmbh | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | GERMANY | EUR |
| O-E | Tin Jade Gbmh | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | GERMANY | EUR |
| O-E | Centro Logístico Aplicado S.A. | - | 100 | 100 | 99,999 | ARGENTINA | ARS |
| O-E | CMR Falabella S.A. | - | 100 | 100 | 99,999 | ARGENTINA | ARS |
| O-E | DP Factory S.A. | - | 100 | 100 | 99,999 | ARGENTINA | ARS |
| O-E | Falabella S.A. | - | 100 | 100 | 99,999 | ARGENTINA | ARS |
| O-E | Inversiones Falabella Argentina S.A. | - | 100 | 100 | 99,999 | ARGENTINA | ARS |
| O-E | Linio Argentina S.R.L. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | ARGENTINA | ARS |
| O-E | Productora de Seguros Falabella S.A. | - | 100 | 100 | 99,999 | ARGENTINA | ARS |
| O-E | Servicios de Personal Logístico S.A. | - | 100 | 100 | 99,999 | ARGENTINA | ARS |
| O-E | Construdecor Properties Ltda. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | BRAZIL | BRL |
| O-E | Construdecor S.A. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | BRAZIL | BRL |
| O-E | Construdecor Servicios Ltda. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | BRAZIL | BRL |
| O-E | Falabella Brasil Ltda. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | BRAZIL | BRL |
| O-E | Lille Investimentos Inmobiliario Ltda. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | BRAZIL | BRL |
| O-E | Sodimac Brasil Ltda. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | BRAZIL | BRL |
| O-E | Tenerife Emprendimientos e Participacoes Ltda. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | BRAZIL | BRL |
| O-E | Ecuaelecommerce S.A. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | ECUADOR | USD |
| O-E | Shearvan Corporate S.A. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | I.V. <br> BRITÁNICAS | USD |
| O-E | Falabella Corporate Services India Private Limited | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | INDIA | INR |
| O-E | Shearvan Purchasing India Privated Limited | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | INDIA | INR |
| O-E | Inverfal México S.A. de C.V. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | MEXICO | MXN |
| O-E | Bazaya Mexico S.A. de R.L. De C.V. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | MÉXICO | MXM |
| O-E | Banco Falabella Perú S.A. | - | 99,759 | 99,759 | 99,759 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Compañía San Juan S.A.C. | - | 99,758 | 99,758 | 99,758 | PERÚ | PEN |

## Falabella S.A. and Subsidiaries

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### 2.5. Basis for Consolidation of the Financial Statements (continued)

Subsidiaries included in the consolidation are detailed as follows (continued):

| CHILEAN ID NUMBER | SUBSIDIARY | OWNERSHIP INTEREST |  |  |  | COUNTRY | FUNCTIONAL CURRENCY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec-31-21 } \\ \text { DIRECT } \\ \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Dec-31-21 <br> INDIRECT <br> \% | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec-31-21 } \\ \text { TOTAL } \\ \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec-31-20 } \\ \text { TOTAL } \\ \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| O-E | Contac Center Falabella S.A.C. | - | 99,759 | 99,759 | 99,759 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Corredora de Seguros Falabella S.A.C. | - | 99,758 | 99,758 | 99,758 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Digital Payment Perú S.A.C | - | 99,758 | 99,758 | 99,758 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Falabella Corporativo Perú S.A.C | - | 99,759 | 99,759 | 99,759 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Falabella Perú S.A.A. | - | 99,758 | 99,758 | 99,758 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Falabella Servicios Generales S.A.C. | - | 99,759 | 99,759 | 99,759 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Falabella Tecnología Perú S.A.C. | - | 99,759 | 99,759 | 99,759 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Falabella.com S.A.C. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Fazil Perú SAC | - | 99,758 | 99,758 | 99,758 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Gemma Negocios S.A.C. | - | 60,386 | 60,386 | 60,386 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Gestiones Integrales de Servicios S.A.C. | - | 99,15 | 99,15 | 99,15 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Hipermercados Tottus Iquitos S.A.C. | - | 99,758 | 99,758 | 99,758 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Hipermercados Tottus Oriente S.A. | - | 99,758 | 99,758 | 99,758 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Hipermercados Tottus S.A. | - | 99,758 | 99,758 | 99,758 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | IKSO S.A.C. | - | 99,758 | 99,758 | 99,758 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Industrias Delta S.A.C. | - | 99,758 | 99,758 | 99,758 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Inmobiliaria Domel S.A.C. | - | 99,758 | 99,758 | 99,758 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Inmobiliaria Kainos S.A.C. | - | 99,758 | 94,758 | 94,758 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Inmobiliaria ISIC S.A. | - | 98,39 | 98,39 | 98,39 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Inverfal Perú S.A.A. | - | 99,758 | 99,758 | 99,758 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Inversiones Corporativas Beta S.A.C. | - | 99,758 | 99,758 | 99,758 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Inversiones Corporativas Gamma S.A.C. | - | 99,758 | 99,758 | 99,758 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Inversiones Falabella S.A.C. | - | 99,758 | 99,758 | 99,758 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Logística y Distribución S.A.C. | - | 99,758 | 99,758 | 99,758 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Maestro Perú Amazonia S.A.C. | - | - | - | 99,758 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Mall Plaza Inmobiliaria S.A. | - | 86,266 | 86,266 | 86,266 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Mall Plaza Perú S.A. | - | 86,265 | 86,265 | 86,265 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Open Plaza S.A.C. | - | 99,758 | 99,758 | 99,758 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Open Plaza Corporativo Perú S.A.C | - | 99,758 | 99,758 | 99,758 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | SAGA Falabella Iquitos S.A.C. | - | - | - | 97,799 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | SAGA Falabella Oriente S.A.C. | - | 97,799 | 97,799 | 97,799 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | SAGA Falabella S.A. | - | 97,799 | 97,799 | 97,799 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Salón Motor Plaza S.A. | - | 59,278 | 59,278 | 59,278 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Sodimac Perú Oriente S.A.C. | - | 99,758 | 99,758 | 99,758 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Tiendas de Mejoramiento del Hogar S.A. | - | 99,758 | 99,758 | 99,758 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Open Plaza Corporativo Perú S.A.C | - | 99,758 | 99,758 | 99,758 | PERÚ | PEN |
| O-E | Falabella Sucursal Uruguay S.A. | 100 | - | 100 | 100 | URUGUAY | CLP |
| O-E | Homecenter Sodimac S.A. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | URUGUAY | UYU |
| O-E | Inversiones Falabella Uruguay S.A. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | URUGUAY | UYU |
| O-E | Inversora Falken S.A. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | URUGUAY | CLP |
| O-E | Josmir S.A. | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | URUGUAY | UYU |
| O-E | Tever Corporation S.A. | $\cdot$ | 100 | 100 | 100 | URUGUAY | CLP |

The consolidation includes subsidiaries of subsidiaries controlled by Falabella, even when the total direct and indirect participation represents less than a $50 \%$ of voting rights.

## Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### 2.6. Conversion of Foreign Subsidiaries

Assets and liabilities of foreign subsidiaries with a functional currency other than the Chilean peso are converted into Falabella S.A.'s presentation currency (the Chilean peso) at the exchange rate on the date of the statement of financial position, and its statement of net income is converted at the average exchange rates for each month, in accordance with IAS 21. Foreign exchange differences arising from the conversion are recorded in "Other Reserves" as a separate component of equity. At the disposal of a foreign company, the accumulated deferred amount recognized in equity specifically relating to this foreign business shall be recognized in the income statement.

Any goodwill arising from the acquisition of a foreign business and any adjustment to fair value of the book values of assets and liabilities that arise from the acquisition is treated as an asset and liability of the foreign business in the functional currency of this company and is converted to Chilean pesos at the exchange rate on the reporting date.

Argentina's economy has been regarded as hyperinflationary with effect from July 1, 2018, according to the criteria established in IAS 29 "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies". This treatment was based on qualitative and quantitative criteria, with the most significant being a cumulative inflation rate exceeding $100 \%$ over the past three years.

Non-monetary items were restated from their original values and subsequently converted from the Argentine peso to Chilean Pesos at the exchange rate as of the reporting date, in accordance with IAS 21 for hyperinflationary economies. Previously, the statement of income for Argentine subsidiaries was converted at the average exchange rate for each month, which also applies to the statement of income for the remaining operating subsidiaries in other countries whose economies are not regarded as hyperinflationary.

The functional and presentation currency of Falabella S.A. is not the currency of a hyperinflationary economy, according to the guidelines established by IAS 29. Therefore, comparative periods do not need to be restated in Falabella's consolidated financial statements.

### 2.7. Foreign Currency Conversion

Foreign currency is any currency other than the functional currency of a company. Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the exchange rate of the company's functional currency as of the transaction date. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are converted at the exchange rate of the functional currency as of their settlement date or closing date of the statement of financial position. All these conversion differences are included in net income or losses, except for differences on liabilities in foreign currencies that provide hedges for net investments in foreign companies, and/or assets and liabilities in foreign currencies that are an integral part of the investment in foreign subsidiaries. These are recorded directly in equity, in the "Other Reserves" account, until disposal of the net investment, at which time they are recognized as net income or losses.
The foreign currency exchange rates and the Unidad de Fomento (Chilean monetary unit indexed to the rate of inflation) rate to the Chilean peso as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are the following:

|  | Dec-31-21 | Dec-31-20 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| US dollar (USD) | 844.69 | 710.95 |
| Peruvian new sol (PEN) | 211.88 | 196.36 |
| Argentine peso (ARS) | 8.22 | 8.45 |
| Uruguayan peso (UYU) | 19.01 | 16.87 |
| Euro (EUR) | 955.64 | 873.30 |
| Colombian peso (COP) | 0.21 | 0.21 |
| Brazilian real (BRL) | 151.68 | 137.33 |
| Indian rupee (INR) | 11.35 | 9.70 |
| Chinese yuan (CNY) | 132.45 | 109.23 |
| Unidad de Fomento (UF) | $30,991.74$ | $29,070.33$ |
| Mexican peso (MXN) | 41.13 | 35.68 |

## Falabella S.A. and Subsidiaries

 Notes to the Consolidated Classified Financial StatementsNote 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### 2.8. Financial Information by Operating Segment

Segment information is presented in accordance with IFRS 8 "Operating Segments," in a manner that is consistent with the internal reports that are regularly reviewed by Falabella's Management for use in decision-making regarding the allocation of resources and evaluating the performance of each operating segment. Income attributed to geographical regions is based on the location of the respective businesses. Note 36 presents the reporting requirements for IFRS 8 and Information on Assets, Liabilities and Income by Segments.

### 2.9. Investments in Associates

Associates are all companies over which the Company exercises significant influence but not control, which is generally accompanied by a share of between $20 \%$ and $50 \%$ of the voting rights, as stated in IAS 28 "Investment in Associates." Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are initially recognized at cost. Investments in associates are presented in the statement of financial position together with goodwill identified in the acquisition of the associate, net of any accumulated impairment loss.

Under the equity method, the investment in an associate is recorded in the statement of financial position at cost plus the Company's share in the increase or decrease in the equity of the associate. The statement of income reflects the Company's interest in the income of the associate. When there has been a change recognized directly in the associate's equity, the Company recognizes its interest in that change and discloses it in the statement of changes in equity. The accounting policies of associates conform to those used by the Company.

### 2.10. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment items are recorded at cost and are presented net of accumulated depreciation and impairment as applicable, except for land which does not depreciate.

Cost includes the acquisition price and all costs directly related to the location of the asset in the place and under the conditions necessary for it to be able to operate in the manner foreseen by Management, in addition to the initial estimate for the dismantling, withdrawal or partial or total removal of the asset, as well as reconditioning of the place where it is located, when the Company is obligated to do so. For construction in progress, the cost includes expenses of directly related employees and others of an operating nature attributable to the construction, as well as finance expenses related to external financing accrued during the construction period. The interest rate used to capitalize finance expenses corresponds to specific asset financing or, when not available, the Company's average financing rate.

Costs of expansion, modernization or improvements that represent an increase in productivity, capacity or efficiency, and therefore an extension of the useful lives of assets, are capitalized as an increase in the cost of the corresponding assets. Regular maintenance, conservation and repair expenses are expensed in the year in which they are incurred. A property, plant and equipment item is derecognized at the time of its disposal or when no future financial benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss that arising from derecognizing an asset, calculated as the difference between the asset's net disposal value and net book value, is taken to the statement of net income in the year it is derecognized.

## Falabella S.A. and Subsidiaries

 Notes to the Consolidated Classified Financial Statements
## Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### 2.10. Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)

Depreciation begins when the assets are available for use, i.e. when they are at the location and under the conditions necessary to operate in the manner foreseen by Management. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful financial lives of assets, up to their residual amount. Estimated financial useful lives by category are detailed as follows:

| Category | Range |
| :--- | :---: |
| General constructions | 50 to 80 years |
| Exterior works | 20 years |
| Furniture and accessories | 4 to 10 years |
| Fixtures and fittings | 10 to 35 years |
| Machinery and equipment | 2 to 20 years |
| Vehicles | 5 to 7 years |

Assets located on leased properties, structural work and facilities depreciate over the term of the lease or their estimated useful financial lives for the corresponding category, including contract renewals, whichever is less.

This item includes "Right of use assets" arising from the application of IFRS 16, which are depreciated over the term of the respective lease agreements.

Probable residual values of assets, their useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed as of each reporting date and adjusted if applicable as a prospective change in estimate.

### 2.11. Investment Properties

Investment properties are real estate (land and buildings) that are held by Falabella to receive financial benefits from renting them or to capital appreciation by merely holding them, which are measured at cost. Investment properties and investment properties under construction are recorded at cost and presented net of their accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment as applicable, except for land which is not subject to depreciation.

Falabella owns shopping centers containing its own stores and stores leased to third parties. In these cases, only the portion leased to third parties is considered investment properties. The company's own stores are recognized as property, plant and equipment in the statement of financial position.

The acquisition cost and all other costs associated with investment properties, as well as the effects of depreciation and the treatment of derecognized assets are recorded in the same manner as property, plant and equipment, as described in Note 2.10.

The estimated financial useful lives for the main elements of investment properties are detailed as follows:

| Category | Range |
| :--- | :---: |
| Buildings | 80 years |
| Exterior works | 20 to 30 Years |
| Facilities | 20 years |
| Machinery and equipment | 5 to 8 years |

This item includes "Right of use assets" arising from the application of IFRS 16, which are depreciated over the term of the respective lease agreements.
The residual values of assets, their useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed as of each reporting date and adjusted if applicable as a prospective change in estimate.

## Falabella S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Consolidated Classified Financial Statements

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### 2.12. Goodwill

At the date of transition to IFRS, the Company chose not to revisit its business combinations prior to this date, in accordance with IFRS 1.

Subsequently, goodwill represents the excess total compensation paid for the acquisition of an investment in a subsidiary or associate, over the fair value of the net identifiable assets at the date of acquisition

After the initial recognition of goodwill, it is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment loss, as appropriate.
Goodwill related to the acquisition of subsidiaries is subject to annual impairment testing. Goodwill is allocated to cash generating units (or groups of cash generating units, or "CGUs") that are expected to benefit from the synergies of a business combination, for impairment testing purposes.

Goodwill related to acquisition of interests in Associates is presented together with the respective investment under "Investments Accounted for Using the Equity Method" in the statement of financial position, and is subject to impairment testing together with the value of the investment in the Associate should there be any indicators of a potential loss of value.

The Company tests goodwill impairment every year in accordance with IFRS, and has found no impairment.

### 2.13. Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured at acquisition cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value as of the date of acquisition. After the initial recognition of intangible assets with defined useful lives, they are recorded at cost less any accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment loss, as appropriate. Intangible assets generated internally are software programs developed for the Company's use. Costs associated with software development are capitalized when the completion of their development is considered possible, Management has the intention and the capacity to use or sell the intangible asset, disbursements attributable to the asset can be valued and it has been determined that the intangible asset will generate future financial benefits. Research costs are directly incorporated into income.

Useful lives of intangible assets are evaluated as finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortized linearly during their estimated useful financial lives, and they are evaluated whenever there is an indication of impairment. The amortization term and method for intangible assets with finite lives are reviewed at each reporting date. Changes resulting from these evaluations are treated prospectively as changes in the accounting estimates

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortized and their impairment is evaluated annually. The useful life of an intangible asset with indefinite useful life is reviewed annually. Currently, since the commercial trademarks have no expiration date and there is intention to use them in an indefinite manner, the Company has determined to allocate an indefinite useful life to specific trademarks acquired in business combinations. If applicable, the change in evaluation of useful lives from indefinite to definite is made on a prospective basis.

## Falabella S.A. and Subsidiaries

 Notes to the Consolidated Classified Financial StatementsNote 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### 2.13. Intangible Assets (continued)

The Company tests impairment of intangibles with indefinite useful lives annually as required by IFRS, and has not identified any impairment whatsoever.

The estimated useful lives for each category of intangible asset are detailed as follows:

| Category | Range |
| :--- | :---: |
| Commercial trademarks acquired in business combinations | Indefinite |
| Internally developed software | 3 to 10 years |
| Patents, registered trademarks and other rights | 5 to 10 years |
| Computer programs | 3 to 10 years |
| Other intangible assets | 5 to 10 years |

### 2.14. Impairment of Non-Current Assets

The Company evaluates whether there are any indications that an asset might be impaired as of each reporting date. If such indications are detected, or impairment is identified as a result of annual impairment testing for goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. When the book value of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is decreased to its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of its fair value less selling costs, or its value in use.

### 2.15. Inventories

Inventory is recorded at cost or net realizable value, whichever is less. Cost includes the purchase price plus additional costs necessary to bring each product to its current location and condition, net of trade discounts and other discounts. The net realizable value is the estimated selling price during the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs required to complete the sale. The net realizable value is also measured in terms of obsolescence based on the particular characteristics of each inventory item. Cost is calculated using the weighted average method.

### 2.16. Assets held for sale and discontinued operations

Non-current assets with a book value that will be recovered through a sales transaction and not through ongoing use are classified as held for sale and discontinued operations. This condition is considered to have been satisfied only when the sale is highly probable and the asset is available for sale in its current condition.

These assets are valued at their book value or their realizable fair value, whichever is less.
As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the assets presented under this category belong to two subsidiaries, Sodimac S.A., Plaza S.A. and Inmobiliaria Rentas Dos SpA, and include properties held for sale that comply with the criteria stated in the preceding paragraph. As of December 31, 2020, these assets correspond to the subsidiaries Sodimac S.A. and Plaza S.A.

### 2.17. Financial Instruments

Falabella recognizes financial assets and liabilities when it assumes the obligations or acquires the contractual rights to them.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### 2.17. Financial Instruments (continued)

### 2.17.1. Financial Assets

### 2.17.1.1. Recognition, Measurement and Withdrawal of Financial Assets

Financial assets within the scope of IFRS 9 are classified at initial recognition as financial assets at fair value through profit and loss, financial assets at amortized cost, or financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income. Where allowed and appropriate, this designation is re-evaluated as of each reporting date.

When financial instruments are initially recognized, they are measured at fair value, and the costs or gains directly atributable to the transaction are recognized in the income statement. Financial assets are subsequently measured at their fair value, except for loans and receivables, and investments classified as held to maturity, which are measured at amortized cost using the effective rate method.

The adjustment of assets recorded at fair value is recorded in the income statement, except for investments held for sale whose adjustment to market value is recognized as a separate component of equity, net of applicable deferred tax.

Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from them have expired or have been transferred, and Falabella has substantially transferred all risks and benefits arising from their ownership.

### 2.17.1.2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents comprise cash, bank balances, short-term deposits with original maturity of three months or less, and other money-market securities easily convertible to cash, which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

The cash flow statement classifies cash-generating activities as follows:

- Operating activities: The main source of ordinary revenue and expenses of businesses in subsidiaries, as well as activities that cannot be classified as investing or financing.
- Investing activities: Those activities involving the acquisition, sale or disposal by other means of non-current assets and other investments not included in cash and cash equivalents.
- Financing activities: Those activities that produce changes in the size and composition of net equity and financial liabilities.


### 2.17.1.3. Assets pledged as guarantee subject to sale or a new pledge

The consolidated statement of financial position includes balances of financial assets, loans, receivables and cash equivalents that cover debt obligations held by the Company through a guaranteed portfolio. The Company cannot freely dispose of these balances since they are restricted to the payment of related obligations.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### 2.17. Financial Instruments (continued)

### 2.17.1. Financial Assets (continued)

### 2.17.1.4. Impairment of Financial Assets

The Company assesses whether a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired as of each reporting date.
The main financial assets subject to impairment due to contractual non-compliance of the counterparty are assets recorded at amortized cost (loans and receivables).

IFRS 9 requires that expected credit losses on loans and receivables are recognized either on a twelve-month basis or over their entire remaining life.

Falabella has used a three-stage approach to measure expected credit losses for "financial receivables" within the non-banking business, and "customer's loans and receivables" within the banking business.

This approach monitors receivables and classifies their trends according to the following categories, which are based on any changes to the credit risk since the financial asset was initially recognized.

- Allowance category1:

This category contains those financial assets whose credit risk has not significantly increased since initial recognition, and do not exhibit any objective evidence of impairment. This category recognizes the portion of any expected credit loss caused by potential default events within twelve months of the reporting date.

## - Allowance category2:

This category contains those financial assets whose credit risk has significantly increased since initial recognition, although they do not exhibit any objective evidence of impairment. This category recognizes the portion of any expected credit loss caused by potential default events throughout the life of the financial instrument.

## - Allowance category3:

This category defines an impaired financial asset as one that meets one or more objective impairment events that have a detrimental impact on expected future cash flows from that asset. This category defines arrears of over ninety days as objective impairment evidence, among others. This category recognizes the portion of any expected credit loss caused by potential default events throughout the remaining life of the financial instrument.

The loss is measured as the difference between the book value of the asset and the present value of its estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate, which is the effective interest rate used at initial recognition. The book value of the asset is reduced using an allowance account.

Falabella uses the simplified model established by IFRS 9 to recognize expected loss allowances on receivables within a non-banking business, excluding "financial receivables". It has established an allowance matrix based on historical experience of credit losses, adjusted for specific prospective factors that apply to debtors and to Falabella's economic environment.

If an impairment loss decreases in a subsequent period and the decrease can be objectively related to an event that occurred after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed. Any subsequent reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in the income statement, to the extent that the book value of the asset does not exceed its amortized cost as of the reversal date.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### 2.17. Financial Instruments (continued)

### 2.17.2. Financial Liabilities

### 2.17.2.1. Recognition, Measurement and Withdrawal of Financial Liabilities

All obligations to the public and to financial institutions are initially recognized at fair value, net of costs incurred in the transaction. After initial recognition, obligations and loans that accrue interest are subsequently measured at amortized cost, recognizing in the income statement any higher or lower value on the term of the respective debt using the effective interest rate method, unless they are designated items hedged in a fair value hedge.

Financial liabilities are derecognized when the obligations specified in such contracts are settled, expired or waived.

### 2.17.2.2 Financial Derivatives and Hedge Instruments

The Company uses derivative financial instruments such as currency forward contracts and swaps to hedge its risks associated with fluctuations in interest rates and exchange rates. Those derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the date on which the derivative contract is signed and are subsequently measured at fair value in an ongoing manner. Any gain or loss during the year arising from changes in the fair value of derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting is recorded directly in the statement of income.

### 2.17.2.3. Offsetting of Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a legal right to receive or pay the net value and the Company intends to settle them on a net basis or to recover the assets and settle the liabilities in a simultaneous manner as of the reporting date.

### 2.18. Leases

As of January 1, 2019, IFRS 16 introduces a single lease accounting model and requires a lessee to recognize the assets and liabilities of all leases with a duration of over 12 months. A lessee is required to recognize a 'right of use asset' representing its right of use the underlying leased asset and a 'lease liability' representing its lease payment obligations.

A lease is a contract or part of a contract that conveys the right to use an asset for a period in exchange for payment, where substantially all the risks inherent in ownership of the underlying asset may or may not be transferred.

Right of use assets are presented within the item "Property, plant and equipment" or in the item "Investment property" and liabilities are presented in "Leasing liabilities" in the statement of financial position.

Lease payments that are contingent in nature are recognized as an expense for the period in which payment is probable.

The Company has undertaken certain sales transactions with leaseback agreements, which are classified as leases. Gains or losses derived from the initial sale of such assets are deferred over the term of the lease.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### 2.19. Provisions

Provisions are recorded when the Company has a legal or implied obligation as a result of a past event, it is likely that a payment will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount can be reliably estimated.

Provisions are discounted to their present value if it is estimated that the discount effect is significant.
Provisions for expected losses on the unused portion of credit lines are presented under this heading, as required by IFRS 9 .

### 2.20. Liabilities for technical reserves and claims payable

The subsidiary C.F. Seguros de Vida S.A. has recorded unexpired risk reserves, mathematical life reserves (technical reserves) and provisions for claims payable. The Company has also recorded assets equivalent to the participation of reinsurers in each of these technical reserves, as a result of the risks assumed.

Assets and liabilities are disclosed in "Other non-financial assets" and "Other non-financial liabilities" in the statement of financial position.

### 2.21. Minimum Dividend

According to Article 79 of Law 18,046, publicly traded corporations in Chile must distribute at least $30 \%$ of their net income for each year to their shareholders. By virtue of the Company's legal obligation, an equivalent liability has been recorded which also includes the portion of the minimum dividend of subsidiaries that are publicly traded corporations, in which there is a non-controlling interest. This liability is recorded in "Trade and Other Payables, Current" as of December of each year, and the movement for the year is recorded in the Statement of Changes in Equity in the "Increase (decrease) due to transfers and other changes" line.

### 2.22. Defined Employee Benefits Plans

The Company provides certain short-term benefits to its employees in addition to remuneration, such as bonuses, vacations and holiday bonuses. In addition, the Company provides specific defined benefits plans to some of its employees. The cost of providing benefits under defined benefits plans is determined separately for each plan, in accordance with IAS 19 "Employee Benefits." Employee benefit liabilities represent the present value of obligations under the plans, which are discounted using the interest rates of government bonds denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid with similar terms to the duration of the respective obligations.

Actuarial gains or losses that are related to adjustments for experience and changes in variables are recognized as "Other Comprehensive Income" and form part of "Other Reserves" under equity.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### 2.23. Share-Based Compensation Plans

The Company has granted specific share-based compensation plans for its executives, which are paid in cash. These plans are disclosed in "Provisions for Employee Benefits" in the consolidated statement of financial position and are measured at fair value, in accordance with IFRS 2.

The charge or credit to the consolidated statements of comprehensive income is recorded in "Administrative Expenses" in the company where the executive provides the related services.

### 2.24. Revenue recognition

Operating revenue is the consideration received or receivable to which the Company has the right in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The Company has analyzed all relevant facts and circumstances in applying each step of the model established by IFRS 15 to contracts with its customers: identify the contract, identify its performance obligations, identify the transaction price, assign the price, and recognize the revenue.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received, excluding discounts, deductions and other sales taxes. The following specific recognition criteria must also be fulfilled before recognizing revenue:

## - Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when the significant risks and benefits of ownership of the goods have been transferred to the purchaser, which generally occurs when the goods are physically delivered.

## - Services provided (includes fees from bank services)

Revenue is recognized according to the degree of completion. When the results of contracts cannot be reliably measured, revenue is recognized only to the extent that expenses incurred are recoverable.

## - Interest income

Interest income related to the Financial Retail business is recognized to the extent that interest is accrued using the effective interest rate method. The Company stops recognizing interest income when it considers that its recoverability is improbable, which generally occurs when it is 90 days overdue.

## - Lease revenue

Lease income is recognized on an accrual basis, except for minimum income arising from the leasing of investment properties, which is recognized using the straight-line method over the term of the lease.

## - Sales on behalf of third parties

When the Company acts as a representative, agent or broker in the sale of goods or services produced by other agents, revenue is recorded on a net basis. Therefore, only the commission or share received is recorded as revenue. The status of agent is established by considering whether the product is explicitly sold in the name of the supplier, and whether it assumes any product risks and responsibility for the product and its sales price.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### 2.25. Cost of sales

Cost of sales includes the acquisition cost of the products sold and other costs incurred to bring inventory to the locations and the conditions necessary for its sale. These costs mainly include acquisition costs net of discounts, non-recoverable import expenses and duties, insurance and transporting products to distribution centers.

Cost of sales also includes interest expenses and impairment losses on the receivable loans portfolio related to our Financial Retail business and the depreciation cost of Falabella's investment properties.

Costs at banking subsidiaries include interest and indexation expenses, commission expenses and credit risk allowances, which are presented on separate lines in the banking business section of the statement of comprehensive income.

### 2.26. Income Tax

### 2.26.1. Income Tax

Tax assets and liabilities are the amounts expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authorities of each country. Tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those enacted as of the date of the statement of financial position. Income tax related to items recognized directly in equity is recognized in equity and not in the statement of income.

### 2.26.2. Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is calculated on the temporary differences as of each reporting date between the tax value of assets and liabilities and their book values for financial reporting purposes. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences including tax losses, provided that sufficient taxable profits are expected in the future to absorb these deductible temporary differences, unused tax credits and tax losses.

The book value of deferred tax assets is reviewed as of the reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits to absorb all or part of the deferred tax asset. Deferred taxes related to items recorded directly in equity, are recognized in equity and not in the statement of income.
Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are presented net in the statement of financial position if there is a legally enforceable right to offset tax assets against tax liabilities and the deferred tax is related to the same company and the same tax authority.

### 2.27. Deferred Income

The Company records deferred income on various transactions for which it receives cash, but for which the conditions for revenue recognition described in subsection 2.24 above have not been fulfilled, such as prepayments for services being provided, sales of products for which dispatch has not occurred, gift cards, and cash initially received for lease agreements on Falabella's investment properties. In addition, the portion of the sale associated with the subsequent delivery of products in customer loyalty programs is recognized as deferred revenue.

Deferred revenue from customer loyalty programs is recognized at the market value of the benefits provided to customers, adjusted by their historical maturity experience. Deferred revenue is presented under "Other NonFinancial Liabilities" in the statement of financial position.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### 2.28. Estimates, Judgment and Key Assumptions

Key assumptions with respect to the future and other key sources of uncertainty in estimates as of the reporting date, which have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the book values of assets and liabilities are presented below:

## - Useful lives and residual values of Intangible Assets, Property, Plant and Equipment, and Investment Properties

The useful lives and residual values of the components of Intangible Assets with defined useful lives, Property, Plant and Equipment, and Investment Properties involve judgment and assumptions that might be affected should circumstances change. Management regularly reviews these assumptions and adjusts them on a prospective basis if a change is identified.

## - Impairment of Goodwill and Intangible Assets with Indefinite Useful Lives

The Company conducts impairment testing on goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives on an annual basis. These tests require an estimate of the "value in use" of the cash generating units to which goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are associated. "Value in use" requires Management to estimate the future expected cash flows of the cash generating unit (or group of CGUs), and choose an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of these cash flows.

## - Deferred Tax Assets

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all temporary deductible differences between the financial and tax base of assets and liabilities, and for unused tax losses, to the extent that there will be probable taxable profits against which the losses can be used, and whether there are sufficient taxable temporary differences to absorb them. Management use significant judgment to value deferred tax assets based on the probable timing of projected taxable profits.

## - Employee Benefits

The cost of employee benefits that qualify as defined benefit plans in accordance with IAS 19 "Employee Benefits" is calculated using actuarial valuations. The actuarial valuation involves assumptions regarding discount rates, future salary increases, employee turnover rates and mortality rates, among other things. Due to the long-term nature of these plans, those estimates are subject to a significant amount of uncertainty.

## - Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities

In certain cases IFRS require that assets and liabilities be recorded at fair value. Fair value is defined as the price at which an asset would be sold, or the price paid to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the date of measurement (disposal price). When measuring the fair value, the company considers the characteristics of the asset or liability in the same way that market participants would take those characteristics into account when determining the price of said asset or liability on the measurement date. The basis for measurement of assets and liabilities at their fair value is their current prices in active markets. In their absence, the Company estimates those values on the basis of the best information available, including the use of models or other valuation techniques.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### 2.28. Estimates, Judgment and Key Assumptions (continued)

- Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities (continued)

Derivative instruments are assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value in the statement of financial position. The notes to the financial statements disclose the fair value of investment properties (Note 15) and the market value of financial liabilities (Note 34). Fair value is established by applying the following hierarchies:

- Level 1: List price (not adjusted) in an active market for identical assets and liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than list prices that are included in Level 1 and which may be observed for assets and liabilities, whether directly (i.e. as price) or indirectly (i.e. price derivative).
- Level 3: Inputs for assets or liabilities which are not based on observable market information (unobservable inputs).


## - Share-based Payments

The Company estimates the fair value of share based compensation plans provided to its executives. That value is estimated as of the grant date using an appropriate valuation model, taking into consideration the terms and conditions under which the instruments were granted.

- Loan Allowances

The Company recognizes loan allowances based on the requirements of IFRS 9 as indicated in paragraph 2.17.1.4.

## - Obsolete Inventory

The Company records provisions for obsolete inventory based on the specific characteristics of each inventory item, and its use. This provision is reviewed at each reporting date.

## - Customer Loyalty Programs

The Company has loyalty programs for the use of its credit card, through which "points" are given which can be exchanged for products within a fixed period. Points granted in sales transactions are recorded as a separate component of the sale, equivalent to the recording of the sale of products pending dispatch, in accordance with IFRS 15. The market value of the points granted is recorded as deferred revenue, adjusted by the estimated rate of benefits lapsing as they expire. The estimated rate of benefits lapsing is determined using historical data of expired unused points.

Although these estimates have been performed using the best information available on the date these consolidated financial statements were issued, it is possible that events that might take place in the future could force them to be modified (upward or downward) in future periods, which would be carried out prospectively, recognizing the effects of changes in estimate in the corresponding future consolidated financial statements.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### 2.29. New accounting pronouncements (IFRS and interpretations of the IFRS Interpretations Committee)

Improvements and amendments to IFRS as well as the most significant interpretations for the Company that have been published during the year are detailed below. At the date of these financial statements, these standards have not yet taken effect and the Company has not applied them early:
a) New accounting pronouncements:

| New Accounting Pronouncements |  |
| :--- | ---: | Mandatory effective date

## IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"

The IASB issued IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts" in May 2017, a new accounting standard specifically for insurance contracts covering recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure. It will replace IFRS 4 "Insurance Contracts" issued in 2005, when it becomes mandatory. The new standard applies to all insurance contracts, regardless of the entity that issued them.

The IASB issued an exposure draft of IFRS 17 with proposed amendments. The IASB proposed 12 specific amendments in eight areas, including the deferral of the application date of IFRS 17 for two years. In March 2020, the IASB deferred the application date of IFRS 17 to January 1, 2023

The Company is evaluating the potential impact of this standard
b) Improvements and amendments

|  | Improvements and amendments | Mandatory effective date |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| IAS 16 | Property, plant and equipment: Proceeds before Intended use | January 1, 2022 |
| IAS 1 | Classification of liabilities as current and non-current | January 1, 2023 |
| IAS 37 | Onerous contracts: Cost of fulfiling a contract | January 1, 2022 |
| NIC 12 | Deferred Tax Related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a | January 1, 2023 |
| IFRS 10 and IAS 28: | Single Transaction | Consolidated Financial Statements: Sale or transfer of |
|  | assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture | To be determined |
|  |  |  |

## IAS 16 "Property, plant and equipment: Proceeds before Intended use"

The amendment prohibits companies from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment any sales proceeds while bringing that asset to the location and condition required for it to operate in the manner intended by management. Instead, a company shall recognize any sales proceeds and their cost in net income for the period, in accordance with accounting standards.

The amendments are effective for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022. The amendment should be applied retrospectively only to items of property, plant and equipment available for use on or after the beginning of the financial statements in which the company first applies the amendment.

The Company concluded that the aforementioned standard will not significantly affect its Financial Statements.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)
b) Improvements and Amendments (continued)

## IAS 1 "Classification of liabilities as current and non-current"

The IASB issued amendments to paragraphs 69 to 76 of IAS 1 to specify the requirements when classifying liabilities as current or non-current.

The amendments are effective for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023 and should be applied retrospectively. The amendments clarify that the classification of liabilities as current or non-current is based on the rights at the end of the reporting period and specify that the classification is not affected by expectations about whether the company will exercise its right to defer settlement of a liability.

The Company is evaluating the potential impact of this standard.

## IAS 37 "Onerous contracts - cost of fulfilling a contract"

In May 2020, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets to specify the costs that a company needs to include when assessing whether a contract is onerous or loss-making.

The amendments are effective for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022. The amendment should be applied retrospectively to contracts at the beginning of the annual reporting period that the Company first applies the amendment. Early application is permitted and must be disclosed.

The amendments are intended to provide clarity and help ensure consistent application of the standard. Companies that previously applied the incremental cost approach will see an increase in provisions to reflect the inclusion of costs directly related to contracts, while companies that previously recognized provisions for contract losses using the guidance in the previous standard, IAS 11 "Construction Contracts", should exclude the allocation of indirect costs from their provisions.

The Company concluded that the aforementioned standard will not significantly affect its Financial Statements.

## IAS 12 "Deferred Tax Related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction"

In May 2021, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 12 that narrowed the scope of the initial recognition exception of IAS 12, so that it no longer applies to transactions that, upon initial recognition, give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

The amendments clarify that when the payments that settle a liability are deductible for tax purposes, it is a question of judgment (taking into consideration applicable tax legislation) whether those deductions are attributable to tax effects on the liability recognized in the financial statements (and interest expenses) or to the related asset component (and interest expenses). This judgment is important to determine whether there are temporary differences in the initial recognition of the asset and liability.

Likewise, according to the amendments issued, the initial recognition exception is not applicable to transactions that, upon initial recognition, result in equal taxable and deductible temporary difference. It is only applicable if the recognition of a lease asset and a lease liability (or a liability for decommissioning and an asset component for decommissioning) give rise to taxable and deductible temporary differences that are not equal. However, it is possible for the resulting deferred tax assets and liabilities to not be the same (for example if an entity cannot benefit from tax deductions or if different tax rates are applied to the taxable and deductible temporary differences). In those cases, an entity would have to account for the difference between the deferred tax asset and liability in

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)
c) Improvements and Amendments (continued)

IAS 12 "Deferred Tax Related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction" (continued)
Income.
The amendment will be effective for annual periods beginning on January 1, 2023.
The Company is evaluating the potential impact of this standard
IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements" and IAS 28 "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures"
Amendments to IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements" and IAS 28 "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures" (2011) address an recognized inconsistency between the requirements of IFRS 10 and IAS 28 (2011) that prescribe the treatment applicable to the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture.

The amendments were issued in September 2014 and establish that when transactions involve a business (whether or not in a subsidiary) a gain or loss should be fully recognized. They recognize a partial gain or loss when the transaction involves assets that do not constitute a business, even if these assets are in a subsidiary. The mandatory date for applying these amendments is undetermined, as the IASB is awaiting the results of their research project into accounting using the equity method. These amendments should be applied retrospectively and early adoption is permitted, which must be disclosed.

The Company is evaluating the potential impact of this standard.
d) New accounting standards adopted by Falabella:

The most significant IFRS standards and amendments that became mandatory as of the reporting date, together with their nature and impact, are detailed as follows:

## Amendment to IFRS 16 "COVID-19-related rent concessions"

In May 2020, the IASB issued an amendment to IFRS 16 "Leases" to provide relief to lessees when applying IFRS 16 guidance related to lease amendments for rent reductions as a direct result of the COVID-19 pandemic. The amendment does not apply to lessors.

As a practical solution, a lessee can choose not to assess whether the COVID-19-related rent reduction granted by a lessor is a lease amendment. A lessee that chooses to do so will recognize changes in lease payments from rent reductions related to COVID-19 in the same manner as it would recognize the change under IFRS 16 as if such change were not a lease amendment.

This interpretation is applicable for accounting periods beginning on or after June 1, 2020.
This amendment was adopted by the Company on the required application date.

## Note 3 - Cash and Cash Equivalents

Consolidated cash and cash equivalents are detailed as follows:

|  | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Total Consolidated Cash and Cash Equivalents | $2,063,026,048$ | $2,462,375,816$ |
| Cash and cash equivalents - Non-Banking Business | $533,265,538$ | $1,216,193,920$ |
| Cash and cash equivalents - Banking Business | $1,529,760,510$ | $1,246,181,896$ |

a) Information on Cash and Cash Equivalents - Non-Banking Business:

| Cash and cash equivalents | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Cash floats | $58,537,318$ | $53,634,640$ |
| Bank balances | $202,779,323$ | $175,791,775$ |
| Term deposits | $206,472,548$ | $704,981,059$ |
| Repurchase agreements | $18,449,269$ | $29,699,033$ |
| Mutual funds | $47,027,080$ | $252,087,413$ |
| Total | $533,265,538$ | $\mathbf{1 , 2 1 6 , 1 9 3 , 9 2 0}$ |

Information on Cash and Cash Equivalents by Currency - Non-Banking Business:

| Currency | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Chilean peso | $218,525,041$ | $863,766,632$ |
| US dollars | $69,257,067$ | $24,629,061$ |
| Euros | 472,322 | 424,248 |
| Argentine peso | $7,065,764$ | $14,595,413$ |
| Peruvian new sol | $138,494,285$ | $202,915,221$ |
| Colombian peso | $70,508,575$ | $77,377,317$ |
| Chinese Yuan | $1,361,353$ | $1,060,666$ |
| Indian rupee | $2,379,163$ | $1,789,455$ |
| Uruguayan peso | $1,763,464$ | $3,064,074$ |
| Mexican peso | $3,708,143$ | 359,462 |
| Brazilian real | $19,730,361$ | $26,212,371$ |
| Total | $533,265,538$ | $1,216,193,920$ |

## b) Information on Cash and Cash Equivalents by Currency - Banking Business

| Cash and cash equivalents | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Cash floats | $149,484,537$ | $99,841,741$ |
| Bank balances | $296,724,156$ | $162,542,924$ |
| Term deposits | $116,416,731$ | $74,420,966$ |
| Cash and bank deposits | $562,625,424$ | $336,805,631$ |
| Highly liquid financial instruments ${ }^{(1)}$ | $1,356,098,304$ | $901,791,386$ |
| Transactions with settlement in process, net ${ }^{(2)}$ | $(388,963,218)$ | $7,584,879$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 , 5 2 9 , 7 6 0 , 5 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 2 4 6 , 1 8 1 , 8 9 6}$ |

${ }^{(1)}$ Mainly deposits and funds managed by third parties maturing in less than 90 days. The difference produced under "Instruments held for trading" relates to Financial Instruments maturing in more than 90 days of ThCh\$ 58,773,239 as of December 31, 2020. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, are included $M \$ 1,356,098,304$ and $M \$ 494,774,047$ respectively, as investment instruments held for sale that mature no more than three months after their acquisition date. Additionally, ThCh\$ 15,016,800 is included as of December 31, 2020, which correspond to operations with repurchase agreements that mature in no more than three months after their acquisition date.
(2) Net difference between Asset and Liability transactions.

## Note 3 - Cash and Cash Equivalents (continued)

Information on Cash and Cash Equivalents by Currency - Banking Business

| Currency | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Chilean peso | $1,274,835,982$ | $1,084,678,861$ |
| US dollars | $95,697,218$ | $51,768,259$ |
| Peruvian new sol | $101,651,994$ | $83,619,465$ |
| Colombian peso | $57,575,316$ | $26,115,311$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 , 5 2 9 , 7 6 0 , 5 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 2 4 6 , 1 8 1 , 8 9 6}$ |

## Note 4-Other Current and Non-Current Financial Assets

This category includes the following current financial assets for the Non-Banking Business.

| Other Financial Assets | Current |  | Non-Current |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| Held for Trading |  |  |  | - |
| Derivative instruments (non-hedging) | $27,493,291$ | $5,468,474$ | - | - |
| Funds with restriction | $5,438,411$ | $17,671,810$ | - |  |
| Investments in bonds | $3,631,914$ | $6,315,468$ | $24,345,326$ | $4,019,180$ |
| Other assets | - | - | $7,502,509$ | $1,045,127$ |
| Subtotal of fair value through profit and loss | $36,563,616$ | $29,455,752$ | $31,847,835$ | $5,064,307$ |
| Fair value through equity | - | - | - | - |
| Hedging assets | $8,804,484$ | $11,707,683$ | $475,402,805$ | $189,940,283$ |
| Sub-total of fair value through Equity | $8,804,484$ | $11,707,683$ | $475,402,805$ | $189,940,283$ |
| Total Other Financial Assets | $45,368,100$ | $41,163,435$ | $507,250,640$ | $195,004,590$ |

The Company takes positions in derivative financial instruments with counterparts that have a minimal risk rating and are subject to a prior credit analysis. Those analyses are required by the Company's internal procedures.

These instruments are swap contracts and currency, tax or inflation forward contracts. The Company uses valuation models to determine the market value of these derivatives. The valuation methods are price models that use present value calculations. These models require financial market data, which is obtained from information platforms with public and private access. The information required mainly includes spot and forward exchange rates and interest rate curves.

## Note 5 - Other Current and Non-Current Non-Financial Assets

This category includes the following non-financial assets for the Non-Banking Business.

| Other Current Non-Financial Assets | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec-31-21 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec-31-20 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Advertising contracts | 326,490 | 859,918 |
| Prepaid rent | 5,258,151 | 4,664,499 |
| VAT receivable | 69,774,848 | 52,355,716 |
| Software maintenance contracts | 13,189,816 | 11,271,833 |
| Insurance policies | 9,440,342 | 11,524,787 |
| Bank guarantees | 2,496,822 | 633,387 |
| Share of reinsurance in technical reserves | 4,729,299 | 6,130,914 |
| Early settlement bonus | 4,089,122 | 3,387,930 |
| Recoverable taxes | 7,916,380 | 7,109,266 |
| Other assets | 5,897,263 | 6,015,856 |
| Total Other Curent Non-Financial Assets | 123,118,533 | 103,954,106 |
|  |  |  |
| Other Non-Current Non-financial Assets | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec-31-21 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec-31-20 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \end{gathered}$ |
| Guarantees | 3,095,249 | 3,476,064 |
| Early settlement bonus | 2,251,518 | 2,338,066 |
| Prepaid rent | 18,556,535 | 20,695,813 |
| Recoverable taxes | 8,083,833 | 9,734,260 |
| Other rights receivable | 619,065 | 2,648,696 |
| Prepaid expenses | 3,166,352 | 4,500,496 |
| Advances | 36,273,726 | 32,494,513 |
| Share of reinsurance in technical reserves | 7,154,533 | 15,761,351 |
| Total Other Non-Current Non-financial Assets | 79,200,811 | 91,649,259 |

## Nota 6 - Trade and Other Receivables

The Company's net trade receivables are detailed as follows:

|  | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| a) Non-Banking Business |  |  |
| Trade and other receivables, current | $392,422,932$ | $416,572,521$ |
| Trade and other receivables, non-current | $11,810,824$ | $5,594,155$ |
| b) Banking Business |  |  |
| Customer loans and receivables | $5,346,827,330$ | $4,304,988,052$ |
| Total | $5,751,061,086$ | $4,727,154,728$ |

a) Current and Non-Current Trade and Other Receivables for the Non-Banking Business are detailed as follows:

|  | Current |  | Non-Current |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec-31-21 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec-31-20 } \\ & \text { ThCh\$ } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec-31-21 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec-31-20 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Trade receivables Allowance for doubtful receivables | $\begin{aligned} & 222,799,663 \\ & (16,856,523) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 247,666,891 \\ & (27,750,467) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 234,663 | 216,189 |
| Sub-total trade receivables, net | 205,943,140 | 219,916,424 | 234,663 | 216,189 |
| Notes receivable <br> Allowance for doubtful receivables | $\begin{array}{r} 116,398,557 \\ (4,037,148) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 115,214,709 \\ (5,684,990) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,617,430 \\ & (896,754) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,590,182 \\ & (581,915) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Sub-total notes receivable, net | 112,361,409 | 109,529,719 | 5,720,676 | 4,008,267 |
| Sundry debtors <br> Allowance for doubtful receivables | $\begin{aligned} & 77,073,902 \\ & (2,955,519) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 66,711,533 \\ & (2,900,160) \end{aligned}$ | 5,855,485 | 1,027,642 |
| Sub-total miscellaneous receivables, net | 74,118,383 | 63,811,373 | 5,855,485 | 1,027,642 |
| Financial receivables <br> Allowance for doubtful receivables Impairment losses ${ }^{(1)}$ | - - - | $\begin{array}{r} 32,368,067 \\ (809,897) \\ (8,243,165) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | - | $\begin{array}{r} 474,875 \\ (11,024) \\ (121,794) \end{array}$ |
| Sub-total financial receivables, net | - | 23,315,005 | - | 342,057 |
| Total trade and other receivables | 392,422,932 | 416,572,521 | 11,810,824 | 5,594,155 |

(1) The impairment of financial receivables at CMR Argentina based on their estimated recoverable value as of December 31, 2020.

## Note 6 - Trade and Other Receivables (continued)

On June 9, 2021, the Argentine subsidiary CMR Falabella S.A. transferred its portfolio of active credit cards to the Argentine "Banco Columbia". The assignment was made "free of claims", therefore, CMR Falabella S.A. will not be responsible for any uncollectibility.

The holders of these cards will be able to continue using them as clients of Banco Columbia. The CMR brand will continue to be stamped on the credit cards in circulation while the bank completes the replacement process (until June 9, 2022, at the latest).
b) Loans and receivables for Banking Business customers are detailed as follows:

|  | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Customer loans and receivables | $5,626,936,857$ | $4,621,087,923$ |
| Allowance for doubtful receivables | $(280,109,527)$ | $(316,099,871)$ |
| Net customer loans and receivables | $5,346,827,330$ | $4,304,988,052$ |

The main guarantees in the Banking Business are mortgages, CORFO for university student loans, stateguaranteed university student loans (CRUGE), and automotive collateral.
c) Current financial receivables and the corresponding allowances by category, within trade and other receivables for the Non-Banking Business were as follows:

| Current financial receivables | Assets before allowances |  | Allowances |  | Net Total |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ |
|  |  | - | $32,368,067$ | - | $(9,053,062)$ | - |
| Total current financial receivables | $-23,315,005$ |  |  |  |  |  |

d) Non-current financial receivables and the corresponding allowances by category, within non-current trade and other receivables for the Non-Banking Business are detailed as follows:

| Non-current financial receivables | Assets before allowances |  | Allowances |  | Net Total |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
|  |  | - | 474,875 | - | $(132,818)$ | - |
| Total non-current financial receivables | $-132,818)$ | $-242,057$ |  |  |  |  |

## Falabella S.A. and Subsidiaries

 Notes to the Consolidated Classified Financial Statements
## Note 6 - Trade and Other Receivables (continued)

e) Loans and receivables and the corresponding allowances by category, within customer loans and receivables for the Banking Business are detailed as follows:

|  | Assets before allowances |  | Allowances |  | Net Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Dec-31-21 | Dec-31-20 | Dec-31-21 | Dec-31-20 | Dec-31-21 | Dec-31-20 |
|  | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ |
| Commercial loans | 74,168,537 | 78,831,146 | $(881,517)$ | $(2,281,049)$ | 73,287,020 | 76,550,097 |
| Mortgage loans | 579,273,550 | 532,522,206 | $(10,702,308)$ | $(14,721,807)$ | 568,571,242 | 517,800,399 |
| Consumer loans | 1,726,677,391 | 1,314,292,378 | $(104,289,322)$ | $(120,932,129)$ | 1,622,388,069 | 1,193,360,249 |
| Credit card receivables | 3,246,817,379 | 2,695,442,193 | $(164,236,380)$ | $(178,164,886)$ | 3,082,580,999 | 2,517,277,307 |
| Total customer loans and receivables | 5,626,936,857 | 4,621,087,923 | $(280,109,527)$ | $(316,099,871)$ | 5,346,827,330 | 4,304,988,052 |

f) Maturity analysis

The maturity analysis at each period-end of current and non-current trade and other receivables before allowances for the Non-Banking Business is detailed as follows:

|  | Total <br> ThCh\$ | Not yet due <br> ThCh\$ | Overdue |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | <30 days ThCh\$ | 30-60 days ThCh\$ | 60-90 days ThCh\$ | 90-120 days ThCh\$ | $\begin{gathered} >120 \text { days } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \end{gathered}$ |
| Dec-31-21 | 428,979,700 | 338,075,668 | 40,809,793 | 11,204,719 | 13,026,843 | 3,082,094 | 22,780,583 |
| Dec-31-20 | 468,270,088 | 350,495,747 | 58,617,119 | 12,159,518 | 7,989,096 | 5,064,297 | 33,944,311 |

The maturity analysis at each period-end of customer loans and receivables before allowances for the Banking Business is detailed as follows:

|  | Total <br> ThCh\$ | Not yet due <br> ThCh\$ | Overdue |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | <30 days ThCh\$ | 30-60 days ThCh\$ | 60-90 days ThCh\$ | 90-120 days <br> ThCh\$ | $>120$ days ThCh\$ |
| Dec-31-21 | 5,626,936,857 | 5,193,432,355 | 214,880,510 | 64,723,955 | 51,085,505 | 39,467,032 | 63,347,500 |
| Dec-31-20 | 4,621,087,923 | 4,304,921,627 | 104,246,145 | 54,462,972 | 47,502,019 | 61,034,604 | 48,920,556 |

Falabella uses models (for example Behavior Score) to classify the risk of each customer. Several scoring groups are used depending on the action plan for the portfolio. Furthermore, there are ongoing reviews of the entire customer portfolio with respect to external behavior (returned checks and delinquency).

Note 6 - Trade and Other Receivables (continued)
g) Changes in impairment allowances

The following table shows the evolution of the impairment allowances for the Non-Banking Business portfolio:

| Changes in impairment allowances - Trade and other receivables | Separate Impairment |  | Group Impairment |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Current ThCh\$ | Non-current ThCh\$ | Current ThCh\$ | Non-current ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ |
| Balance as of January 1, 2021 | 36.335.617 | 581.915 | 9.053 .062 | 132.818 | 46.103.412 |
| Expense for the year | 3,932,503 | 323,016 | 907,708 | 12,512 | 5,175,739 |
| Amount used (less) | $(4,355,796)$ | $(8,177)$ | $(5,114,659)$ | $(78,434)$ | $(9,557,066)$ |
| Reversal of unused amounts | $(12,472,763)$ | - | $(852,825)$ | $(12,512)$ | $(13,338,100)$ |
| Impairment losses ${ }^{(1)}$ | - | - | $(3,460,432)$ | $(50,769)$ | $(3,511,201)$ |
| Conversion adjustment | 409,629 | - | $(532,854)$ | $(3,615)$ | $(126,840)$ |
| Balance as of December 31, 2021 | 23,849,190 | 896,754 | - | - | 24,745,944 |
| Balance as of January 1, 2020 | 20,815,897 | 79,406 | 2,598,191 | 80,580 | 23,574,074 |
| Expense for the year | 34,722,138 | 502,509 | 904,326 | - | 36,128,973 |
| Amount used (less) | $(10,015,038)$ | - | $(416,605)$ | $(54,429)$ | $(10,486,072)$ |
| Reversal of unused amounts | $(7,930,080)$ | - | $(2,242,691)$ | - | $(10,172,771)$ |
| Impairment losses ${ }^{(1)}$ | - | - | 9,053,062 | 132,818 | 9,185,880 |
| Conversion adjustment | $(1,257,300)$ | - | $(843,221)$ | $(26,151)$ | $(2,126,672)$ |
| Balance as of December 31, 2020 | 36,335,617 | 581,915 | 9,053,062 | 132,818 | 46,103,412 |

${ }^{(1)}$ The impairment of financial receivables at CMR Argentina based on their estimated recoverable value.
The following table shows the evolution of the impairment allowances for the Banking Business portfolio:

| Changes in impairment allowances - Customer loans and receivables | Group <br> Impairment <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Balance as of January 1, 2021 | $316,099,871$ |
| Expense for the year | $379,176,827$ |
| Amount used (less) | $(253,815,509)$ |
| Reversal of unused amounts | $(164,881,483)$ |
| Conversion adjustment | $3,529,821$ |
| Balance as of December 31, 2021 | $\mathbf{2 8 0 , 1 0 9 , 5 2 7}$ |
| Balance as of January 1, 2020 | $336,760,896$ |
| Expense for the year | $687,285,896$ |
| Amount used (less) | $(495,506,499)$ |
| Reversal of unused amounts | $(194,791,053)$ |
| Conversion adjustment | $(17,649,369)$ |
| Balance as of December 31, 2020 | $316,099,871$ |

The Company is not exposed to risks associated with credit concentrations. This is due to fragmentation of Falabella's customer portfolio as of December 31, 2021 and 2020.

## Note 7 - Related Company Receivables and Payables

a) Current receivables

| Chilean ID Number | Company | Country | Relationship | Current |  | Currency |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec-31-20 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| 0-E | Sodimac Colombia S.A. | Colombia | Associate | 7,163,906 | 5,039,738 | COP |
| 0-E | Sociedad Distribuidora de Mejoramiento del Hogar y Construcción S.A.P.I. de C.V. | México | Associate | 4,752,567 | 23,669,114 | MXN |
| 0-E | Organización Corona S.A | Colombia | Subsidiary minority shareholder | 4,047,793 | - | COP |
| 0-E | Comercializadora SDMHC S.A. de C.V. | México | Associate | 1,197,582 | 160,191 | CLP |
| 0-E | Servicios Financieros Soriana S.A.P.I de C.V. | México | Associate | 705,758 | 510,613 | CLP |
| 0-E | Otras sociedades | Chile | Related Director | 199,454 | 239,826 | CLP |
| 76074938-9 | Deportes Sparta Limitada | Chile | Related Director | 384,734 | 361,386 | CLP |
| 96837630-6 | BNP Paribas Cardif Seguros de Vida S.A. | Chile | Subsidiary minority shareholder | 365,403 | 2,520,940 | CLP |
| 96550660-8 | Constructora Santa María S.A. | Chile | Related Director | 152,573 | 9,339 | CLP |
| 99597600-5 | Inmobiliaria Cervantes S.A. | Chile | Associate | 113,626 | 112,006 | CLP |
| 82995700-0 | Dercocenter S.A. | Chile | Related Director | 113,134 | 544,531 | CLP |
| 94340000-8 | Derco Chile Repuestos S.A. | Chile | Related Director | 66,122 | 62,985 | CLP |
| 94141000-6 | Derco S.A. | Chile | Related Director | 60,414 | 94,865 | CLP |
| 79757460-0 | Agrícola Ancali Limitada | Chile | Related Director | 26,063 | 6,960 | CLP |
| 96545450-0 | Dercomaq S.A. | Chile | Related Director | 22,253 | 15,054 | CLP |
| 78057000-8 | Sotraser S.A. | Chile | Related Director | 21,110 | 5,975 | CLP |
| 76320186-4 | Tecno Fast S.A. | Chile | Related Director | 2,043 | 21,333 | CLP |
| TOTAL |  |  |  | 19,394,535 | 33,374,856 |  |

b) Receivables, non-current

|  | Company | Country | Relationship | Non-current |  | Currency |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chilean ID Number |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec-31-21 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Dec-31-20 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Foreign | Loans to executives | Chile and others | Senior executives | 30,315,227 | 13,841,640 | CLP |
| TOTAL |  |  |  | 30,315,227 | 13,841,640 |  |

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company has evaluated the recoverability of receivables from related companies. As a result it believes that these receivables will be fully recovered, and therefore no allowance for doubtful receivables has been recorded.

Note 7 - Related Company Receivables and Payables (continued)
c) Current payables

| Chilean ID Number | Company | Country | Relationship | Current |  | Currency |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec-31-20 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| O-E | Organización Corona S.A. | Colombia | Subsidiary minority shareholder | 11,424,261 | 31,298 | COP |
| 92176000-0 | Aceros Aza S.A. | Chile | Related Director | 10,642,906 | 5,458,280 | CLP |
| O-E | Borchester Holdings Limited | Colombia | Subsidiary minority shareholder | 2,449,000 | 2,409,791 | COP |
| 94340000-8 | Derco Chile Repuestos S.A. | Chile | Related Director | 2,052,318 | 1,255,436 | CLP |
| 0-E | Sodimac Colombia S.A. | Colombia | Associate | 1,479,457 | 2,289,294 | COP |
| 96545450-0 | Dercomaq S.A. | Chile | Related Director | 1,285,068 | 997,421 | CLP |
| 76185964-1 | Megamedia S.A. | Chile | Related Director | 1,189,293 | 404,205 | CLP |
| 0-E | Compañía Colombiana de Cerámica S.A | Colombia | Subsidiary minority shareholder | 836,802 | - | COP |
| 76074938-9 | Deportes Sparta Limitada | Chile | Related Director | 447,854 | 281,566 | CLP |
| 0-E | Servicios Financieros Soriana S.A.P.I de C.V. | México | Associate | 395,458 | 350,830 | CLP |
| O-E | Otras sociedades | Chile | Related Director | 384,913 | 272,247 | CLP |
| 94141000-6 | Derco S.A. | Chile | Related Director | 248,427 | 118,496 | CLP |
| 77693700-2 | Inversiones e Inmobiliaria Monte de Asis S.p.A. | Chile | Related Director | 230,954 | 203,276 | CLP |
| 0-E | Promotora de Café Colombia S.A | Colombia | Subsidiary minority shareholder | 168,402 | 60,958 | CLP |
| 77693970-6 | Inversiones e Inmobiliaria San Francisco de el Monte Limitada | Chile | Related Director | 90,208 | 86,470 | CLP |
| 0-E | Comercializadora SDMHC S.A. de C.V. | México | Associate | 76,533 | 49,034 | MXN |
| 79952350-7 | Red Televisiva Megavisión S.A. | Chile | Related Director | 67,421 | 8,211 | CLP |
| 0-E | Locería de Colombia S.A.S. | Colombia | Subsidiary minority shareholder | 41,914 | 561,695 | COP |
| 78034110-6 | Voxline Serigrafia Limitada | Chile | Related Director | 11,187 | 514,126 | CLP |
| 96837630-6 | BNP Paribas Cardif Seguros de Vida S.A. | Chile | Subsidiary minority shareholder | 8,341 | 2,517,931 | CLP |
| 95946000-0 | Sociedad Inmobiliaria San Bernardo Limitada | Chile | Related Director | - | 158,546 | CLP |
| 76070957-3 | Inmobiliaria Azul Azul S.p.A. | Chile | Related Director | - | 55,258 | CLP |
| TOTAL |  |  |  | 33,530,717 | 18,084,369 |  |

## Note 7 - Related Company Receivables and Payables (continued)

d) The effects on the statement of net income of the main transactions with non-consolidated related companies for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, are detailed as follows

| Chilean ID <br> Number | Company | Relationship | Country | Transaction | Dec-31-21 |  | Dec-31-20 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Amount ThCh\$ | Effect on income ThCh\$ | Amount ThCh\$ | $\qquad$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | (Charge)/Credit |  |  |
| 78187230-K | Agrícola Casa del Bosque Limitada. | Related Director | Chile | Purchase of Products | 136,376 | - | - |  |
| 99594430-8 | Alto S.A. | Related Director | Chile | Legal Services | 468,341 | $(468,341)$ | 329,728 | $(303,787)$ |
| 96815800-7 | Apóstoles S.A. | Related Director | Chile | Purchase of Products | 365,485 | - | 259,214 |  |
| 92176000-0 | Aceros Aza S.A. | Related Director | Chile | Purchase of Products | 57,070,469 | - | 23,609,432 | - |
| 92176000-0 | Aceros Aza S.A. | Related Director | Chile | Other cost of sales | 4,127,515 | 3,468,500 | 1,974,707 | 1,659,417 |
| 92176000-0 | Aceros Aza S.A. | Related Director | Chile | Product Sales | 137,544 | 115,583 | 74,369 | 62,495 |
| 92176000-0 | Aceros Aza S.A. | Related Director | Chile | Income from services rendered | 129,197 | 129,197 | - | - |
| 76185964-1 | Megamedia S.A. | Related Director | Chile | Publications, Advertising and Promotion | 4,261,447 | $(3,742,931)$ | - |  |
| 96837630-6 | BNP Paribas Cardif Seguros de Vida S.A. | Subsidiary minority shareholder | Chile | Commissions Received | 5,700,966 | 5,662,764 | 32,280,777 | 32,280,777 |
| 93930000-7 | Clínica Las Condes S.A. | Related Director | Chile | Product Sales | 137,597 | 137,597 | - | - |
| 0-E | Comercializadora SDMHC S.A. de C.V. | Associate | México | Product Sales | 1,739,748 | 1,739,748 | 126,112 | 126,112 |
| 0-E | Comercializadora SDMHC S.A. de C.V. | Associate | México | IT Services | 390,544 | 390,544 | 2,142,612 | 2,142,612 |
| 76578970-2 | Comercializadora la Postal Limitada. | Related Director | Chile | Product Sales | 116,769 | 98,126 | 51,946 | 43,652 |
| 76131997-3 | Constructora San Pedro S.A. | Related Director | Chile | Product Sales | 107,749 | 90,545 | 16,296 | 13,694 |
| 96550660-8 | Constructora Santa María S.A. | Related Director | Chile | Product Sales | 368,365 | 309,552 | 20,624 | 17,331 |
| 76072469-6 | Cruzados S.D.A.P. | Related Director | Chile | Publications, Advertising and Promotion | 215,608 | $(181,183)$ | 305,978 | $(257,124)$ |
| 76074938-9 | Deportes Sparta Limitada | Related Director | Chile | Purchase of Products | 132,461 | - | 89,558 |  |
| 76074938-9 | Deportes Sparta Limitada | Related Director | Chile | Lease Income | 2,503,053 | 2,142,207 | 1,841,918 | 1,556,268 |
| 94141000-6 | Derco S.A. | Related Director | Chile | Lease Income | 452,544 | 382,016 | 460,062 | 387,755 |
| 94141000-6 | Derco S.A. | Related Director | Chile | Product Sales | 669,893 | 562,850 | 482,265 | 418,781 |
| 82995700-0 | Dercocenter S.A. | Related Director | Chile | Lease Income | 1,944,884 | 1,617,934 | 2,132,054 | 1,791,865 |
| 96545450-0 | Dercomaq S.A. | Related Director | Chile | Rent and Common Expenses | 5,216,754 | $(4,383,827)$ | 5,724,632 | $(4,801,186)$ |
| 96545450-0 | Dercomaq S.A. | Related Director | Chile | Product Sales | 137,711 | 135,514 | 163,838 | 162,628 |
| 96545450-0 | Dercomaq S.A. | Related Director | Chile | Machinery/equipment maintenance | 206,821 | $(173,799)$ | 171,095 | $(143,777)$ |
| 94340000-8 | Derco Chile Repuestos S.A. | Related Director | Chile | Purchase of Products | 8,945,060 | - | 8,526,625 | - |
| 94340000-8 | Derco Chile Repuestos S.A. | Related Director | Chile | Freight, Dispatches and Deliveries | 290,954 | 244,499 | 237,435 | 199,526 |
| 94340000-8 | Derco Chile Repuestos S.A. | Related Director | Chile | Product Sales | 230,541 | 226,570 | 174,924 | 170,905 |
| 76070957-3 | Inmobiliaria Azul Azul S.p.A. | Related Director | Chile | Publications, Advertising and Promotion | - | - | 363,968 | $(305,856)$ |
| 77693700-2 | Inversiones e Inmobiliaria Monte de Asis S.p.A. | Related Director | Chile | Rent and Common Expenses | 2,354,749 | $(2,264,204)$ | 2,049,598 | $(1,979,094)$ |
| 77693970-6 | Inversiones e Inmobiliaria San Francisco de el Monte Limitada | Related Director | Chile | Rent and Common Expenses | 1,095,158 | $(1,074,801)$ | 1,032,592 | $(1,011,879)$ |
| 78391700-9 | Inversiones e Inmobiliaria Santa Clara II Limitada | Related Director | Chile | Rent and Common Expenses | 4,024,232 | $(3,563,880)$ | 3,802,078 | $(3,367,348)$ |
| 78794060-9 | Producciones Megavisión Limitada. | Related Director | Chile | Publications, Advertising and Promotion | 203,089 | $(183,633)$ | 144,542 | $(122,138)$ |
| 79952350-7 | Red Televisiva Megavisión S.A. | Related Director | Chile | Publications, Advertising and Promotion | 81,728 | $(53,532)$ | 2,740,289 | $(2,303,071)$ |

Note 7 - Related Company Receivables and Payables (continued)
d) The effects on the statement of net income of the main transactions with non-consolidated related companies for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, are detailed as follows, continued:

| Chilean ID Number | Company | Relationship | Country | Transaction | Dec-31-21 |  | Dec-31-20 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Amount ThCh\$ | Effect on income ThCh\$ | Amount ThCh\$ | Effect on income ThCh\$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | (Charge)/Credit |  | (Charge)/Credit |
| 0-E | Servicios Financieros Soriana, S.A.P.I de C.V. | Associate | México | Computer and Other Services | 3,322,611 | 3,322,611 | 3,011,154 | 3,011,154 |
| 76547410-8 | Sociedad de Créditos Automotrices S.A. | Related Director | Chile | Commission | 4,994,041 | $(4,196,673)$ | 2,452,690 | $(2,061,084)$ |
| 77072500-3 | Sociedad de Rentas Comerciales S.A. | Related Director | Chile | Rent and common expenses | 701,541 | $(627,534)$ | 648,234 | $(577,179)$ |
| 0-E | Sociedad Distribuidora de Mejoramiento del Hogar y Construcción S.A.P.I de CV | Associate | México | Accrued interest | 830,867 | 830,867 | 1,476,179 | 1,476,179 |
| 95946000-0 | Sociedad Inmobiliaria San Bernardo Limitada | Related Director | Chile | Rent and common expenses | 1,705,716 | $(1,624,810)$ | 1,500,619 | $(1,438,298)$ |
| 0-E | Sodimac Colombia S.A. | Associate | Colombia | Product sales | 8,344,261 | 8,344,261 | 3,258,834 | 3,258,770 |
| 0-E | Sodimac Colombia S.A. | Associate | Colombia | Others | 247,975 | $(1,307)$ | 1,893,884 | 1,893,884 |
| 0-E | Sodimac Colombia S.A. | Associate | Colombia | Lease income | 1,270,661 | 1,067,783 | 870,806 | 749,032 |
| 0-E | Sodimac Colombia S.A. | Associate | Colombia | IT services | 2,108,367 | 2,108,367 | 2,621,864 | 2,621,864 |
| 0-E | Sodimac Colombia S.A. | Associate | Colombia | Rent and common expenses | 1,937,877 | $(1,748,575)$ | 1,770,175 | $(1,770,175)$ |
| 0-E | Sodimac Colombia S.A. | Associate | Colombia | Publications and advertising | 2,449,031 | $(1,029,351)$ | 4,034,360 | $(3,383,800)$ |
| 78057000-8 | Sotraser S.A. | Related Director | Chile | Freight, dispatch and delivery | 1,009,288 | $(937,815)$ | 338,473 | $(284,431)$ |
| 0-E | Tecno Fast S.A. | Related Director | Chile | Product sales | 37,997 | 31,930 | 169,458 | 142,402 |
| 0-E | Ejecutivos | Key Personnel | Chile | Interest earned | 798,567 | 798,567 | 131,640 | 131,640 |

Note 7 - Related Company Receivables and Payables (continued)
e) Key management employees

Key employees are defined as those persons who have authority and responsibility to directly or indirectly plan, direct and control the company's business, including any Board member (whether or not an executive) or the equivalent governing body. The Company has determined that key management employees are the Directors and senior executives on Falabella S.A.'s private payroll. Key management remuneration by category is detailed as follows.

|  | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Management remuneration | $18,301,614$ | $7,802,298$ |
| Directors remuneration | 409,648 | 364,454 |

## Note 8 - Inventories

Inventories are detailed as follows:

| Description | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Raw materials | $1,731,771$ | $2,337,980$ |
| Products for sale | $1,405,043,943$ | $1,009,885,082$ |
| Products in process | $1,459,989$ | $1,072,450$ |
| Materials and packaging | $4,848,096$ | $5,927,615$ |
| Goods in transit | $454,709,992$ | $142,021,420$ |
| Total Inventories | $\mathbf{1 , 8 6 7 , 7 9 3 , 7 9 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 1 6 1 , 2 4 4 , 5 4 7}$ |

During the year ended December 31 2021, the Company moved ThCh\$ 6,805,561,958 from inventory to cost of sales (ThCh\$ 5,508,091,923 for the year ended December 31, 2020).

Furthermore, provisions for shortages, realization, and obsolescence of ThCh\$ 9,571,256 were recognized in cost of sales as of December 31, 2021 (ThCh\$ 26,868,119 as of December 31, 2020).

The Company has no inventory provided in guarantee to be disclosed as of December 31, 2021 and 2020.

## Note 9 - Current and Non-Current Tax Assets and Liabilities

Current tax assets, Non-Banking Business

| Current tax assets | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Monthly tax installments (income tax net balance) | $10,354,152$ | $17,295,955$ |
| Employee training tax credit | $3,147,733$ | $3,722,131$ |
| Credit for absorbed profits | $6,093,431$ | $7,188,397$ |
| Recoverable income taxes | $28,377,525$ | $28,866,633$ |
| Other recoverable taxes | $4,921,541$ | $2,219,864$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{5 2 , 8 9 4 , 3 8 2}$ | $\mathbf{5 9 , 2 9 2 , 9 8 0}$ |

Note 9 - Current and Non-Current Tax Assets and Liabilities (continued)
Non-current tax assets, Non-Banking Business

| Non-current tax assets | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Recoverable income taxes ${ }^{(1)}$ | $13,289,193$ | $16,538,022$ |
| Total | $13,289,193$ | $16,538,022$ |

${ }^{(1)}$ It mainly includes benefits in accordance with Law 19,420 on incentives to develop the Arica and Parinacota provinces,
Current tax assets - Banking Business

| Current tax assets | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Monthly tax installments (income tax net balance) | $20,006,444$ | $13,019,331$ |
| Recoverable income taxes | $1,290,929$ | 198,033 |
| Total | $21,297,373$ | $13,217,364$ |

Current tax liabilities - Non-Banking Business

| Current tax liabilities | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Current income tax provision net of monthly tax installments | $88,237,494$ | $21,292,321$ |
| Provision for 40\% tax on disallowable expenditure | 10,699 | 53,241 |
| Monthly tax installments payable | $2,187,700$ | $1,274,611$ |
| Other taxes payable | 30,149 | 3,654 |
| Total | $90,466,042$ | $\mathbf{2 2 , 6 2 3 , 8 2 7}$ |

Current tax liabilities - Banking Business

| Current tax liabilities | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Current income tax provision net of monthly tax installments | $19,975,132$ | $13,390,117$ |
| Total | $19,975,132$ | $13,390,117$ |

## Note 10 - Current and Deferred Income Tax

a) Income tax expense/income as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 for the Non-Banking Business and Banking Business are detailed as follows:

Non-Banking Business

| Income tax | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan 01-21 } \\ \text { Dec-31-21 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan 01-20 } \\ \text { Dec-31-20 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current tax expense (tax provision) | 157,837,018 | 54,568,879 |
| Tax expense adjustment (previous year) | $(2,100,472)$ | 270,839 |
| Tax credit on tax losses | $(6,093,431)$ | $(7,188,397)$ |
| Total net current tax expense | 149,643,115 | 47,651,321 |
| Deferred tax credit from temporary differences | $(2,807,607)$ | $(6,312,456)$ |
| Tax credit on tax losses | $(6,575,241)$ | $(36,095,791)$ |
| Deferred income from income tax related to changes in the tax rate or new rates | $(2,934,300)$ | - |
| Total net deferred tax credit | $(12,317,148)$ | $(42,408,247)$ |
| Total | 137,325,967 | 5,243,074 |

## Note 10 - Current and Deferred Income Tax (continued)

a) Income tax expense/income as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 for the Non-Banking Business and Banking Business are detailed as follows, continued:

## Banking Business

| Income tax | Jan 01-21 <br> Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Jan 01-20 <br> Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Current tax expense (tax provision) | $74,832,665$ | $59,187,613$ |
| Tax expense adjustment (previous year) | $(150,380)$ | $1,036,991$ |
| Total net current tax expense | $74,682,285$ | $60,224,604$ |
| Deferred tax credit from temporary differences | $(3,924,184)$ | $(9,601,067)$ |
| Tax credit on tax losses | 796,339 | $(11,220,418)$ |
| Deferred income tax relating to changes in tax rates or new tax rates | $(69,316)$ | - |
| Total net deferred tax (credit) expense | $\mathbf{( 3 , 1 9 7 , 1 6 1 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 2 0 , 8 2 1 , 4 8 5 )}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{7 1 , 4 8 5 , 1 2 4}$ | $\mathbf{3 9 , 4 0 3 , 1 1 9}$ |

In Colombia, on September 14, 2021, Law No. 2,155 increased the income tax rate from $31 \%$ to $35 \%$, from the 2022 fiscal year onwards (although a tax rate of $30 \%$ was expected for the 2022 fiscal year before the tax reform). In addition, financial institutions will face an additional $3 \%$ rate from the years 2022 to 2025, yielding a combined tax rate of $38 \%$.

According to IAS 12 (Income Tax) deferred tax assets and liabilities must be measured using the fiscal rates that the Company expects will apply during the year in which the asset is collected or the liability paid, based on the rates (and laws) that have been approved or are about to be approved at the end of the year.
b) A reconciliation of the income tax expense at the statutory rate compared to the effective rate as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 was as follows:
Non-Banking Business

| Income before tax using the Chilean legal tax rate Legal taxation in Chile | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Jan 01-21 } \\ & \text { Dec-31-21 } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Jan 01-20 } \\ & \text { Dec-31-20 } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ThCh\$ | \% | ThCh\$ | \% |
| Income before tax using the Chilean legal tax rate | 159,764,632 | 27.00 | $(23,704,569)$ | 27.00 |
| Effect of tax rates in other jurisdictions (effect of local rate vs Chilean rate) | 4,145,870 | 0.70 | $(1,904,694)$ | 2.17 |
| Effect on rates of non-taxable income | $(6,118,777)$ | (1.03) | $(966,377)$ | 1.10 |
| Effect on rates of disallowable expenditure | 2,170,613 | 0.37 | 2,515,266 | (2.87) |
| Effect of using tax losses | $(6,093,431)$ | (1.03) | $(7,188,397)$ | 8.19 |
| Effect of changes in rates in other jurisdictions | $(2,934,300)$ | (0.50) | - | - |
| Effect of tax (over)/under-provided in prior years | $(2,100,472)$ | (0.36) | 270,839 | (0.31) |
| Net tax inflation adjustments | $(31,708,703)$ | (5.36) | $(8,857,188)$ | 10.09 |
| Other increase (decrease) | 20,200,535 | 3.41 | 45,078,194 | (51.35) |
| Total adjustments to legal tax rate | $(22,438,665)$ | (3.79) | 28,947,643 | (32.97) |
| Income tax expense (credit) for the year | 137,325,967 | 23.21 | 5,243,074 | (5.97) |
| Effective tax rate |  | 23.21 |  | (5.97) |

## Note 10 - Current and Deferred Income Tax (continued)

b) A reconciliation of the income tax expense at the statutory rate compared to the effective rate as of December 31,2021 and 2020 was as follows, continued:

Banking Business

| Income before tax using the Chilean legal tax rate Legal taxation in Chile | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan 01-21 } \\ & \text { Dec-31-21 } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan 01-20 } \\ & \text { Dec-31-20 } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ThCh\$ | \% | ThCh\$ | \% |
| Income before tax using the Chilean legal tax rate | 84,270,230 | 27.00 | 45,658,440 | 27.00 |
| Effect of tax rates in other jurisdictions (effect of local rate vs Chilean rate) | 1,171,584 | 0.38 | 242,827 | 0.14 |
| Effect on rates of non-taxable income | $(143,552)$ | (0.05) | $(191,400)$ | (0.11) |
| Effect on rates of disallowable expenditure | 2,853,094 | 0.91 | 1,547,911 | 0.92 |
| Effect of changes in rates in other jurisdictions | $(69,316)$ | (0.02) | - | - |
| Effect of tax (over)/under-provided in prior years | $(150,380)$ | (0.05) | 1,036,991 | 0.61 |
| Net tax inflation adjustments | (17,322,473) | (5.55) | $(6,438,897)$ | (3.81) |
| Other increase (decrease) | 875,937 | 0.28 | $(2,452,753)$ | (1.45) |
| Total adjustments to legal tax rate | $(12,785,106)$ | (4.10) | $(6,255,321)$ | (3.70) |
| Income tax expense (credit) for the year | 71,485,124 | 22.90 | 39,403,119 | 23.30 |
| Effective tax rate |  | 22.90 |  | 23.30 |

c) Deferred tax balances by category are detailed as follows:

## Non-Banking Business

| Statement of Financial Position | Dec-31-21 |  | Dec-31-20 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Deferred Asset ThCh\$ | Deferred Liability ThCh\$ | Deferred Asset ThCh\$ | Deferred Liability ThCh\$ |
| Intangible asset valuation difference | - | 31,200,446 |  | 33,483,761 |
| Property, plant and equipment valuation difference | - | 558,566,048 | - | 537,974,472 |
| Inventory valuation difference | 13,410,640 | - | 4,960,237 | - |
| Capitalized prepaid expenses | - | 446,167 | - | 373,917 |
| Employee termination benefits | 8,950,341 | - | 9,008,880 | - |
| Deferred income | 22,820,964 | - | 21,861,241 | - |
| Tax losses brought forward | 138,290,807 | - | 130,843,186 | - |
| Allowances for doubtful receivables | 6,737,347 | - | 9,117,540 | - |
| Obsolescence provision | 10,495,225 | - | 11,847,619 | - |
| Disposal provision | 5,621,123 | - | 6,151,991 | - |
| Vacation provision | 15,568,607 | - | 13,265,726 | - |
| Other provisions | 43,386,634 | - | 27,131,501 | - |
| Derivative instruments | - | 3,694,401 | - | 364,565 |
| Others | - | 24,016,413 | - | 20,113,401 |
| Total | 265,281,688 | 617,923,475 | 234,187,921 | 592,310,116 |
| Net balance |  | 352,641,787 |  | 358,122,195 |

## Note 10 - Current and Deferred Income Tax (continued)

c) Deferred tax balances by category are detailed as follows, continued:

Banking Business

| Statement of Financial Position | Dec-31-21 |  | Dec-31-20 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Deferred <br> Asset <br> ThCh\$ | Deferred <br> Liability <br> ThCh\$ | Deferred <br> Asset <br> ThCh\$ | Deferred <br> Liability <br> ThCh\$ |
|  | - | $3,838,229$ | - | $3,547,534$ |
| Property, plant and equipment valuation difference | - | $6,239,370$ | - | $6,687,142$ |
| Capitalized prepaid costs | - | $1,694,694$ | - | $2,306,908$ |
| Prepaid revenue | $10,637,886$ | - | $7,799,004$ | - |
| Tax losses brought forward | $9,917,900$ | - | $9,930,921$ | - |
| Allowances for doubtful receivables | $61,771,935$ | - | $61,721,937$ | - |
| Vacation provision | $1,315,173$ | - | $1,190,573$ | - |
| Other provisions | - | 669,479 | - | $1,383,239$ |
| Estimated expenses provision | $4,490,673$ | - | - | 225,274 |
| Total | $88,133,567$ | $12,441,772$ | $80,642,435$ | $14,150,097$ |
| Net balance | $75,691,795$ |  | $66,492,338$ |  |

d) Reconciliation between the statement of financial position and the deferred tax tables Non-Banking Business

| Net balance according to the above tables | Dec-31-21 | Dec-31-20 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Deferred tax assets | $260,646,688$ | $233,685,099$ |
| Deferred tax liabilities | $613,288,475$ | $591,807,294$ |
| Total | $352,641,787$ | $358,122,195$ |

Banking Business

| Net balance according to the above tables | Dec-31-21 | Dec-31-20 |
| :--- | ---: | :---: |
| Deferred tax assets | $75,691,795$ | $66,492,338$ |
| Total | $75,691,795$ | $66,492,338$ |

## Note 11 - Investments in Associates

a) Investments in associates - Non-Banking Business

Information regarding the Company's direct and indirect investments in Associates in the Non-Banking Business as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, are detailed as follows:

As of December 31, 2021

| Company | Country | Functional currency | Percentage of ownership \% | Beginning balance as of January 1, 2021 M\$ | Additions I Contributions <br> M\$ | Profit share M\$ | Dividends M\$ | Translation adjustments and other reserves M\$ | Balance as of December $31,2021$ <br> M\$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sodimac Colombia S,A, | Colombia | COL | 49.00\% | 123,247,771 | - | 35,123,810 | $(41,697,847)$ | 3,566,083 | 120,239,817 |
| Hogar y Construcción S,A,P,I, de C,V, | México | MXN | 50.00\% | 36,799,754 | 31,043,576 | $(7,428,382)$ | - | 4,677,124 | 65,092,072 |
| Inmobiliaria Cervantes S,A, | Chile | CLP | 33.70\% | 282,665 | - | 18,432 | $(19,082)$ | (482) | 281,533 |
| Servicios Financieros Soriana S,A,P,I de C,V, | México | MXN | 50.00\% | 28,652,717 | 7,494,500 | $(5,113,163)$ | - | 4,571,056 | 35,605,110 |
| Sodimeg Jacaranda S,A, de C,V, ${ }^{(1)}$ | México | MXN | 50.00\% | - | 3,686,262 | 90,091 | - | 2,982,572 | 6,758,925 |
| Sodimeg San Mateo S,A, de C,V, ${ }^{(1)}$ | México | MXN | 49.00\% | - | 8,974,558 | $(111,634)$ |  | 521,779 | 9,384,703 |
| Sodimeg SLP S,A, de C,V, ${ }^{(1)}$ | México | MXN | 49.00\% | - | 2,917,610 | $(46,977)$ | - | 316,586 | 3,187,219 |
| Inmobiliaria Sodimeg S,A de C,V | México | MXN | 30.61\% | 5,163,406 | - | 129,960 | - | 257,042 | 5,550,408 |
| Total |  |  |  | 194,146,313 | 54,116,506 | 22,662,137 | $(41,716,929)$ | 16,891,760 | 246,099,787 |

(1) Interests acquired in November and December 2021.

As of December 31, 2020

| Company | Country | Functional currency | Percentage of ownership <br> \% | Beginning balance as of January 1, 2020 M\$ | Additions / Contributions M\$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Profit share } \\ \text { M\$ } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dividends } \\ \text { M\$ } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Translation } \\ \text { adjustments } \\ \text { and other } \\ \text { reserves } \\ \text { M\$ } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Balance as of December $31,2020$ <br> M\$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sodimac Colombia S,A, | Colombia | COL | 49.00\% | 133,218,614 |  | 18,087,164 | (16,300,932) | $(11,757,075)$ | 123,247,771 |
| Sociedad Distribuidora de Mejoramiento del Hogar y Construcción S,A,P,I, de C,V, | México | MXN | 50.00\% | 32,614,932 | 15,907,500 | $(7,622,311)$ | - | $(4,100,366)$ | 36,799,755 |
| Inmobiliaria Cervantes S, A, | Chile | CLP | 33.70\% | 285,687 | - | 15,834 | $(18,361)$ | (495) | 282,665 |
| Servicios Financieros Soriana S, A, P, I de C,V, | México | MXN | 50.00\% | 25,359,445 | 13,065,000 | $(6,950,315)$ | - | $(2,821,413)$ | 28,652,717 |
| Inmobiliaria Sodimeg S,A de C,V, ${ }^{(1)}$ | México | MXN | 30.61\% | - | 5,043,246 | 48,802 | - | 71,357 | 5,163,405 |
| Total |  |  |  | 191,478,678 | 34,015,746 | 3,579,174 | $(16,319,293)$ | $(18,607,992)$ | 194,146,313 |

(1) Interests acquired in December 2020,

There are no significant restrictions on the distribution of dividends and debt settlement by Associates arising from regulatory or any other matters related to debt covenants.

## Note 11 - Investments in Associates (continued)

b) Investments in Associates - Banking Business

Information regarding the Company's direct and indirect investments in Associates in the Banking Business as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, are detailed as follows:

As of December 31, 2021

| Company | Country | Functional currency | Percentage of ownership \% | Beginning balance as of January 1, 2021 <br> M\$ | Additions I Contributions M\$ | Profit Share <br> M\$ | Dividends M\$ | Translation adjustment and other reserves MS | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Balance as of } \\ \text { December 31, } \\ 2021 \\ \text { M\$ } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unibanca S,A, | Perú | PEN | 23.13\% | 3,134,482 | - | 531,673 |  | 144,461 | 3,810,616 |
| Total |  |  |  | 3,134,482 | - | 531,673 |  | 144,461 | 3,810,616 |

As of December 31, 2020

| Company | Country | Functional currency | Percentage of ownership \% | Beginning balance as of January 1, 2020 M\$ | Additions / Contributions M\$ | Profit Share <br> M\$ | Dividends <br> MS | Translation adjustment and other reserves M\$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Balance as of } \\ \text { December 31, } \\ 2020 \\ \text { M\$ } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unibanca S,A, | Perú | PEN | 23.13\% | 3,721,554 | . | 708,890 | $(713,292)$ | $(582,670)$ | 3,134,482 |
| Total |  |  |  | 3,721,554 | - | 708,890 | $(713,292)$ | $(582,670)$ | 3,134,482 |

c) Summarized information on associates:

Summarized financial information on Associates as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, are detailed as follows:

| Information as of December 31, 2021 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Associate | Total Assets <br> Current ThCh\$ | Total Assets <br> Non-Current ThCh\$ | Total Liabilities Current ThCh\$ | Total Liabilities Non-Current ThCh\$ | Goodwill from investments ThCh\$ | Revenue ThCh\$ | Net Income for the year ThCh\$ |
| Sodimac Colombia S.A. | 282,633,580 | 468,225,772 | 209,079,282 | 304,685,439 | 4,063,448 | 1,067,628,847 | 71,681,244 |
| Sociedad Distribuidora de Mejoramiento del |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hogar y Construcción S.A.P.I. de C.V. | 102,946,955 | 159,956,467 | 34,616,775 | 98,102,504 | - | 95,719,076 | $(14,856,764)$ |
| Unibanca S.A. | 3,581,138 | 14,171,894 | 3,451,514 | 357,374 | 584,917 | 10,425,757 | 2,298,331 |
| Inmobiliaria Cervantes S.A. | 23,719 | 489,175 | 116,112 |  | 147,817 | 69,584 | 54,695 |
| Servicios Financieros Soriana S.A.P.I de C.V. | 78,645,372 | 37,476,692 | 59,497,102 | - | 7,292,630 | 29,905,004 | $(10,226,326)$ |
| Sodimeg Jacaranda S.A. de C.V. ${ }^{(1)}$ | 2,156,490 | 13,623,406 | 1,175,382 | 1,086,665 | - | 416,377 | 180,182 |
| Sodimeg San Mateo S.A. de C.V. ${ }^{(1)}$ | 2,038,628 | 21,618,756 | 4,504,930 | - | - | 124,758 | $(227,825)$ |
| Sodimeg SLP S.A. de C.V. ${ }^{(1)}$ | 1,119,188 | 11,279,532 | 5,894,188 | - | - | 42,093 | $(95,871)$ |
| Inmobiliaria Sodimeg S.A. DE C.V. | 1,517,925 | 16,650,919 | 4,855 | 29,550 | - | 384,201 | 424,567 |
| Total | 474,662,995 | 743,492,613 | 318,340,140 | 404,261,532 | 12,088,812 | 1,204,715,697 | 49,232,233 |


| Information as of December 31, 2020 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Associate | Total Assets <br> Current ThCh\$ | Total Assets <br> Non-Current ThCh\$ | Total Liabilities Current ThCh\$ | Total Liabilities Non-Current ThCh\$ | Goodwill from investments ThCh\$ | Revenue ThCh\$ | Net Income for the year ThCh\$ |
| Sodimac Colombia S.A. | 246,711,436 | 475,540,300 | 148,339,069 | 330,679,354 | 4,063,448 | 844,961,642 | 36,912,580 |
| Sociedad Distribuidora de Mejoramiento del |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hogar y Construcción S.A.P.I. de C.V. | 92,116,327 | 81,235,181 | 48,607,591 | 51,099,768 | - | 76,234,743 | $(15,244,622)$ |
| Unibanca S.A. | 3,843,991 | 12,280,503 | 5,143,123 | 341,663 | 542,073 | 9,754,513 | 3,064,410 |
| Inmobiliaria Cervantes S.A. | 39,565 | 478,275 | 117,699 | - | 147,817 | 67,055 | 46,986 |
| Servicios Financieros Soriana S.A.P.I de C.V. | 61,241,960 | 29,907,149 | 46,478,227 | 18,073 | 6,326,308 | 26,016,866 | $(13,900,630)$ |
| Inmobiliaria Sodimeg S.A. de C.V. (2) | 2,636,657 | 14,428,548 | 195,188 | - | - | 292,861 | 159,448 |
| Total | 406,589,936 | 613,869,956 | 248,880,897 | 382,138,858 | 11,079,646 | 957,327,680 | 11,038,172 |

[^16]Note 12 - Intangible Assets other than Goodwill
a) Intangible assets in the Non-Banking Business are detailed as follows:

| Net Intangible Assets | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Intangible assets with defined useful lives, net | $207,091,351$ | $217,674,702$ |
| Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives | $123,921,082$ | $122,876,604$ |
| Total Net Intangible Assets | $331,012,433$ | $340,551,306$ |

a.1) Intangible assets in the Non-Banking Business are detailed as follows:

| Intangible Assets | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Internally developed software | $294,222,851$ | $259,676,582$ |
| Licenses and software programs | $172,879,735$ | $168,216,919$ |
| Patents, registered trademarks and other rights | $30,313,312$ | $29,102,032$ |
| Other identifiable intangible assets | $20,296,646$ | $19,364,896$ |
| Trademarks with indefinite useful lives | $123,921,082$ | $122,876,604$ |
| Subtotal | $641,633,626$ | $599,237,033$ |
| Less: Accumulated amortization and impairment | $(310,621,193)$ | $(258,685,727)$ |
| Net Total | $331,012,433$ | $340,551,306$ |

a.2) Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives in the Non-Banking Business are detailed as follows:

| Individually Significant Identifiable | Remaining <br> amortization period | Dec-31-21 <br> Intangible Assets | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| Trademark Sodimac | Indefinite | $110,641,102$ | $110,641,102$ |
| Trademark Imperial | Indefinite | $2,239,800$ | $2,239,800$ |
| Trademark Dicico | Indefinite | $11,040,180$ | $9,995,702$ |
| Total |  | $123,921,082$ | $122,876,604$ |

## Note 12 - Intangible Assets other than Goodwill (continued)

a.3) Movements of Intangible Assets other than Goodwill in the Non-Banking Business for the year ended December 31, 2021 are detailed as follows:

| Gross Balance | Internally developed software ThCh\$ | Licenses and software programs <br> ThCh\$ | Patents, registered trademarks and other rights ThCh\$ | Other identifiable intangible assets ThCh\$ | Trademarks with indefinite useful lives <br> ThCh\$ | Total <br> ThCh\$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance as of January 1, 2021 <br> Internally developed additions <br> Purchased additions <br> Withdrawals <br> Reclassification of concept and capitalization <br> Transfer from or to another account <br> Restatement and conversion adjustment (Note 2.6) | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 259,676,582 \\ 35,020,221 \\ - \\ (1,924,768) \\ 282,808 \\ 457,004 \\ 711,004 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 168,216,919 \\ - \\ 12,942,278 \\ (16,992,613) \\ (270,996) \\ 2,165,635 \\ 6,818,512 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 29,102,032 \\ - \\ 99,333 \\ (373,818) \\ - \\ - \\ 1,485,765 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 19,364,896 \\ - \\ 56,691 \\ (506,343) \\ (11,812) \\ 377,225 \\ 1,015,989 \end{array}$ | $122,876,604$ $1,044,478$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 599,237,033 \\ 35,020,221 \\ 13,098,302 \\ (19,797,542) \\ - \\ 2,999,864 \\ 11,075,748 \end{array}$ |
| Balance as of December 31, 2021 | 294,222,851 | 172,879,735 | 30,313,312 | 20,296,646 | 123,921,082 | 641,633,626 |
| Amortization and impairment | Internally developed software <br> ThCh\$ | Licenses and software programs <br> ThCh\$ | Patents, registered trademarks and other rights ThCh\$ | Other identifiable intangible assets <br> ThCh\$ | Trademarks with indefinite useful lives <br> ThCh\$ | Total <br> ThCh\$ |
| Balance as of January 1, 2021 <br> Amortization for the year <br> Withdrawals <br> Transfers between accounts <br> Impairment losses ${ }^{(1)}$ <br> Restatement and conversion adjustment (Note 2.6) | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 114,056,982 \\ 47,039,683 \\ (804,015) \\ - \\ - \\ 349,496 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 119,221,843 \\ 9,932,913 \\ (9,497,408) \\ 5,727 \\ (6,256,992) \\ 6,427,315 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 15,756,747 \\ 2,713,100 \\ (187,770) \\ (186,049) \\ 1,145,862 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 9,650,155 \\ 834,055 \\ (26,425) \\ (6,263) \\ - \\ 452,237 \end{array}$ | - - - - - - | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 258,685,727 \\ 60,519,751 \\ (10,515,618) \\ (536) \\ (6,443,041) \\ 8,374,910 \end{array}$ |
| Balance as of December 31, 2021 | 160,642,146 | 119,833,398 | 19,241,890 | 10,903,759 | - | 310,621,193 |
| Net book value as of January 1, 2021 | 145,619,600 | 48,995,076 | 13,345,285 | 9,714,741 | 122,876,604 | 340,551,306 |
| Net book value as of December 31, 2021 | 133,580,705 | 53,046,337 | 11,071,422 | 9,392,887 | 123,921,082 | 331,012,433 |

[^17]
## Note 12 - Intangible Assets other than Goodwill (continued)

a.4) Movements in Intangible Assets other than Goodwill in the Non-Banking Business for the year ended December 31, 2020 are detailed as follows:

| Gross Balance | Internally developed software <br> ThCh\$ | Licenses and software programs <br> ThCh\$ | Patents, registered trademarks and other rights ThCh\$ | Other identifiable intangible assets ThCh\$ | Trademarks with indefinite useful lives <br> ThCh\$ | Total ThCh\$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance as of January 1, 2020 | 211,543,661 | 167,144,609 | 31,070,207 | 24,781,733 | 126,456,219 | 560,996,429 |
| Internally developed additions | 47,429,357 |  |  |  |  | 47,429,357 |
| Purchased additions |  | 11,730,632 |  | 1,173,590 |  | 12,904,222 |
| Withdrawals | $(612,301)$ | $(5,993,667)$ | $(1,236,456)$ | $(3,431,267)$ |  | $(11,273,691)$ |
| Reclassification of concept and capitalization | 945,760 | $(2,746,025)$ | 1,833,470 | $(33,205)$ |  |  |
| Transfer from or to another account | 734,864 | 3,679,333 | $(97,495)$ | $(1,167,912)$ | - | 3,148,790 |
| Restatement and conversion adjustment (Note 2.6) | $(364,759)$ | $(5,597,963)$ | $(2,467,694)$ | $(1,958,043)$ | $(3,579,615)$ | $(13,968,074)$ |
| Balance as of December 31, 2020 | 259,676,582 | 168,216,919 | 29,102,032 | 19,364,896 | 122,876,604 | 599,237,033 |


| Depreciation | Internally developed software ThCh\$ | Licenses and software programs <br> ThCh\$ | Patents, registered trademarks and other rights ThCh\$ | Other identifiable intangible assets ThCh\$ | Trademarks with indefinite useful lives <br> ThCh\$ | Total ThCh\$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance as of January 1, 2020 | 84,886,100 | 106,524,254 | 14,003,166 | 12,900,475 | - | 218,313,995 |
| Amortization for the year | 30,108,390 | 12,318,651 | 3,001,306 | 1,012,518 |  | 46,440,865 |
| Withdrawals | $(173,202)$ | $(4,494,699)$ |  | $(3,367,676)$ |  | $(8,035,577)$ |
| Transfer from or to another account | $(353,913)$ | 2,651,029 | - | $(141,869)$ |  | 2,155,247 |
| Reclassification of concept and capitalization | $(200,705)$ | 164,288 | 36,417 | - | - | - |
| Impairment losses ( ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | 6,346,458 | 186,414 | - | - | 6,532,872 |
| Restatement and conversion adjustment (Note 2.6) | $(209,688)$ | $(4,288,138)$ | $(1,470,556)$ | $(753,293)$ | - | $(6,721,675)$ |
| Balance as of December 31, 2020 | 114,056,982 | 119,221,843 | 15,756,747 | 9,650,155 | - | 258,685,727 |
| Net book value as of January 1, 2020 | 126,657,561 | 60,620,355 | 17,067,041 | 11,881,258 | 126,456,219 | 342,682,434 |
| Net book value as of December 31, 2020 | 145,619,600 | 48,995,076 | 13,345,285 | 9,714,741 | 122,876,604 | 340,551,306 |

(1) This item corresponds to Intangible Assets impairment from the subsidiaries in Argentina.
b) Intangible assets - Banking Business:
b.1) Intangible Assets in the Banking Business are detailed as follows:

| Intangible assets | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Internally developed software | $121,515,733$ | $110,649,911$ |
| Licenses and software programs | $57,911,379$ | $53,387,870$ |
| Subtotal | $179,427,112$ | $164,037,781$ |
| Accumulated amortization (less) | $(101,010,190)$ | $(87,512,410)$ |
| Net Total | $78,416,922$ | $76,525,371$ |

## Note 12 - Intangible Assets other than Goodwill (continued)

b.2) Movements in Intangible Assets in the Banking Business as of December 31, 2021 are detailed as follows:

| Gross Balance | Internally developed software ThCh\$ | Licenses and software programs ThCh\$ | Total <br> ThCh\$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance as of January 1, 2021 | 110,649,911 | 53,387,870 | 164,037,781 |
| Internally developed additions | 14,416,376 | - | 14,416,376 |
| Purchased additions |  | 5,995,645 | 5,995,645 |
| Withdrawals | $(8,162,505)$ | $(1,978,058)$ | $(10,140,563)$ |
| Conversion adjustment | 4,611,951 | 505,922 | 5,117,873 |
| Balance as of December 31, 2021 | 121,515,733 | 57,911,379 | 179,427,112 |


| Depreciation | Internally developed software ThCh\$ | Licenses and software programs ThCh\$ | Total <br> ThCh\$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance as of January 1, 2021 | 60,292,245 | 27,220,165 | 87,512,410 |
| Amortization for the year | 11,506,006 | 9,240,897 | 20,746,903 |
| Withdrawals | $(8,052,267)$ | $(1,609,094)$ | $(9,661,361)$ |
| Conversion adjustment | 1,931,080 | 481,158 | 2,412,238 |
| Balance as of December 31, 2021 | 65,677,064 | 35,333,126 | 101,010,190 |
| Net book value as of January 1, 2021 | 50,357,666 | 26,167,705 | 76,525,371 |
| Net book value as of December 31, 2021 | 55,838,669 | 22,578,253 | 78,416,922 |

b,3) Movements in Intangible Assets in the Banking Business for the year ended December 31, 2020 are detailed as follows:

| Gross Balance | Internally <br> developed <br> software <br> ThCh\$ | Licenses and <br> software <br> programs <br> ThCh\$ | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| ThCh\$ |  |  |  |
| Balance as of January 1, 2020 | $107,844,291$ | $47,285,964$ | $155,130,255$ |
| Internally developed additions | $14,260,752$ | - | $14,260,752$ |
| Purchased additions | $(2,836,281)$ | $8,128,732$ | $8,128,732$ |
| Reclassifications between items | $(755,450)$ | $(1,501,146)$ | $(2,256,596)$ |
| Withdrawals | $(7,863,401)$ | $(3,361,961)$ | $(11,225,362)$ |
| Conversion adjustment | $\mathbf{1 1 0 , 6 4 9 , 9 1 1}$ | $53,387,870$ | $164,037,781$ |
| Balance as of December 31, 2020 |  |  |  |


| Depreciation | Internally <br> developed <br> software <br> ThCh\$ | Licenses and <br> software <br> programs <br> ThCh\$ | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Balance as of January 1, 2020 | $55,393,265$ | $21,618,508$ | $77,011,773$ |
| Amortization for the year | $8,386,945$ | $8,772,892$ | $17,159,837$ |
| Withdrawals | $(200,745)$ | $(1,316,514)$ | $(1,517,259)$ |
| Conversion adjustment | $(3,287,220)$ | $(1,854,721)$ | $(5,141,941)$ |
| Balance as of December 31, 2020 | $60,292,245$ | $27,220,165$ | $87,512,410$ |


| Net book value as of January 1, 2020 | $52,451,026$ | $25,667,456$ | $78,118,482$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Net book value as of December 31, 2020 | $50,357,666$ | $26,167,705$ | $76,525,371$ |

Note 12 - Intangible Assets other than Goodwill (continued)
c) Other information regarding intangible assets:
c.1) As of December 31, 2021 there are no identifiable intangible assets in use that are fully amortized.
c.2) Amortization of intangible assets is presented in the statement of net income by function under Administrative Expenses and amounts to ThCh\$ 81,266,654 and ThCh\$ 63,600,702 as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, as presented in Note 30.
c.3) The Company performed annual impairment tests on intangible assets with indefinite useful lives, which did not result in adjustments to the values recognized by the Company.

## Note 13 -Goodwill

Goodwill in the Non-Banking Business is detailed as follows:

| Goodwill | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Sodimac S,A, | $205,688,300$ | $205,688,300$ |
| Imperial S,A, | $13,836,495$ | $13,836,495$ |
| Hipermercados Tottus S,A, | $14,575,143$ | $14,575,143$ |
| Inverfal S,A, | $5,354,756$ | $5,354,756$ |
| Plaza Oeste S,A, | $10,770,845$ | $10,770,845$ |
| Plaza del Trébol S,A, | $3,946,308$ | $3,946,308$ |
| Plaza Tobalaba S,A, | $1,558,544$ | $1,558,544$ |
| Plaza La Serena S,A, | 418,818 | 418,818 |
| Mall Calama S,A, | 357,778 | 357,778 |
| Inmobiliaria Las Condes S,A, | $3,457,846$ | $3,457,846$ |
| Construdecor S,A, | $27,742,210$ | $25,117,601$ |
| Tienda Mejoramiento del Hogar S,A, | $174,292,620$ | $161,525,859$ |
| Mall Plaza Perú S,A, | $60,827,475$ | $56,371,921$ |
| New TIN Linio I GmbH | $104,128,164$ | $104,128,164$ |
| Total | $626,955,302$ | $607,108,378$ |

Goodwill impairment is determined through evaluating the recoverable amount of the cash generating units (or group of cash generating units) related to the goodwill.

When the recoverable amount of the cash generating units (or groups of cash generating units) is less than the total book value of the cash generating units (or group of cash generating units) related to the goodwill, an impairment loss is recognized, Impairment losses related to goodwill cannot be reversed in future periods.

Impairment of intangible assets with indefinite useful lives is tested annually at an individual or cash generating unit level, as applicable.

The Company performs annual goodwill impairment tests and these tests have not resulted in adjustments to the recognized values.

## Note 13 - Goodwill (continued)

Goodwill by segments as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 is detailed as follows:

| Segment | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Home Improvement Stores | $421,559,625$ | $406,168,255$ |
| Real estate | $81,337,614$ | $76,882,060$ |
| Supermarkets | $14,575,143$ | $14,575,143$ |
| Other businesses | $109,482,920$ | $109,482,920$ |
| Total Goodwill by Segment | $626,955,302$ | $607,108,378$ |

The Company performed goodwill impairment testing as of December 31, 2021, in accordance with accounting policies (Note 2.12). The value-in-use method was used, based on the future cash flows that are generated by the assets associated with goodwill.

The primary parameters and indicators used to evaluate impairment are:
a) Discount rate

To determine the discount rate, the average cost of capital methodology (WACC) is used, using market inputs and data from comparable companies.

The discount rates used, are differentiated according to the business and the country where the evaluated cashgenerating units are located.

As of December 31, 2021, the weighted average discount rates used in each segment are detailed as follows:

| Segments | Dec. 31, |
| :--- | ---: |
|  | 2021 |
| Home Improvement | $10.00 \%$ |
| Real Estate | $7.16 \%$ |
| Supermarkets | $4.90 \%$ |
| Other Businesses | $13.92 \%$ |

b) Cash flow projections

Cash flow projections are made for each country and business, considering the main variables of historical cash flows and the approved budgets. For projections beyond the approved budgets, macroeconomic variables that affect the markets in which the businesses operate are considered.

The main business variables considered are related to revenues, margins, and operating expenses, as well as maintenance costs of existing assets.

Note 13 - Goodwill, continued
As of December 31, 2021, the average growth rates of the aforementioned variables are detailed as follows:

| Segments | Average growth rates |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Revenues | Costs and <br> expenses |
| Home Improvement | $3.2 \%$ to $14.0 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ to $12.1 \%$ |
| Real Estate | $0.6 \%$ to $1.2 \%$ | $0.6 \%$ to $0.9 \%$ |
| Supermarkets | $8.80 \%$ | $8.20 \%$ |
| Other Businesses | $24.1 \%$ to $48.1 \%$ | $13.9 \%$ to $20.5 \%$ |

Revenue projections from shopping centers from the Real Estate segment are based on the sales projections of each business unit or type of leasable area.

For the Marketplace sub-segment, (included in the "Other Businesses" segment), the key variables considered are associated with the leverage of the business with the remaining segments of the Group (home improvement, department stores, supermarkets, etc.).

To determine projected cash flows, historical growth in recent years and the impact of inflation are taken into consideration.
c) Time frame of cash flow projections

As of December 31, 2021, projections were made over a 5 -year term, plus perpetuity, except for goodwill associated with: i) Real Estate, for which a term of up to 30 years was projected, given the underlying long-term assets associated with this segment; and ii) New TIN Linio I GmbH (Other Businesses Segment: Marketplace), for which a time period of 10 years was projected, as it is a growing business, located in dissimilar markets and countries.

For the Home Improvement segment, growth rates of perpetual cash flows fluctuate between $2 \%$ and $5 \%$, depending on the country. In the case of the Supermarket segment, the growth rate amounts to $3 \%$, whereas the Marketplace segment fluctuates between $2.5 \%$ and $4 \%$, depending on the country. In the Real Estate segment, no growth rate is applied to perpetual cash flows.

After being tested for impairment, no impairment losses were identified in Falabella S.A.'s goodwill.

## Note 14 - Property, Plant and Equipment

a) Property, plant and equipment for the Non-Banking Business was as follows:

| Description | Dec-31-21 |  |  | Dec-31-20 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gross value ThCh\$ | Accumulated depreciation and impairment ThCh\$ | Net value ThCh\$ | Gross value ThCh\$ | Accumulated depreciation and impairment ThCh\$ | Net value ThCh\$ |
| Land | 727,753,245 | - | 727,753,245 | 734,788,964 | - | 734,788,964 |
| Buildings | 1,015,394,430 | $(217,061,511)$ | 798,332,919 | 979,387,974 | $(195,654,968)$ | 783,733,006 |
| Plant and equipment | 351,286,173 | $(185,836,780)$ | 165,449,393 | 319,638,925 | $(161,617,860)$ | 158,021,065 |
| IT equipment | 167,989,411 | (121,843,638) | 46,145,773 | 149,823,644 | $(108,025,412)$ | 41,798,232 |
| Fixtures and accessories | 1,320,581,215 | $(755,719,439)$ | 564,861,776 | 1,219,257,738 | $(675,099,796)$ | 544,157,942 |
| Motor vehicles | 39,113,852 | $(26,986,510)$ | 12,127,342 | 38,551,602 | $(26,371,389)$ | 12,180,213 |
| Construction in progress | 221,962,087 | ( | 221,962,087 | 213,386,011 | $(52,956)$ | 213,333,055 |
| Right of use assets ${ }^{(1)}$ | 1,115,995,896 | $(227,102,584)$ | 888,893,312 | 932,586,766 | $(162,828,405)$ | 769,758,361 |
| Other property, plant and equipment ${ }^{(2)}$ | 422,822,741 | $(285,409,713)$ | 137,413,028 | 391,200,052 | $(260,880,688)$ | 130,319,364 |
| Total | 5,382,899,050 | $(1,819,960,175)$ | 3,562,938,875 | 4,978,621,676 | $(1,590,531,474)$ | 3,388,090,202 |

(1) Falabella mainly classifies right-of-use assets under this item related to real estate leased for the development of its activities and construction of stores.
(2) Primarily furniture and equipment
(2) Primarily furniture and equipment
b) Property, plant and equipment in the Banking Business was as follows:

| Description | Dec-31-21 |  |  | Dec-31-20 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gross value ThCh\$ | Accumulated Depreciation ThCh\$ | Net value ThCh\$ | Gross value ThCh\$ | Accumulated Depreciation ThCh\$ | Net value ThCh\$ |
| Land | 173,909 | - | 173,909 | 173,909 |  | 173,909 |
| Buildings | 322,978 | $(322,978)$ | - | 322,978 | $(322,978)$ |  |
| Plant and equipment | 20,280,923 | $(15,224,638)$ | 5,056,285 | 20,295,746 | $(13,854,708)$ | 6,441,038 |
| IT equipment | 36,591,288 | $(25,146,494)$ | 11,444,794 | 35,344,915 | $(22,413,843)$ | 12,931,072 |
| Fixtures and accessories | 32,308,101 | $(25,188,054)$ | 7,120,047 | 30,976,877 | $(23,290,773)$ | 7,686,104 |
| Motor vehicles | 135,467 | $(66,136)$ | 69,331 | 57,124 | $(57,124)$ | - |
| Construction in progress | 7,786,778 | - | 7,786,778 | 8,449,865 | - | 8,449,865 |
| Right of use assets ${ }^{(1)}$ | 40,600,383 | $(18,107,934)$ | 22,492,449 | 38,420,142 | $(18,380,796)$ | 20,039,346 |
| Other property, plant and equipment ${ }^{(2)}$ | 6,853,039 | $(3,358,836)$ | 3,494,203 | 6,793,649 | $(3,624,104)$ | 3,169,545 |
| Total | 145,052,866 | $(87,415,070)$ | 57,637,796 | 140,835,205 | $(81,944,326)$ | 58,890,879 |

[^18]Note 14 - Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)
c) Movements for the Non-Banking Business for the year ended December 31, 2021 are detailed as follows:

| Cost | Land ThCh\$ | Buildings ThCh\$ | Plant and equipment <br> ThCh\$ | IT equipment ThCh\$ | Facilities and accessories <br> ThCh\$ | Motor vehicles <br> ThCh\$ | Construction in progress <br> ThCh\$ | Right of use assets ${ }^{(1)}$ <br> ThCh\$ | Other property, plant and equipment ThCh\$ | Total ThCh\$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance as of January 1, 2021 | 734,788,964 | 979,387,974 | 319,638,925 | 149,823,644 | 1,219,257,738 | 38,551,602 | 213,386,011 | 932,586,766 | 391,200,052 | 4,978,621,676 |
| Additions | 869,506 | 3,330,626 | 12,499,067 | 11,548,213 | 12,604,150 | 288,842 | 220,922,782 | 198,625,775 | 4,631,670 | 465,320,631 |
| Sales | $(722,203)$ | $(36,622)$ | $(5,409,109)$ | $(132,460)$ | $(3,731,279)$ | $(96,708)$ | $(796,486)$ | - | $(1,665,644)$ | $(12,590,511)$ |
| Withdrawals | - | $(13,458,095)$ | $(18,304,244)$ | $(7,993,258)$ | $(57,786,890)$ | $(39,642)$ | $(2,453,977)$ | $(43,273,749)$ | $(26,280,346)$ | $(169,590,201)$ |
| Reclassification of concept and capitalization | - | 20,979,224 | 31,937,705 | 9,327,312 | 92,295,200 | 234,746 | (192,341,780) | 154,518 | 37,413,075 | - |
| Transfers between accounts | (30,912,894) | - | - | 12,858 | $(4,069)$ | - | $(1,265,392)$ | 1821,377- | - - | $(1,256,603)$ |
| Transfer to and from Investment Property | $(30,912,894)$ | $(17,603,288)$ | 601,801 | - | $(2,395,275)$ |  | $(19,378,555)$ | 2,821,377 | 573,108 | $(66,293,726)$ |
| Transfers to non-current assets held for sale | $(2,796,573)$ | $(2,619,434)$ | - | - | $(141,440)$ | - | $(450,514)$ | - | - | $(6,007,961)$ |
| Restatement and conversion adjustment (Note 2.6) | 26,526,445 | 45,414,045 | 10,322,028 | 5,403,102 | 60,483,080 | 175,012 | 4,339,998 | 25,081,209 | 16,950,826 | 194,695,745 |
| Balance as of December 31, 2021 | 727,753,245 | 1,015,394,430 | 351,286,173 | 167,989,411 | 1,320,581,215 | 39,113,852 | 221,962,087 | 1,115,995,896 | 422,822,741 | 5,382,899,050 |


| Depreciation and impairment | Land <br> ThCh\$ | Buildings ThCh\$ | Plant and equipment <br> ThCh\$ | IT equipment ThCh\$ | Facilities and accessories <br> ThCh\$ | Motor vehicles <br> ThCh\$ | Construction in progress <br> ThCh\$ | Right of use assets <br> ThCh\$ | Other property, plant and equipment ThCh\$ | Total ThCh\$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance as of January 1, 2021 |  | 195,654,968 | 161,617,860 | 108,025,412 | 675,099,796 | 26,371,389 | 52,956 | 162,828,405 | 260,880,688 | 1,590,531,474 |
| Depreciation for the year |  | 21,393,338 | 38,275,779 | 17,272,358 | 99,124,543 | 626,859 | - | 92,750,319 | 37,292,426 | 306,735,622 |
| Transfers between accounts |  | - |  | 536 | - | - | - | - | - | 536 |
| Transfers to Investment Property |  | $(3,672,896)$ | $(1,467)$ | - | $(2,336,523)$ | - | - | 487,787 | $(1,332)$ | $(5,524,431)$ |
| Sales |  | $(17,817)$ | $(4,381,887)$ | $(127,903)$ | $(2,573,288)$ | $(73,807)$ | - | - | (1,374,771) | $(8,549,473)$ |
| Withdrawals |  | $(11,231,914)$ | $(16,381,692)$ | $(7,103,629)$ | $(48,734,057)$ | $(39,642)$ | - | $(31,248,309)$ | $(22,996,705)$ | $(137,735,948)$ |
| Transfers to non-current assets held for sale |  | $(639,298)$ |  | - | $(87,317)$ | - | - | - | - | $(726,615)$ |
| Impairment losses (2) |  | $(449,681)$ | $(583,010)$ | $(555,051)$ | $(4,825,778)$ | - | $(52,956)$ | $(4,208,852)$ | $(954,016)$ | $(11,629,344)$ |
| Restatement and conversion adjustment (Note 2.6) |  | 16,024,811 | 7,291,197 | 4,331,915 | 40,052,063 | 101,711 | - | 6,493,234 | 12,563,423 | 86,858,354 |
| Balance as of December 31, 2021 |  | 217,061,511 | 185,836,780 | 121,843,638 | 755,719,439 | 26,986,510 | - | 227,102,584 | 285,409,713 | 1,819,960,175 |


| Net balance as of January 1, 2021 | $734,788,964$ | $783,733,006$ | $158,021,065$ | $41,798,232$ | $544,157,942$ | $12,180,213$ | $213,333,055$ | $769,758,361$ | $130,319,364$ | $3,388,090,202$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Net balance as of December 31, 2021 | $727,753,245$ | $798,332,919$ | $165,449,393$ | $46,145,773$ | $564,861,776$ | $12,127,342$ | $221,962,087$ | $888,893,312$ | $137,413,028$ | $3,562,938,875$ |

${ }^{(1)}$ Falabella mainly classifies right-of-use assets under this item related to real estate leased for the development of its activities.
(2) Impairment losses on property, plant and equipment at Argentine subsidiaries.

Note 14 - Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)
d) Movements for the Non-Banking Business for the year ended December 31, 2020, are detailed as follows:

| Cost | Land ThCh\$ | Buildings ThCh\$ | Plant and equipment <br> ThCh\$ | IT equipment ThCh\$ | Facilities and accessories <br> ThCh\$ | Motor vehicles <br> ThCh\$ | Construction in progress <br> ThCh\$ | Right of use assets ${ }^{(1)}$ <br> ThCh\$ | Other property, plant and equipment ThCh\$ | Total ThCh\$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance as of January 1, 2020 | 805,835,417 | 1,028,646,142 | 339,326,412 | 147,835,103 | 1,287,432,691 | 37,456,028 | 196,314,989 | 914,354,446 | 394,013,823 | 5,151,215,051 |
| Additions | 1,676,519 | 2,161,324 | 17,238,081 | 8,077,660 | 10,731,110 | 454,410 | 178,308,871 | 85,208,286 | 2,912,350 | 306,768,611 |
| Sales | $(237,707)$ | $(555,570)$ | $(1,808,705)$ | $(228,758)$ | $(4,080,041)$ | $(380,630)$ | $(1,996,631)$ |  | $(1,166,228)$ | $(10,454,270)$ |
| Withdrawals |  | $(10,400,847)$ | $(16,827,019)$ | $(3,341,541)$ | $(45,989,865)$ | $(405,538)$ | $(147,886)$ | $(12,524,139)$ | $(16,562,374)$ | $(106,199,209)$ |
| Reclassification of concept and capitalization |  | 16,194,487 | 4,985,005 | 5,408,054 | 74,180,117 | 1,620,464 | $(119,588,523)$ | 377,937 | 16,822,459 |  |
| Transfers between accounts | $(488,512)$ | $(670,421)$ | (9,761,696) | $(1,605,585)$ | $(12,848,949)$ | 1,506,863 | $(8,530,857)$ | 99,247 | 29,151,120 | $(3,148,790)$ |
| Transfer to and from Investment Property | $(17,220,060)$ | 3,689,240 | 14,261 |  | 798,876 | - | $(21,382,535)$ |  | 51,282 | $(34,048,936)$ |
| Transfers to non-current assets held for sale | $(54,776,693)$ | $(59,676,381)$ | $(13,527,414)$ | $(6,321,289)$ | $(90,966,201)$ | $(1,699,995)$ | $(9,591,417)$ | $(54,929,011)$ | $(34,022,380)$ | $(325,510,781)$ |
| Balance as of December 31, 2020 | 734,788,964 | 979,387,974 | 319,638,925 | 149,823,644 | 1,219,257,738 | 38,551,602 | 213,386,011 | 932,586,766 | 391,200,052 | 4,978,621,676 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Depreciation | Land | Buildings | Plant and equipment | IT equipment | Facilities and accessories | Motor vehicles | Construction in progress | Right of use assets | Other property, plant and equipment | Total |
|  | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ |
| Balance as of January 1, 2020 | - | 191,463,815 | 166,771,015 | 97,281,311 | 651,903,951 | 25,514,660 | - | 89,421,695 | 230,472,823 | 1,452,829,270 |
| Depreciation for the year | - | 21,839,496 | 41,132,260 | 17,674,833 | 107,043,565 | 527,917 | - | 92,588,357 | 39,481,352 | 320,287,780 |
| Transfers between accounts | - | $(6,647,891)$ | $(13,718,415)$ | 1,577,038 | $(5,376,651)$ | 1,037,472 | - | 858,712 | 20,114,488 | $(2,155,247)$ |
| Transfers to Investment Property | - | $(9,320,125)$ | 355,587 | (755) | 268,929 | $(3,649)$ | - | - | $(935,337)$ | $(9,635,350)$ |
| Sales | - | $(203,681)$ | $(1,700,818)$ | $(225,867)$ | $(2,949,908)$ | $(211,906)$ | - | - | $(921,862)$ | $(6,214,042)$ |
| Withdrawals | - | $(6,026,208)$ | $(15,844,415)$ | $(3,059,149)$ | $(36,537,874)$ | $(386,857)$ | - | $(17,921,286)$ | $(13,653,941)$ | (93,429,730) |
| Reclassification of concept and capitalization | - | - | 161,520 | $(498,853)$ | 1,585 | - | - | - | 335,748 | - |
| Impairment losses ${ }^{(2)}$ | - | 4,685,944 | 990,219 | 555,051 | 7,254,189 | - | 52,956 | 12,410,522 | 1,517,629 | 27,466,510 |
| Restatement and conversion adjustment (Note 2.6) | - | $(136,382)$ | $(16,529,093)$ | $(5,278,197)$ | $(46,507,990)$ | $(106,248)$ | - | $(14,529,595)$ | $(15,530,212)$ | $(98,617,717)$ |
| Balance as of December 31, 2020 | - | 195,654,968 | 161,617,860 | 108,025,412 | 675,099,796 | 26,371,389 | 52,956 | 162,828,405 | 260,880,688 | 1,590,531,474 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net balance as of January 1, 2020 | 805,835,417 | 837,182,327 | 172,555,397 | 50,553,792 | 635,528,740 | 11,941,368 | 196,314,989 | 824,932,751 | 163,541,000 | 3,698,385,781 |
| Net balance as of December 31, 2020 | 734,788,964 | 783,733,006 | 158,021,065 | 41,798,232 | 544,157,942 | 12,180,213 | 213,333,055 | 769,758,361 | 130,319,364 | 3,388,090,202 |

${ }^{(1)}$ Falabella mainly classifies right-of-use assets under this item related to real estate leased for the development of its activities,
(2) Impairment losses on property, plant and equipment at Argentine subsidiaries

Note 14 - Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)
e) Movements for the Banking Business for the year ended December 31, 2021 are detailed as follows:

| Cost | Land <br> ThCh\$ | Buildings <br> ThCh\$ | Plant and equipment <br> ThCh\$ | IT equipment ThCh\$ | Facilities and accessories <br> ThCh\$ | Motor vehicles <br> ThCh\$ | Construction in progress <br> ThCh\$ | Right of use assets ${ }^{(1)}$ <br> ThCh\$ | Other property, plant and equipment ThCh\$ | Total ThCh\$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance as of January 1, 2021 | 173,909 | 322,978 | 20,295,746 | 35,344,915 | 30,976,877 | 57,124 | 8,449,865 | 38,420,142 | 6,793,649 | 140,835,205 |
| Additions |  | - | 631,514 | 3,010,598 | 137,022 | 73,053 | 3,112,376 | 11,861,534 | 101,781 | 18,927,878 |
| Withdrawals | - | - | $(1,045,412)$ | $(2,764,269)$ | $(2,264,361)$ |  | $(1,662)$ | $(9,106,004)$ | $(864,034)$ | $(16,045,742)$ |
| Reclassification of concept and capitalization | - | - | 282,812 | 134,978 | 2,701,949 |  | $(3,842,209)$ |  | 722,470 | - |
| Conversion adjustment | - | - | 116,263 | 865,066 | 756,614 | 5,290 | 68,408 | $(575,289)$ | 99,173 | 1,335,525 |
| Net balance as of December 31, 2021 | 173,909 | 322,978 | 20,280,923 | 36,591,288 | 32,308,101 | 135,467 | 7,786,778 | 40,600,383 | 6,853,039 | 145,052,866 |


| Depreciation | Land <br> ThCh\$ | Buildings <br> ThCh\$ | Plant and equipment <br> ThCh\$ | IT equipment <br> ThCh\$ | Facilities and accessories <br> ThCh\$ | Motor vehicles ThCh\$ | Construction in progress <br> ThCh\$ | Right of use assets ThCh\$ | Other property, plant and equipment ThCh\$ | Total ThCh\$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance as of January 1, 2021 | - | 322,978 | 13,854,708 | 22,413,843 | 23,290,773 | 57,124 | - | 18,380,796 | 3,624,104 | 81,944,326 |
| Depreciation for the year | - | - | 2,191,025 | 4,691,024 | 2,997,516 | 7,589 | - | 8,236,530 | 421,220 | 18,544,904 |
| Withdrawals | - | - | $(891,635)$ | $(2,605,843)$ | $(1,490,892)$ | - | - | $(7,190,473)$ | $(748,006)$ | $(12,926,849)$ |
| Conversion adjustment | - | - | 70,540 | 647,470 | 390,657 | 1,423 | - | $(1,318,919)$ | 61,518 | $(147,311)$ |
| Net balance as of December 31, 2021 | - | 322,978 | 15,224,638 | 25,146,494 | 25,188,054 | 66,136 | - | 18,107,934 | 3,358,836 | 87,415,070 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net balance as of January 1, 2021 | 173,909 | - | 6,441,038 | 12,931,072 | 7,686,104 | - | 8,449,865 | 20,039,346 | 3,169,545 | 58,890,879 |
| Net balance as of December 31, 2021 | 173,909 | - | 5,056,285 | 11,444,794 | 7,120,047 | 69,331 | 7,786,778 | 22,492,449 | 3,494,203 | 57,637,796 |

[^19]Note 14 - Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)
f) Movements for the Banking Business for the year ended December 31, 2020 are detailed as follows:

| Cost | Land <br> ThCh\$ | Buildings <br> ThCh\$ | Plant and equipment <br> ThCh\$ | IT equipment ThCh\$ | Facilities and accessories <br> ThCh\$ | Motor vehicles ThCh\$ | Construction in progress ThCh\$ | Right of use assets ${ }^{(1)}$ <br> ThCh\$ | Other property, plant and equipment ThCh\$ | Total ThCh\$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance as of January 1, 2020 | 173,909 | 322,978 | 21,180,134 | 32,322,173 | 31,913,821 | 63,287 | 9,557,126 | 44,580,118 | 5,915,283 | 146,028,829 |
| Additions | - | - | 798,706 | 2,950,324 | 2,827,147 | - | 2,580,504 | 9,198,830 | 1,712,875 | 20,068,386 |
| Withdrawals | - | - | $(1,052,632)$ | - | $(3,104,362)$ | - | $(2,116)$ | $(13,094,646)$ | $(633,456)$ | $(17,887,212)$ |
| Reclassification of concept and capitalization | - | - | 61,272 | 1,241,919 | 2,145,524 | - | $(3,567,922)$ | - | 119,207 | - |
| Conversion adjustment | - | - | $(691,734)$ | $(1,169,501)$ | $(2,805,253)$ | $(6,163)$ | $(117,727)$ | $(2,264,160)$ | $(320,260)$ | $(7,374,798)$ |
| Balance as of Dec 31, 2020 | 173,909 | 322,978 | 20,295,746 | 35,344,915 | 30,976,877 | 57,124 | 8,449,865 | 38,420,142 | 6,793,649 | 140,835,205 |


| Depreciation | Land <br> ThCh\$ | Buildings <br> ThCh\$ | Plant and equipment <br> ThCh\$ | IT equipment <br> ThCh\$ | Facilities and accessories <br> ThCh\$ | Motor vehicles ThCh\$ | Construction in progress <br> ThCh\$ | Right of use assets <br> ThCh\$ | Other property, plant and equipment ThCh\$ | Total ThCh\$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance as of January 1, 2020 | - | 322,978 | 12,990,569 | 21,236,427 | 20,760,164 | 59,472 | - | 13,827,863 | 3,923,396 | 73,120,869 |
| Depreciation for the year | - | - | 2,448,312 | 4,733,467 | 3,830,211 | 3,803 | - | 8,914,258 | 416,289 | 20,346,340 |
| Withdrawals | - | - | $(1,169,936)$ | $(2,575,059)$ | $(19,335)$ | - | - | $(4,183,241)$ | $(489,166)$ | $(8,436,737)$ |
| Conversion adjustment | - | - | $(414,237)$ | $(980,992)$ | $(1,280,267)$ | $(6,151)$ |  | $(178,084)$ | $(226,415)$ | $(3,086,146)$ |
| Balance as of December 31, 2020 | - | 322,978 | 13,854,708 | 22,413,843 | 23,290,773 | 57,124 | - | 18,380,796 | 3,624,104 | 81,944,326 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net balance as of January 1, 2020 | 173,909 | - | 8,189,565 | 11,085,746 | 11,153,657 | 3,815 | 9,557,126 | 30,752,255 | 1,991,887 | 72,907,960 |
| Net balance as of December 31, 2020 | 173,909 | - | 6,441,038 | 12,931,072 | 7,686,104 | - | 8,449,865 | 20,039,346 | 3,169,545 | 58,890,879 |

${ }^{(1)}$ Falabella mainly classifies right-of-use assets under this item related to real estate leased for the development of its activities

Property, plant and equipment that have been fully depreciated and are still used by the Company are not significant,
The total charge to income from depreciation for the year ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 was ThCh $325,280,526$ and ThCh $\$ 340,634,120$ respectively. These values are presented in the Statement of Net Income, by function, as follows:

- ThCh\$ 321,868,280 and ThCh\$ 336,985,897, under Administrative expenses as of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, as presented in Note 30.
- ThCh\$ 3,412,246 and ThCh\$ 3,648,223 under Cost of Sales as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, mainly for depreciation on leased machinery.


## Note 14 - Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)

g) During 2021, the Company capitalized interest of ThCh\$ $2,338,658$, The average capitalized interest rate was 4,87\%, During 2020, the Company capitalized interest of ThCh\$ 1,885,192, The average capitalized interest rate was 4,98\%.

As of December 31, 2021, the Company had contractual commitments to suppliers to acquire Property, plant and equipment totaling ThCh\$ 37,148,852.

Falabella has pledged assets in guarantee of ThCh\$ 26,684,707 as of December 31, 2021, which form part of Property, plant and equipment.
h) The Company has also carried out sale-and-leaseback transactions. These transactions are detailed as follows:

| Purchaser | Seller | Assets involved | Nominal value | Contract term | Purchase price |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| SCOTIABANK (PERU) | OPEN PLAZA S,A,C, | BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES | $6,129,110$ | $09-05-2028$ | $6,129,110$ |
| Total |  |  | $6,129,110$ |  | $6,129,110$ |

There are no significant clauses in these lease contracts, since they have normal terms for such contracts.
Sale-and-leaseback transactions have no effect on net income, because their sale prices are the same as their book values on the transaction date.
i) The group as lessor

The Company leases its Investment Properties as part of its business, As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company had the following rights receivable under non-cancellable leases:

| Description | Dec-31-21 <br> Minimum payments <br> receivable <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> Minimum payments <br> receivable <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Up to one year | $201,673,916$ | $187,164,537$ |
| From one to five years | $450,637,861$ | $416,445,955$ |
| Over five years | $465,330,187$ | $386,359,106$ |$|$| Total | $\mathbf{1 , 1 1 7 , 6 4 1 , 9 6 4}$ | $989,969,598$ |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |

The Company leases stores to third parties that form part of its Investment Properties. The lease agreements establish their term, lease installments and their calculation, the characteristics of the leased assets and other obligations related to the promotion, services and correct operation of these stores.

## Note 14 - Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)

Fixed and variable lease income from Investment Properties was as follows:

| Leases charged to third parties | Jan 01-21 <br> Dec-31-21 | Jan 01-20 <br> Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Fixed income | ThCh\$ |  |
| Variable income | $30,253,3145,968$ | $147,133,784$ |
| Total | $247,399,282$ | $169,287,189$ |

Leasing income of ThCh\$ 247,399,282 as of December 31, 2021 and ThCh\$ 169,287,189 as of December 31, 2020 is receivable from third parties for all Falabella real estate companies. Conversely, in Note 36 Financial Information by Segments, operating revenue from the Chile Real Estate segment is total revenue receivable from third parties and related to real estate companies in Chile.

Note 15 - Investment Property
a) Movements during the year ended December 31, 2021 are detailed as follows:

| Cost | ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Balance as of January 1, 2021 | $3,594,931,120$ |
| Additions | $89,889,765$ |
| Withdrawals | $(8,704,934)$ |
| Disposals | $(3,357,610)$ |
| Transfers to non-current assets held for sale | $(3,882,578)$ |
| Transfers from property, plant and equipment | $64,550,465$ |
| Conversion adjustment | $32,008,868$ |
| Balance as of December 31, 2021 | $\mathbf{3 , 7 6 5 , 4 3 5 , 0 9 6}$ |


| Depreciation | ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Balance as of January 1, 2021 | $\mathbf{2 7 9 , 6 1 1 , 6 4 8}$ |
| Depreciation for the year | $60,936,173$ |
| Withdrawals | $(4,077,688)$ |
| Disposals | $(23,698)$ |
| Transfers from property, plant and equipment | $5,524,431$ |
| Impairment (Note 32) | $14,464,604$ |
| Conversion adjustment | $2,974,399$ |
| Balance as of December 31, 2021 | $\mathbf{3 5 9 , 4 0 9 , 8 6 9}$ |


| Net balance as of January 1, 2021 | $3,315,319,472$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Net balance as of December 31, 2021 | $3,406,025,227$ |

## Note 15 - Investment Property (continued)

b) Movements during the year ended December 31, 2020, are detailed as follows:

| Cost | ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Balance as of January 1, 2020 | $3,468,527,251$ |
| Additions | $134,304,988$ |
| Withdrawals | $(21,425,459)$ |
| Acquisitions through business combinations (See Note 41) | $70,746,361$ |
| Transfers to non-current assets held for sale | $(11,735,053)$ |
| Transfers from property, plant and equipment | $34,048,936$ |
| Conversion adjustment | $(79,535,904)$ |
| Balance as of December 31, 2020 | $\mathbf{3 , 5 9 4 , 9 3 1 , 1 2 0}$ |


| Depreciation | ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Balance as of January 1, 2020 | $233,457,548$ |
| Depreciation for the year | $57,766,026$ |
| Withdrawals | $(16,606,665)$ |
| Transfer from property, plant and equipment | $9,635,350$ |
| Conversion adjustment | $(4,640,611)$ |
| Balance as of December 31, 2020 | $\mathbf{2 7 9 , 6 1 1 , 6 4 8}$ |


| Net balance as of January 1, 2020 | $3,235,069,703$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Net balance as of December 31, 2020 | $3,315,319,472$ |

Note 29.1.c) includes a breakdown of the Costs of Investment Properties, including the depreciation of these assets.

Investment properties include shopping centers, works in progress and land available for future malls.
As of December 31, 2021, and 2020, this item also includes ThCh\$12,846,372 and ThCh\$13,660,006, respectively, corresponding to right-of-use assets, mainly from plots of land.

Investment properties are depreciated using the straight-line method based on their estimated useful lives.
Depreciation of investment properties for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are recorded in Cost of sales in the consolidated statement of net income by function.

During 2021, the Company capitalized interest of ThCh\$ 4,524,753, The average capitalized interest rate was $4,24 \%$, During 2020, the Company capitalized interest of $\operatorname{ThCh} \$ 7,027,400$, The average capitalized interest rate was $5,33 \%$.

The estimated market value of investment properties as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 is ThCh\$4,002,179,213 and ThCh\$ 4,438,879,687, respectively.

As of December 31, 2021, the Company tested Investment Property for impairment, and recognized an impairment loss of ThCh\$14,464,604.

As of December 31, 2021, the contractual obligations for purchasing, constructing, repairing, maintaining and developing Investment Properties were ThCh\$ 31,401,057.

Unused land and land not being used to construct shopping malls as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 was ThCh\$ 112,734,351 and ThCh\$ 118,291,710, respectively. There are no maintenance expenses associated with these properties, nor are there any restrictions on real estate investment sales, collecting income from them or collecting the proceeds from their sale or disposal by other means.

Note 15 - Investment Property (continued)
The market value hierarchy according to IFRS 13 is detailed as follows:

|  |  | Fair value measured as of the reporting date |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Dec-31-21 | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| Assets and liabilities at market value, disclosed in note |  |  |  |  |
| Investment properties | 4,002,179,213 | - | 4,002,179,213 | - |
| Total | 4,002,179,213 | - | 4,002,179,213 | - |


|  |  | Fair value as of the reporting date |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | Dec-31-20 | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| Assets and liabilities at market value, disclosed in note |  |  |  |  |
| Investment properties | $4,438,879,687$ | - | $4,438,879,687$ |  |
| Total | $4,438,879,687$ | - | $4,438,879,687$ | - |

Note 16 - Investment Instruments held for Sale
Investment instruments classified as held for sale are detailed as follows:

| Details of Instruments held for Sale | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Instruments issued by the State and the Chilean Central Bank | $1,337,955,415$ | $490,077,097$ |
| Bonds issued by the Chilean Central Bank | $122,007,222$ | $256,739,494$ |
| Other Instruments issued by the State and the Chilean Central Bank | $402,792,511$ | $168,850,572$ |
| Instruments issued by other Chilean Institutions |  |  |
| Negotiable Time Deposits issued by Chilean Banks | $156,052,776$ | $155,860,521$ |
| Instruments issued by Foreign Institutions | $\mathbf{2 , 0 1 8 , 8 0 7 , 9 2 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 0 7 1 , 5 2 7 , 6 8 4}$ |
| Instruments issued by Foreign Governments or Central Banks |  |  |
| Total |  |  |

## Note 17 - Other Banking Business Assets

The following Banking Business Assets are classified in this category:

| Other Assets | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Guarantee deposits | $148,648,978$ | $61,947,533$ |
| Accrued commissions receivable | $1,577,092$ | $1,303,976$ |
| Deferred expenses | $1,116,628$ | 990,210 |
| Bills receivable (1) | $94,979,151$ | $76,614,829$ |
| Investment in auxiliary company | 348,458 | 312,903 |
| Assets acquired at auction | 61,484 | 44,470 |
| Software maintenance contracts | 563,959 | 644,910 |
| Others ${ }^{(2)}$ | $5,506,319$ | $2,986,164$ |
| Total | $252,802,069$ | $144,844,995$ |

${ }^{(1)}$ Primarily "pending daily transactions", receivables for using ATMs, invoices for leasing areas in branches, and others,
(2) Primarily licenses for using Redbanc, subscriptions, advertising contracts, balances due to card theft and cloning under investigation, stationary and others,

Note 18 - Other Current and Non-Current Financial Liabilities
a)Other current and non-current financial liabilities for the Non-banking Business are detailed as follows:

| Other financial liabilities | Dec-31-21 |  | Dec-31-20 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Current | Non-Current | Current | Non-Current |
|  | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ |
| Bank loans | $379,889,660$ | $415,596,291$ | $269,891,314$ | $849,362,017$ |
| Bond obligations | $55,879,712$ | $2,706,338,480$ | $145,318,756$ | $2,377,296,350$ |
| Other financial liabilities | $72,312,708$ | $21,991,154$ | $115,332,312$ | $3,331,796$ |
| Total | $508,082,080$ | $3,143,925,925$ | $530,542,382$ | $3,229,990,163$ |

Dec-31-21
b) Bank Loans as of December 31, 2021 are detailed as follows:

| Debtor ID number | Debtor Name | Debtor Country | Creditor ID number | Creditor Name | Creditor Country | Currency orIndexation unitaccording toContractConditions (ISO4217) | Liability Exposed to Liquidity Risk by Maturity |  |  |  |  |  |  | Repayment Terms | Effective Rate \% | Contractually Stipulated Nominal Value of Obligation | Nominal <br> Rate \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Up to 1 month | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { to } 3 \\ \text { months } \end{gathered}$ | $3 \text { to } 12$ months | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { Current } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \text { to } 5 \\ & \text { years } \end{aligned}$ | Over 5 years | Total NonCurrent |  |  |  |  |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLAS,A, | CHILE | 97006000-6 | banco de crédito einversiones | CHILE | CLP | 94,879 | - | 25,000,000 | 25,094,879 | - |  | - | At Maturity | 4,99 | 25,00,000 | 4,88 |
| $90749000-9$ | FALABELLAS,A, | CHILE | 76645030-K | BANCOItaU | CHILE | CLP | 2,097 | - | - | 2,097 | 10,000,000 |  | 10,000,000 | At Maturity | 7,69 | 10,000,000 | 7,55 |
| $90749000-9$ | FALABELLAS,A, | CHILE | 76645030-K | BANCO Itau | CHILE | CLP | 3,146 | - | - | 3,146 | 15,000,000 |  | 15,000,000 | At Maturity | 7,69 | 15,00,000 | 7,55 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLAS,A, | CHILE | 76645030-K | bancoitau | CHILE | CLP | 5,222 | - |  | 5,222 | 25,000,000 |  | 25,000,000 | At Maturity | 7,69 | 25,00,000 | 7,52 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLAS,A, | CHILE | 97036000-k | BANCO SANTANDER | CHILE | CLP | 1,977,639 | - |  | 1,977,639 | - |  |  | At Maturity | 1,80 | 1,977,639 | 1,80 |
| 99556170-0 | Falabellainmobilario s,A, | CHILE | 97008000-7 | CITIBANK N,A, | CHILE | UF | - | - | 1,791,042 | 1,791,042 | - |  |  | Six monthly | 3,94 | 1,787,985 | 3,64 |
| 77261280-K | Falabellaretall s,A, | CHILE | 97036000-k | BANCO SANTANDER | CHILE | EUR | 31 | 32,960 | - | 32,991 | - |  | - | At Maturity | 2,01 | 32,960 | 2,01 |
| 77261280-K | Falabellaretalls, , $_{\text {, }}$ | CHILE | 97036000-K | banco santander | CHILE | USD | 128,285 | 298,086 | 161,489 | 587,860 | - |  | - | At Maturity | 2,01 | 586,350 | 2,01 |
| 77261280-K | Falabellaretall s,A, | CHILE | 76645030-K | Bancoitau | CHILE | USD | 93,713 | 58,165 | 4,792 | 156,670 | - |  |  | At Maturity | 2,01 | 156,278 | 2,01 |
| 78627210-6 | HIPERMERCADOS TOTTUSS,A, | CHILE | 97018000-1 | BANCO SCOtIABANK | CHILE | USD | 315,762 | 419,482 | 6,861 | 742,105 | - |  |  | At Maturity | 1,65 | 741,808 | 1,65 |
| 78627210-6 | HIPERMERCADOS TOTTUSS,A, | CHILE | 97036000-K | BANCO SANTANDER | CHILE | USD |  | 61,872 |  | 61,872 | - |  |  | At Maturity | 0,64 | 61,727 | 0,64 |
| 78627210-6 | HIPERMERCADOS TOTTUSS,A, | CHILE | 76645030-K | Bancoitau | CHILE | USD | 77,226 | - |  | 77,226 | - |  |  | At Maturity | 0,02 | 77,226 | 0,02 |
| 96573100-8 | MANUFACTURAS DE VESTUARIOS MAVESALTDA, | CHILE | 97036000-k | BANCO SANTANDER | CHILE | USD | . | 533,916 |  | 533,916 | , |  |  | At Maturity | 0,66 | 531,794 | 0,66 |
| 76882330-8 | NUEVOS desarrollos S,A, | CHILE | $97006000-6$ | BANCO DE CRÉdito Einversiones | CHILE | UF | - | - | 35,660,638 | 35,660,638 | - |  |  | At Maturity | 2,26 | 35,66,638 | 2,26 |
| 76882330-8 | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S,A, | CHILE | $97004000-5$ | BANCO DE CHILE | CHILE | UF | - | - | 13,019,972 | 13,019,972 | - |  | - | At Maturity | 2,40 | 13,020,002 | 2,40 |
| 76882330-8 | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S,A, | CHILE | 97030000-7 | Banco estado | CHILE | UF |  | 633,859 |  | 633,859 | 61,950,651 |  | 61,950,651 | At Maturity | 2,46 | 62,608,480 | 2,46 |
| 76882330-8 | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S,A, | CHILE | $97004000-5$ | BANCO DE CHILE | CHILE | UF | - | 6,125,978 |  | 6,125,978 | - |  | - | At Maturity | 2,25 | 6,125,979 | 2,25 |
| 76882330-8 | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S,A, | CHILE | 97004000-5 | Banco de Chle | CHILE | UF |  | 6,169,827 |  | 6,169,827 | - |  |  | At Maturity | 2,28 | 6,169,996 | 2,28 |
| $76882330-8$ | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S,A, | CHILE | $97004000-5$ | BANCO DE CHILE | CHLE | UF |  | 3,10, 513 |  | 3,103,513 | - |  |  | At Maturity | 2,28 | 3,103,597 | 2,28 |

Note 18 - Other Current and Non-Current Financial Liabilities (continued)
b) Bank loans as of December 31, 2021 are detailed as follows (continued):

| Debtor ID number | Debtor Name | Debtor Country | Creditor ID number | Creditor Name | Creditor Country | Currency or <br> Indexation unit <br> according to <br> Contract <br> Conditions <br> (ISO 4217) | Liability Exposed to Liquidity Risk by Maturity |  |  |  |  |  |  | Repayment Terms | Effective Rate \% | Contractually Stipulated Nominal Value of Obligation | Nominal <br> Rate \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Up to 1 month | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \text { to } 3 \\ & \text { months } \end{aligned}$ | $3 \text { to } 12$ months | Total Current | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \text { to } 5 \\ & \text { years } \end{aligned}$ | Over 5 years | Total NonCurrent |  |  |  |  |
| 76882330-8 | NuEVOS DESARROLLOS S,A, | CHILE | $97004000-5$ | BANCO DECHLE | CHILE | UF | - | 3,124,643 | - | 3,124,643 |  | - | - | At Maturity | 2,34 | 3,124,889 | 2,34 |
| 76882330-8 | NuEVOS DESARROLIOS S,A, | CHILE | $97004000-5$ | BANCO DECHILE | CHILE | UF |  | 3,126,077 |  | 3,126,077 |  |  |  | At Maturity | 2,36 | 3,126,404 | 2,36 |
| 76882330-8 | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S,A, | CHILE | 97004000-5 | BANCO DE CHILE | CHILE | UF | - | 4,754,834 | - | 4,754,834 |  | - | - | At Maturity | 2,38 | 4,755,392 | 2,38 |
| 76882330-8 | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S,A, | CHILE | 97004000-5 | BANCO DE CHILE | CHILE | UF | - | 3,130,852 | - | 3,130,852 |  |  |  | At Maturity | 2,39 | 3,131,260 | 2,39 |
| $76882330-8$ | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S.A, | CHILE | 97006000.6 | BANCO DECRÉDITO EINVERSIONES | CHILE | UF | - |  | 6,947 | 6.947 | 11,725,138 |  | 11,725,138 | At Maturity | 2,37 | 11,732,085 | 2.37 |
| 76882330-8 | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S,A, | CHILE | 76645030-K | Bancoitau | CHILE | UF | . | - | 49,385 | 49,385 | 30,973,337 | . | 30,973,337 | At Maturity | 2,61 | 31,040,604 | 2,61 |
| 76882330-8 | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S,A, | CHILE | 97004000-5 | BANCO DE CHILE | CHILE | CLP | . | - | 16,955 | 16,955 | 14,358,258 | - | 14,358,258 | At Maturity | 1,70 | 14,375,215 | 1.70 |
| 76882330-8 | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S,A, | CHILE | 97004000-5 | BANCO DE CHILE | CHILE | CLP | - | . | 16,955 | 16,955 | 14,358,258 |  | 14,358,258 | At Maturity | 1,70 | 14,375,215 | 1,70 |
| 96792430-K | SODIMAC S,A, | CHILE | 76645030-K | Bancoitau | CHILE | USD | 14,381,314 | 7,555,295 | . | 21,936,609 |  |  |  | At Maturity | 1,44 | 21,915,616 | 1,44 |
| 96792430-K | SODIMAC S,A, | CHILE | 97036000-K | BANCO SANTANDER | CHILE | USD | 588,280 | 309,056 |  | 897,336 |  |  |  | At Maturity | 2,98 | 896,324 | 2,98 |
| 76821330-5 | IMPERIALS S, ${ }^{\text {, }}$ | CHILE | 97032000-8 | BAnco bbva CHILE | CHILE | CLP |  |  | 1,256,231 | 1,256,231 |  |  |  | Six montly | 5.96 | 1,250,000 | 5,96 |
| 76821330-5 | IMPERIALS S, , | CHILE | $97030000-7$ | BANCO ESTADO | CHILE | CLP | . | - | 4,014,387 | 4,014,387 | . | . | . | Six montly | 3,74 | 4,000,000 | 3,74 |
| 76821330-5 | IMPERIALS, ${ }^{\text {, }}$ | CHILE | $97004000 \cdot 5$ | BANCO DE CHILE | CHILE | USD | - | 101,404 | - | 101,404 |  |  | - | At Maturity | 2,33 | 101,285 | 2,33 |
| 76821330-5 | IMPERIALS S, ${ }^{\text {, }}$ | CHILE | 97036000-K | BANCO SANTANDER | CHILE | USD |  | 8,318 | , | 8,318 |  |  |  | At Maturity | 2,94 | 8,316 | 2,94 |
| 76821330-5 | IMPERIALS S, A, | CHILE | 76645030-K | Bancoitau | CHILE | USD |  | 9,744,346 |  | 9,744,346 |  |  |  | At Maturity | 2,50 | 9,734,653 | 2,50 |
| 76821330-5 | IMPERIAL S, A, | CHILE | $97032000-8$ | Banco beva chile | CHILE | USD | - | 16,172 | - | 16,172 | - | - | - | At Maturity | 3,02 | 16,121 | 3,02 |
| O-E | FALABELLA S,A, | ARGEntina | O-E | BANCO DE LAPROVINCIA DE CÓRDOBA | ARGENTINA | ARS | 37 | , |  | 37 |  |  |  | Monthly | 0,37 | 37 | 0,37 |
| O-E | FALABELLA S,A, | ARGEntina | O-E | SANTANDER RIO CC | ARGENTINA | ARS | 121 |  |  | 121 |  |  |  | Montly | 38,50 | 121 | 38,50 |
| O-E | FALABELLA S,A, | ARGEntina | 0-E | JP MORGAN NY | ARGENTINA | ARS | 8 |  |  | 8 |  |  |  | Montly | 38,50 | 8 | 38,50 |
| O-E | OPEN PLAZA S,A,C, | PERUU | 0-E | banco scotiabank | PERÚ | PEN | 25,692 | 36,591 | 170,533 | 232,816 | 1,093,965 | 475,117 | 1,569,082 | Monthly | 7,13 | 1,653,845 | 6,90 |
| O-E | open plaza s,A, C, | PERÚ | O-E | banco scotabank | PERÚ | PEN | 41,744 | 59,372 | 276,796 | 377,912 | 1,778,853 | 774,080 | 2,552,933 | Montly | 7,13 | 2,695,853 | 6,90 |
| 0-E | open Plaza s,, , C, | PERÚ | O-E | banco scotabank | PERÚ | PEN | 26,798 | 38,117 | 177,704 | 242,619 | 1,141,922 | 496,867 | 1,638,789 | Montly | 7,13 | 1,730,373 | 6,90 |
| O-E | SAGA FALABELLA S,A, | PERUU | O-E | BANCO Scotiabank | PERÚ | PEN | . | 979,230 | 2,678,226 | 3,657,456 | 10,906,262 | - | 10,900,262 | Three montly | 5,50 | 14,563,718 | 5,35 |
| O-E | SAGA FALABELLA S.A, | PERUU | O-E | Banco scotiabank | PERUU | PEN |  | 10,621,112 | - | 10,621,112 | - |  |  | At Maturity | 0,32 | 10,621,112 | 0,32 |
| O-E | SAGA FALABELLA S.A, | PERÚ | O-E | banco scotiabank | PERÚ | PEN | - | 25,506,001 | - | 25,50,001 | , | . |  | At Maturity | 0,60 | 25,50,001 | 0,60 |
| O-E | SAGA FALABELLA S,A, | PERÚ | O-E | banco scotabank | PERÚ | PEN | - | - | 10,633,185 | 10,633,185 | - | - | - | At Maturity | 0,89 | 10,633,185 | 0,89 |
| 0-E | SAGA FALABELLA S,A, | PERÚ | 0.E | BANCO de credito | PERÚ | PEN | - | 4,243,720 | - | 4,243,720 | - | . | , | At Maturity | 1,69 | 4,243,720 | 1,69 |
| O-E | SAGA FALABELLA S,A, | PERÚ | O-E | banco continental | PERÚ | PEN |  |  | 16,995,893 | 16,99, 993 |  |  |  | At Maturity | 1,91 | 16,995,993 | 1,91 |
| O-E | HIPERMERCADOS TOTTUS S,A, | PERÚ | O-E | banco scotiabank | PERÚ | PEN | - | - | 17,004,000 | 17,04,000 | - | - |  | At Maturity | 0,60 | 16,950,400 | 0,60 |
| O-E | HIPERMERCADOS TOTTUS S,A, | PERÚ | 0.E | BANCO de credito | PERÚ | PEN | $\cdot$ | 10,621,112 | - | 10,621,112 | - | - | - | At Maturity | 0,50 | 10,594,000 | 0,50 |
| O-E | HIPERMERCADOS TOTTUS S.A, | PERÚ | O-E | Banco continental | PERÚ | PEN | - |  | 10,634,587 | 10,634,587 | $\cdot$ | - | - | At Maturity | 0,32 | 10,594,000 | 0,32 |

Note 18 - Other Current and Non-Current Financial Liabilities (continued)
b)Bank loans as of December 31, 2021 are detailed as follows: (continued)

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Debtor } \\ \text { ID } \\ \text { number } \end{gathered}$ | Debtor Name | Debtor Country | Creditor ID number | Creditor Name | Creditor Country | Currency or <br> Indexation unit <br> according to <br> Contract <br> Conditions <br> (ISO 4217) | Liability Exposed to Liquidity Risk by Maturity |  |  |  |  |  |  | RepaymentTerms | Effective Rate \% | Contractually Stipulated Nominal Value of Obligation | Nominal <br> Rate <br> \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Up to 1 month | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \text { to } 3 \\ & \text { months } \end{aligned}$ | $3 \text { to } 12$ months | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { Current } \end{gathered}$ | 1 to 5 years | Over 5 years | Total NonCurrent |  |  |  |  |
| 0-E | HIPERMERCADOS TOTTUS S,A, | PERÚ | 0-E | banco scotiabank | PERÚ | Pen |  |  | 10,633,185 | 10,633,185 |  |  | - | At Maturity | 0,89 | 10,54,000 | 0,89 |
| 0-E | HIPERMERCADOS TOTTUS S,A, | PERÚ | 0-E | BANCO DE CREDITO | PERÚ | PEN | - |  | 12,756,134 | 12,756,134 |  | . | . | At Maturity | 1,09 | 12,712,800 | 1,09 |
| O-E | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { TIENDAS DE MEJORAMIENTO } \\ & \text { DEL HOGAR S,A. } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | PERUU | 0-E | BANCO DE CREDITO | PERUU | PEN | . |  | 6,383,682 | 6,383,682 |  |  | . | At Maturity | 1,69 | 5,889,900 | 1,69 |
| O-E | FALABELLA Perú S,A,A, | PERÚ | 0-E | banco scotiabank | PERÚ | Pen | 139,085 | 103,967 | - | 243,052 | 21,066,921 | 10,594,000 | 31,660,921 | At Maturity | 5,30 | 31,782,000 | 3,05 |
| 0-E | MAll Plaza perú S.A, | PERÚ | 0-E | Banco scotiabank | PERÚ | Pen | 161,281 | 308,165 | 1,480,841 | 1,950,287 | 18,702,437 | . | 18,702,437 | Bi-monthly | 9,34 | 20,68,9935 | 8,81 |
| 0-E | MALL PLAZA PERÚ S,A, | PERÚ | 0-E | Banco de credito | PERÚ | PEN | 65,774 | 134,884 | 756,035 | 956,693 | 45,467,655 |  | 45,467,655 | At Maturity | 6,76 | 47,374,290 | 6,76 |
| 0-E | MALL PLAZA PERÚ S S,A, | PERÚ | 0-E | BANCO DE CREDITO | PERÚ | Pen | - |  | 8,522,794 | 8,522,794 |  |  | - | At Maturity | 1,13 | 8,522,793 | 0,90 |
| 0-E | INVERFALPERU S,A, | PERÚ | 0-E | Banco scotiabank | PERÚ | Pen | - | 94,857 | - | 94,857 | 26,951,129 | . | 26,951,129 | Monthly | 7,75 | 27,014,700 | 3,05 |
| 0-E | INVERFALPERU S,A, | PERÚ | 0.E | BANCO CONTINENTAL | PERÚ | PEN | - | 821,619 | 2,542,560 | 3,364,179 | 12,611,135 | - | 12,611,135 | Three monthly | 2,73 | 16,102,880 | 2,73 |
| O-E | FALABELLA De Colombia s,A, | COLOMBIA | 0-E | BANCO POPULAR | COLOMBIA | COP | 146,296 |  |  | 146,296 | 9,728,577 | - | 9,728,577 | At Maturity | 4,31 | 9,728,577 | 4,24 |
| O-E | FALABELLA DE COLOMBIA S,A, | colombia | 0-E | bancolombia | colombia | COP | 3,849 |  | 5,460,000 | 5,463,849 |  |  | - | At Maturity | 4,70 | 5,460,000 | 4,62 |
| O-E | Falabella de Colombia s,A, | colombia | 0-E | banco de bogotá | COLombia | COP | 460 |  | 3,242,421 | 3,242,881 |  | - | - | At Maturity | 5,25 | 3,242,421 | 5.11 |
| O-E | Falabella de colombia s,A, | colombia | 0-E | banco de bogotá | colombia | COP | 447 |  | 3,150,000 | 3,150,447 |  | - | - | At Maturity | 5,25 | 3,150,000 | 5,11 |
| 0-E | PATRIMONIO AUTONMO CENTRO COMERCIAL CARTAGENA | COLOMBIA | 0-E | banco itau corpbanca COLOMBIA S.A, | COLOMBIA | COP | . | 231,849 | 2,410,275 | 2,642,124 | 10,53,779 | 886,113 | 11,459,892 | Monthly | 9,09 | 14,851,667 | 8,77 |
| 0-E | PATRIMONIO AUTONOMO CENTRO COMERCIAL MANIZALES DOS | COLOMBIA | 0-E | banco itau corpbanca COLOMBIA S.A, | COLOMBIA | COP | . | 206,887 | 479,285 | 686,172 | 2,591,100 | 2,759,591 | 5,350,691 | At Maturity | 8,67 | 5,829,975 | 8.67 |
| O-E | FONDO DE CAPITAL PRIVADO MALLPLAZA | COLOMBIA | 0-E | SCOTABANK COLOMBIA | COLOMBIA | COP |  | 91,861 | 60,808,685 | 60,900,546 |  |  |  | At Maturity | 6,21 | 60,900,000 | 6,05 |
| O-E | FONDO DE CAPITAL PRIVADO MALLPLAZA | COLOMBIA | O-E | BANCO DAVIIIENDA | COLOMBIA | COP | . |  |  |  | 16,319,432 | 23,486,746 | 39,806,178 | At Maturity | 5,76 | 64,789,200 | 3,73 |
| O-E | FONDO DE CAPITAL PRIVADO MALLPLAZA | COLOMBIA | O-E | BANCO ITAU CORPBANCA COLOMBIA S,A, | COLOMBIA | COP |  |  |  |  | 13,824,968 |  | 13,824,968 | At Maturity | 5,76 | 18,90,000 | 5.76 |
| Total Bank Loans |  |  |  |  |  |  | 18,279,186 | 103,407,999 | 258,202,475 | 379,889,660 | 376,123,777 | 39,472,514 | 415,596,291 |  |  |  |  |

When the nominal rate is equal to the effective rate in the above presented tables, it means that there were no costs or revenue directly associated with the transaction that will affect the original rate of the instrument.

Note 18 - Other Current and Non-Current Financial Liabilities (continued)
c) Bond obligations as of December 31, 2021 are detailed as follows:

| Debtor ID number | Debtor Name | Debtor Country | Creditor Name | Currency or Indexation unit according to Contract Conditions (ISO 4217) | Liability Exposed to Liquidity Risk by Maturity |  |  |  |  |  |  | Repayment Terms | EffectiveRate \% | Contractually Stipulated Nominal Value of Obligation | Nominal Rate of the Obligation according to Contract Conditions \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Up to } 1 \\ & \text { month } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { to } 3 \\ \text { months } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 3 \text { to } 12 \\ \text { months } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { Current } \end{gathered}$ | 1 to 5 years | Over 5 years | Total NonCurrent |  |  |  |  |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | UF |  | . | 1,062,146 | 1,062,146 | . | 105,751,369 | 105,751,369 | At Maturity | 4,41 | 106,706,688 | 3,96 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | UF | 1,310,966 | - | - | 1,310,966 | . | 89,520,194 | 89,520,194 | At Maturity | 3,44 | 92,033,266 | 3,08 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | CLP |  | - | 15,907,982 | 15,907,982 | - |  |  | At Maturity | 5,17 | 15,750,000 | 5,04 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | UF | - | - | 251,345 | 251,345 | - | 88,626,010 | 88,626,010 | At Maturity | 3,12 | 92,199,615 | 2,78 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | CLP | - | - | 1,024,709 | 1,024,709 | . | 94,325,479 | 94,325,479 | At Maturity | 6,74 | 94,588,500 | 6,50 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | USD |  | - | 1,013,755 | 1,013,755 | . | 161,724,692 | 161,724,692 | At Maturity | 4,03 | 159,027,197 | 3,75 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | USD | 3,334,743 | - |  | 3,334,743 | . | 175,868,939 | 175,868,939 | At Maturity | 4,57 | 175,598,371 | 4,38 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | USD |  | - | 2,111,725 | 2,111,725 | - | 332,946,045 | 332,946,045 | At Maturity | 4,07 | 335,883,942 | 3.75 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | UF | - | - | 384,530 | 384,530 | . | 60,640,724 | 60,640,724 | At Maturity | 3,18 | 61,725,195 | 2,98 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLAS,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | UF | - | - | 610,537 | 610,537 | - | 157,230,371 | 157,230,371 | At Maturity | 1.71 | 155,185,414 | 1,89 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | UF |  | - | 192,975 | 192,975 | - | 62,374,121 | 62,374,121 | At Maturity | 1,32 | 62,033,714 | 1,49 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | USD | . | - | 3,860,499 | 3,860,499 | . | 516,820,961 | 516,820,961 | At Maturity | 4,02 | 548,133,044 | 3,37 |
| 76017019-4 | PLAZA S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | UF | - | - | 1,098,489 | 1,098,489 | 4,141,329 | 3,654,583 | 7,795,912 | Six monthly | 4,72 | 8,986,482 | 4,50 |
| 76017019-4 | PLAZA S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | UF | - | - | 682,193 | 682,193 | . | 91,60, 138 | 91,608,138 | At Maturity | 4,00 | 93,641,413 | 3,85 |
| 76017019-4 | PLAZA S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | UF |  | - | 454,084 | 454,084 | - | 61,11,552 | 61,115,552 | At Maturity | 3,99 | 62,427,609 | 3,85 |
| 76017019-4 | PLAZA S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | UF | - | - | 371,366 | 371,366 | . | 74,522,253 | 74,522, 253 | At Maturity | 3,90 | 77,825,855 | 3,50 |
| 76017019-4 | PLAZA S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | UF | . | . | 312,243 | 312,243 | . | 92,42, ,867 | 92,420,867 | At Maturity | 3,92 | 93,28,462 | 3,90 |
| 76017019-4 | PLAZA S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | UF |  | 1,340,411 | . | 1,340,411 | . | 93,037,492 | 93,037,492 | At Maturity | 3,76 | 94,329,559 | 3,80 |
| 76017019-4 | PLAZA S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | UF | 611,318 | - |  | 611,318 | . | 61,965,053 | 61,965,053 | At Maturity | 2,09 | 62,594,534 | 2,10 |
| 760017019-4 | PLAZA S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | UF |  | - | 140,439 | 140,439 | - | 127,487,904 | 127,487,904 | At Maturity | 1,32 | 124,142,580 | 1,70 |
| 76017019-4 | PLAZA S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | UF | - | - | 521,682 | 521,682 | . | 6, ,86,854 | 66,863,854 | At Maturity | 4,76 | 74,464,752 | 3,60 |
| 96792430-K | SODIMAC S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | UF | - | - | 127,817 | 127,817 | 14,146,478 | 31,621,039 | 45,767,517 | Six monthly | 3,98 | 46,962,021 | 3,70 |
| 0-E | SAGA FALABELLA S,A, | PERÚ | Varios Acreedores | PEN |  | 321,311 | 316,699 | 638,010 | . |  | - | Three montly | 5,94 | 635,640 | 5,81 |
| 0-E | SAGA FALABELLA S S, | PERUU | Varios Acreedores | PEN |  | 216,418 | 422,639 | 639,057 | . | - | . | Three montly | 5,52 | 635,640 | 5.41 |
| 0-E | SAGA FALABELLA S S, | PERUU | Varios Acreedores | PEN | 264,738 | 15,878 | 793,541 | 1,074,157 | . | 529,521 | 529,521 | Three montly | 5,12 | 1,589,100 | 5,00 |
| 0-E | HIPERMERCADOS TOTTUS S,A, | PERÚ | Varios Acreedores | PEN | 19,165 | 83,072 | 257,385 | 359,622 | 1,644,478 | 4,777,833 | 6,422,311 | Three montly | 7,61 | 6,807,506 | 7,40 |
| 0-E | HIPERMERCADOS TOTTUS S , A | PERÚ | Varios Acreedores | PEN | 19,228 | 83,199 | 257,954 | 360,381 | 1,647,365 | 4,780,938 | 6,428,303 | Three montly | 7,61 | 6,807,506 | 7,40 |
| 0-E | HIPERMERCADOS TOTTUS S,A, | PERÚ | Varios Acreedores | PEN | 24,036 | 104,000 | 322,449 | 450,485 | 2,059,241 | 5,976,209 | 8,035,450 | Three montly | 7,61 | 8,509,381 | 7,40 |
| 0-E | HIPERMERCADOS TOTTUS S,A, | PERUU | Varios Acreedores | PEN | 24,075 | 104,077 | 322,794 | 450,946 | 2,060,990 | 5,978,093 | 8,039,083 | Three montly | 7,61 | 8,509,381 | 7,40 |
| 0-E | INVERFALPERUS,A, | PERÚ | Varios Acreedores | PEN | 306,921 | - | - | 306,921 | 2,595,530 | 18,058,087 | 20,653,617 | Three montly | 8,31 | 20,764,240 | 8,06 |
| 0-E | INVERFALPERUS,A, | PERUU | Varios Acreedores | PEN |  | 1,777,174 | 5,164,575 | 6,941,749 | - | 3,444,172 | 3,444,172 | Three montly | 7,38 | 10,32,150 | 7,19 |
| 0-E | INVERFALPERUS,A, | PERÚ | Acreedores Varios | PEN | 1,024,994 | - | 2,860,380 | 3,885,374 | . | 2,859,507 | 2,859,507 | Three montly | 6,40 | 6,674,220 | 6,25 |
| O-E | INVERFALPERUS,A, | PERÚ | Acreedores Varios | PEN | 666,330 | - | 3,026,857 | 3,693,187 | 24,214,856 | 15,043,007 | 39,257,863 | Three montly | 7,22 | 42,375,999 | 7,03 |
| 0-E | INVERFALPERUS,A, | PERUU | Acreedores Varios | PEN |  | 353,869 |  | 353,869 | - | 42,25,206 | 42,25, 206 | Three montly | 5,91 | 42,376,000 | 5.78 |
| Total Bond Obligations |  |  |  |  | 7,600,514 | 4,399,409 | 43,873,789 | 55,879,712 | 52,510,267 | 2,653,828,213 | 2,706,338,480 |  |  |  |  |

When the nominal rate is equal to the effective rate in the above presented tables, it means that there were no costs or revenue directly associated with the transaction that will affect the original rate of the instrument.

Note 18 - Other Current and Non-Current Financial Liabilities (continued)
d) Other financial liabilities as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are detailed as follows:

| Other Financial Liabilities | As of Dec 31, 2021 |  | As of Dec 31, 2020 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Current ThCh\$ | Non-Current ThCh\$ | Current ThCh\$ | Non-Current ThCh\$ |
| Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss | 541,298 | - | 5,447,049 | - |
| Hedging liabilities | 71,771,410 | 21,991,154 | 109,885,263 | 3,331,796 |
| Total | 72,312,708 | 21,991,154 | 115,332,312 | 3,331,796 |

Note 18 - Other Current and Non-Current Financial Liabilities (continued)
Dec-31-20
e) Bank loans as of December 31, 2020 are detailed as follows:

| Debtor IDnumber | Debtor Name | DebtorCountry | Creditor IDnumber | Creditor Name | CreditorCountry Country | Currency or Indexation unit according to Contract (ISO 4217) | Liability Exposed to Liquidity Risk by Maturity |  |  |  |  |  |  | RepaymentTerms | $\begin{gathered} \text { Effective } \\ \text { Rete } \\ \% \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Contractually } \\ \text { Stipulated } \\ \text { Nominal Value of } \\ \text { Obligation } \end{gathered}$ | NominalRate of theObbigationaccording toContractConditions$\%$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Up to } 1 \\ & \text { month } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \text { to } 3 \\ & \text { month } \end{aligned}$ | 3 to 12 months | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { Current } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \text { to } 5 \\ & \text { years } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \begin{array}{l} \text { Over } 5 \\ \text { years } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total Non- } \\ & \text { Current } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLAS.A, | CHLE | 97030000-7 | BANCO ESTADO | CHILE | CLP | 9.809 | 863,316 |  | 873,125 |  |  |  | At Maturity | 4,62 | 863,316 | 4.57 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLAS,A, | CHILE | 97018000-1 | SCOTAABANK | CHILE | CLP |  | 24,990,627 |  | 24,99,627 |  |  |  | At Maturity | 4.23 | 25,00,000 | 3,35 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLAS,A, | CHILE | 97006000-6 | BANCO DE CRÉdito einversiones | HILE | CLP | 94.897 |  |  | 94,897 |  | 24,999.983 | 24,999,983 | At Maturity | 4,99 | 25,00,000 | 4,88 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLA S,A, | CHIE | 97036000-K | banco santander | CHILE | CLP | 75,000 |  |  | 75,000 |  | 24,999,766 | 24,999,766 | At Maturity | 3,65 | 25,000,000 | 3.6 |
| 90749000-9 | Falabellas.a, | CHLE | 97036000-K | BANCO SANTANDER | CHILE | CLP | 75,000 |  |  | 75,000 |  | 24,999,766 | 24,999,766 | At Maturity | 3.65 | 25,000,000 | 3.6 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | 97036000-K | BANCO SANTANDER | CHILE | CLP | 15.500 |  |  | 15.500 |  | 15,499,954 | 15,499,954 | ${ }^{\text {At Maturity }}$ | 3,65 | 15,00,000 | 3,6 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLAS,A, | CHILE | 97036000-K | banco santander | CHILE | CLP | 20,000 |  |  | 20,000 |  | 19,999,941 | 19,999,941 | At Maturity | 3,65 | 20,000,000 | 3,6 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | 97006000-6 | BANCO DE CRÉOLTO EINVERSIONES | CHILE | CLP | 6,267 |  |  | 6,267 |  | 9,999,979 | 9,999,979 | ${ }^{\text {At Maturity }}$ | 2,85 | 10,00,000 | 2,82 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLAS.A, | CHILE | 97006000-6 | BANCO DE CRÉDITO EINVERSIONES | CHIL | CLP | 9,620 |  |  | 9,620 |  | 15,350,379 | 15,350,379 | At Maturity | 285 | 15,00,000 | 2.82 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | 97030000-7 | BANCO ESTADO | CHILE | CLP | 23,382 |  |  | 23,382 |  | 24,936,238 | 24,936,238 | Maturity | 3,27 | 25,00,000 | 3,27 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLA S,A, | CHLE | 97030000-7 | BANCO ESTADO | CHILE | CLP | 23,382 |  |  | 23,382 |  | 24,936,238 | 24,936,238 | At Maturity | 3,27 | 25,00,000 | 3,27 |
| 90749000-9 | Falabella S,A, $^{\text {, }}$ | CHLE | 97030000-7 | BANCO ESTADO | CHLE | CLP | 20,533 |  |  | 20,533 |  | 19,874,555 | 19,874,555 | At Maturity | 4,62 | 20,00,000 | 4,62 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | 97030000-7 | BANCO ESTADO | CHILE | CLP | 37,414 |  |  | 37,414 |  | 24,979,068 | 24,979,068 | At Maturity | 3.17 | 25,00,000 | 3,17 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLAS,A, | CHILE | 97030000-7 | BANCO ESTADO | CHILE | CLP | 33,873 |  |  | 33,873 |  | 25,001,769 | 25,001,769 | At Maturity | 2,87 | 25,00,000 | 2,87 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | 97023000-9 | banco itaú | CHILE | CLP | 11,672 |  |  | 11,672 |  | 9,940,706 | 9,940,706 | At Maturity | 3,82 | 10,000,000 | 3,82 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLAS,A, | CHILE | 97023000-9 | bancoitaú | CHIL | CLP | 19,571 |  |  | 19,571 |  | 14,935,816 | 14,935,816 | At Maturity | 4,27 | 15,00,000 | 4,27 |
| 90749000-9 | FaLABELLA S.A, | CHILE | 97023000-9 | banco itaú | CHILE | CLP | 35,000 |  |  | 35.000 |  | 24,962,069 | 24,962,069 | At Maturity | 3,36 | 25,00,000 | 3,36 |
| 77261280-K | FALABELLARETALLS,A, | CHILE | 97036000-K | BANCO SANTANDER | CHILE | USD | 556,926 | 498,753 | 127,245 | 1,182,924 |  |  |  | At Maturity | 2.70 | 1,182,924 | 2.70 |
| 77261280-K | FALABELLA RETALL S,A, | CHILE | 97036000-K | BANCO SANTANDER | CHILE | EUR | 13,509 |  |  | 13,509 |  |  |  | At Maturity | 3,70 | 13,509 | 3,70 |
| 77261280-K | FALABELLA RETALL S,A, | CHILE | 97036000-K | BANCO SANTANDER | CHILE | USD |  |  | 9,903 | 9,903 |  |  |  | At Maturity | 3,70 | 9,903 | 3,70 |
| 77261280-K | FALABELLA RETALLS.A, | CHILE | 97036000-k | BANCO SANTANDER | CHILE | USD | 794 |  |  | 94 |  |  |  | At Maturity | 0.14 | 794 | 0.14 |
| 78627210-6 | HIPERMERCADOS TOTTUS S,A, | CHILE | 97018000-1 | BANCO SCOTABANK | CHILE | USD | 42,181 | 252,508 | 110,158 | 404,847 |  |  |  | At Maturity | 2,28 | 404,496 | 2,28 |
| 78627210-6 | HIPERMERCADOS TOTTUS S,A, | CHILE | 97018000-1 | Banco scotabank | CHILE | EUR |  | 48,403 |  | 48,403 |  |  |  | At Maturity | 2,28 | 48,403 | 2,28 |
| 99593960-6 | DESARROLLOS InMOBILIARIOS S.A, | CHILE | 97008000-7 | CITIBANK N, A, | CHILE | UF |  |  | 3,362,917 | 3,362,917 |  | 1,676,915 | 1,676,915 | Six monthy | 3,94 | 5,031,403 | 3,64 |
| 96573100-8 | MANUFACTURAS DE VESTUARIOS MAVESA LTDA, | CHILE | 97036000-K | BANCO SANTANDER | CHILE | USD | . | 313,765 |  | 313,765 |  | . | . | At Maturity | 0,68 | 313,765 | 0,68 |
| 76882330-8 | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S,A, | CHILE | 97004000-5 | BANCO DECHILE | CHILE | CLP | . | 14,402,903 |  | 14,402,903 |  | . |  | At Maturity | 4,49 | 14,428,564 | 3,68 |
| 76882330-8 | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S.A, | CHILE | 97004000-5 | BANCO DECHILE | CHILE | UF |  |  | 2.442 | 2.442 |  | 12,209,454 | 12,209,454 | At Maturity | 2.40 | 12,21,981 | 2.40 |
| 76882330-8 | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S,A, | CHILE | 97004000-5 | BANCO DE CHILE | CHILE | UF |  | 53,375 |  | 53,375 |  | 5,692,796 | 5,692,796 | At Maturity | 2,25 | 5,746,184 | 2,25 |
| 76882330-8 | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S,A, | CHILE | 97004000-5 | BANCO DECHILE | CHILE | UF |  | 54,437 |  | 54,437 |  | 5,731,189 | 5,731,189 | At Maturity | 2,28 | 5,787,472 | 2,25 |
| 76882330-8 | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S,A, | CHILE | 97004000-5 | BANCO DECHILE | CHILE | UF |  | 27,383 |  | 27,383 |  | 2,882,871 | 2,882,871 | At Maturity | 2,28 | 2,911,182 | 2,25 |
| 76882330-8 | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S,A, | CHILE | 97004000-5 | BANCO DECHILE | CHILE | UF |  | 28,219 |  | 28,219 |  | 2,900,247 | 2,900,247 | At Maturity | 2,34 | 2,931,154 | 2,25 |
| 76882330-8 | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS $S, A_{1}$ | CHLE | 97004000-5 | BANCO DECHLE | CHILE | UF |  | 28,557 |  | 28,557 |  | 2,900,450 | 2,900,450 | At Maturity | 2,36 | 2,932,575 | 2,25 |
| $76882330-8$ | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S,A, | CHILE | 97004000-5 | BANCO DECHILE | CHILE | UF | . | 43,683 | . | 43,683 |  | 4,410,791 | 4,410,791 | At Maturity | 2,38 | 4,460,569 | 2,25 |
| 76882330-8 | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S,A, | CHILE | 97004000-5 | BANCO DECHILE | CHILE | UF | . | 28,927 |  | 28,927 |  | 2,903,749 | 2,903,749 | At Maturity | 2,39 | 2,937,130 | 2,25 |
| 76882330-8 | NUEVOS DESARROLOS S,A, | CHILE | 97004000-5 | BANCO DECHILE | CHILE | CLP |  |  | 16,276 | 16,276 |  | 14,358,257 | 14,358,257 | Six monthy | 1.70 | 14,374,536 | 1.70 |

Note 18 - Other Current and Non-Current Financial Liabilities (continued)
e) Bank loans as of December 31, 2020 are detailed as follows (continued):

| Dehtor ID number | Debtor Name | DebtorCountry | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Creditor ID } \\ & \text { number } \end{aligned}$ | Creditor Name | ${ }^{\text {Creditor }}$ Country |  | Liabiity Exposed to Liquidity Risk by Maturity |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { Repayment } \\ \text { Terms }}}{ }$ | Effective Rate | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Contractually } \\ & \text { Stipulated } \\ & \text { Nominal Value of } \\ & \text { Obligation } \end{aligned}$ | Nominal Rate Obligation according to Contract Conditions \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Up to } 1 \\ & \text { month } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \text { to } 3 \\ & \text { months } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \text { to } 12 \\ & \text { months } \end{aligned}$ | Total Current | 1 to 5 years | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Over } 5 \\ & \text { years } \end{aligned}$ | Total NonCurrent |  |  |  |  |
| 76882330-8 | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S.A, | CHILE | 97004000-5 | BANCO DECHLE | CHILE | CLP |  |  | 16,276 | 16,276 |  | 14,358,256 | 14,358,256 | Six montrly | 1,70 | 14,374,536 | 1,70 |
| 76882330-8 | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S,A, | CHILE | 97006000-6 | BANCO DE CRÉdito e Inversiones | CHILE | UF |  |  | 18,888 | 18,888 |  | 33,430,879 | 33,430,879 | At Maturity | 2,26 | 33,49,768 | 2,26 |
| 76882330.8 | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S,A, | CHLLE | $97006000 \cdot 6$ | BANCO DE CRÉdito e inversiones | CHILE | UF |  |  | 6.516 | 6,516 |  | 10,998,209 | 10,998,209 | At Maturity | 2,37 | 11,004,725 | 2,37 |
| $76882330-8$ | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S.A, | CHILE | 97030000-7 | banco estado | CHILE | UF |  | 8.561,776 |  | 8.561,776 |  |  |  | At Maturity | 3.04 | 8.577,138 | 2,23 |
| 76882330-8 | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S,A, | CHILE | 97030000-7 | banco estado | CHILE | UF |  | 594,358 |  | 594,358 |  | 58,090,016 | 58,090,016 | At Maturity | 2,46 | 58,726,912 | 2.42 |
| 76882330-8 | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S.A, | CHILE | 97030000-7 | banco estado | CHILE | CLP |  |  | 1,040,713 | 1,040,713 |  | - |  | Six monthly | 5,23 | 1,041,066 | 5.13 |
| $76882330-8$ | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S.A, | CHILE | 97023000-9 | bancoitaú | CHILE | UF |  | 4,134,869 |  | 4,134,869 |  |  |  | At Maturity | 3,11 | 4,142,391 | 2,30 |
| 76882330-8 | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S.A, | CHILE | 97023000-9 | bancoitaú | CHILE | UF |  | 7,182,746 |  | 7,182,746 |  |  |  | At Maturity | 3.36 | 7,139,270 | 2.55 |
| 76882330-8 | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S,A, | CHILE | 97023000-9 | bancoitaú | CHILE | UF |  |  | 46,310 | 46,310 |  | 29,045,120 | 29,045,120 | At Maturity | 2,61 | 29,116,164 | 2,58 |
| 76882330-8 | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S,A, | CHLLE | 79,884,170-k | BTG PACTUAL CHILE S,A, | CHILE | UF |  |  | 3,998 | 3,998 |  | 6,395,448 | 6,395,448 | At Maturity | 1.50 | 6,399,470 | 1,50 |
| $76882330-8$ | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S,A, | CHLLE | 79,884,170-k | BTG PACTUAL CHILE S,A, | CHLE | UF |  | - | 3,998 | 3,998 |  | 6,395,448 | 6,395,448 | At Maturity | 1.50 | 6,399,470 | 1,50 |
| 76882330.8 | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S,A, | CHLLE | 79,884,170-k | BTG PACTUAL CHILE S,A, | CHILE | UF |  |  | 3,998 | 3,998 |  | 6,395,448 | 6,395,448 | At Maturity | 1.50 | 6.399.470 | 1.50 |
| $76882330-8$ | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S,A, | CHLLE | 79,884,170-k | BTG PACTUAL CHILE S,A, | CHILE | UF |  |  | 3,998 | 3,998 |  | 6,395,448 | 6,395,448 | At Maturity | 1,50 | 6,399,470 | 1,50 |
| 76882330-8 | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S,A, | CHILE | 79,884,170-k | BTG PACTUAL CHILE S,A, | CHILE | UF |  |  | 3,998 | 3,998 |  | 6,395,448 | 6,395,448 | At Maturity | 1.50 | 6,399,470 | 1,50 |
| 76882330-8 | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S,A, | CHILE | 97018000-1 | SCOTABANK | CHILE | UF |  | 29,252,886 |  | 29,252,886 |  | . |  | At Maturity | 1.80 | 29,302,085 | 1,00 |
| 76882330.8 | NUEVOS DESARROLLOS S,A, | CHLLE | 97018000-1 | Scotabank | CHILE | USD | 75,273 |  | 11,825,127 | 11,900,400 |  | . |  | At Maturity | 2.70 | 11,900,401 | 2.70 |
| 76017019-4 | PLAZA S.A, | CHILE | 97023000-9 | bancoitaú | CHILE | UF |  |  | 13,271,107 | 13,271,107 |  | - |  | At Maturity | 1.99 | 13,271,107 | 1,99 |
| 76017019-4 | PLAZA S.A, | CHLLE | 9702300-9 | bancoitaú | CHILE | UF |  |  | 14,718,308 | 14,718,308 |  | - |  | At Maturity | 1,80 | 14,718,308 | 1,80 |
| 96653660-8 | PLAZA DEL TRÉBOL S.A, | CHILE | 97004000-5 | BANCO DECHILE | CHILE | UF |  |  | 7,299,377 | 7,299,377 |  | . |  | At Maturity | 1,75 | 7,299,379 | 1,75 |
| 96538230-5 | PLAZA VESPUCIO S.A, | CHILE | 97004000-5 | BANCO DECHLE | CHILE | UF |  |  | 7,299,377 | 7,299,377 |  |  |  | At Maturity | 1.75 | 7,299,379 | 1.75 |
| 96792430-K | SODIMAC S, A, | CHILE | $97004000-5$ | BANCO DE CHILE | CHILE | USD | 5,024,333 | 2,639,558 |  | 7,663,891 |  |  |  | At Maturity | 2,16 | 7,651,388 | 1,72 |
| 96792430-K | SODIMAC S , A, | CHILE | 97023000-9 | bancoitaú | CHILE | USD | 453,558 | 238,279 |  | 691,837 |  | - |  | At Maturity | 3.08 | 691,330 | 1,84 |
| 96792430-K | SODIMAC S,A, | CHLLE | 97036000-K | banco santander | CHLE | USD | 294,257 | 154,589 | . | 448,846 |  | - |  | At Maturity | 5,66 | 488,256 | 3,22 |
| 96792430-K | SODIMAC S,A, | CHILE | 97004000-5 | BANCO DECHLE | CHILE | CLP | 46,400 | - |  | 46,400 |  | 14,883,696 | 14,883,696 | At Maturity | 2.60 | 15,052,800 | 2.78 |
| $76821330-5$ | IMPERIAL S, A, | CHILE | 97023000-9 | bancoitaú | CHILE | CLP |  |  | 1,648,576 | 1.648,576 |  | - |  | Annual | 5,85 | 1,600,000 | 5.85 |
| 76821330-5 | IMPERILI S, A, | CHILE | 97023000-9 | bancoitaú | CHILE | CLP |  |  | 1,545,540 | 1.545,540 |  | - |  | Annual | 3,70 | 1,500,000 | 3,70 |
| $76821330-5$ | IMPERIAL S,A, | CHILE | 97023000-9 | bancoitaú | CHILE | CLP |  |  | 1,754,468 | 1,754,468 |  | . |  | Annual | 4.49 | 1,700,000 | 4.49 |
| $76821330-5$ | IMPERIAL S S, | CHILE | 97023000-9 | bancoitaú | CHILE | CLP |  |  | 1,754,468 | 1,754,468 |  | - |  | Annual | 4,32 | 1,700,000 | 4.32 |
| $76821330-5$ | IMPERIAL S,A, | CHILE | 9702300-9 | bancoitaú | CHILE | CLP |  |  | 1,805,020 | 1.805,020 |  | - |  | Annual | 4,32 | 1,750,000 | 4,32 |
| $76821330-5$ | IMPERIALS S,A, | CHILE | 9702300-9 | bancoitaú | CHILE | CLP |  |  | 1,805,020 | 1.805,020 |  | - |  | Annual | 4,32 | 1,750,000 | 4.32 |
| $76821330-5$ | IMPERIALS, A, | CHLE | 97032000-8 | Banco bbvachle | CHILE | CLP |  |  | 2.518,891 | 2.518,891 |  | 1,247,788 | 1,247,788 | Six monthly | 5.96 | 3,750,000 | 5.85 |
| $76821330-5$ | IMPERIAL S.A, | CHILE | 97030000-7 | banco estado | CHILE | CLP |  |  | 1,292,405 | 1,292,405 |  | . |  | Annual | 4.49 | 1,250,000 | 4,49 |
| 76821330-5 | IMPERIALS S,A, | CHILE | 97030000-7 | banco estado | CHILE | CLP |  | 177,395 | 8,000,000 | 8,177,395 |  | - |  | Six monthly | 4.72 | 8,000,000 | 4,60 |
| 76821330-5 | IMPERIAL S,A, | CHILE | 97030000-7 | banco estado | CHILE | CLP |  |  | 13,976 | 13,976 |  | 4,000,000 | 4,000,000 | Six monthly | 3.74 | 4,000,000 | 3.70 |
| 76821330-5 | IMPERIAL S,A, | CHLLE | 97023000-9 | banco taú | CHILE | USD |  | 1,468,910 |  | 1,468,910 |  | - |  | At Maturity | 2,15 | 1,466,464 | 2,15 |
| $76821330-5$ | IMPERIAL S.A, | CHILE | 97004000-5 | BANCO DECHLE | CHILE | USD |  | 62.123 |  | 62.123 |  |  |  | At Maturity | 1.73 | 62.117 | 1,73 |
| O.E | FALABELLAS,A, | ARGENTINA | O-E | BANCO IAUBUEN AYRES.A, | ARGENTINA | ARS | 8,665 |  |  | 8,665 |  | - |  | Montly | 36,24 | 8,653 | 36,24 |
| 0.E | FALABELAS,A, | ARGENTINA | 0.E | BANCO DE GALICIA Y BUENOS AIRESS,A, | ARGENTINA | ARS | 2 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  | Monthly | 36,24 | 2 | 36,24 |

Note 18 - Other Current and Non-Current Financial Liabilities (continued)
e) Bank loans as of December 31, 2020 are detailed as follows (continued):

| Debtor IDnumber | Debtor Name | Debtor Country | CreditorID number | Creditor Name | Creditor Country | Currency or <br> Indexation unit <br> according to <br> Contract <br> Conditions <br> (ISO 4217) | Liability Exposed to Liquidity Risk by Maturity |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { Repayment } \\ \text { Tems }}}{\text {. }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Effective } \\ & \text { Rate } \\ & 0 . \end{aligned}$ | Contractually Stipulated Nominal Value of Obligation | Nominal Rate ofthe Obligationaccording toContractConditions$\%$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Up to } \\ & \text { Uonth } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 1 to 3 months | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \text { to } 12 \\ & \text { months } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Total Current | 1 to 5 years | Over 5 years | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { Total Non- } \\ \text { Current } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |
| O-E | inverfal Perú | PERÚ | O.E | Scotabank | PERUU | PEN |  |  | 14,827,139 | 14,827,139 |  | 10,330,608 | 10,330,608 | Six montly | 4.85 | 25,03,900 | 4.85 |
| 0-E | Inverfal Perú | PERÚ | O.E | BANCO DE CREDITO | PERÚ | PEN |  |  | 16,699,172 | 16,69, 172 |  | 16,690,600 | 16,690,600 | Six montly | 4.73 | 33,381,200 | 4.73 |
| 0-E | FALABELLAPERU S,A,A, | PERÚ | 0-E | SCOTABANK | PERÚ | PEN |  | 17,674,561 |  | 17,674,561 |  |  |  | Six montly | 56 | 17,672,400 | 4.50 |
| O-E | SAGA FALABELLA S.A. | PERÚ | O.E | Scotabank | PERUU | PEN |  | 902,021 | 2,317,819 | 3,219,840 |  | 13,386,172 | 13,386,172 | Three monthy | 5.50 | 16,606,012 | 5.50 |
| 0-E | OPEN PLAZA S,A,C, | PERÚ | O-E | BANCO SANTANDER CENTRAL HISPANO | PERUU | PEN |  |  | 6,409,400 | 6,409,400 |  |  |  | Monthly | 2,23 |  | 2.21 |
| 0-E | OPEN PLAZA S,A,C, | PERÚ | O-E | SCOTABANK | PERUU | PEN | 23,413 | 31,423 | 146,449 | 201,285 | 723,497 | 939,467 | 1,662,964 | Monthly | 7,13 | 1,888,735 | 6,90 |
| 0-E | OPEN PLAZA S.A,C, | PERÚ | O-E | SCOTABANK | PERÚ | PEN | 38,027 | 50,950 | 237,532 | 326,509 | 1,178,330 | 1,526,516 | 2,704,846 | Monthly | 7,13 | 3,078,738 | 6.90 |
| 0-E | OPEN PLAZA S,A,C, | PERÚ | O.E | SCOTABANK | PERÚ | PEN | 24,413 | 32,712 | 152,501 | 209,626 | 756,361 | 979,971 | 1,736,332 | Monthly | 7,13 | 1,976,133 | 6.90 |
| O-E | OPEN PLAZA S.A,C, | PERÚ | O.E | BANCO SANTANDER CENTRAL HISPANO | PERÚ | PEN | 153,134 | 256,908 | 1,333,609 | 1,743,651 |  | 3,152,205 | 3,152,205 | Monthly | 7,6 | 4,877,889 | 7.40 |
| 0-E | MALL PLAZA PERÚ S,A, | PERÚ | O-E | SCOTABANK | PERUU | PEN | 150,825 | 301,650 | 1,339,416 | 1,791,891 |  | 19,166,076 | 19,166,076 | Bi-monthly | 0,09 | 38,494,467 | 0.09 |
| 0-E | MALL PLAZA PERÚ S,A, | PERU | 0.E | BANCO DE CREDITO | PERU | PEN |  |  |  |  |  | 51.361 .687 | 51361.687 | Bi-monthly | 0.07 | 51.361 .687 | 0.07 |
| O-E | MALL PLAZA PERÚ S,A. | PERÚ | 0-E | BANCO DE CREDITO | PERUU | PEN |  |  | 5,644,228 | 5,644,228 |  |  |  | Bi-monthly | 0.04 | 5,644,227 | 0.04 |
| 0-E | FALABELLA DE COLOMBIA S,A, | COLOMBIA | O-E | BANCO DE BOGOTÁ | COLOMBIA | COP | 153,720 |  |  | 153,720 |  | 10,500,000 | 10,50,000 | Annual | 6,62 | 10,50,000 | 6.46 |
| O-E | FALABELLA DE COLOMBIA S.A, | COLOMBIA | O-E | BANCO DE BOGOTÁ | COLOMBIA | COP | 47.469 |  |  | 47.469 |  | 3.242.421 | 3242421 | Annual | 6.62 | 3242421 | 6.46 |
| 0-E | FALABELLA DE COLOMBIA S.A. | COLOMBIA | 0.E | BANCO DE BOGOTÁ | COLOMBIA | COP | 46.116 |  |  | 46.116 |  | 3.150,000 | 3.150,000 | Annual | 6.62 | 3,150,000 | 6.46 |
| 0-E | FALABELLA DE COLOMBIA S,A, | COLOMBIA | O-E | BANCO DE BOGOTÁ | COLOMBIA | COP | 79,934 |  |  | 79,934 |  | 5,460,000 | 5,460,000 | Annual | 6,62 | 5,460,000 | 6,46 |
| 0-E | FALABELLA DE COLOMBIA S.A, | COLOMBIA | 0-E | BANCO POPULAR | COLOMBIA | COP | 135.541 |  |  | 135.541 |  | 9.728 .578 | 9728.578 | At Maturity | 431 | 9728.577 | 424 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | At Maturity |  |  | 4.24 |
| O-E | FALABELLADE Colombia s,A, | Colombia | O.E | bancolombia | COLOMBIA | COP | 1,466 |  |  | 1,466 |  | 5,460,000 | 5,460,000 | AtMaunty | 4.70 | 5,460,000 | 4.62 |
| 0-E | FALABELLA DE COLOMBIA S.A, | COLOMBIA | O-E | BANCOLOMBIA | COLOMBIA | COP | 1.172 |  | 2,625,000 | 2,626,172 |  |  |  | At Maturity | 4.40 | 2,625,000 | 4,33 |
| 0-E | falabella de colombia s,a, | colombia | 0.E | bancolombia | COLOMBIA | USD | 2.616 |  | 2,100,000 | 2,102,616 |  |  |  | At Maturity | 4.40 | 2.100,000 | 4,33 |
| 0-E | FALABELLADE COLOMBIA S.A. | COLOMBIA | 0.E | ITAÚ BBA COLOMBIA S,A CORPORACION FINANCIERA | COLOMBIA | COP | 85.001 |  | 9.560 .472 | 9,645.473 |  |  |  | At Maturity | 4.40 | 9.560 .472 | 3.87 |
| O-E | FALABELLA DE COLOMBIA S.A, | CoLombia | 0.E | BANCO COLPATRIA | COLOMBIA | COP | 57,347 |  |  | 57,347 |  |  |  | At Maturity | 0,65 | 57,347 | 0.65 |
| 0-E | PATRIMONIO AUTÓNOMO CENTRO COMERCIAL CARTAGENA | COLOMBIA | 0-E | BANCO ITAU CORPBANCA COLOMBIA | COLOMBIA | COP |  |  | 1.523374 | ${ }_{1.523,374}$ | 3318.666 | 10.550.725 | 13869391 |  | 0,65 | 15516667 | 74 |
|  | PATRIMONIO AUTÓNOMO |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3,310,066 |  | 13,009,9 | At Maturity |  | 15,51,067 | 7.41 |
| 0-E | centro comercial m ANIZALES DOS | COLOMBIA | 0.E | banco itau corpbanca colombia | COLOMBIA | COP |  | 211765 |  | 211.765 | 3076.932 | 2753.044 | 5829976 |  | 783 | 5829976 | 7.30 |
| 0-E | FONDO DE CAPITAL PRIVADO MALL PLAZA | Colombia | 0.E | SCOtIABANK COLOMBIA | COLOMBIA | COP |  | 54.562 |  | 54,562 |  | 60,726,915 | 60,726,915 | At Maturity | 4.87 | 60,90,000 | 4.71 |
| 0-E | FONDO DE CAPITAL PRIVADO MALL PLAZA | COLOMBIA | 0.E | BANCO DAVIVIENDA | COLOMBIA | COP |  |  |  |  | 39,511,171 |  | 39,511,171 | At Maturity | 5.76 | 39,185,297 | 3,73 |
| O-E | FONDO DE CAPITAL PRIVADO | COLOMBIA | O-E | BANCO ITAU CORPBANCA COLOMBIA | COLOMBA | cop |  |  |  |  | 12577925 |  | 12577925 | At Maturity | 5.76 | 12.217340 | 5.76 |
| Total Bank Loans |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8,027.012 | 115,618,897 | 146,245,405 | 269,891,314 | 61,142,882 | 788,219,135 | 849,362,017 |  |  |  |  |

When the nominal rate is equal to the effective rate in the above presented tables, it means that there were no costs or revenue directly associated with the transaction that will affect the original rate of the instrument.

Note 18 - Other Current and Non-Current Financial Liabilities (continued)
f) Obligations to the Public (Bonds payable) as of December 31, 2020 are detailed as follows:

| Debtor ID number | Debtor Name | DebtorCountry Country | Creditor Name | Currency or Indexation <br> unit according to <br> (ISO 4217) | Liability Exposed to Liquidity Risk by Maturity |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Repayment } \\ \text { Tems } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Effective } \\ & \text { Ratee } \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | Contractually Stipulated Nominal Value of Obligation | Nominal Rate of the Obligation according to Contract Conditions \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Up to } 1 \\ \text { month } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \text { to3 } \\ & \text { months } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \text { fol } 12 \\ & \text { months } \end{aligned}$ | Total Current | 1 to 5 years | Over 5 years | Total Non-Current |  |  |  |  |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | UF | 996,296 |  |  | 996,296 |  | 98,907,940 | 98,907,940 | At Maturity | 4.41 | 101,746,155 | 3.96 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | UF | 1,229,689 |  |  | 1,229,689 |  | 83,796,430 | 83,796,430 | At Maturity | 3,44 | 87,210,990 | 3.08 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | UF | 235,763 |  |  | 235,763 |  | 82,94, ,133 | 82,947,133 | At Maturity | 3.18 | 87,210,990 | 2.98 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | UF | 360,690 |  |  | 360,690 |  | 56,821,507 | 56,821,507 | At Maturity | 3,18 | 58,140,660 | 2,98 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | CLP | 495,790 |  | 31,500,000 | 31,995,790 |  | 15,727,089 | 15,727,089 | At Maturity | 5,17 | 47,250,000 | 5.04 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | CLP | 381,942 |  | 78,000,000 | 78,381,942 | 43,843 |  | 43,843 | At Maturity | 5,04 | 78,000,000 | 5.03 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | CLP | 1,024,709 |  |  | 1,024,709 | 94,143,057 |  | 94,143,057 | At Maturity | 6,74 | 94,588,500 | 6.50 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | USD | 2,221,719 |  |  | 2,221,719 | 353,696,033 |  | 353,696,033 | At Maturity | 4.01 | 355,475,000 | 3.75 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | USD | 5,287,691 |  |  | 5,287,691 | 283,050,324 |  | 283,050,324 | At Maturity | 4.55 | 284,380,000 | 4,38 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | USD | 1,777,375 |  |  | 1,777,375 |  | 279,613,029 | 279,613,029 | At Maturity | 4.07 | 284,380,000 | 3.75 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | UF | 572,686 |  |  | 572,686 |  | 147,719,313 | 147,719,313 | At Maturity | 1,71 | 145,351,650 | 1,89 |
| 90749000-9 | FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | UF | 181,011 |  |  | 181,011 | 36,629,612 | 21,97,768 | 58,607,380 | At Maturity | 1,32 | 58,140,660 | 1.49 |
| 76017019-4 | PLAZAS S, $A_{1}$ | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | UF |  |  | 1,036,092 | 1,036,092 | 3,876,659 | 4,402,236 | 8,278,895 | Six monthly | 4,72 | 9,421,029 | 4,50 |
| 76017019-4 | PLAZA S, ${ }_{\text {, }}$, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | UF |  |  | 639,087 | 639,087 |  | 85,819,563 | 85,819,563 | At Maturity | 4,00 | 87,835,881 | 3,85 |
| 760017019-4 | PLAZAS, ${ }^{\text {, }}$ | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | UF |  |  | 425,417 | 425,417 |  | 57,257,284 | 57,257,284 | At Maturity | 3,99 | 58,557,254 | 3,85 |
| 760017019-4 | PLAZA S , A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | UF |  |  | 347,353 | 347,353 |  | 69,703,438 | 69,703,438 | At Maturity | 3,90 | 73,000,847 | 3,50 |
| 76017019-4 | PLAZA S, ${ }_{\text {, }}$, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | UF |  |  | 292,777 | 292,777 |  | 86,659,314 | 86,659,314 | At Maturity | 3,92 | 87,503,874 | 3,90 |
| 76017019-4 | PLAZA S $A_{\text {, }}$ | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | UF |  | 1,257,354 |  | 1,257,354 |  | 87,27,521 | 87,272,521 | At Maturity | 3,76 | 88,481,363 | 3,80 |
| 76017019-4 | PLAZAS $\mathrm{A}_{\text {, }}$ | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | UF | 573,413 |  |  | 573,413 |  | 58,122,811 | 58,12,811 | At Maturity | 2,09 | 58,713,830 | 2,10 |
| 76017019-4 | PLAZAS $A_{\text {, }}$ | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | UF |  |  | 132.161 | 132.161 |  | 119,972,940 | 119,972,940 | At Maturity | 1,32 | 116,446,052 | 1.70 |
| 76017019-4 | PLAZAS S, $A_{1}$ | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | UF |  |  | 485,770 | 485,770 |  | 62,261,270 | 62,261,270 | At Maturity | 4,76 | 409,687 | 3,60 |
| $96792430-\mathrm{K}$ | SODIMAC S,A, | CHILE | Varios Acreedores | UF |  |  | 119,892 | 119,892 | 10,410,899 | 32,42, ,138 | 42,840,037 | Six monthly | 3,98 | 43,605,495 | 3,70 |
| O-E | SAGA FALABELLA S ,A, | PERU | Varios Acreedores | PEN |  | 304,812 | 882,534 | 1,187,346 |  | 588,804 | 588,804 | Three monthly | 5,94 | 1,776,150 | 5.81 |
| 0-E | SAGA FALABELLA S,A, | PERUU | Varios Acreedores | PEN |  | 206,681 | 588,443 | 795,124 |  | 588,820 | 588,820 | Three monthly | 5,52 | 1,383,944 | 5.41 |
| O-E | SAGA FALABELLA S.A, | PERU | Varios Acreedores | PEN |  | 270,085 | 735,741 | 1,005,826 |  | 1,472,154 | 1,472,154 | Three montly | 5,12 | 2,477,980 | 5.00 |
| O-E | HIPERMERCADOS TOTTUS S, A, | PERU | Varios Acreedores | PEN | 18,616 | 71,487 | 221,399 | 311,502 | 1,414,556 | 4,852,495 | 6,267,051 | Three montly | 7,61 | 6,606,093 | 7,40 |
| O-E | HIPERMERCADOS TOTTUS S,A, | PERU | Varios Acreedores | PEN | 18,675 | 71,605 | 221,930 | 312,210 | 1,417,304 | 4,856,012 | 6,273,316 | Three montly | 7,61 | 6,600,093 | 7,40 |
| O-E | HIPERMERCADOS TOTTUS S, $A_{1}$ | PERU | Varios Acreedores | PEN | 23,339 | 89,497 | 277,372 | 390,208 | 1,771,416 | 6,069,742 | 7,841,158 | Three monthly | 7,61 | 8,257,616 | 7,40 |
| O-E | HIPERMERCADOS TOTTUS S , A, | PERU | Varios Acreedores | PEN | 23,385 | 89,590 | 277,788 | 390,763 | 1,773,577 | 6,072,506 | 7,846,083 | Three monthly | 7,61 | 8,257,616 | 7,40 |
| 0-E | INVERFAL PERUS,A, | PERU | Varios Acreedores | PEN | 284,440 |  |  | 284,440 | 441,920 | 18,90, 303 | 19,132,223 | Three monthly | 8.06 | 19,243,280 | 8.06 |
| 0-E | INVERFAL PERUS,A, | PERU | Varios Acreedores | PEN |  | 1,677,708 | 4,786,275 | 6,463,983 |  | 9,558,401 | 9,558,401 | Three monthly | 7,19 | 15,954,250 | 7,19 |
| 0-E | INVERFAL PERUS,A, | PERU | Varios Acreedores | PEN | 987,233 | 883,620 | 1,767,240 | 3,638,093 |  | 6,175,714 | 6,175,714 | Three monthly | 6,25 | 9,719,820 | 6,25 |
| Total Bond Obligations |  |  |  |  | 17,659,046 | 4,922,439 | 122,737,271 | 145,318,756 | 808,179,492 | 1,569,116,858 | 2,377,296,350 |  |  |  |  |

When the nominal rate is equal to the effective rate in the above presented tables, it means that there were no costs or revenue directly associated with the transaction that will affect the original rate of the instrument.
g) Reconciliation of current and non-current financial liabilities to the statement of cash flow required by IAS 7:

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec-31-20 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \end{gathered}$ | Cash flow ThCh\$ | Interest and indexation ThCh\$ | Other non-monetary movements ThCh\$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec-31-21 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bank loans | 1,119,253,331 | (421,189,658) | 32,545,675 | 64,876,603 | 795,485,951 |
| Bond obligations | 2,522,615,106 | $(70,321,997)$ | 163,338,088 | 146,586,995 | 2,762,218,192 |
| Other financial liabilities | 118,664,108 | $(62,474,533)$ | 53,764,817 | $(15,650,530)$ | 94,303,862 |
| Total current \& non-current other financial liabilities | 3,760,532,545 | $(553,986,188)$ | 249,648,580 | 195,813,068 | 3,652,008,005 |

Note 19 - Current and Non-Current Leasing Liabilities
a) As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, lease liabilities from Non-Banking Businesses are detailed as follows:

As of December 31, 2021

| Debtor's Taxpayer ID | Debtor | Country | Creditor | Currency <br> or Indexed <br> Unit | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Up to } 90 \\ & \text { days } \end{aligned}$ | From 91 days to 1 year | Total Current debt | More than 1 year up to 2 years | More than 2 years up to 3 years | More than 3 years up to 4 years | More than 4 years up to 5 years | More than 5 years | Total NonCurrent debt | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Effectiv } \\ & \text { e Rate } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Nominal } \\ \text { Rate } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 79598260-4 | Administradora de Servicios Computacionales y de Crédito CMR Falabella Ltda. | Chile | Misc. creditors | CLP | 255,656 | 763,053 | 1,018,709 | 331,883 | 338,004 | 333,412 | 269,631 | 230,483 | 1,503,413 | 2,522,122 | 2,85\% | 2,85\% |
| 77261280-K | Falabella Retail S.A. | Chile | Misc. creditors | U.F. | 4,049,941 | 11,434,183 | 15,484,124 | 17,624,541 | 6,637,102 | 5,498,774 | 5,290,630 | 79,967,253 | 115,018,300 | 130,502,424 | 3,26\% | 3,26\% |
| 90749000-9 | Falabella S.A. | Chile | Misc. creditors | U.F. | 125,772 | 382,783 | 508,555 | 554,444 | 571,626 | 589,775 | 281,797 | 4,387,031 | 6,384,673 | 6,893,228 | 3,44\% | 3,44\% |
| 76587847-0 | Falabella Sericios Profesionales de TI SpA. | Chile | Misc. creditors | CLP | 127,296 | 374,545 | 501,841 | 423,738 | 434,113 | 444,733 |  |  | 1,302,584 | 1,804,425 | 2.42\% | 2,42\% |
| 77612410-9 | Falabella Tecnología Corporativa Ltda. | Chile | Misc. creditors | U.F. | 203,686 | 621,516 | 825,202 | 854,263 | 884,200 | 915,210 | 947,331 | 14,664,714 | 18,265,718 | 19,090,920 | 3,59\% | 3,59\% |
| 77612410-9 | Falabella Tecnología Corporativa Litda. | Chile | Misc. creditors | USD | 33,282 | 33,394 | 66,676 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 66,676 | 1,99\% | 1,99\% |
| 76212492-0 | Falabella.com SpA. | Chile | Misc. creditors | U.F. | 508,731 | 1,533,462 | 2,042,193 | 1,249,108 | 641,100 | 278,073 | 240,099 | 3,031,986 | 5,440,366 | 7,482,559 | 1,40\% | 1,40\% |
| 78627210-6 | Hipermercados Totus S.A. | Chile | Misc. creditors | U.F. | 4,45,995 | 13,567,206 | 18,020,201 | 18,025,259 | 13,326,688 | 8,253,282 | 6,676,900 | 77,463,749 | 123,745,878 | 141,766,079 | 2,93\% | 2,93\% |
| 76993859-1 | kso SpA. | Chile | Misc. creditors | U.F. | 64,675 | 194,597 | 259,272 | 260,801 | 196,610 | 87,661 |  |  | 545,072 | 8004,344 | 0,59\% | 0,59\% |
| 76821330-5 | Imperial S.A. | Chile | Misc. creditors | U.F. | 1,419,569 | 4,251,565 | 5,671,134 | 4,267,801 | 3,907,196 | 4,033,203 | 4,258,149 | 22,053,061 | 38,519,410 | 44,190,544 | 3,01\% | 3,01\% |
| 76882330-8 | Nuevos Desarrollos S.A. | Chile | Misc. creditors | U.F. | 97,830 | 298,635 | 396,465 | 475,484 | 254,793 | 256,724 | 262,752 | 5,452,479 | 6,704,232 | 7,100,697 | 3,45\% | 3,45\% |
| 99555550-6 | Plaza Antofagasta S.A. | Chile | Misc. creditors | U.F. | 134,279 | 394,939 | 529,218 | 540,329 | 556,462 | 573,079 | 590,192 | 4,533,617 | 6,793,679 | 7,322,897 | 2,98\% | 2,98\% |
| 76000935-0 | Promotora Chilena de Caté Colombia S.A. | Chile | Misc. creditors | U.F. | 101,910 | 290,981 | 392,891 | 528,156 | 55,485 |  |  |  | 583,641 | 976,532 | 1,36\% | 1,36\% |
| 77099010-6 | Seguros Falabella Corredores Ltda. | Chile | Misc. creditiors | CLP | 58,454 | 177,497 | 235,951 | 267,910 | 274,468 | 281,196 |  |  | 823,574 | 1,059,525 | 2,10\% | 2,10\% |
| 78566830-8 | Soc. de Cobranzas Legales Lexicom Ltda. | Chile | Misc. creditors | CLP | 3,898 | 11,665 | 15,563 | 15,771 | 16,001 | 16,417 | 6,973 |  | 55,252 | 70,815 | 2,10\% | 2,10\% |
| 96792430-K | Sodimac S.A. | Chile | Misc. creditiors | CLP | 28,174 | 76,302 | 104,476 | 21,951 | 10,094 |  |  |  | 32,045 | 136,521 | 2,48\% | 2.48\% |
| 96792430-K | Sodimac S.A. | Chile | Misc. creditors | U.F. | 4,345,518 | 12,392,459 | 16,737,977 | 16,903,721 | 16,901,624 | 18,152,475 | 18,472,506 | 197,840,527 | 268,270,853 | 285,008,830 | 3,10\% | 3,10\% |
| O-E | DP Factory S.A | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Argentin } \\ \mathrm{a} \end{array}$ | Misc. creaitors | ARS | 4,783 | 17,527 | 22,310 | 26,616 | - | - | - | - | 26,616 | 48,926 | 48,21\% | 48,21\% |
| 0-E | Falabella S.A. | Argentin | Misc. creditors | ARS | 18,658 | 63,906 | 82,564 | 112,522 | 133,046 | 169,229 | 218,643 | 3,660,609 | 4,294,049 | 4,376,613 | 15,91\% | 15.91\% |
| 0-E | Falabella S.A. | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Argentin } \\ \mathrm{a} \end{array}$ | Misc. creditors | USD | 18,107 | 57,389 | 75,996 | 84,218 | 93,951 | 104,808 | 116,919 | 847,367 | 1,247,263 | 1,322,759 | 2,70\% | 2,70\% |
| O-E | Constudecor S.A | Brasil | Misc. creditors | BRL | 1,976,160 | 3,788,418 | 5,764,578 | 4,582,196 | 5,978,751 | 5,134,974 | 3,775,135 | 3,367,579 | 52,838,635 | 58,603,213 | 11,82\% | 11,82\% |
| 0-E | ABC de Servicios S.A.S. | Colombia | Misc. creditors | COP | 37,564 | 116,220 | 153,784 | 108,920 |  |  |  |  | 108,920 | 262,704 | 6.17\% | 6.17\% |
| 0-E | Agencia de Seguro Falabella Ltda. | Colombia | Misc. creditors | COP | 28,027 | 87,279 | 115,306 | 124,208 |  |  |  |  | 124,208 | 239,514 | 8,00\% | 8,00\% |
| O-E | Falabella Colombia S.A. | Colombia | Misc. creditors | COP | 2,076,963 | 6,167,357 | 8,244,320 | 7,961,464 | 6,425,348 | 6,000,737 | 5,186,793 | 18,910,447 | 44,484,789 | 52,729,109 | 10,38\% | 10,38\% |
| 0-E | Linio Colombia S.AS. | Colombia | Misc. creditors | COP | 50,973 | 483,752 | 534,725 | 390,851 | 15,408 |  |  |  | 406,259 | 940,984 | 17,37\% | 17,37\% |
| 0-E | Falabella Corporate Sevices India Private Linited | India | Misc. creditors | INR | 141,285 | 444,924 | 586,209 | 261,485 |  |  |  |  | 261,485 | 847,694 | 10,15\% | 10,15\% |
| O-E | Bazaya México S.A. de R.L. de C.V. | México | Misc. creditors | MXN | 45,633 | 136,900 | 182,533 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 182,533 | 1.47\% | 1.47\% |
| 0-E | Bazaya México S.A. de R.L. de C.V. | México | Misc. creditors | USD | 42,123 | 126,369 | 168,492 | 386,116 | 193,058 | - |  | - | 579,174 | 747,666 | 2,71\% | 2,71\% |
| 0-E | Corredorade Seguros Falabella S.A.C | Perú | Misc. creditors | USD | 28,995 | 64,561 | 93,556 | 105,486 | 94,417 | 105,672 | 99,782 | 25,040 | 430,397 | 523,953 | 0,03\% | 0,03\% |
| O-E | Hipermercado Totus S.A. | Perú | Misc. creditors | PEN | 223,841 | 530,917 | 754,758 | 841,424 | 884,857 | 942,085 | 1,027,349 | 22,10,024 | 25,795,739 | 26,55,497 | 2,43\% | 2,43\% |
| 0-E | Hipermercado Totus S.A. | Perú | Misc. creditors | USD | 930,162 | 2,495,036 | 3,425,198 | 3,856,525 | 3,766,315 | 3,965,468 | 3,270,741 | 32,237,649 | 47,096,698 | 50,52, 896 | 3,96\% | 3,96\% |
| 0-E | Inmobiliaria Domel S.A.C. | Perú | Misc. creditors | USD | 112,375 | 345,223 | 457,598 | 490,581 | 215,787 |  |  |  | 706,368 | 1,163,966 | 4,17\% | 4,17\% |
| O-E | Falabella.com S.A.C | Perú | Misc. creditors | PEN | 131,423 | 411,493 | 542,916 | 551,907 | 517,618 | 535,818 | 137,464 |  | 1,742,807 | 2,885,723 | 3,00\% | 3,00\% |
| 0-E | Falabella.com S.A.C | Perú | Misc. creditors | USD | 25,019 | 16,843 | 41,862 | - | - | . |  | - |  | 41,862 | 4,80\% | 4.80\% |
| O-E | Mall Plaza Perú S S.A. | Perú | Misc. creditors | USD | 7,488 |  | 7,488 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7,488 | 4.62\% | 4.62\% |
| O-E | SAGA Falabella Oriente S.A.C. | Perú | Misc. creditors | PEN | 8,904 | 25,013 | 33,917 | 28,180 | 30,014 | 31,968 | 34,049 | 60,859 | 185,070 | 218,987 | 1,75\% | 1,75\% |
| 0-E | SAGA Falabella Oriente S.A.C. | Perú | Misc. creditors | USD | 31,446 | 96,936 | 128,382 | 68,691 | 74,725 | 79,014 | 8,550 | 152,260 | 458,240 | 586,622 | 4,16\% | 4,16\% |
| 0-E | SAGA Falabella S.A. | Perú | Misc. creditors | PEN | 536,001 | 1,843,199 | 2,379,200 | 2,172,959 | 1,844,203 | 1,924,591 | 1,849,802 | 29,02,984 | 36,814,539 | 39,193,739 | 3,48\% | 3,48\% |
| 0-E | SAGA Falabella S.A. | Perú | Misc. creditiors | USD | 957,777 | 2,580,870 | 3,538,647 | 2,631,497 | 3,152,590 | 3,165,681 | 2,480,443 | 21,968,783 | 33,398,994 | 36,937,641 | 2,64\% | 2,64\% |
| 0-E | Salón Motor Plaza S.A. | Perú | Misc. creditors | USD | 29,424 | 80,992 | 110,416 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 110,416 | 7,10\% | 7,10\% |
| 0-E | Tienda de Mejeiramiento del Hogar S.A. | Perú | Misc. creditors | PEN | 31,193 | 97,215 | 128,408 | 288,063 | 161,324 | 174,075 | 187,833 | 6,620,421 | 7,431,716 | 7,560,124 | 7,90\% | 7,90\% |
| 0-E | Tienda de Mejiramiento del Hogar S.A. | Perú | Misc. creditors | USD | 1,471,649 | 3,853,334 | 5,324,983 | 13,676,180 | 7,247,505 | 5,839,029 | 5,982,659 | 85,838,016 | 118,588,389 | 123,908,372 | 6,07\% | 6.07\% |
| 0-E | Homecenter Sodimac S.A. | Uruguay | Misc. creditors | USD | 71,427 | 146,847 | 218,274 | 237,155 | 237,156 | 402,935 | 402,935 | 362,745 | 1,642,926 | 1,861,200 | 1,34\% | 1,34\% |
| 0-E | Homecenter Sodimac S.A. | Uruguay | Misc. creditors | UYU | 67,230 | 138,411 | 205,641 | 491,180 | 491,180 | 706,459 | 706,454 | 3,417,632 | 5,812,905 | 6,018,546 | 4,48\% | 4,48\% |
|  |  |  |  | Total | 25,116,296 | 71,015,713 | 96,132,009 | 101,823,584 | 76,562,909 | 68,98,557 | 62,857,511 | 668,217,315 | 978,459,876 | 1,074,591,885 |  |  |

Note 19-Current and Non-Current Leasing Liabilities (continued)
As of December 31, 2020

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Debtor's } \\ & \text { Taxpayer ID } \end{aligned}$ | Debtor | Country | Creditor | Currency or Indexed or Index Unit | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Up to } 90 \\ & \text { days } \end{aligned}$ | From 91 days to 1 year | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \begin{array}{c} \text { Turrent } \\ \text { debt } \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | More than 1 year up to 2 years | More than 2 years up to 3 years | $\begin{gathered} \text { More than } 3 \\ \text { years pupt to } 4 \\ \text { years } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { More than } 4 \\ & \text { years sp to to } \\ & \text { years } \end{aligned}$ | More than 5 years | Total NonCurrent debt | Total | Effective Rate | Nominal Rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 79598260-4 | Administradora de Sevicicios Computacionales y de Crédito CMR Falabella Lida. | Chile | Misc. creditors | CLP | 390,850 | 1,174,859 | 1,565,709 | 1,601,173 | 946,014 | 946,014 | 471,196 | 470,047 | 4,434,444 | 6,000,153 | 2.59\% | 2.59\% |
| 76046433-3 | Falabella inversiones Financieras S.A. | Chile | Misc. creditors | CLP | 46,275 | 92,577 | 138,852 | 276,968 | 23,083 |  |  |  | 300,051 | 438,903 | 2.41\% | 2.41\% |
| 77261280-K | Falabella Retail S.A. | Chile | Misc. creditors | U.F. | 3,912,378 | 10,998,121 | 14,910,499 | 21,756,885 | 5,468,913 | 4,915,747 | 4,018,019 | 3,544,569 | 71,704,133 | 86,614,632 | 3,23\% | 3,23\% |
| 90749000-9 | Falabella S.A. | Chile | Misc. creditors | U.F. | 54,639 | 166,845 | 221,484 | 229,457 | 237,717 | 246,275 | 255,141 | 4,379,371 | 5,347,961 | 5,569,445 | 3,60\% | 3,60\% |
| 76587847-0 | Falabella Sevicios Profesionales de TI SpA. | Chile | Misc. creditors | CLP | 127,524 | 385,501 | 513,025 | 468,806 | 244,480 | 248,202 | 190,108 | 266,150 | 1,417,746 | 1,930,771 | 1,74\% | 1.74\% |
| 77612410-9 | Falabella Tecnologia Corporativa Litda. | Chile | Misc. creditors | U.F. | 212,545 | 649,029 | 861,574 | 892,591 | 924,724 | 956,014 | 992,502 | 17,036,695 | 20,803,526 | 21,665,100 | , $3.57 \%$ | 3,57\% |
| 77612410-9 | Falabella Tecnología Corporativa Litda. | Chile | Misc. creditors | USD | 29,109 | 87,327 | 116,436 | 51,829 |  |  |  |  | 51,829 | 168,265 | 1,99\% | 1.99\% |
| 78627210-6 | Hipermercados Totus S.A. | Chile | Misc. creditors | U.F. | 3,660,179 | 10,406,844 | 14,067,023 | 11,563,481 | 11,478,041 | 10,737,612 | 7,130,172 | 58,08, 138 | 98,998,444 | 113,065,467 | 3,00\% | 3,00\% |
| 76993859-1 | kso SpA. | Chile | Misc. creditors | U.F. | 60,309 | 181,461 | 241,70 | 243,197 | 265,083 | 246,196 |  | - | 754,476 | 996,246 | 0.59\% | 0.59\% |
| 76821330-5 | Imperial S.A. | Chile | Misc. creditiors | U.F. | 1,194,933 | 2,504,389 | 3,699,322 | 3,056,298 | 3,137,198 | 3,260,651 | 3,378,195 | 21,02, 220 | 33,855,562 | 37,55,884 | 3,59\% | 3.59\% |
| 76882330-8 | Nuevos Desarallos S.A. | Chile | Misc. creditors | U.F. | 106,345 | 269,857 | 376,202 | 433,301 | 428,548 | 239,475 | 243,162 | 5,298,048 | 6,642,534 | 7,018,736 | 3,46\% | 3,46\% |
| 99555550-6 | Plaza Antofagasta S.A. | Chile | Misc. creditors | U.F. | 122,427 | 359,716 | 482,143 | 492,137 | 506,829 | 521,962 | 537,549 | 4,806,145 | 6,864,622 | 7,346,765 | 2,97\% | 2.97\% |
| 76000935-0 | Promotora Chilena de Café Colombia S.A. | Chile | Misc. creditors | U.F. | 138,804 | 373,420 | 512,224 | 362,282 | 381,007 | 172,701 |  |  | 915,990 | 1,428,214 | 1.48\% | 1.48\% |
| 77099010-6 | Seguros Falabella Corredores Ltda. | Chile | Misc. creditors | CLP | 100,312 | 185,082 | 285,394 | 162,584 | 121,272 | 124,194 | 127,187 | 320,169 | 855,406 | 1,140,800 | 2.41\% | 2.41\% |
| 78566830-8 | Soc. de Cobranzas Legales Lexicom Lida. | Chile | Misc. creditors | CLP | 1,324 | 3,972 | 5,296 |  |  |  |  | - |  | 5,296 | 2.10\% | 2.10\% |
| 96792430-K | Sodimac S.A. | Chile | Misc. creditiors | CLP | 29,507 | 82,380 | 111,887 | 91,925 | 8,924 |  |  |  | 100,849 | 212,736 | 4,36\% | 4,36\% |
| 96792430-K | Sodimac S.A. | Chile | Misc. creditors | U.F. | 4,776,676 | 13,281,908 | 18,058,584 | 16,163,736 | 16,318,915 | 16,256,592 | 16,755,727 | 202,902,891 | 268,397,861 | 286,456,445 | 3,40\% | 3,40\% |
| 0-E | DP Factory S.A | Argentina | Misc. creditors | ARS | 26,331 | 89,278 | 115,609 | 147,291 | 186,430 | 150,052 |  |  | 483,773 | 599,382 | 23,53\% | 23,53\% |
| 0-E | Falabella S.A. | Argentina | Misc. creditors | ARS | 429,172 | 935,176 | 1,364,348 | 1,472,037 | 1,492,894 | 1,515,704 | 1,231,441 | 5,753,534 | 11,465,610 | 12,829,958 | 13,78\% | 13,78\% |
| 0-E | Falabella S.A. | Argentina | Misc. creditors | USD | 45,063 | 142,895 | 187,958 | 209,869 | 234,335 | 261,654 | 292,157 | 1,636,193 | 2,634,208 | 2,822,166 | 2,10\% | 2,10\% |
| 0-E | Constudecor S.A | Brasil | Misc. creditors | BRL | 1,172,021 | 3,149,347 | 4,321,368 | 4,116,369 | 3,358,752 | 3,489,160 | 3,556,522 | 28,927,931 | 43,448,734 | 47,770,102 | 14,16\% | 14,16\% |
| O-E | ABC de Serricios S.A.S. | Colombia | Misc. creditors | COP | 39,372 | 121,715 | 161,087 | 171,030 | 119,236 |  |  | - | 290,266 | 451,353 | 6.17\% | 6.17\% |
| 0-E | Agencia de Seguros Falabella Ltda. | Colombia | Misc. creditors | COP | 45,017 | 90,011 | 135,028 | 298,425 |  |  |  |  | 298,425 | 433,453 | 8,00\% | 8,00\% |
| 0-E | Falabella Colombia S.A. | Colombia | Misc. creditors | COP | 1,497,223 | 4,333,611 | 5,830,834 | 5,155,999 | 5,319,781 | 5,653,572 | 5,532,089 | 23,617,438 | 45,278,879 | 51,109,713 | 10,84\% | 10,84\% |
| O-E | Linio Colombia S.AS. | Colombia | Misc. creditors | COP |  |  |  | 515,226 | . |  |  | - | 515,226 | 515,226 | 16,12\% | 16,12\% |
| 0-E | Mall Plaza Servicios S.A.S. | Colombia | Misc. creditiors | COP | 14,808 |  | 14,808 |  | - | - | - | - |  | 14,808 | 5.50\% | 5.50\% |
| 0-E | Falabella Corporate Senices India Private Linited | India | Misc. creditors | INR | 99,922 | 338,615 | 438,537 | 724,469 | . | . |  | . | 724,469 | 1,163,006 | 10,15\% | 10,15\% |
| 0-E | Bazaya México S.A. de R.L. de C.V. | México | Misc. creditors | MxN | - | - | - | 482,347 | - | - | - | - | 482,347 | 482,347 | 7,48\% | 7,48\% |
| 0-E | Bazaya Mexico S.A. de R.L. de C.V. | México | Misc. creditiors | USD |  |  |  | 18,430 |  |  | . | - | 18,430 | 18,430 | 2.46\% | 2,46\% |
| O-E | Corredorade Seguros Falabella S.A.C | Perú | Misc. creditors | USD | 27,552 | 102,329 | 129,881 | 361,982 | 181,172 | 145,548 |  | 96,658 | 785,360 | 915,241 | 5,13\% | 5,13\% |
| O-E | Hipermercado Totus S.A. | Perú | Misc. creditors | PEN | 175,545 | 356,625 | 532,170 | 570,109 | 585,714 | 602,319 | 648,963 | 11,177,421 | 13,584,526 | 14,116,696 | 1,79\% | 1.79\% |
| 0-E | Hipermercado Totus S.A. | Perú | Misc. creditiors | USD | 403,828 | 1,447,194 | 1,851,022 | 3,373,507 | 3,130,414 | 3,059,534 | 3,222,888 | 28,967,009 | 41,753,352 | 43,604,374 | 4.64\% | 4.64\% |
| 0-E | Inmobiliaria Domel S.A.C. | Perú | Misc. creditiors | USD | 87,933 | 270,176 | 358,109 | 384,408 | 412,116 | 181,274 |  |  | 977,798 | 1,335,907 | 4,17\% | 4,17\% |
| 0-E | Falabella.com S.A.C | Perú | Misc. creditors | USD |  |  |  | 154,933 | - | - | - | - | 154,933 | 154,933 | 4.80\% | 4.80\% |
| 0-E | Mall Plaza Perí S.A. | Perú | Misc. creditors | USD | 36,099 | 110,974 | 147,073 | 6,263 | - |  | - |  | 6,263 | 153,336 | 4,62\% | 4,62\% |
| O-E | SAGA Falabella quuitos S.A.C. | Perú | Misc. creditors | PEN | 7,336 | 23,019 | 30,355 | 33,738 | 28,546 | 30,378 | 32,328 | 83,674 | 208,664 | 239,019 | 1.88\% | 1.88\% |
| 0-E | SAGA Falabella lquitos S.A.C. | Perú | Misc. creditors | USD | 24,686 | 76,096 | 100,782 | 103,540 | 53,151 | 57,958 | 61,286 | 195,460 | 471,395 | 572,177 | 3,98\% | 3,98\% |
| O-E | SAGA Falabella S S.A. | Perú | Misc. creditors | PEN | 426,222 | 1,416,328 | 1,842,550 | 1,983,594 | 1,849,121 | 1,542,074 | 1,635,359 | 24,031,611 | 31,041,759 | 32,84,309 | 3,77\% | 3,77\% |
| O-E | SAGA Falabella S.A. | Perú | Misc. creditiors | USD | 781,982 | 2,305,414 | 3,087,396 | 2,794,618 | 2,011,850 | 2,375,473 | 2,310,742 | 16,443,630 | 25,936,313 | 29,023,709 | 2,55\% | 2,55\% |
| O-E | Salon Motor Plaza S.A. | Perú | Misc. creditors | USD | 22,803 | 61,283 | 84,086 | 102,268 |  |  |  |  | 102,268 | 186,354 | 5,75\% | 5,75\% |
| O-E | Tienda de Mejoramiento del Hogar S.A. | Perú | Misc. creditiors | PEN | 26,265 | 81,859 | 108,124 | 116,670 | 125,891 | 135,841 | 146,578 | 6,344,210 | 6,869,190 | 6,977,314 | 7,92\% | 7,92\% |
| 0-E | Tienda de Mejioramiento del Hogar S.A. | Perú | Misc. creditiors | USD | 666,340 | 1,946,838 | 2,613,178 | 4,107,178 | 4,438,154 | 4,091,876 | 3,524,295 | 81,807,298 | 97,968,801 | 100,581,979 | 6,02\% | 6,02\% |
| 0-E | Homecenter Sodimac S.A. | Uruguay | Misc. creditors | USD | 42,525 | 131,143 | 173,668 | 188,690 | 188,690 | 210,654 | 210,654 | 765,966 | 1,564,654 | 1,738,322 | 1,41\% | 1.41\% |
| 0-E | Homecenter Sodimac S.A. | Uruguay | Misc. creditors | UYU | 39,058 | 120,621 | 159,679 | 381,418 | 381,418 | 355,062 | 355,055 | 3,608,957 | 5,081,910 | 5,241,589 | 4.40\% | 4.40\% |

## Note 19 - Current and Non-Current Leasing Liabilities (continued)

b) As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, lease liabilities from Banking Businesses are detailed as follows

Al 31 de diciembre 2021

| Debtor's Taxpayer ID | Debtor | Country | Creditor | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|} \hline \text { Currency } \\ \text { or } \\ \text { Indexed } \\ \text { Unit } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Up to } 90 \\ \text { days } \end{gathered}$ | From 91 days | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { Current } \\ & \text { debt } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { More than 1 } \\ & \text { year up to } \\ & \text { years } \end{aligned}$ | More than 2 years up to 3 years | More than 3 years up to 4 years up to 4 years | $\begin{gathered} \text { More than } 4 \\ \text { years up to } 5 \\ \text { years } \end{gathered}$ | More than 5 years | Total NonCurrent debt | Total | Effective | Nominal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 96509660-4 | Banco Falabella | Chile | Misc. creditors | CLP | 1,995 |  | 1,995 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,995 | 2,94\% | 2,94\% |
| 96509660-4 | Banco Falabella | Chile | Misc. creditors | U.F. | 1,354,951 | 3,198,172 | 4,553,123 | 2,597,227 | 1,809,355 | 1,249,243 | 411,162 | 459,447 | 6,526,434 | 11,079,557 | 1.54\% | 1,54\% |
| 90743000-6 | Promotora CMR Falabella S.A. | Chile | Misc. creditiors | U.F. | 2,226 | 6.683 | 8,909 | 8.919 | 744 |  |  |  | 9,663 | 18,572 | 0,11\% | 0,11\% |
| O-E | Banco Falabella S.A. | Colombia | Misc. creditiors | COP | 291,585 | 893,581 | 1,185,166 | 1,127,511 | 761.569 | 629,951 | 383,542 | 2,733,457 | 5,636,030 | 6,821,196 | 7,15\% | ${ }^{7,15 \%}$ |
| 0-E | Banco Falabella Perús.A. | Perú | Misc. creditors | PEN | 54,961 | 111,590 | 166,551 | 380,125 | 376,161 | 357,291 | 296,997 | 721,491 | 2,132,065 | 2,298,616 | 1,85\% | 1,85\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Al 31 de diciembre 2020

| Debtor's Taxpayer ID | Debtor | Country | Creditor | $\begin{gathered} \text { Currency } \\ \text { or } \\ \text { Indexed } \\ \text { Unit } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Upto } 90 \\ & \text { days } \end{aligned}$ | From 91 days to 1 year | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { Current } \\ & \text { debt } \end{aligned}$ | More than year up to 2 years | More than 2 years up to 3 years | More than 3 years up to 4 years | $\begin{gathered} \text { More than } 4 \\ \text { years } \\ \text { years to } 5 \end{gathered}$ | More than 5 years | Total Non- Current debt | Total | Effective | Nominal Rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 96509660-4 | Banco Falabella | Chile | Misc. creaitors | U.F. | 1,796,673 | 2,968,401 | 4,765,074 | 2,638,603 | 1,413,164 | 824,275 | 594,704 | 246,745 | 5,717,491 | 10,482,565 | 2.22\% | 2,22\% |
| 0-E | Banco Falabella S.A. | Colombia | Misc. creditors | COP | 304,155 | 820,685 | 1,124,840 | 1,203,247 | 1,148,262 | 789,457 | 724,297 | 3,473,431 | 7,388,694 | 8,463,534 | 7,15\% | 7,15\% |
| 0-E | Banco Falabella Perú S.A. | Perí | Misc. creditors | PEN | 136,698 | 398,241 | 534,939 | 452,926 | 342,406 | 352,458 | 288,294 | 1,168,243 | 2,604,327 | 3,139,266 | 2,36\% | 2,36\% |
| O-E | Banco Falabella Perú S.A. | Perí | Misc. creditors | USD | 190,356 | 535,412 | 725,768 | 645,711 | 613,879 | 634,698 | 662,041 | 1,869,594 | 4,425,923 | 5,151,691 | 2,92\% | 2,92\% |
|  |  |  |  | Total | 2,427,882 | 4,722,739 | 7,150,621 | 4,940,487 | 3,517,711 | 2,600,888 | 2,269,336 | 6,758,013 | 20,086,435 | 27,237,056 |  |  |

Lease payments were ThCh\$ 152,155,014and ThCh\$ 133,099,038 as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, which are classified as operating cash flows in the Statement of Cash Flows.

Note 20 - Current and Non-Current Trade and Other Payables
Trade and other payables are detailed as follows:

| Dec-31-21 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Liability | Up to 1 month | 1 to 3 months | 3 to 12 months | Total Current | 1 to 5 years | Total NonCurrent |
|  | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ |
| Trade creditors | 863,517,963 | 219,732,041 | 24,781,094 | 1,108,031,098 | - | - |
| Miscellaneous creditors | 11,851,511 | 382,743 | 5,915,340 | 18,149,594 | 1,098,361 | 1,098,361 |
| Other payables | 38,173,097 | 4,536,439 | 127,488,832 | 170,198,368 | - | - |
| Total | 913,542,571 | 224,651,223 | 158,185,266 | 1,296,379,060 | 1,098,361 | 1,098,361 |


| Dec-31-20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Liability | Up to 1 month | 1 to 3 months | 3 to 12 months | Total Current | 1 to 5 years | Total NonCurrent |
|  | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ |
| Trade creditors | 816,352,609 | 237,678,293 | 26,088,641 | 1,080,119,543 | - | - |
| Miscellaneous creditors | 7,938,834 | 722,946 | 5,802,934 | 14,464,714 | 1,074,634 | 1,074,634 |
| Other payables | 35,750,958 | 5,345,624 | 9,420,088 | 50,516,670 | - | - - |
| Total | 860,042,401 | 243,746,863 | 41,311,663 | 1,145,100,927 | 1,074,634 | 1,074,634 |

The Company's principal suppliers as of December 31, 2021 are detailed as follows. The average supplier payment term varies between 37 and 98 days, depending on the business and the country.

| Supplier Name |
| :--- |
| Samsung Electronics |
| Apple |
| Lg Electronics |
| HP Inc |
| Industria Metalúrgica Limitada |
| Alicorp |
| Nestle |
| Intcomex |
| Black \& Decker |
| Electrolux |

Note 20 - Current and Non-Current Trade and Other Payables (continued)
Creditors not due

Dec-31-21

| Supplier | Amounts According to Payment Terms |  |  |  |  |  | Total ThCh\$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under 30 days | 31-60 days | 61-90 days | 91-120 days | 121-365 days | Over 365 days |  |
| Goods | 554,657,074 | 167,880,503 | 39,229,570 | 14,312,241 | 7,008,746 | - | 783,088,134 |
| Services | 274,382,585 | 22,123,540 | 3,104,959 | 2,277,285 | 1,714,228 | - | 303,602,597 |
| Others | 7,896,293 | 1,363,968 | 240,237 | 439,772 | 714,703 | - | 10,654,973 |
| Total | 836,935,952 | 191,368,011 | 42,574,766 | 17,029,298 | 9,437,677 | - | 1,097,345,704 |

Dec-31-20

| Supplier | Amounts According to Payment Terms |  |  |  |  |  | Total ThCh\$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under 30 days | 31-60 days | 61-90 days | 91-120 days | 121-365 days | Over 365 days |  |
| Goods | 565,082,061 | 190,614,060 | 37,791,243 | 18,133,808 | 5,666,303 | - | 817,287,475 |
| Services | 202,710,222 | 11,821,237 | 5,107,452 | 1,639,362 | 2,570,931 | - | 223,849,204 |
| Others | 7,225,530 | 640,152 | 173,377 | 108,343 | 744,441 | - | 8,891,843 |
| Total | 775,017,813 | 203,075,449 | 43,072,072 | 19,881,513 | 8,981,675 | - | 1,050,028,522 |

## Creditors overdue

Falabella has a conservative financial policy and a solid liquidity position that allows it to fulfill its obligations with its suppliers without major issues. Therefore, the overdue amounts owed to suppliers as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are primarily due to invoices that contain differences, the majority of which are rapidly resolved, due to the continuing management of supplier payables.

Dec-31-21

| Supplier | Amounts According to Payment Terms |  |  |  |  |  | Total ThCh\$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under 30 days | 31-60 days | 61-90 days | 91-120 days | 121-180 days | Over 180 days |  |
| Goods | 2,761,871 | 1,379,310 | 560,374 | 298,311 | 128,315 | 1,284,554 | 6,412,735 |
| Services | 1,270,608 | 266,522 | 254,126 | 198,908 | 182,443 | 430,970 | 2,603,577 |
| Others | 606,347 | 711,118 | 187,347 | 123,516 | 32,014 | 8,740 | 1,669,082 |
| Total | 4,638,826 | 2,356,950 | 1,001,847 | 620,735 | 342,772 | 1,724,264 | 10,685,394 |

Dec-31-20

| Supplier | Amounts According to Payment Terms |  |  |  |  |  | Total ThCh\$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under 30 days | 31-60 days | 61-90 days | 91-120 days | 121-180 days | Over 180 days |  |
| Goods | 13,264,728 | 7,294,715 | 3,268,392 | 594,093 | 242,733 | 413,498 | 25,078,159 |
| Services | 621,958 | 1,093,962 | 128,279 | 1,782,518 | 150,787 | 420,057 | 4,197,561 |
| Others | 18,417 | 9,116 | 88,236 | 16,718 | 639,609 | 43,205 | 815,301 |
| Total | 13,905,103 | 8,397,793 | 3,484,907 | 2,393,329 | 1,033,129 | 876,760 | 30,091,021 |

## Note 21 - Current and Non-Current Provisions

a) Provisions for the Non-Banking Business are detailed as follows:

| Non-Banking Business | Current |  | Non-Current |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Provisions | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| Legal claims and contingencies provisions ${ }^{(1)}$ | $27,527,224$ | $24,413,788$ | $5,750,667$ | $5,372,816$ |
| Dismantling, restoration and rehabilitation costs (2) | - | - | $3,643,680$ | $3,052,962$ |
| Allowances on used lines of credit ${ }^{(3)}$ | - | $1,260,380$ | - | - |
| Other provisions (4) | 242,143 | 378,788 | - | - |
| Total | $27,769,367$ | $\mathbf{2 6 , 0 5 2 , 9 5 6}$ | $\mathbf{9 , 3 9 4 , 3 4 7}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 4 2 5 , 7 7 8}$ |

b) Provisions for the Banking Business are detailed as follows:

| Banking Business |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Provisions | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| Legal claims and contingencies provisions ${ }^{(1)}$ | $1,963,780$ | $2,840,631$ |
| Dismantling, restoration and rehabilitation costs ${ }^{(2)}$ | 304,135 | 282,375 |
| Allowances for unused lines of credit ${ }^{(3)}$ | $50,988,653$ | $27,657,713$ |
| Other provisions (4) | 504,913 | 244,983 |
| Total | $53,761,481$ | $31,025,702$ |

${ }^{(1)}$ Legal claims and contingencies provisions are claims that our legal advisors consider to have a high probability of loss.
${ }^{(2)}$ Dismantling, restoration and rehabilitation costs arise from the dismantling policy, and provisions are reviewed annually to ensure that the estimated amounts remain reasonable, and whether there are new amounts to be recorded for assets acquired or built.
${ }^{(3)}$ Allowances for unused lines of credit are the expected credit losses on the unused portion of credit lines, which must be recognized according to IFRS 9.
${ }^{(4)}$ Other provisions are other third party obligations, where there is a high probability of payment.

Note 21 - Current and Non-Current Provisions (continued)
c) Movements in provisions for the Non-Banking Business are detailed as follows:

| Movements in provisions | Legal claims provision |  | Dismantling, restoration and rehabilitation costs |  | Unused lines of credit |  | Other provisions |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Current | Non-Current ThCh\$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Current } \\ & \text { ThCh\$ } \end{aligned}$ | Non-Current ThCh\$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Current } \\ & \text { ThCh\$ } \end{aligned}$ | Non-Current ThCh\$ | Current ThCh\$ | Non-Current ThCh\$ | Current <br> ThCh\$ | Non-Current ThCh\$ |
| Balance as of January 1, 2021 | 24,413,788 | 5,372,816 |  | 3,052,962 | 1,260,380 |  | 378,788 |  | 26,052,956 | 8,425,778 |
| Additional provisions | 3,175,353 | 302,526 |  | 56,542 |  |  |  |  | 3,175,353 | 359,068 |
| Increase (decrease) in current provisions | $(923,896)$ | $(383,961)$ |  | 295,183 | $(1,133,595)$ | - | $(137,514)$ |  | $(2,195,005)$ | $(88,778)$ |
| Conversion adjustment | 861,979 | 459,286 |  | 238,993 | $(126,785)$ |  | 869 |  | 736,063 | 698,279 |
| Balance as of December 31, 2021 | 27,527,224 | 5,750,667 |  | 3,643,680 |  | - | 242,143 | - | 27,769,367 | 9,394,347 |
| Balance as of January 1, 2020 | 22,516,176 | 6,432,212 |  | 3,158,646 | 1,003,763 |  | 238,195 |  | 23,758,134 | 9,590,858 |
| Additional provisions | 5,196,027 | 739,760 |  | 96,923 |  |  |  |  | 5,196,027 | 836,683 |
| Increase (decrease) in current provisions | $(896,637)$ | $(781,026)$ |  | 119,685 | 582,376 |  | 142,271 |  | $(171,990)$ | $(661,341)$ |
| Conversion adjustment | (2,401,778) | $(1,018,130)$ |  | $(322,292)$ | $(325,759)$ |  | $(1,678)$ |  | $(2,729,215)$ | $(1,340,422)$ |
| Balance as of December 31, 2020 | 24,413,788 | 5,372,816 |  | 3,052,962 | 1,260,380 | - | 378,788 | - | 26,052,956 | 8,425,778 |

d) Movements in provisions for the Banking Business are detailed as follows:


Note 22 - Current and Non-Current Employee Benefits Provisions
a) Employee benefit expenses are included in the statement of net income under the item Administrative expenses and are detailed as follows:

Non-Banking Business

| Employee Benefit Expenses | Jan 01-21 <br> Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Jan 01-20 <br> Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Wages and salaries | $828,723,922$ | $773,595,908$ |
| Bonuses and other short-term benefits | $270,313,536$ | $216,218,086$ |
| Defined benefit expense | $3,816,445$ | $4,979,762$ |
| Termination expenses | $28,393,719$ | $57,726,738$ |
| Share-based payments | 601,140 | 501,911 |
| Other personnel expenses | $28,576,708$ | $17,704,793$ |
| Staff costs | $\mathbf{1 , 1 6 0 , 4 2 5 , 4 7 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 0 7 0 , 7 2 7 , 1 9 8}$ |

Banking Business

| Employee Benefit Expenses | Jan 01-21 <br> Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Jan 01-20 <br> Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Wages and salaries | $83,085,819$ | $96,495,314$ |
| Bonuses and other short-term benefits | $33,583,172$ | $31,881,403$ |
| Termination expenses | $7,578,173$ | $4,239,870$ |
| Share-based payments | $(72,738)$ | 25,445 |
| Other personnel expenses | $7,991,522$ | $7,091,402$ |
| Staff costs | $\mathbf{1 3 2 , 1 6 5 , 9 4 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 9 , 7 3 3 , 4 3 4}$ |

b) Employee benefit provisions for the Non-Banking Business are detailed as follows:

|  | Current |  | Non-Current |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Employee Benefit Provisions | Dec-31-21 | Dec-31-20 | Dec-31-21 | Dec-31-20 |
|  | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ |
| Vacation provision | $62,202,367$ | $52,961,086$ |  | - |
| Profit sharing and bonuses provision | $98,424,014$ | $57,447,105$ | $11,876,387$ | $6,165,658$ |
| Defined benefit provisions | $2,745,571$ | $1,564,879$ | $35,825,718$ | $37,434,093$ |
| Retentions | $28,385,933$ | $23,888,439$ | - | - |
| Remuneration provisions | $11,967,063$ | $7,722,091$ | - | - |
| Other provisions | $3,400,248$ | $1,991,078$ | - | - |
| Total Employee Benefit Provisions | $\mathbf{2 0 7 , 1 2 5 , 1 9 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 5 , 5 7 4 , 6 7 8}$ | $\mathbf{4 7 , 7 0 2 , 1 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{4 3 , 5 9 9 , 7 5 1}$ |

c) The Employee defined benefit provisions are detailed as follows:

|  | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Defined benefits provision, current | $2,745,571$ | $1,564,879$ |
| Defined benefits provision, non-current | $35,825,718$ | $37,434,093$ |
| Total Defined Benefits | $38,571,289$ | $38,998,972$ |

## Note 22 - Current and Non-Current Employee Benefits Provisions (continued)

c.1) A reconciliation of the benefit provisions, detailed expenses for the year and main assumptions used to calculate the obligation are as follows:

| Reconciliation of Defined Benefits Plan Present Value | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Opening balance as of January 1 | $38,998,972$ | $46,674,852$ |
| Cost of current service, defined benefits obligations ${ }^{(1)}$ | $2,718,577$ | $3,411,025$ |
| Cost of interest on defined benefits obligations ${ }^{(1)}$ | $1,097,868$ | $1,568,737$ |
| Actuarial gains (losses) on defined benefits obligation by experience and assumptions ${ }^{(2)}$ | 107,719 | $(575,530)$ |
| Defined benefit payments | $(2,328,094)$ | $(1,748,262)$ |
| Termination settlements ${ }^{(1)}$ | $(2,023,753)$ | $(10,331,850)$ |
| Closing balance as of December 31 | $38,571,289$ | $38,998,972$ |

${ }^{(1)}$ Recorded in the statement of net income for the year as Administrative Expense.
${ }^{(2)}$ Recorded in the statement of other comprehensive income within "Other reserves" in equity.
c.2) Actuarial assumptions

The main actuarial assumptions are as follows:

|  | Dec-31-21 | Dec-31-20 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Discount rate used | BCU average rate | BCU average rate |
| Expected salary increase rate | $2,17 \%$ actual average rate, according to | $2,28 \%$ actual average rate, according to |
|  | position, | position, |
| Average staff turnover rate | $9,57 \%$ turnover rate, according to | $9,43 \%$ turnover rate, according to historical |
|  | historical company data, | company data, |
| Mortality table name | GS FMC 398 | GS FMC 398 |
| Other significant actuarial assumptions | Legal ages of retirement by gender | Legal ages of retirement by gender |

c,3) Sensitivity analysis
As of December 31, 2021, the value sensitivity of the employee benefit actuarial liability to one-percent variations in the actuarial variables of the Company's most significant liabilities is detailed as follows:

| Variables | $1 \%$ <br> decrease <br> (in ThCh\$) | $1 \%$ <br> increase <br> (in ThCh\$) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Discount rate | $2,425,867$ | $(1,882,998)$ |
| Turnover rate | $4,051,007$ | $(3,865,902)$ |
| Salary rate | $(2,110,117)$ | $2,402,515$ |

d) Share-based payments and other long-term incentive plans:

The Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting held on August 27, 2013 approved a compensation plan for Company executives, by granting options to subscribe to shares, which executives may exercise within a 5 year term.

The 2013 program included the repurchase of those shares, but not newly issued shares, as exercised at $30 \%$, $30 \%$ and $40 \%$ in years 3,4 and 5 , respectively.

Although the 2013 program expired on June 30, 2018, as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company had treasury shares related to the 2013 program in the amount of ThCh\$ 27,738,111 and ThCh\$ 43,405,118 respectively, which have been accounted for as an equity decrease.

## Note 22 - Current and Non-Current Employee Benefits Provisions (continued)

d) Share-based payments and other long-term incentive plans (continued)

The Board of Directors approved a long-term incentive plan for Company executives on May 30, 2017. This plan retains and aligns incentives for senior executives with those of shareholders. The incentive plan is divided into two components, each lasting for three years.

The first component is subject to the executive remaining with the Company for the duration of the program, where the Company agrees to pay a bonus in cash, equal to the average market value of the Company's shares 60 days prior to the date of payment, for a number of shares that will depend on the position and performance of the executive.

The second component offers the executive the option to acquire a number of Company shares and for each share acquired and kept continuously for the duration of the program, the Company will pay a cash bonus equivalent to a factor of such shares purchased, valued at the average market value of the Company's shares 60 days prior to the date of payment. Similarly to the previous component, it depends on the position and performance of the executive.

The 2017 plan was paid during June 2020.
The effect on Administrative Expenses in the statement of net income for the year ended December 31, 2020 was a credit of ThCh\$ 2,369,216.

The Board of Directors approved a long-term incentive plan for Company executives on April 24, 2018. This new plan seeks to retain and align incentives for senior executives with those of shareholders. The incentive plan is divided into two components, each lasting for three years.

The first component is subject to the executive remaining with the Company for the duration of the program, where the Company agrees to pay a bonus in cash, equal to the average market value of the Company's shares 60 days prior to the date of payment, for a number of shares that will depend on the position and performance of the executive, subject to a minimum value of the average share price, which will increase according to a factor.

The second component offers the executive the option to acquire a number of Company shares and for each share acquired and kept continuously for the duration of the program, the Company will pay a cash bonus equivalent to a factor of such shares purchased, valued at the average market value of the Company's shares 60 days prior to the date of payment. Similarly, to the previous component, it depends on the position and performance of the executive.

The 2018 benefit plan was paid in May 2021.
The expense for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 was ThCh\$ 1,577,054 and ThCh\$ 900,948, respectively, and was charged to Administration expenses.
On April 23, 2019, the Board of Directors approved a new long-term incentive plan for Company executives. This new plan seeks to retain and align incentives for senior executives with those of shareholders. The incentive plan is divided into two components, each lasting for three years.
The first component is subject to the executive remaining with the Company for the duration of the program, where the Company agrees to pay a bonus in cash, equal to the average market value of the Company's shares 60 days prior to the date of payment, for a number of shares that will depend on the position and performance of the executive, subject to a minimum value of the average share price, which will increase according to a factor.

## Note 22 - Current and Non-Current Employee Benefits Provisions (continued)

d) Share-based payments and other long-term incentive plans (continued)

The second component offers the executive the option to acquire a number of Company shares and for each share acquired and kept continuously for the duration of the program, the Company will pay a cash bonus equivalent to a factor of such shares purchased, valued at the average market value of the Company's shares 60 days prior to the date of payment. Similarly to the previous component, it depends on the position and performance of the executive.

The expense for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, was ThCh\$ 2,105,456 and ThCh\$ 2,034,928, respectively, and was charged to Administration expenses, with the counterpart in Employee benefit provisions.
The main assumptions used to calculate the fair value of the first component of these plans are detailed as follows:

|  | Plan 2018 | Plan 2019 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Number of shares granted | $1,815,389$ | $2,184,450$ |
| Dividend yield (\%) | $0,59 \%$ | $1,26 \%$ |
| Expected volatility in the share price (\%) | $40,88 \%$ | $40,68 \%$ |
| Risk-free interest rate (\%) | $0,77 \%$ | $5,15 \%$ |
| Plan life (years) | 3 | 3 |
| Share price (\$) | $3,210,00$ | $2,779,00$ |
| Period covered | 09-01-2018/ 05-15-2021 | 06-01-2019/ 05-15-2022 |
| Model used | Monte Carlo Simulation | Monte Carlo Simulation |
| Model name | Bivariate Brownian Motion | Bivariate Brownian Motion |

The expected share price volatility reflects the assumption that historical volatility is indicative of future trends, which may not necessarily be the actual outcome.
On May 12, 2020, the Company's Board of Directors approved a new variable and contingent long-term incentive plan for certain executives of the Company and its subsidiaries, including but not limited to the Company's senior executives, for the period 2020 to 2023, This plan is designed to retain these executives and to align their objectives with the creation of medium and long term value for shareholders, The plan has two components: (i) an investment in Company shares by each executive, purchased on the stock exchange and financed with an exclusive loan granted by the Company for this purpose; and, ii) cash payment of a one-time fixed bonus in 2023, for two thirds of the exclusive loan value, which will only be paid if the executive has been continually employed the Company, any of its subsidiaries, or by any combination of these at the date of payment.

Each executive has a different loan and bonus within the 2020 to 2023 variable and contingent long-term incentive plan. All other terms and conditions, including the interest rate, are identical for all executives and were determined in accordance with the prices, terms and conditions prevailing in the market at the time the plan was approved.

The expense for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, for this plan was ThCh\$ 5,830,198 and ThCh\$ $1,545,988$, respectively, and was charged to Administration expenses, with the counterpart in Employee benefit provisions.

## Note 22 - Current and Non-Current Employee Benefits Provisions (continued)

d) Share-based payments and other long-term incentive plans, continued

On March 30, 2021, the Company's Board of Directors approved a new long-term variable and contingent incentive plan for some of the Company and subsidiaries' executives, including, but not limited to, the main executives of the Company. This plan has been established from 2021 to 2024 and its aim is to promote the permanence of the executives to whom it is addressed and ensure the alignment of the objectives with the generation of value for shareholders, in the medium and long term. This benefit plan consists of two parts: i) an investment plan in shares of the Company acquired on the stock market and financed with a loan granted by the Company for each beneficiary executive; and, ii) the payment of a single fixed bonus in the year 2024, for an amount in cash equivalent to two-thirds of the special use loan. This bonus will only be paid if the beneficiary has had an uninterrupted employment relationship with the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, or a continuous succession of employment relationships with any combination of the Group's subsidiaries on the payment date.

The amounts of the loans and bonuses of the 2021-2024 long-term variable and contingent incentive plan are different among the beneficiary executives. However, all remaining terms and conditions, including the interest rate, are identical for all executives and have been determined in accordance with the prices, terms and conditions prevailing in the market at the time of approval.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the credit recognized in Income for this plan amounted to ThCh\$ $3,764,840$, which was allocated to the item Administrative Expenses. The corresponding debit was allocated to the item Employee Benefit Provisions.

The total loans granted to executives under this incentive plan is disclosed in Note 7. In addition, loans granted by Plaza S.A. to their executives are included as incentive plans.

## Note 23-Other Current and Non-Current Non-Financial Liabilities

Current and non-current other non-financial liabilities are detailed as follows:

|  | Current |  | Non-Current |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Other non-financial liabilities | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| Guarantees received | $1,096,641$ | 605,649 | - | - |
| Prepaid rent received | $2,433,568$ | $1,688,336$ | $33,049,352$ | $33,462,811$ |
| Deferred income from customer loyalty programs (CMR points) | $19,115,237$ | $14,035,538$ | - | - |
| Prepaid sales | $94,147,201$ | $96,573,799$ | - | - |
| Credit notes receivable | $7,192,667$ | $5,279,079$ | - | - |
| VAT payable | $37,945,538$ | $54,322,446$ | - | - |
| Withholdings | $10,895,537$ | $7,815,849$ | - | - |
| Unexpired risk reserve | $7,780,189$ | $5,438,360$ | $14,663,787$ | $16,155,604$ |
| Others | $7,567,367$ | $9,149,333$ | 672,128 | $1,018,454$ |
| Total | $188,173,945$ | $194,908,389$ | $48,385,267$ | $50,636,869$ |

Note 24 - Savings accounts and other term deposits - Banking Business
Savings accounts and other term deposits are detailed as follows:

| Savings accounts and other term | Dec-31-21 <br> Teposits | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Term deposits | $2,169,178,360$ | $2,223,872,350$ |
| Savings accounts | $252,895,427$ | $197,398,855$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 , 4 2 2 , 0 7 3 , 7 8 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 4 2 1 , 2 7 1 , 2 0 5}$ |

## Note 25 - Bank Obligations - Banking Business

a) As of December 31, 2021 these are detailed as follows:

| Debtor ID number | Debtor Name | Debtor Country | Creditor ID number | Creditor Name | Creditor Country | Currency or Indexation unit according to Contract Conditions (ISO 4217) | Liability Exposed to Liquidity Risk by Maturity |  |  |  |  |  | Repayment Terms | Contractually Stipulated Nominal Value of Obligation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Up to 1 month | $1 \text { to } 3$ months | 3 to 12 months | 1 to 5 years | Over 5 years | Total |  |  |
| 90743000-6 | PROMOTORA CMR FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | 97018000-1 | BANCO SCOTIABANK | CHILE | CLP | 25,129,514 |  |  |  |  | 25,129,514 | At Maturity | 25,000,000 |
| 90743000-6 | PROMOTORA CMR FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | 97018000-1 | BANCO SCOTIABANK | CHILE | CLP |  | 25,098,389 |  |  |  | 25,098,389 | At Maturity | 25,000,000 |
| 90743000-6 | PROMOTORA CMR FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | 97018000-1 | BANCO SCOTIABANK | CHILE | CLP |  | 25,096,792 |  |  |  | 25,096,792 | At Maturity | 25,000,000 |
| 90743000-6 | PROMOTORA CMR FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | 97030000-7 | BANCO ESTADO | CHILE | CLP |  | 25,096,611 |  |  |  | 25,096,611 | At Maturity | 25,000,000 |
| 90743000-6 | PROMOTORA CMR FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | 97018000-1 | BANCO SCOTIABANK | CHILE | CLP |  | 25,091,681 |  |  |  | 25,091,681 | At Maturity | 25,000,000 |
| 90743000-6 | PROMOTORA CMR FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | 97023000-9 | BANCO ITAU | CHILE | CLP |  | 25,268,265 |  |  |  | 25,268,265 | At Maturity | 25,000,000 |
| 90743000-6 | PROMOTORA CMR FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | 97030000-7 | BANCO ESTADO | CHILE | CLP |  |  |  | 25,154,375 |  | 25,154,375 | At Maturity | 25,000,000 |
| 90743000-6 | PROMOTORA CMR FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | 97018000-1 | BANCO SCOTIABANK | CHILE | CLP |  |  | 25,131,542 |  |  | 25,131,542 | At Maturity | 25,000,000 |
| 90743000-6 | PROMOTORA CMR FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | 97004000-5 | BANCO CHILE | CHILE | CLP |  |  | 25,131,542 |  |  | 25,131,542 | At Maturity | 25,000,000 |
| 90743000-6 | PROMOTORA CMR FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | 97004000-5 | BANCO CHILE | CHILE | CLP |  |  |  | 25,142,257 |  | 25,142,257 | At Maturity | 25,000,000 |
| 90743000-6 | PROMOTORA CMR FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | 97004000-5 | BANCO CHILE | CHILE | CLP |  |  |  | 25,165,972 |  | 25,165,972 | At Maturity | 25,000,000 |
| 90743000-6 | PROMOTORA CMR FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | 97018000-1 | BANCO SCOTIABANK | CHILE | CLP |  |  |  | 25,171,875 |  | 25,171,875 | At Maturity | 25,000,000 |
| 90743000-6 | PROMOTORA CMR FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | 97030000-7 | BANCO ESTADO | CHILE | CLP |  |  |  | 25,165,764 |  | 25,165,764 | At Maturity | 25,000,000 |
| 90743000-6 | PROMOTORA CMR FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | 97030000-7 | BANCO ESTADO | CHILE | CLP | - | - |  | 25,163,715 | - | 25,163,715 | At Maturity | 25,000,000 |
| 90743000-6 | PROMOTORA CMR FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | 97030000-7 | BANCO ESTADO | CHILE | CLP | - | - |  | 25,159,722 | - | 25,159,722 | At Maturity | 25,000,000 |
| 90743000-6 | PROMOTORA CMR FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | 97030000-7 | BANCO ESTADO | CHILE | CLP |  |  |  | 25,157,326 |  | 25,157,326 | At Maturity | 25,000,000 |
| 90743000-6 | PROMOTORA CMR FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | 97030000-7 | BANCO ESTADO | CHILE | CLP |  |  |  | 6,043,200 |  | 6,043,200 | At Maturity | 6,000,000 |
| 90743000-6 | PROMOTORA CMR FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | 97023000-9 | BANCO ITAU | CHILE | CLP | - | - | 25,277,431 |  | - | 25,277,431 | At Maturity | 25,000,000 |
| 90743000-6 | PROMOTORA CMR FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | 97004000-5 | BANCO SANTANDER | CHILE | CLP |  |  | 25,285,480 |  |  | 25,285,480 | At Maturity | 25,000,000 |
| 90743000-6 | PROMOTORA CMR FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | 97018000-1 | BANCO SCOTIABANK | CHILE | CLP | - | - |  | 25,037,111 | - | 25,037,111 | At Maturity | 25,000,000 |
| 96509660-4 | BANCO FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | 97029000-1 | BANCO CENTRAL DE CHILE | CHILE | CLP | - | - |  | 102,661,426 |  | 102,661,426 | At Maturity | 102,660,000 |
| O-E | BANCO FALABELLA S,A, | COLOMBIA | 0-E | BANCO ITAU CORPBANCA COLOMBIA S,A, | COLOMBIA | USD |  |  | 7,957,393 | - |  | 7,957,393 | At Maturity | 7,942,414 |
| 0-E | BANCO FALABELLA S,A, | COLOMBIA | 0-E | BANCO BOGOTÁ (COLOMBIA) | COLOMBIA | USD |  | 7,121,133 |  |  |  | 7,121,133 | At Maturity | 7,106,371 |
| 0-E | BANCO FALABELLA S,A, | COLOMBIA | O-E | BANCO BOGOTÁ (COLOMBIA) | COLOMBIA | USD | - | 7,123,665 |  | - |  | 7,123,665 | At Maturity | 7,106,371 |
| 0-E | BANCO FALABELLA S,A, | COLOMBIA | 0-E | BANCO ITAU CORPBANCA COLOMBIA S,A, | COLOMBIA | USD |  |  | 5,019,558 | - |  | 5,019,558 | At Maturity | 5,016,262 |
| 0-E | BANCO FALABELLA S,A, | COLOMBIA | 0-E | BANCO BOGOTÁ (COLOMBIA) | COLOMBIA | USD | - | - | 1,673,206 | - | - | 1,673,206 | At Maturity | 1,672,087 |
| 0-E | BANCO FALABELLA S,A, | COLOMBIA | 0-E | BANCO ITAU CORPBANCA COLOMBIA S,A, | COLOMBIA | USD |  |  | 8,370,133 |  |  | 8,370,133 | At Maturity | 8,360,436 |
| 0-E | BANCO FALABELLA S,A, | COLOMBIA | 0-E | BANCO AV VILLAS (COLOMBIA) | COLOMBIA | COL |  | 853,416 |  | - |  | 853,416 | At Maturity | 852,180 |
| 0-E | BANCO FALABELLA S,A, | COLOMBIA | 0-E | BANCO AV VILLAS (COLOMBIA) | COLOMBIA | COL | - |  | 2,300,274 | - |  | 2,300,274 | At Maturity | 2,289,000 |
| 0-E | BANCO FALABELLA S,A, | COLOMBIA | 0-E | BANCOLOMBIA | COLOMBIA | COL |  |  | 8,454,631 |  |  | 8,454,631 | At Maturity | 8,400,000 |
| 0-E | BANCO FALABELLA S,A, | COLOMBIA | 0-E | BANCO POPULAR (COLOMBIA) | COLOMBIA | COL |  |  | 8,028,459 | - |  | 8,028,459 | At Maturity | 7,980,000 |
| 0-E | BANCO FALABELLA S,A, | COLOMBIA | O-E | BANCO OCCIDENTE S,A, (COLOMBIA) | COLOMBIA | COL | - | - | 4,447,939 | - | - | 4,447,939 | At Maturity | 4,410,000 |
| 0-E | BANCO FALABELLA S,A, | COLOMBIA | 0-E | BANCO SANTANDER COLOMBIA S,A, | COLOMBIA | COL |  |  | 9,138,773 | - |  | 9,138,773 | At Maturity | 9,030,000 |
| 0-E | BANCO FALABELLA S,A, | COLOMBIA | 0-E | BANCO SANTANDER COLOMBIA S, A, | COLOMBIA | COL |  |  | 24,626,255 |  |  | 24,626,255 | At Maturity | 24,570,000 |
| 0-E | BANCO FALABELLA S,A, | COLOMBIA | 0-E | BANCOLOMBIA | COLOMBIA | COL |  |  | 6,331,913 |  |  | 6,331,913 | At Maturity | 6,300,000 |
| 0-E | BANCO FALABELLA S,A, | COLOMBIA | 0-E | BANCO DE LA REPÚBLICA (COLOMBIA) | COLOMBIA | COL |  |  | 18,969,231 |  |  | 18,969,231 | At Maturity | 18,900,000 |
| 0-E | BANCO FALABELLA S,A, | COLOMBIA | O-E | BANCO DE LA REPUUBLICA (COLOMBIA) | COLOMBIA | COL |  | 42,650,538 | - | - | - | 42,650,538 | At Maturity | 42,000,000 |
| 0-E | BANCO FALABELLA S,A, | COLOMBIA | 0-E | BANCO DE LA REPÚBLICA (COLOMBIA) | COLOMBIA | COL |  | 31,865,903 |  |  |  | 31,865,903 | At Maturity | 31,500,000 |
| O-E | BANCO FALABELLA PERUS,A, | PERU | 0-E | FONDO MIVIVIENDA | PERUU | USD | 722 | 1,459 | 6,025 | 22,760 |  | 30,966 | Monthly | 30,966 |
| Total Bank Obligations |  |  |  |  |  |  | 25,130,236 | 215,267,852 | 206,149,785 | 335,045,503 | - | 781,593,376 |  |  |

Note 25 - Bank Obligations - Banking Business (continued)
b) As of December 31, 2020, these are detailed as follows:

| Debtor ID number | Debtor Name | Debtor Country | Creditor ID number | Creditor Name | Creditor Country | Currency orIndexation unitaccording toContractConditions (ISO4217) | Liability Exposed to Liquidity Risk by Maturity |  |  |  |  |  | RepaymentTerms | Contractually Stipulated Nominal Value of Obligation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Up to 1 month | $1 \text { to } 3$ months | $3 \text { to } 12$ months | $1 \text { to } 5$ years | Over 5 years | Total |  |  |
| 90743000-6 | PROMOTORA CMR FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | 5 5 | BANCO DE CHILE | CHILE | CLP | . | 15,313,471 | - | - | - | 15,313,471 | At Maturity | 15,000,000 |
| 90743000-6 | PROMOTORA CMR FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | $\begin{aligned} & 97030000- \\ & 7 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | BANCO ESTADO | CHILE | CLP | - | 25,527,188 | - | - | - | 25,527,188 | At Maturity | 25,000,000 |
| 90743000-6 | PROMOTORA CMR FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | $\begin{aligned} & 97030000- \\ & \hline 7 \end{aligned}$ | BANCO ESTADO | CHILE | CLP | - | 15,328,392 | - | - | - | 15,328,392 | At Maturity | 15,000,000 |
| 90743000-6 | PROMOTORA CMR FALABELLA S ,A, | CHILE | $\begin{aligned} & 97030000- \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ | BANCO ESTADO | CHILE | CLP | - | 10,218,928 | - | - | - | 10,218,928 | At Maturity | 10,000,000 |
| 90743000-6 | PROMOTORA CMR FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | $\begin{aligned} & 97018000- \\ & 1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | BANCO SCOTIABANK | CHILE | CLP | - | 15,353,050 | - |  | - | 15,353,050 | At Maturity | 15,000,000 |
| 90743000-6 | PROMOTORA CMR FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & \hline 97018000- \\ & 1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | BANCO SCOTIABANK | CHILE | CLP | - | 10,235,366 | - | - | - | 10,235,366 | At Maturity | 10,000,000 |
| 90743000-6 | PROMOTORA CMR FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | $\begin{aligned} & 97030000- \\ & 7 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | BANCO ESTADO | CHILE | CLP | - | - | 25,008,750 | - | - | 25,008,750 | At Maturity | 25,000,000 |
| 90743000-6 | PROMOTORA CMR FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 97018000- \\ & 1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | BANCO SCOTIABANK | CHILE | CLP | - | - | 25,005,418 |  | - | 25,005,418 | At Maturity | 25,000,000 |
| 90743000-6 | PROMOTORA CMR FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & \hline 97018000-1 \\ & 1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | BANCO SCOtIABANK | CHILE | CLP | 25,002,778 | - | - | - | - | 25,002,778 | At Maturity | 25,000,000 |
| 96509660-4 | BANCO FALABELLA S,A, | CHILE | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 97029000- \\ & 1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | BANCO CENTRAL DE CHILE | CHILE | CLP | - | - | - | 102,661,424 | - | 102,661,424 | At Maturity | 102,660,000 |
| 0-E | BANCO FALABELLA S,A, | COLOMBIA | 0-E | BANCO ITAU CORPBANCA COLOMBIA S,A, | COLOMBIA | USD | - | - | 6,849,377 | - | - | 6,849,377 | At Maturity | 6,847,838 |
| O-E | BANCO FALABELLA S,A, | COLOMBIA | O-E | BANCO ITAU CORPBANCA COLOMBIA S,A, | COLOMBIA | USD | - | - | 7,212,837 | - | - | 7,212,837 | At Maturity | 7,208,250 |
| 0-E | BANCO FALABELLA S,A, | COLOMBIA | 0-E | BANCO BOGOTÁ | COLOMBIA | USD | - | - | 1,442,137 |  | - | 1,442,137 | At Maturity | 1,441,650 |
| 0-E | BANCO FALABELLA S,A, | COLOMBIA | O-E | BANCO BOGOTÁ | COLOMBIA | USD | - | - | 6,129,813 | - | - | 6,129,813 | At Maturity | 6,127,013 |
| 0-E | BANCO FALABELLA S,A, | COLOMBIA | O-E | BANCO BOGOTÁ | COLOMBIA | USD | - | 6,129,707 | - | - | - | 6,129,707 | At Maturity | 6,127,013 |
| 0-E | BANCO FALABELLA S,A, | COLOMBIA | O-E | BANCO CAJA SOCIAL | COLOMBIA | COP | - | 5,250,496 | - | - | - | 5,250,496 | At Maturity | 5,250,000 |
| 0-E | BANCO FALABELLA S,A, | COLOMBIA | 0-E | BANCO CAJA SOCIAL | COLOMBIA | COP | - | 5,250,496 | - | - | - | 5,250,496 | At Maturity | 5,250,000 |
| 0-E | BANCO FALABELLA S,A, | COLOMBIA | 0-E | BANCO CAJA SOCIAL | COLOMBIA | COP | - | 5,250,496 | - | - | - | 5,250,496 | At Maturity | 5,250,000 |
| 0-E | BANCO FALABELLA S,A, | COLOMBIA | O-E | BANCO CAJA SOCIAL | COLOMBIA | COP | - | 5,250,746 | - | - | - | 5,250,746 | At Maturity | 5,250,000 |
| O-E | BANCO FALABELLA S,A, | COLOMBIA | O-E | BANCOLDEX S,A, | COLOMBIA | COP | - | 1,050,101 | - | - | - | 1,050,101 | At Maturity | 1,050,000 |
| 0-E | BANCO FALABELLA S,A, | COLOMBIA | 0-E | BANCO DE BOGOTÁ | COLOMBIA | COL | - | 21,406,413 | - | - | - | 21,406,413 | At Maturity | 21,000,000 |
| 0-E | BANCO FALABELLA PERUS,A, | PERÚ | 0-E | FONDO MI VIVIENDA | PERÚ | PEN | 211 | 641 | 1,767 | - | 6,374 | 8,993 | Monthly | 8,993 |
| O-E | BANCO FALABELLA PERU S,A, | PERÚ | 0-E | FONDO MI VIVIENDA | PERÚ | PEN | 5,419 | 16,470 | 45,492 | - | 164,955 | 232,336 | Monthly | 232,336 |
| Total Bank Obligations |  |  |  |  |  |  | 25,008,408 | 141,581,961 | 71,695,591 | 102,661,424 | 171,329 | 341,118,713 |  |  |

Note 26 - Debt Instruments Issued and Other Financial Obligations - Banking Business
a) As of December 31, 2021 these are detailed as follows:

| Debtor ID number | Debtor Name | Debtor Country | Creditor Name | Currency or <br> Indexation unit <br> according to <br> Contract Conditions <br> (ISO 4217) | Liability Exposed to Liquidity Risk by Maturity |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Repayment } \\ & \text { Terms } \end{aligned}$ | Contractually Stipulated Nominal Value of Obligation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Up to 1 month | 1 to 3 months | 3 to 12 months | 1 to 5 years | Over 5 years | Total |  |  |
| 96509660-4 | BANCO FALABELLA | CHILE | Current Bonds | UF | - | - | 3,875,965 | 16,913,300 | 35,940,762 | 56,730,027 | Six monthly | 57,495,755 |
| 96509660-4 | BANCO FALABELLA | CHILE | Current Bonds | UF | 370,600 | . | 2,223,599 | 17,788,794 | 26,683,191 | 47,066,184 | Six monthly | 47,228,935 |
| 96509660-4 | BANCO FALABELLA | CHILE | Subordinated Bonds | UF | - | - | 4,365,893 | 17,463,574 | 6,548,840 | 28,378,307 | Six monthly | 28,108,354 |
| 96509660-4 | BANCO FALABELLA | CHILE | Current Bonds | UF | - | - | 2,182,267 | 8,729,068 | 29,460,603 | 40,371,938 | At Maturity | 40,292,843 |
| 96509660-4 | BANCO FALABELLA | CHILE | Current Bonds | UF | - | - | 6,576,899 | 26,307,598 | 6,576,899 | 39,461,396 | Annual | 38,742,604 |
| Total debt instruments |  |  |  |  | $\cdot$ | - | $\cdot$ | - | 205,447,491 | 205,447,491 |  |  |

b) As of December 31, 2020 these are detailed as follows:

| Debtor ID number | Debtor Name | Debtor Country | Creditor Name | Currency orIndexation unitaccording toContractConditions (ISO4217) | Liability Exposed to Liquidity Risk by Maturity |  |  |  |  |  | Repayment Terms | Contractually Stipulated Nominal Value of Obligation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Up to 1 month | 1 to 3 months | 3 to 12 months | 1 to 5 years | Over 5 years | Total |  |  |
| 96509660-4 | BANCO FALABELLA | CHILE | Current Bonds | UF | . |  | 2,928,368 | 15,617,961 | 37,592,751 | 56,139,080 | Six monthly | 56,947,738 |
| 96509660-4 | BANCO FALABELLA | CHILE | Current Bonds | UF | 317,344 | - | 2,856,094 | 15,232,500 | 25,726,580 | 44,132,518 | Six monthly | 44,300,860 |
| 96509660-4 | BANCO FALABELLA | CHILE | Subordinated Bonds | UF | - | - | 3,034,411 | 16,183,527 | 10,965,448 | 30,183,386 | Six monthly | 29,857,935 |
| 96509660-4 | BANCO FALABELLA | CHILE | Current Bonds | UF | - | - | 1,455,982 | 7,765,239 | 28,652,936 | 37,874,157 | At Maturity | 37,794,788 |
| 96509660-4 | BANCO FALABELLA | CHILE | Current Bonds | UF | - | - | 3,976,966 | 21,210,486 | 11,930,898 | 37,118,350 | Annual | 36,340,660 |
| Total debt instruments |  |  |  |  | 317,344 |  | 14,251,821 | 76,009,713 | 114,868,613 | 205,447,491 |  |  |

c) Other Financial Obligations are detailed as follows:

| Other Financial Obligations | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Mortgage bonds | $58,566,048$ | $64,357,012$ |
| Public-sector obligations | $6,604,705$ | $10,378,581$ |
| Total | $65,170,753$ | $74,735,593$ |

## Note 27-Other Liabilities - Banking Business

Other Liabilities for the Banking Business are detailed as follows:

| Other liabilities | Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Suppliers and payables | $123,667,610$ | $84,102,715$ |
| Deferred income from client loyalty | $42,876,609$ | $34,320,346$ |
| Associated trade | $150,100,010$ | $118,699,989$ |
| Vacation and employee benefits provision | $10,949,202$ | $9,386,878$ |
| Retentions and other employee withholdings | $3,708,093$ | $1,723,370$ |
| Profit sharing | $3,347,086$ | $2,195,317$ |
| Guarantees received for financial transactions, | $41,383,839$ | $222,752,388$ |
| Others | $1,356,907$ | 776,249 |
| Total | $\mathbf{3 7 7 , 3 8 9 , 3 5 6}$ | $\mathbf{4 7 3 , 9 5 7 , 2 5 2}$ |

## Note 28 - Operating Revenue

### 28.1 Operating Revenue - Non-Banking Business

a) The Company's operating revenue is detailed as follows:

| Description | Jan 01-21 <br> Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Jan 01-20 <br> Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Sales revenue ${ }^{(1)}$ | $10,049,141,955$ | $8,069,719,013$ |
| Investment property lease income | $271,887,561$ | $177,557,846$ |
| Interest income | $4,920,240$ | $15,899,097$ |
| Commission income | $9,433,984$ | $17,873,993$ |
| Total operating revenue | $\mathbf{1 0 , 3 3 5 , 3 8 3 , 7 4 0}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 2 8 1 , 0 4 9 , 9 4 9}$ |

(1) In 2021, this item includes sales of investment property for ThCh\$12,827,625.
b) Income from interest and commissions related to the company's Financial Retail business is detailed as follows:

| Description | Jan 01-21 <br> Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Jan 01-20 <br> Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Loan interest | $4,920,240$ | $15,899,097$ |
| Subtotal Interest income | $4,920,240$ | $15,899,097$ |
| Commission income | $7,519,466$ | $12,876,411$ |
| Payment services | $1,914,518$ | $4,997,582$ |
| Subtotal Commission income | $9,433,984$ | $17,873,993$ |
| Total interest and commission income | $\mathbf{1 4 , 3 5 4 , 2 2 4}$ | $\mathbf{3 3 , 7 7 3 , 0 9 0}$ |

### 28.2 Operating Revenue - Banking Business

a) The Company's operating revenue is detailed as follows:

| Description | Jan 01-21 <br> Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Jan 01-20 <br> Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Interest and indexation income, | $901,241,504$ | $978,716,654$ |
| Commission income | $231,937,086$ | $206,908,355$ |
| Total operating revenue | $1,133,178,590$ | $\mathbf{1 , 1 8 5 , 6 2 5 , 0 0 9}$ |

Note 28 - Operating Revenue (continued)

### 28.2 Operating Revenue - Banking Business (continued)

b) Income from interest and commissions is detailed as follows:

| Description | Jan 01-21 <br> Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Jan 01-20 <br> Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Loan interest | $893,074,269$ | $964,224,281$ |
| Other interest income | $8,167,235$ | $14,492,373$ |
| Subtotal Interest income | $901,241,504$ | $978,716,654$ |
| Commission income ${ }^{(1)}$ | $118,061,981$ | $98,097,243$ |
| Payment services | $113,875,105$ | $108,811,112$ |
| Subtotal Commission income | $\mathbf{2 3 1 , 9 3 7 , 0 8 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 6 , 9 0 8 , 3 5 5}$ |
| Total interest and commission income | $\mathbf{1 , 1 3 3 , 1 7 8 , 5 9 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 1 8 5 , 6 2 5 , 0 0 9}$ |

(1) Income from direct debits, financial brokerage and account maintenance.

## Note 29 - Cost of Continuing Operations

### 29.1 Cost of Continuing Operations - Non-Banking Business

a) These are detailed as follows:

| Description | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Jan 01-21 } \\ \text { Dec-31-21 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Jan 01-20 } \\ \text { Dec-31-20 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cost of sales of goods and services ${ }^{(1)}$ | 6,918,260,124 | 5,663,527,580 |
| Cost of sales at financial companies | 5,170,714 | 8,432,304 |
| Depreciation and maintenance costs of investment property | 124,429,407 | 118,773,806 |
| Total Cost of Continuing Operations - Non-Banking Business | 7,047,860,245 | 5,790,733,690 |

(1) Cost of sales of goods and services includes the cost of inventories, provisions for net realizable value, shortages and obsolescence (all disclosed in Note 8 - "Inventories") and depreciation on leased machinery (Note 14), In 2021, this item includes sales costs on investment property for ThCh\$ 3,333,913.
b) The Cost of Sales for the Retail Financial business is detailed as follows:

| Description | Jan 01-21 <br> Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Jan 01-20 <br> Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Interest costs | $1,319,258$ | $2,181,449$ |
| Other sales costs | $4,064,158$ | $5,065,812$ |
| Impairment allowances and write-offs | $(212,702)$ | $1,185,043$ |
| Total cost of sales at financial companies | $\mathbf{5 , 1 7 0 , 7 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 4 3 2 , 3 0 4}$ |

c) Costs of leased investment property are detailed as follows:

| Description | Jan 01-21 <br> Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Jan 01-20 <br> Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Depreciation | $60,936,173$ | $57,766,026$ |
| Maintenance and other | $63,493,234$ | $61,007,780$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 2 4 , 4 2 9 , 4 0 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 8 , 7 7 3 , 8 0 6}$ |

Note 29-Cost of Continuing Operations (continued)
29.2 Cost of Continuing Operations - Banking Business

| Description | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Jan 01-21 } \\ \text { Dec-31-21 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Jan 01-20 } \\ \text { Dec-31-20 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Interest and indexation expense | 115,989,486 | 138,045,499 |
| Commission expenses | 88,385,525 | 86,761,814 |
| Credit risk allowances | 130,842,039 | 384,783,080 |
| Total Cost of Continuing Operations - Banking Business | 335,217,050 | 609,590,393 |

Note 30 - Administrative Expenses
a) Administrative Expenses for the Non-Banking Business are detailed as follows:

| Description | Jan 01-21 <br> Dec-31-21 | Jan 01-20 <br> Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Staff remuneration and costs (1) | $1,160,425,470$ | $1,070,727,198$ |
| Rent and common expenses | $90,102,003$ | $61,542,379$ |
| Depreciation and amortization | $363,843,127$ | $363,080,422$ |
| Basic energy and water services | $55,101,285$ | $55,486,137$ |
| Computer services | $18,282,003$ | $14,321,988$ |
| Materials and consumables | $41,018,050$ | $42,805,948$ |
| Travel and accommodation | $11,353,445$ | $9,783,279$ |
| Taxes, property taxes, vehicle taxes, insurance and other | $79,158,669$ | $81,913,827$ |
| Third party fees and services | $138,096,459$ | $170,708,435$ |
| Maintenance and repairs | $58,650,514$ | $51,080,208$ |
| Safety equipment | $8,152,115$ | $8,177,235$ |
| Communication | $2,722,207$ | $2,151,275$ |
| Commission | $51,328,279$ | $48,242,207$ |
| Other expenses | $2,147,293$ | $8,653,579$ |
| Total | $2,080,380,919$ | $1,988,674,117$ |

(1) $\operatorname{See}$ Note 22.
b) Administrative Expenses for the Banking Business are detailed as follows:

| Description | Jan 01-21 <br> Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Jan 01-20 <br> Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Staff remuneration and costs ${ }^{(1)}$ | $132,165,948$ | $139,733,434$ |
| Administrative expenses | $281,848,447$ | $206,582,607$ |
| Depreciation and amortization | $39,291,807$ | $37,506,177$ |
| Other operating expenses | $50,571,387$ | $49,636,946$ |
| Total | $503,877,589$ | $433,459,164$ |

[^20]
## Note 31 - Financial and Indexation Costs

a) Non-Banking Business Financial Costs and Indexed Units are detailed as follows:

| Description | Jan 01-21 <br> Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Jan 01-20 <br> Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Interest expense on bank loans | $32,545,675$ | $57,493,124$ |
| Interest expense on bonds and other loans | $107,334,656$ | $104,917,566$ |
| Interest expense on leases ${ }^{(1)}$ | $50,894,237$ | $51,912,015$ |
| Interest expense on swaps and forwards | $53,764,817$ | $37,048,209$ |
| Other financial costs (2) | $(10,077,480)$ | $\mathbf{3 , 1 4 0 , 0 3 5}$ |
| Subtotal interest costs | $\mathbf{2 3 4 , 4 6 1 , 9 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 5 4 , 5 1 0 , 9 4 9}$ |
| Cost of indexation | $56,003,432$ | $28,678,051$ |
| Total financial costs | $\mathbf{2 9 0 , 4 6 5 , 3 3 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 8 3 , 1 8 9 , 0 0 0}$ |

(1) Includes interest due to the effect of IFRS 16.
(2) Includes the effects of subsidiaries' exposure to inflation in Argentina (Note 2.6).

## Note 32 - Other Income (Losses)

Other income (losses) from the Non-Banking Business are detailed as follows:

| Description | Jan 01-21 <br> Dec-31-21 <br> ThCh\$ | Jan 01-20 <br> Dec-31-20 <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Loss on business restructuring in Argentina (1) | $(18,210,305)$ | $(60,885,886)$ |
| Compensations ${ }^{(2)}$ | $8,567,122$ | $27,302,811$ |
| Impairment in value of investment property (Note 15) | $(14,464,604)$ | - |
| Losses on derecognition of property, plant and equipment | $(8,642,534)$ | $(17,671,933)$ |
| Reversal of provisions | $2,796,391$ | $4,156,297$ |
| Tax recoveries (5) | $1,662,622$ | $1,856,883$ |
| Negative goodwill from acquisition of Calima Shopping Center (Note 41) | $-711,436$ |  |
| Others | $(763,721)$ | $(733,700)$ |
| Total | $(29,055,029)$ | $\mathbf{( 4 5 , 0 6 4 , 0 9 2 )}$ |

(1) Falabella is evaluating its options to monetize its investment in Argentina. The pandemic accelerated the retail digitalization process and has affected its financial performance in Argentina, and the recoverability of certain investments there. In order to adapt to this trend, the Company has evaluated and implemented different measures on these investments in each of the businesses involved, including, but not limited to, restructuring, the search for partners and the possible continuation, closure or sale of certain operations and facilities. This process has been complemented by voluntary retirement plans for employees from both stores and central offices.

On June 9, 2021, the Argentine subsidiary CMR Falabella S.A. transferred its portfolio of active credit cards to the Argentine "Banco Columbia". The holders of these cards will be able to continue using them as clients of Banco Columbia. The CMR brand will continue to be stamped on the credit cards in circulation while the bank completes the replacement process (until June 9, 2022, at the latest). In addition, during the second quarter of 2021, the closure of the Falabella department stores in Argentina was completed, along with its e-commerce channel.

As of December 31, 2021, the effect on Income mainly corresponds to voluntary retirement plans for personnel. As of December 31, 2020 ThCh\$ $60,885,886$, which is comprised of ThCh\$ $35,973,665$ for impairment losses and derecognition of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, ThCh\$ 12,759,108 for voluntary retirement plans, ThCh\$ 9,185,880 for impairment losses on financial receivables, and ThCh\$ 2,967,233 for impairment losses on other assets and miscellaneous expenses.
(2) As of December 31,2020, this item includes ThCh\$ 23,110,912 as a preliminary compensation amount for business interruption or lost profits resulting from the events occurred in Chile as of October 18, 2019, which included severe riots that caused some stores, offices, and shopping centers of our subsidiaries in Chile to suffer damages of various magnitudes, which made it necessary to suspend their activities, either temporarily or permanently. Falabella S.A. and subsidiaries have taken out insurance that adequately covers risks of damages, stoppage, and others on the Company's assets and equity. All this insurance has been taken out from first-line insurers. Claim procedures have already been commenced in order to obtain due compensation.

## Note 33 - Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing net income attributable to the Company's shareholders by the weighted average of common shares outstanding in the year, Diluted earnings per share include incremental shares of share-based compensation plans assumed to have been exercised as of the date of the statement of financial position,

|  | Jan 01-21 <br> Dec-31-21 | Jan 01-20 <br> Dec-31-20 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Earnings attributable to holders of equity interests in parent's equity | $652,030,703$ | $30,758,319$ |
| Basic earnings per share | 0,26 | 0,01 |
| Diluted earnings per share | 0,26 | 0,01 | | Basic weighted average number of shares | $2,508,844,629$ | $2,508,844,629$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Diluted weighted average number of shares | $2,508,844,629$ | $2,508,844,629$ |

## Note 34 - Financial Instruments and Risk Management

## 1. Risk Management

There are risks in the surrounding environment that could affect performance of the Falabella Group's business. The main issues include:
a) Changes in economic conditions that could affect consumption:

Changes in the economic conditions of the markets in which we operate could affect consumer confidence and spending. Additionally, future economic conditions that affect consumers' available income, such as unemployment rates, changes in the housing market conditions, the availability of credit, inflation, interest rates, tax rates and the costs of fuel and energy could also reduce the level of consumption.
b) Management of our inventory could affect the operation of our businesses:

We must maintain sufficient inventory to successfully operate our business, avoiding both a lack of stock and the accumulation of excess stock. Generally, our suppliers require significant advance notice to be able to fulfill product orders. Therefore, we have to place purchase and manufacturing orders well before the time these products are offered for sale, which is why we must precisely anticipate the future demand of a product or estimate the time to obtain inventory, in order to ensure that our inventories are appropriate.
c) Our sales have a seasonal component and may also be affected by weather conditions:

The climate and seasonality have an impact on the results of the operations of many of our business units. People purchase products to meet their needs for each season and we believe this tendency will continue in the future. In preparation for seasons of high demand, we must increase inventory to levels that are above the average and hire seasonal staff for our stores. Any unforeseen reduction in demand, error in our projections of demand or delay on the part of our suppliers obligates us to apply sales strategies to offset or mitigate these situations.
d) The effectiveness of our credit risk management depends on the quality and scope of the available information:
Our banking and credit card business could expose us to an increase in credit and financing risk. We mostly base our customer solvency assessment on the credit information available using our own internal databases, and on information that is freely available to the market. Our credit rating systems gather available information, in an attempt to reflect customers' behavior, so that their credit risk may be correctly evaluated. However, we cannot ensure that this is sufficient to precisely predict their behavior.

Note 34 - Financial Instruments and Risk Management (continued)

1. Risk Management (continued)
e) A scarcity of funds in the market could cause an increase in our financing costs

Deposits are an important source of financing for our banking business, If a significant number of our depositors withdraw their cash deposits or fail to renew their time deposits, our liquidity position could be affected. Should there be a sudden or unexpected scarcity of funds in the money markets, we might have to incur greater costs to maintain our businesses.
f) Our growth and profitability depend on economic activity in Chile, Peru, Colombia, Argentina, Uruguay and Brazil:
Our financial position and operating income mostly depend on the prevailing economic conditions in each country. The economic conditions in these companies could be affected by a variety of factors that are beyond our control, including:

- Economic policies and/or other government-imposed policies;
- Other political and/or economic events;
- Changes in the legislation or administrative procedures of authorities;
- Inflation policies and the mechanisms used to combat inflation;
- Movements in currency exchange rates;
- World and regional economic conditions; and
- Other factors,
g) Economic and political issues in other countries could negatively affect the economy of the region, impacting our business
We are exposed to the economic and political volatility of Asia, the United States and Europe, among other regions, If the economic condition of these regions deteriorate, the economy in this region in which the Company operates could also be affected, and experience slower growth than in recent years, potentially impacting our customers and suppliers. The crises and political uncertainties in other Latin American countries could also have an adverse effect on the region's economy, and consequently on our business.
h) We could be affected by currency fluctuations and devaluations

The Chilean peso, and the other currencies in the countries where we operate, have been subject to great devaluations and appreciations in the past, and could be subject to significant fluctuations in the future. Most of the products that we sell are imported, which exposes us to the risk of currency fluctuation against the US dollar. Therefore, we have mitigation policies for this risk.

Note 34 - Financial Instruments and Risk Management (continued)

## 2. Financial Risk

Falabella's main financial instruments that arise either directly from its businesses or from its financing services consist of bank loans and overdrafts, debt instruments with the public such as bonds and commercial paper, derivatives, sales debts, lease agreements, short-term loans, loans granted and other services. They do not include lease liabilities arising from IFRS 16.

Financial assets and liabilities held by the Company are detailed as follows:
a) Non-Banking Business

| Financial instruments by category | Dec-31-21 | Dec-31-20 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Financial assets |  |  |
| Financial assets held for trading | 68,411,451 | 34,520,059 |
| Customer loans and receivables | 453,943,518 | 469,383,172 |
| Hedge assets | 484,207,289 | 201,647,966 |
| Total financial assets | 1,006,562,258 | 705,551,197 |
| Financial Liabilities | Dec-31-21 | Dec-31-20 |
| Financial liabilities at fair value | 541,298 | 5,447,049 |
| Hedging liabilities | 93,762,564 | 113,217,059 |
| Financial liabilities at amortized cost | 4,888,712,281 | 4,806,128,367 |
| Total financial liabilities | 4,983,016,143 | 4,924,792,475 |

b) Banking Business

| Financial instruments by category | Dec-31-21 | Dec-31-20 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Financial assets |  |  |
| Financial assets held for trading and derivatives | $5,346,827,330$ | $4,304,988,052$ |
| Customer loans and receivables | $2,018,807,924$ | $1,071,527,684$ |
| Financial assets held for sale | $\mathbf{8 , 1 7 2 , 5 4 3 , 9 6 2}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 4 6 7 , 6 2 0 , 4 8 0}$ |
| Total financial assets | Dec-31-21 | Dec-31-20 |
| Financial Liabilities $779,430,144$ $587,247,845$ <br> Financial liabilities at fair value $5,791,863,559$ $4,592,469,495$ <br> Financial liabilities at amortized cost $\mathbf{6 , 5 7 1 , 2 9 3 , 7 0 3}$ $\mathbf{5 , 1 7 9 , 7 1 7 , 3 4 0}$ <br> Total financial liabilities   |  |  |

c) Total assets and financial liabilities:

| Financial instruments by category | Dec-31-21 | Dec-31-20 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Financial assets |  |  |
| Financial assets held for trading and derivatives | $575,320,159$ | $1,125,624,803$ |
| Customer loans and receivables | $2,000,770,848$ | $4,774,371,224$ |
| Financial assets held for sale | $484,207,924$ | $1,071,527,684$ |
| Hedge assets | $\mathbf{9 , 1 7 9 , 1 0 6 , 2 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{7 , 1 7 3 , 1 7 1 , 6 7 7}$ |
| Total financial assets | Dec-31-21 | Dec-31-20 |
| Financial Liabilities | $779,971,442$ | $592,694,894$ |
| Financial liabilities at fair value | $93,762,564$ | $113,217,059$ |
| Hedging liabilities | $10,680,575,840$ | $9,398,597,862$ |
| Financial liabilities at amortized cost | $11,554,309,846$ | $\mathbf{1 0 , 1 0 4 , 5 0 9 , 8 1 5}$ |
| Total financial liabilities |  |  |

The book value of the Company's financial assets and liabilities approximates to their fair value, except for certain long-term financial obligations. The market value of instruments is determined using future cash flows discounted at current market rates as of the reporting date. The fair value and book value of long-term financial obligations are detailed as follows:

|  | Dec-31-21 |  | Dec-31-20 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Market Value ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | Book value | Market Value ${ }^{(1)}$ |
| Interest-bearing loans | $1,577,079,327$ | $1,458,412,920$ | $1,876,721,123$ | $1,761,133,550$ |
| Bond obligations | $2,974,226,044$ | $3,165,093,567$ | $2,728,062,597$ | $2,847,907,428$ |

[^21]Note 34 - Financial Instruments and Risk Management (continued)

## 2. Financial Risk (continued)

## Derivatives

The Company uses derivative financial instruments such as forward contracts and swaps for the exclusive purpose of hedging risks associated with fluctuations in interest rates and exchange rates. Part of those instruments qualifies for hedge accounting, but the remainder are accounted for as for as an investment, even though they fulfill a hedge role, as they do not comply with the requirements in IAS 39.

For hedge accounting purposes, hedges are classified as:

- Fair value hedges when covering exposure to changes in the fair value of a recognized asset or liability or an unrecognized firm commitment; or
- Cash flow hedges when covering exposure to the variability of cash flows which are attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognized asset or liability, or a highly probable future transaction which can affect income for the year; or
- Hedges of a net investment in a foreign operation.

Hedges that comply with the strict hedge accounting criteria are accounted for as stated in IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Valuation".

As of December 31, 2021, the Company's current derivative financial instruments include: 75 currency and interest rate swaps whose notional value amounts to ThCh\$ 1,933,483,764; and 290 currency forwards for ThCh\$ $888,928,074$. All these derivative instruments add up to a total notional value of ThCh\$ $2,822,411,838$. As of December 31, 2020, the Company's current derivative financial instruments include: 67 currency and interest rate swaps whose notional value amounts to ThCh\$ 1,302,900,989; and 313 currency forwards for ThCh\$ $555,262,354$. All these derivative instruments add up to a total notional value of ThCh\$ 1,858,163,343
d) Assets and Liabilities at Fair Value

|  |  | Fair value as of the reporting date |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Financial instruments by category | Dec-31-21 | Lev | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| Financial assets |  | Lev | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| Financial assets held for trading and derivatives | 875,320,159 | 144,311,243 | 731,008,916 | - |
| Financial assets held for sale | 2,018,807,924 | 2,018,807,924 | - | - |
| Hedge assets | 484,207,289 | - | 484,207,289 | - |
| Total financial assets | 3,378,335,372 | 2,163,119,167 | 1,215,216,205 | - |


| Financial Liabilities | Dec-31-21 | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Financial liabilities at fair value | $779,971,442$ |  | - | $779,971,442$ |
| Hedging liabilities | $93,762,564$ | - | - |  |
| Total financial liabilities | $873,734,006$ | $-762,564$ | - |  |


|  |  | Fair value as of the reporting date |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Financial instruments by category | $\begin{gathered} \text { As of Dec 31, } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| Financial assets |  | Level 1 |  |  |
| Financial assets held for trading and derivatives | 1,125,624,803 | 471,313,950 | 654,310,853 | - |
| Financial assets held for sale | 1,071,527,684 | 1,071,527,684 | - | - |
| Hedge assets | 201,647,966 | - | 201,647,966 | - |
| Total financial assets | 2,398,800,453 | 1,542,841,634 | 855,958,819 | - |


| Financial Liabilities | As of Dec 31, | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Financial liabilities at fair value | $592,694,894$ |  | - | $592,694,894$ |
| Hedging liabilities | $113,217,059$ | - | $-113,217,059$ | - |
| Total financial liabilities | $705,911,953$ |  | $-705,911,953$ |  |

Note 34 - Financial Instruments and Risk Management (continued)

## 2. Financial Risk (continued)

### 2.1. Financial Risk

The main risks to which the Company is exposed and which arise from financial instruments are: market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk, These risks are mainly generated by the uncertainty of financial markets.

### 2.1.1. Market Risk

The main market risks to which Falabella is exposed are exchange rates, inflation and interest rates.

## a) Exchange Rate Risk

Various products purchased for our retail businesses to sell, such as department stores, home improvement stores and supermarkets, are imported and denominated in foreign currencies, primarily the U,S, dollar, which creates an exposure to foreign exchange risk between the local currency in each country and foreign currencies. The Company has an exchange rate risk hedging policy for the retail segment, where it divides exchange rate risk into two categories: i) Exchange rate risk on liabilities for importing merchandise, and ii) Exchange rate risk of an economic nature, arising on its merchandise purchasing commitments on future imports (firm commitments).
Therefore, as of December 31, 2021, the Company had consolidated payables for imported merchandise of $\mathrm{Ch} \$$ 165,159 million, which includes $\mathrm{Ch} \$ 34,897$ million in letters of credit.

The hedging policy defines the financial instruments used to mitigate foreign exchange risk described above as: i) cash in foreign currency; ii) receivables in foreign currency; iii) currency forwards. The Company had a hedge of $\operatorname{Ch} \$ 706,352$ million as of December 31, 2021, to cover current liabilities and future obligations in foreign currency, which generated a net book liability in US dollars of $\operatorname{Ch} \$ 87,863$ million. The Company estimates its firm commitments associated with consolidated imports of Ch\$ 542,372 million. Thus, the Company had an economic exposure after hedges of $\mathrm{Ch} \$ 1,179$ million.

The Company estimates with $95 \%$ reliability that the maximum financial loss that it may suffer in a 30 day period following simultaneous depreciation of the local currencies (Chilean Peso, Peruvian new sol, Colombian peso, Argentine peso, Brazilian real and Uruguayan peso) with respect to the US dollar would be Ch\$ 98 million, which is $8,32 \%$ of the exposure described in the previous paragraph. This simultaneous depreciation was calculated as the weighted average between the depreciation estimated by currency and the exposure after coverage for each country.

In order to minimize exposure to fluctuations in exchange rates, debt is mostly obtained in the currency of the countries where the Company operates. As of December 31, 2021, $76,60 \%$ of consolidated financial debt after derivatives, excluding the banking business and non-financial leases under IFRS 16, was expressed in Chilean pesos (including in UF), $17,60 \%$ in Peruvian soles, $5,80 \%$ in Colombian pesos. Our entire financial debt after hedges is contracted in local currency.

The Company has invested in businesses in Peru, Colombia, Argentina, Brazil, Uruguay, Mexico, Germany, Hong Kong, Ecuador and Panama. Therefore, Falabella has an exposure of Ch\$ 1,392,802 million in Peruvian soles, Ch\$ 301,184 million in Colombian pesos, Ch\$ 2,851 million in Argentine pesos, Ch\$ 182,578 million in Brazilian reals, Ch\$55,022 million in Uruguayan pesos, Ch\$ 133,456 million in Mexican pesos, Ch\$-4,256 million in Euros, and Ch\$ 1,350 million in Hong Kong dollars as of December 31, 2021.

Note 34 - Financial Instruments and Risk Management (continued)
2. Financial Risk (continued)

### 2.1. Financial Risks (continued)

### 2.1.1. Market Risk (continued)

a) Exchange Rate Risk (continued)

Fluctuations in the exchange rates of currencies with respect to the Chilean peso can affect the value of the net investment abroad. Taking into account this risk as of December 31, 2021, simultaneous depreciation of 15,92\% in the nine foreign currencies described above with respect to the Chilean peso, keeping the remaining variables constant, would result in a comprehensive loss of $\operatorname{Ch} \$ 328,510$ million. The depreciation percentage for these currencies was determined by averaging the maximum theoretical variation that could occur in one year in each of the currencies with respect to the Chilean peso with a significance level of $10 \%$, over the last 3 years period.

IFRS 16 was adopted on January 1, 2019. Accordingly, the Company recognizes leasing liabilities that are denominated in local and foreign currencies. Therefore, $60,66 \%$ was denominated in Chilean pesos (including UF), $21,06 \%$ in Peruvian new soles, $0,40 \%$ in Argentine pesos, $5,54 \%$ in Colombian pesos, $6,38 \%$ in U,S, dollars and $5,96 \%$ in other currencies, as of December 31, 2021 and after IFRS 16 hedges.
b) Inflation Risk

As of December 31, 2021, consolidated financial debt expressed in UF after derivatives, excluding the banking business, was Ch\$ 1,157,249 million or $35,80 \%$. Most of this debt finances the real estate business in Chile, which generates income in the same currency unit, which naturally covers this risk. Therefore, by applying incremental inflation of 100 base points and keeping all other variables constant, the effect on the statement of net income resulting from net exposure to inflation on Falabella's financial debt would be a loss of approximately Ch\$ 11,572 million before tax.

## c) Interest Rate Risk

Most of the Company's financial debt is at a fixed interest rate in order to avoid exposure to fluctuations that might occur in variable interest rates, which can increase financial expenses.

As of December 31, 2020, 95,0\% of the Company's consolidated financial debt after derivatives, and excluding the banking business, was at a fixed interest rate, $3,96 \%$ at a variable interest rate and $1,04 \%$ was overdrafts and letters of credit, which due to their term can be treated as variable interest rate.

In summary, as of December 31, $2020 \mathrm{Ch} \$ 181,039$ million or $5,0 \%$ of our financial debt principal after derivatives and excluding the banking business, was subject to short-term fluctuations in interest rates, A hypothetical increase of 100 base points during an entire year in all variable interest rates would generate an additional financial expense of $\mathrm{Ch} \$ 1,810$ million.

### 2.1.2. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss for Falabella in case a customer or other counterparty does not comply with their contractual obligations. The main credit risk to which Falabella is exposed centers around its operations with credit cards and consumer loans. As of December 31, 2021, the Company does not have any Total gross Falabella credit card loans, excluding banking transactions that are dealt with separately below. Falabella's credit portfolio is broadly dispersed, and there are no individual debtors owing large amounts, which substantially mitigates credit risk.

Note 34 - Financial Instruments and Risk Management (continued)

## 2. Financial Risk (continued)

### 2.1. Financial Risks (continued)

### 2.1.2. Credit Risk (continued)

Falabella's retail financial segment uses risk ratings to evaluate and accept customers and determining their credit limit, as well as regular credit quality reviews of its customers, to anticipate any potential changes in payment ability, to take prompt corrective measures and to assess current and potential losses. In addition, Banco Falabella Chile, Banco Falabella Peru and Banco Falabella Colombia are regulated by the superintendencies of banks or financial institutions of each country, which regulate and require the implementation of worldwide standards of credit review systems and processes.
The retail and real estate segments do not have significant concentrations of credit risk, since collection essentially occurs in cash or through credit cards. Falabella also limits its exposure to credit risk by investing exclusively in highly liquid and credit-rated products.
Lastly, all Falabella's derivative transactions are with counterparties with a minimum risk rating, who are also subject to a credit analysis by the Company before initiating any transaction.

## Maximum Exposure to Credit Risk

The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk, without considering guarantees, as of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020 was detailed as follows:

|  | Maximum Exposure |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec-31-21 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec-31-20 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \end{gathered}$ |
| Cash equivalents | 2,063,026,048 | 2,462,375,816 |
| Term deposits | 322,889,279 | 779,402,025 |
| Highly liquid financial instruments | 1,421,574,653 | 1,183,577,832 |
| Liquidity transactions in progress, net (bank subsidiaries) | $(388,963,218)$ | 7,584,879 |
| Other cash and cash equivalents | 707,525,334 | 491,811,080 |
| Financial assets at fair value, current | 813,807,818 | 732,801,354 |
| Derivative instruments | 728,678,977 | 657,507,123 |
| Others | 85,128,841 | 75,294,231 |
| Trade and other receivables, current | 392,422,932 | 416,572,521 |
| Trade receivables, net | 205,943,140 | 219,916,424 |
| Notes receivable, net | 112,361,409 | 109,529,719 |
| Miscellaneous receivables, net | 74,118,383 | 63,811,373 |
| Financing receivables, net | - | 23,315,005 |
| Related party receivables, current | 19,394,535 | 33,374,856 |
| Loans and Receivables - Banking Business | 5,346,827,330 | 4,304,988,052 |
| Customer loans and receivables, net | 5,346,827,330 | 4,304,988,052 |
| Financial assets at fair value, non-current | 507,250,640 | 195,004,590 |
| Derivative instruments | 475,402,805 | 189,940,283 |
| Others | 31,847,835 | 5,064,307 |
| Trade and other receivables | 11,810,824 | 5,594,155 |
| Trade receivables, net | 234,663 | 216,189 |
| Notes receivable, net | 5,720,676 | 4,008,267 |
| Miscellaneous receivables, net | 5,855,485 | 1,027,642 |
| Financing receivables, net | - | 342,057 |
| Related party receivables, non-current | 30,315,227 | 13,841,640 |
| Total | 9,184,855,354 | 8,164,552,984 |

Note 34 - Financial Instruments and Risk Management (continued)

## 2. Financial Risk (continued)

### 2.1 Financial Risks (continued)

### 2.1.3 Liquidity risk

The Company has various tools to limit liquidity risk. These include maintaining enough cash and cash equivalents to cover regular business obligations. Falabella S.A. and its main subsidiaries have access to bank financing such as overdrafts and loans, and can quickly access debt instruments in the capital market through registered lines of bonds and commercial paper.

The fragmentation and diversification of the loan portfolio and its control mechanisms contribute to keeping expected cash flow receivables within adequate ranges.

All the above provides the Company with sufficient alternative sources of financing to meet its operating and financial obligations.

The contractual maturities of obligations that accrue interest, separated into capital and interest payable are detailed as follows:

| ThCh\$ | 1 year | 2 years | $\mathbf{3}$ years | $\mathbf{4}$ years | $\mathbf{5}$ years | Over 5 years |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Capital | $3,152,440,851$ | $1,186,963,846$ | $168,859,606$ | $355,348,622$ | $186,146,262$ | $2,363,816,121$ |
| Interest | $147,913,504$ | $126,171,886$ | $113,200,571$ | $115,706,000$ | $100,115,905$ | $430,306,405$ |

The maturity of other financial liabilities is detailed in Note 18 "Other Current and Non-Current Financial Liabilities".

### 2.2. Risk Management - Banking Business

Risk Management of the banking business is part of a comprehensive risk management system expressed in business targets that seeks to comply with profitability targets under a tolerable risk framework. Risk analysis is divided into four categories: Credit Risk, Liquidity Risk, Market Risk and Operational Risk.

### 2.2.1. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the potential loss from debtors not complying with their payment obligations.
Banking businesses have systems that generate risk indicators by customer segment based on their sociodemographic characteristics and payment behavior, which enables the bank to track the initiation, maintenance, collection and recovery of written-off portfolios.

### 2.2.2. Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the temporary breach between payable and receivable cash flows, both in local currency, indexed currency and foreign currency, which generate net liquidity requirements that are properly measured and controlled by banks.

The banking business has a portfolio of highly liquid instruments held in investment assets, to appropriately manage their short and long term liquidity positions, which are available to respond to exceptional but plausible situations. This process is monitored with regular reports, liquidity risk stress tests, early warnings and contingency plans.

Note 34 - Financial Instruments and Risk Management (continued)

## 2. Financial Risk (continued)

## 2.2., Risk Management - Banking Business (continued)

### 2.2.3. Market Risk

Market risk considers interest rate risk, indexation risk and currency risk.

## a) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is exposure to losses caused by adverse changes in market interest rates which affect the value of instruments, contracts and other operations recorded in the financial position statement.

## b) Indexation Risk

Indexation risk is the exposure to losses caused by adverse changes in the units or indexation indexes defined in the local currency in which the instruments, contracts and other transactions recorded in the financial position statement are expressed.

## c) Currency Risk

Currency risk is exposure to losses caused by adverse changes in the value of foreign currencies, in which instruments, contracts and other transactions recorded in the financial position statement are expressed.

The banking business performs stress and sensitivity testing, in order to monitor and control these risks.

### 2.2.4. Operational Risk

Operating Risk is the risk of loss from an inadequacy or failure of processes, personnel and internal systems or external events, including areas related to information security and business continuity. The banking business is unable to eliminate all operational risks, but it reacts through a control and supervision framework to mitigate the aforementioned risks. Therefore, banks have developed Integrated Risk Management, which is based on international standards, including technological risks, in order to have a comprehensive understanding of the risks within each process and prioritize mitigation with all their associated variables.

In addition, local regulations impose rules regarding minimum levels of equity for the banking business, As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, each Falabella banking subsidiary complies with these restrictions.

Note 34 - Financial Instruments and Risk Management (continued)
3. Categories presented in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position classified by currency
a) Balances as of December 31, 2021 are detailed as follows:

|  | Chilean peso <br> ThCh\$ | US dollar ThCh\$ | Euros <br> ThCh\$ | Peruvian new sol ThCh\$ | Argentine peso <br> ThCh\$ | Colombian peso <br> ThCh\$ | Other currencies ThCh\$ | Total ThCh\$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assets - Non-Banking Business |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 218,525,041 | 69,257,067 | 472,322 | 138,494,285 | 7,065,764 | 70,508,575 | 28,942,484 | 533,265,538 |
| Other financial assets, current | 17,264,252 | 9,447,621 | 20,049 | 7,450,639 | 3,574,691 | 7,409,311 | 201,537 | 45,368,100 |
| Other non-financial assets, current | 81,538,280 | 326,043 | 540,085 | 9,329,933 | 4,058,007 | 17,350,335 | 9,975,850 | 123,118,533 |
| Trade and other receivables, current | 276,219,987 | 7,394,241 | 94,735 | 35,677,468 | 7,052,718 | 13,534,555 | 52,449,228 | 392,422,932 |
| Related party receivables, current | 3,430,269 | - | - | - | - | 11,211,699 | 4,752,567 | 19,394,535 |
| Inventories | 1,111,549,233 | - | - | 563,052,360 | 20,672,314 | 100,228,891 | 72,290,993 | 1,867,793,791 |
| Current tax assets | 24,880,745 | 40,478 | 9,190 | 14,269,156 | 206,432 | 10,950,724 | 2,537,657 | 52,894,382 |
| Non-current assets or disposal groups held for sale | 38,129,032 | - | - | - | - |  | - | 38,129,032 |
| Total current assets | 1,771,536,839 | 86,465,450 | 1,136,381 | 768,273,841 | 42,629,926 | 231,194,090 | 171,150,316 | 3,072,386,843 |
| Other financial assets, non-current | 25,512,674 | 476,107,076 | - | 5,630,890 | - |  | - | 507,250,640 |
| Other non-financial assets, non-current | 28,301,533 | 2,987,166 | - | 20,003,306 | - | 20,753,807 | 7,154,999 | 79,200,811 |
| Trade and other receivables, non-current | 11,025,797 | 77,988 | - | 707,039 | - | - | - | 11,810,824 |
| Related party receivables, non-current | 30,315,227 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 30,315,227 |
| Equity method investments | 281,533 | - | - | - | - | 120,239,817 | 125,578,437 | 246,099,787 |
| Intangible assets other than goodwill | 291,756,885 | - | - | 16,218,338 | 29,400 | 3,040,672 | 19,967,138 | 331,012,433 |
| Goodwill | 259,964,833 | - | - | 235,120,095 | - |  | 131,870,374 | 626,955,302 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 2,058,780,466 | 8,905 | - | 1,188,680,129 | 23,637,970 | 140,755,064 | 151,076,341 | 3,562,938,875 |
| Investment properties | 2,735,714,712 | - | - | 399,504,916 | - | 270,805,599 | - | 3,406,025,227 |
| Tax assets, non-current | 10,460,577 | - | - | 1,819,934 | - | 1,008,682 | - | 13,289,193 |
| Deferred tax assets | 153,433,628 | - | - | 48,863,613 | 7,719,585 | 19,532,005 | 31,097,857 | 260,646,688 |
| Total Non-Current Assets | 5,605,547,865 | 479,181,135 | - | 1,916,548,260 | 31,386,955 | 576,135,646 | 466,745,146 | 9,075,545,007 |
| Total Assets - Non-Banking Business | 7,377,084,704 | 565,646,585 | 1,136,381 | 2,684,822,101 | 74,016,881 | 807,329,736 | 637,895,462 | 12,147,931,850 |
| Assets - Banking Business |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and bank deposits | 314,588,624 | 89,014,381 | - | 101,623,047 | - | 57,399,372 | - | 562,625,424 |
| Transactions pending settlement, | 31,689,892 | 27,991,276 | - | 28,947 | - | 175,944 | - | 59,886,059 |
| Traded instruments | 19,519,927 | 4,297,210 | - | - | - | 75,539,119 | - | 99,356,256 |
| Receivables from repurchase agreements and securities lending | 15,171,250 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 15,171,250 |
| Financial derivative contracts | 691,114,714 | 1,266,488 | - | - | - | - | - | 692,381,202 |
| Customer loans and receivables | 3,096,462,712 | 651,838,105 | - | 565,263,883 | - | 1,033,262,630 | - | 5,346,827,330 |
| Investment instruments held for sale | 1,675,829,265 | 186,925,883 | - | 62,982,592 | - | 93,070,184 | - | 2,018,807,924 |
| Investments in companies | - | - | - | 3,810,616 | - | - | - | 3,810,616 |
| Intangible assets | 23,832,156 | - | - | 35,201,053 | - | 19,383,713 | - | 78,416,922 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 29,041,767 | - | - | 16,850,455 | - | 11,745,574 | - | 57,637,796 |
| Current tax liabilities | 1,328,172 | - | - | 4,317,319 | - | 15,651,882 | - | 21,297,373 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 55,000,886 | - | - | 17,677,661 | - | 3,013,248 | - | 75,691,795 |
| Other assets | 135,470,972 | 93,572,842 | - | 13,765,976 | - | 9,992,279 | - | 252,802,069 |
| Total Assets --Banking Business | 6,089,050,337 | 1,054,906,185 | - | 821,521,549 | - | 1,319,233,945 | - | 9,284,712,016 |
| Total Assets | 13,466,135,041 | 1,620,552,770 | 1,136,381 | 3,506,343,650 | 74,016,881 | 2,126,563,681 | 637,895,462 | 21,432,643,866 |

Note 34 - Financial Instruments and Risk Management (continued)
3. Categories presented in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position classified by currency (continued)
a) Balances as of December 31, 2021 are detailed as follows (continued)

|  | Chilean peso <br> ThCh\$ | US dollar ThCh\$ | Euros <br> ThCh\$ | Peruvian new sol ThCh\$ | Argentine peso <br> ThCh\$ | Colombian peso <br> ThCh\$ | Other currencies ThCh\$ | Total ThCh\$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Liabilities - Non-Banking Business |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other financial liabilities, current | 200,943,527 | 55,948,927 | 119,018 | 174,838,127 | 166 | 76,232,315 | - | 508,082,080 |
| Leasing liabilities, current | 62,743,772 | 13,657,068 | - | 3,839,199 | 104,874 | 9,048,135 | 6,738,961 | 96,132,009 |
| Trade and other payables | 756,845,026 | 110,296,342 | 19,966,195 | 254,681,140 | 20,498,392 | 77,022,862 | 57,069,103 | 1,296,379,060 |
| Related party payables, current | 17,222,750 | - | - | - | - | 16,231,434 | 76,533 | 33,530,717 |
| Other provisions, current | 7,976,076 | - | 4,235,485 | 6,048,262 | 5,148,814 | 3,178,442 | 1,182,288 | 27,769,367 |
| Current tax liabilities | 77,729,568 | 42,510 | - | 11,534,503 | 809,644 | 21,395 | 328,422 | 90,466,042 |
| Employee benefit provisions | 133,721,227 | - | - | 47,541,366 | 6,914,922 | 7,459,076 | 11,488,605 | 207,125,196 |
| Other non-financial liabilities, current | 133,346,752 | 1,376,073 | 414,498 | 24,176,272 | 2,644,871 | 17,748,682 | 8,466,797 | 188,173,945 |
| Total current liabilities | 1,390,528,698 | 181,320,920 | 24,735,196 | 522,658,869 | 36,121,683 | 206,942,341 | 85,350,709 | 2,447,658,416 |
| Other Non-Current Financial Liabilities | 1,568,013,766 | 1,205,756,477 | - | 289,985,376 | - | 80,170,306 | - | 3,143,925,925 |
| Leasing liabilities, non-current | 593,988,690 | 204,143,449 | - | 71,969,871 | 4,320,665 | 45,124,176 | 58,913,025 | 978,459,876 |
| Trade and other payables, non-current | 1,098,361 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,098,361 |
| Other provisions, non-current | 382,281 | - | - | 7,628,748 | - | 184,823 | 1,198,495 | 9,394,347 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 485,601,883 | - | - | 122,927,969 | 1,222,243 | - | 3,536,380 | 613,288,475 |
| Non-current employee benefits provisions | 45,124,702 | - | - | 1,727,855 | 223,333 | 379,562 | 246,653 | 47,702,105 |
| Other non-financial liabilities, non-current | 41,031,919 | 1,977,797 | - | 5,151,989 | - | 215,917 | 7,645 | 48,385,267 |
| Total Non-Current Liabilities | 2,735,241,602 | 1,411,877,723 | - | 499,391,808 | 5,766,241 | 126,074,784 | 63,902,198 | 4,842,254,356 |
| Total Liabilities - Non-Banking Business | 4,125,770,300 | 1,593,198,643 | 24,735,196 | 1,022,050,677 | 41,887,924 | 333,017,125 | 149,252,907 | 7,289,912,772 |
| Liabilities - Banking Business |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deposits and other demand obligations | 1,973,527,930 | 1,366,837 | - | 65,630,125 | - | 270,492,899 | - | 2,311,017,791 |
| Transactions pending settlement, | 427,540,838 | 21,308,439 | - | - | - | - | - | 448,849,277 |
| Savings accounts and other term deposits | 1,092,155,155 | 185,681,521 | - | 515,384,630 | - | 628,852,481 | - | 2,422,073,787 |
| Financial derivative contracts | 779,430,144 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 779,430,144 |
| Obligations to banks | 586,629,989 | 37,234,906 | - | - | - | 157,728,481 | - | 781,593,376 |
| Debt issued | 212,007,852 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 212,007,852 |
| Other financial obligations | 65,170,753 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 65,170,753 |
| Leasing liabilities | 11,100,124 | 6,177,479 | - | 2,298,616 | - | 6,821,196 | - | 26,397,415 |
| Current tax liabilities | 19,975,132 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 19,975,132 |
| Provisions | 44,477,670 | - | - | 5,049,324 | - | 4,234,487 | - | 53,761,481 |
| Other liabilities | 240,835,875 | 52,819,263 | - | 38,912,570 | - | 44,821,648 | - | 377,389,356 |
| Total Liabilities - Banking Business | 5,452,851,462 | 304,588,445 | - | 627,275,265 | - | 1,112,951,192 | - | 7,497,666,364 |
| Total Liabilities | 9,578,621,762 | 1,897,787,088 | 24,735,196 | 1,649,325,942 | 41,887,924 | 1,445,968,317 | 149,252,907 | 14,787,579,136 |

Note 34 - Financial Instruments and Risk Management (continued)
3. Categories presented in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position classified by currency (continued)
b) Balances as of December 31, 2020 are detailed as follows:

|  | Chilean peso ThCh\$ | US dollar ThCh\$ | Euros <br> ThCh\$ | Peruvian new sol ThCh\$ | Argentine peso <br> ThCh\$ | Colombian peso <br> ThCh\$ | Other currencies ThCh\$ | Total <br> ThCh\$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assets - Non-Banking Business |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 863,766,632 | 24,629,061 | 424,248 | 202,915,221 | 14,595,413 | 77,377,317 | 32,486,028 | 1,216,193,920 |
| Other financial assets, current | 12,596,528 | 2,819,964 | 2,089 | 4,343,931 | 9,505,042 | 11,709,636 | 186,245 | 41,163,435 |
| Other non-financial assets, current | 72,644,612 | 343,600 | 749,255 | 8,053,318 | 3,521,706 | 10,086,348 | 8,555,267 | 103,954,106 |
| Trade and other receivables, current | 285,183,815 | 6,441,471 | 1,102,876 | 29,569,513 | 43,051,655 | 13,342,992 | 37,880,199 | 416,572,521 |
| Related party receivables, current | 3,995,200 | - | - | - | - | 5,039,738 | 24,339,918 | 33,374,856 |
| Inventories | 629,278,472 | - |  | 360,783,032 | 35,576,098 | 89,793,876 | 45,813,069 | 1,161,244,547 |
| Current tax assets | 33,457,285 | 26,017 | 7,255 | 13,512,782 | 141,701 | 10,520,191 | 1,627,749 | 59,292,980 |
| Non-current assets or disposal groups held for sale | 29,095,216 | - | - | - | - | - |  | 29,095,216 |
| Total current assets | 1,930,017,760 | 34,260,113 | 2,285,723 | 619,177,797 | 106,391,615 | 217,870,098 | 150,888,475 | 3,060,891,581 |
| Other financial assets, non-current | 6,965,377 | 122,428,226 | - | 65,610,987 | - | - |  | 195,004,590 |
| Other non-financial assets, non-current | 40,825,104 | 2,750,709 | 34,572 | 16,580,363 | 15,482 | 20,711,130 | 10,731,899 | 91,649,259 |
| Trade and other receivables, non-current | 3,819,499 | 693,094 | - | 739,505 | 342,057 | - | - | 5,594,155 |
| Equity method investments | 13,841,640 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 13,841,640 |
| Intangible assets other than goodwill | 282,665 | - | - | - | - | 123,247,771 | 70,615,877 | 194,146,313 |
| Goodwill | 300,883,589 | - | - | 17,668,498 | 168,693 | 2,318,856 | 19,511,670 | 340,551,306 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 259,964,833 | - | - | 217,897,780 | - | - | 129,245,765 | 607,108,378 |
| Investment properties | 1,994,556,534 | 12,567 | - | 1,101,400,454 | 19,240,700 | 146,019,613 | 126,860,334 | 3,388,090,202 |
| Tax assets, non-current | 2,693,897,060 | - | - | 362,009,223 | - | 259,413,189 | - | 3,315,319,472 |
| Deferred tax assets | 12,652,411 | - | - | 1,686,626 | - | 2,198,985 | - | 16,538,022 |
| Total Non-Current Assets | 157,266,708 | - | - | 33,874,826 | 568,407 | 14,087,554 | 27,887,604 | 233,685,099 |
| Total Assets - Non-Banking Business | 5,484,955,420 | 125,884,596 | 34,572 | 1,817,468,262 | 20,335,339 | 567,997,098 | 384,853,149 | 8,401,528,436 |
| Assets - Banking Business |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and bank deposits | 175,365,477 | 51,768,259 | - | 83,556,584 | - | 26,115,311 | - | 336,805,631 |
| Transactions pending settlement, | 137,509,901 | 135,988,527 | - | 62,881 | - | - | - | 273,561,309 |
| Traded instruments | 418,620,771 | - | - | - | - | 32,153,007 | - | 450,773,778 |
|  | 15,016,800 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 15,016,800 |
| Financial derivative contracts | 640,281,893 | 49,073 | - | - | - | - | - | 640,330,966 |
| Customer loans and receivables | 3,089,506,874 | 134,088 | - | 478,071,026 | - | 737,276,064 | - | 4,304,988,052 |
| Investment instruments held for sale | 915,667,163 | - | - | 77,669,291 | - | 78,191,230 | - | 1,071,527,684 |
| Investments in companies | - | - | - | 3,134,482 | - | - | - | 3,134,482 |
| Intangible assets | 27,133,458 | - | - | 30,309,561 | - | 19,082,352 | - | 76,525,371 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 32,681,567 | - | - | 12,819,491 | - | 13,389,821 | - | 58,890,879 |
| Current tax liabilities | 1,524,332 | - | - | 4,613,500 | - | 7,079,532 | - | 13,217,364 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 49,294,889 | - | - | 14,227,065 | - | 2,970,384 | - | 66,492,338 |
| Other assets | 86,551,096 | 28,507,143 | - | 18,027,214 | - | 11,759,542 | - | 144,844,995 |
| Total Assets - Banking Business | 5,589,154,221 | 216,447,090 | - | 722,491,095 | - | 928,017,243 | - | 7,456,109,649 |
| Total Assets | 13,004,127,401 | 376,591,799 | 2,320,295 | 3,159,137,154 | 126,726,954 | 1,713,884,439 | 535,741,624 | 18,918,529,666 |

Note 34 - Financial Instruments and Risk Management (continued)
3. Categories presented in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position classified by currency (continued)
b)Balances as of December 31, 2020 are detailed as follows (continued)

|  | Chilean peso ThCh\$ | US dollar ThCh\$ | Euros <br> ThCh\$ | Peruvian new sol ThCh\$ | Argentine peso ThCh\$ | Colombian peso ThCh\$ | Other currencies ThCh\$ | Total <br> ThCh\$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Liabilities - Non-Banking Business |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other financial liabilities, current | 389,067,170 | 37,283,921 | 61,912 | 84,491,281 | 8,667 | 19,629,431 | - | 530,542,382 |
| Leasing liabilities, current | 56,050,988 | 8,849,589 | - | 2,513,199 | 1,479,957 | 6,141,757 | 4,919,584 | 79,955,074 |
| Trade and other payables | 595,087,045 | 100,611,105 | 6,530,405 | 266,560,773 | 39,531,690 | 81,021,642 | 55,758,267 | 1,145,100,927 |
| Related party payables, current | 12,274,209 | - | - | - | - | 5,410,296 | 399,864 | 18,084,369 |
| Other provisions, current | 7,048,150 | 213,285 | 4,177,618 | 5,994,162 | 4,384,283 | 3,229,341 | 1,006,117 | 26,052,956 |
| Tax liabilities, current | 21,416,760 | - | 13,946 | 745,566 | 337,043 | 4,748 | 105,764 | 22,623,827 |
| Employee benefit provisions | 97,246,112 | - | 24,763 | 28,798,471 | 7,012,408 | 4,012,052 | 8,480,872 | 145,574,678 |
| Other non-financial liabilities, current | 126,887,114 | 952,376 | 570,504 | 31,840,037 | 10,736,720 | 15,695,382 | 8,226,256 | 194,908,389 |
| Total current liabilities | 1,305,077,548 | 147,910,276 | 11,379,148 | 420,943,489 | 63,490,768 | 135,144,649 | 78,896,724 | 2,162,842,602 |
| Other Non-Current Financial Liabilities | 1,879,347,711 | 916,359,386 | - | 264,226,689 | - | 170,056,377 | -- | 3,229,990,163 |
| Leasing liabilities, non-current | 521,393,605 | 172,425,604 | - | 51,704,139 | 11,949,383 | 46,382,796 | 49,737,460 | 853,592,987 |
| Trade and other payables, non-current | 1,064,672 | - | - | - | - | 9,962 | - | 1,074,634 |
| Other provisions, non-current | 444,740 | - | - | 6,584,474 | 20,598 | 182,312 | 1,193,654 | 8,425,778 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 476,060,944 | - | - | 111,456,925 | 844,774 | 21,260 | 3,423,391 | 591,807,294 |
| Non-current employee benefits provisions | 42,323,501 | - | - | 821,163 | 118,258 | 220,667 | 116,162 | 43,599,751 |
| Other non-financial liabilities, non-current | 42,770,723 | 1,808,935 | - | 5,712,306 | - | 171,351 | 173,554 | 50,636,869 |
| Total Non-Current Liabilities | 2,963,405,896 | 1,090,593,925 | - | 440,505,696 | 12,933,013 | 217,044,725 | 54,644,221 | 4,779,127,476 |
| Total Liabilities - Non-Banking Business | 4,268,483,444 | 1,238,504,201 | 11,379,148 | 861,449,185 | 76,423,781 | 352,189,374 | 133,540,945 | 6,941,970,078 |
| Liabilities - Banking Business |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deposits and other demand obligations | 1,330,482,537 | 310,563 | - | 30,512,507 | - | 188,590,886 | - | 1,549,896,493 |
| Transactions pending settlement, | 129,987,903 | 135,988,527 | - | - | - | - | - | 265,976,430 |
| Savings accounts and other term deposits | 1,344,364,202 | 66,522,216 | - | 527,417,901 | - | 482,966,886 | - | 2,421,271,205 |
| Financial derivative contracts | 586,982,994 | 264,851 | - | - | - | - | - | 587,247,845 |
| Obligations to banks | 269,654,765 | 27,907,583 | - | 76,373 | - | 43,479,992 | - | 341,118,713 |
| Debt issued | 205,447,491 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 205,447,491 |
| Other financial obligations | 74,735,593 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 74,735,593 |
| Leasing liabilities | 10,482,565 | 5,151,691 | - | 3,139,266 | - | 8,463,534 | - | 27,237,056 |
| Current tax liabilities | 13,390,117 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 13,390,117 |
| Provisions | 24,553,144 | 319 | - | 2,552,974 | - | 3,919,265 | - | 31,025,702 |
| Other liabilities | 311,399,249 | 74,556,364 | - | 37,823,772 | - | 50,177,867 | - | 473,957,252 |
| Total Liabilities - Banking Business | 4,301,480,560 | 310,702,114 | - | 601,522,793 | - | 777,598,430 | - | 5,991,303,897 |
| Total Liabilities | 8,569,964,004 | 1,549,206,315 | 11,379,148 | 1,462,971,978 | 76,423,781 | 1,129,787,804 | 133,540,945 | 12,933,273,975 |

## Note 35 - Share Capital

a) The Company's capital management objectives, policies and processes

Falabella S,A, achieves appropriate capital ratios, in order to support and provide continuity and stability to its business. In addition, the Company continuously monitors its capital structure and that of its subsidiaries, in order to maintain an optimal structure that reduces the cost of capital.

Falabella monitors capital using an index of net consolidated financial debt (excluding the banking businesses) over equity, As of December 31, 2021, this index was 0,47.

The Company has been rated locally as follows by the Feller-Rate and Fitch Ratings credit ratings:

| Local Ratings | Feller-Rate | Fitch Ratings |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Shares | 1st C,N, 1 | 1st C,N, 1 |
| Bonds and lines of bonds | AA / Stable Outlook | AA / Stable Outlook |

The Company also has an international credit rating from Standard \& Poor's (BBB, Stable Outlook) and Fitch Ratings (BBB, Stable Outlook)
b) Share capital and number of shares

As of December 31, 2021, the Company's capital was detailed as follows:
Number of shares

| Series | Number of Shares <br> Subscribed | Number of Shares <br> Paid | Number of Shares <br> With Voting Rights |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Single | $2,508,844,629$ | $2,508,844,629$ | $2,508,844,629$ |

Share capital

| Series |  | Dec-31-21 |  | Dec-31-20 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Paid capital | Subscribed <br> capital | Subscribed capital |  |
|  | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ |  |
| Single | $923,902,113$ | $923,902,113$ | $923,902,113$ | $923,902,113$ |  |
| Issuance cost | $(4,482,724)$ | $(4,482,724)$ | $(4,482,724)$ | $(4,482,724)$ |  |
| Total issued capital | $919,419,389$ | $919,419,389$ | $919,419,389$ | $919,419,389$ |  |

c) Share Premium on Placement

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the cumulative amount was ThCh\$ 93,482,329.

Note 35 - Share Capital (continued)
d) Other reserves as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 were detailed as follows:

| Other reserves | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec-31-21 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec-31-20 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conversion reserve ${ }^{(1)}$ | (119,738,475) | (269,379,440) |
| Cash flow hedge reserve | 64,557,133 | 395,917 |
| Actuarial gains or losses on defined benefit plans reserve | $(21,064,356)$ | $(21,135,488)$ |
| Gains or losses on financial assets held for sale reserves | 756,970 | $(23,751,909)$ |
| Share-based payments reserve | 40,106,269 | 40,106,269 |
| Capital adjustment due to currency restatement (2) | 12,256,323 | 12,256,323 |
| Other reserves ${ }^{(3)}$ | $(198,720,914)$ | $(170,361,418)$ |
| Total Other Reserves | $(246,427,061)$ | $(407,289,735)$ |
| Movement in Other Reserves | Dec-31-21 | Dec-31-20 |
|  | ThCh\$ | ThCh\$ |
| Opening balance | $(407,289,735)$ | $(149,943,365)$ |
| Conversion reserve | 149,640,965 | $(294,851,820)$ |
| Cash flow hedge reserve | 64,161,216 | 37,206,780 |
| Actuarial gains or losses on defined benefit plans reserves | $(71,132)$ | 411,398 |
| Gains or losses on financial assets held for sale reserves | $(112,728)$ | $(24,508,879)$ |
| Other reserves | $(28,359,496)$ | - |
| Total Annual Movement | 160,862,674 | $(257,346,370)$ |
| Closing balance | $(246,427,061)$ | $(407,289,735)$ |

(1) As of December 31, 2021 and 2020 includes ThCh $\$(140,298,131)$ and $\operatorname{ThCh} \$(139,733,533)$, respectively, for subsidiaries in Argentina.
(2) This one off effect was caused by adopting IFRS due to the obligation to apply the CPI for local purposes.
(3) Primarily due to reserves on the acquisition of minority interests.

## e) Dividend policy

Falabella's dividend policy is to distribute at least 30\% of the Company's distributable earnings each year.
At a meeting held on October 26, 2010, the Board approved a policy (hereinafter the "Policy") to calculate distributable earnings, in accordance with Circular 1,945, complemented by Circular 1,983, both issued by the FMC. This policy established that no deductions or additions would be made to distributable earnings, in response to the circumstances at the time the Policy was implemented. The policy has been consistently applied since it was approved, Consequently, since it was approved through to 2015, the Company has not adjusted the "Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Owners of the Parent" in its financial statements.

On December 27, 2016, the Board agreed to amend the Policy on the basis of the results for 2016, to exclude the following:
i. Unrealized gains on the fair value valuation of assets and liabilities, which arise as a result of business combinations or corporate restructuring, including at subsidiaries and associates. They will be reinstated when realized.
ii. Unrealized gains on the fair value valuation of investment properties. They will be reinstated into distributable earnings when realized.
iii. The effects of deferred taxes associated with the concepts indicated in i) and ii) above will be treated in the same manner as the item generating them.

On April 27, 2021, the Shareholders' Meeting approved the distribution of a final dividend of $\mathrm{Ch} \$ 5$ per share, which was credited to profits for the year 2020. This dividend was paid on May 13, 2021.

Note 35 - Net Equity, continued
e) Dividend policy, continued

On August 31, 2021, the Board of Directors approved the distribution of an interim dividend of Ch\$30 per share, which was credited to profits for the year 2021. This interim dividend was paid on September 29, 2021.

On April 28, 2020, a Shareholders' Meeting approved the distribution of an interim dividend of Ch\$19 per share from earnings for 2019. This dividend was paid on May 13, 2020.
d) Summarized financial information for subsidiaries with non-controlling interests

The Chilean subsidiary Plaza S,A, has non-controlling interests that are significant for Falabella, before intercompany eliminations and other adjustments for consolidation, Financial information regarding this subsidiary is detailed as follows:

|  | Dec-31-21 | Dec-31-20 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Non-controlling interest | $40,72 \%$ | $40,72 \%$ |
| Non-current assets | $3,319,502,491$ | $3,303,749,728$ |
| Current assets | $264,627,081$ | $336,099,272$ |
| Non-current liabilities | $1,409,014,743$ | $1,484,516,714$ |
| Current liabilities | $226,923,892$ | $248,210,554$ |
| Net assets | $1,948,190,937$ | $1,907,121,732$ |
| Revenue | $276,694,599$ | $187,329,190$ |
| Net income for the year | $47,600,757$ | $11,017,868$ |
| Comprehensive income | $8,090,059$ | $(14,906,210)$ |
| Net income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests | $1,045,060$ | $(1,229,742)$ |
| Cash flow from operating activities | $220,089,473$ | $83,924,479$ |
| Cash flow from investing activities | $(70,108,822)$ | $(106,438,080)$ |
| Cash flow from financing activities, before dividends paid to parties with non-controlling interests | $(224,368,432)$ | $209,762,866$ |
| Cash flow from financing activities, cash dividends to parties with non-controlling interests | $(3,580,208)$ | $(17,954,120)$ |

Note 36 - Financial Information by Segment

General description of segments and their measurement:
The Company's operating segments have been selected in accordance with Falabella's main businesses, which are regularly reviewed by Senior Management, in order to measure performance, evaluate risks, allocate resources, and segmented information is available. Certain segments have been grouped because they possess similar financial characteristics. The information that the Company's Management regularly examines is net income from each of the operating segments in Chile and consolidated net income from each foreign subsidiary.

The same policies described in the accounting criteria note are used to produce Management and accounting reports. There are no overall differences between the accounting policies used to measure net income, assets and liabilities for each segment. Inter-segment eliminations are disclosed at an overall level; therefore intersegment transactions and income are disclosed at the value of the original transaction in each segment.

## Note 36 - Financial Information by Segment (continued)

Falabella has the following business segments:
a) Department stores: This segment operates under the Falabella brand and its activities are the sale of a range of products including retail sales of clothing, accessories and products for the home, electronics, beauty products and others.
b) Home improvement: This segment operates mainly under the Sodimac brand and its activities are the sale of building and home improvement products, including building materials, hardware, tools, and accessories for kitchen, bathroom, garden and decoration, among other things.
c) Supermarkets: This segment operates using the hypermarkets and supermarkets format under the Tottus brand, offering food and other non-food products.
d) Real estate: Operates in the real estate segment through constructing and leasing malls.
e) Other businesses and inter-segment eliminations include the remaining Falabella companies, which includes Linio, Falabella.com, the industrial sector, Corredora de Seguros de Chile, CF Seguros de Vida, investments in Uruguay and Mexico, investment companies and eliminations. In addition, the consolidated operations of the following subsidiaries abroad have been defined as segments:

- Argentina: It has department stores, home improvement and financial retail businesses.
- Colombia It has department stores and retail financial businesses, Banco Falabella S.A. is shown in the Banking Business for segment information purposes.
- Peru: It is the only foreign country with the same businesses as Chile, Banco Falabella Peru S.A. is shown in the Banking Business for segment information purposes.
- Brazil It has a home improvement business.
f) Banking Business: includes information on all banking business, in Chile and abroad.

The customer portfolio is broadly dispersed and there are no individual customers that are significantly representative.

The information disclosed in each segment is presented net of eliminations for transactions and income between companies in each segment, Inter-segment income and transactions are eliminated at an overall level, and form part of Falabella's final consolidated figures. This presentation is the same used by management for its regular reviews of the Company's performance.

Operating revenue for the Chile Real Estate segment of ThCh\$ 365,307,722 as of December 31, 2021 (ThCh\$ $253,374,902$ as of December 31, 2020) is total income receivable from real estate companies in Chile with third parties and related companies, conversely, Note 14 i) presents the leasing income with third parties for all real estate companies of Falabella.

[^22]Note 36 - Financial Information by Segment (continued)
Segment Information - Non-Banking Business

| Segment Information Non-Banking Business | Department <br> Stores Chile | $\begin{gathered} \text { Home } \\ \text { Improvement } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { Constuction } \\ \text { Materials Chile } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Supermarkets } \\ \text { Chile } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Real Estate } \\ & \text { Chile } \end{aligned}$ | Department Stores Pen | $\begin{gathered} \text { Home } \\ \text { Improvement and } \\ \text { Constuction } \\ \text { Material seeru } \end{gathered}$ | Supermakets Peru |  | Department <br> Stores, Home <br> Improvement <br> and <br> Consturction <br> Mateitils <br> Argentina | $\begin{gathered} \text { CMR } \\ \text { Argentina } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Other } \\ & \text { Businesses } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { Eliminations } \\ & \text { Argentina } \end{aligned}$ | Department Stores <br> Colombia |  | Home Improvement and Constuction Mateinils Brazil |  |  | Total Non-Banking Business |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dec.31-21 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenue | 2,205,805,487 | 3,255,724,149 | 989,973,957 | 365,307,722 | 710,799,228 | 764,372,311 | 1,083,804,215 | 48,014,865 | 182,389,607 | 14,476,933 | 7,800,059 | 450,488,356 | 30,712,594 | 234,042,184 |  | (8,327,927) | 10,335,383,740 |
| Operating Costs | $(1,456,422,100)$ | (2,235,217,768) | $(720,854,296)$ | (127, ,390,352) | (496,638,542) | $(525,886,755)$ | (824,384,848) | (22,317,650) | (103,516,608) | (5,170,714) | 133,157 | (313,491,632) | (3,269,578) | (148,646,516) |  | (64,786,043) | (7,047,860,245) |
| Non-Banking financia income | 23,82, 546 | 25,642,200 | 8,537,493 | 3,927,184 | 7,570,952 | 16,046,215 | 13,58,082 | 5,030,900 | 3,822,399 | 9,084,957 | (7,265,136) | 8,770,872 | 657,398 | 854,705 | 6,326 | 4,390,151 | 124,517,244 |
| Non-Banking financial expenses | (21,73,017) | $(36,092,358)$ | $(10,798,272)$ | (112,221,803) | (10,096,740) | $(16,195,674)$ | $(15,58,231)$ | 1,732,551 | 10,424,874 | ( $5.484,947)$ | 7,199,448 | (11,339,925) | $(461,965)$ | (7,307,807) | (259) | (62,528,212) | (290,465,337) |
| Net financial expenses all segments | 2,146,529 | $(10,450,158)$ | (2,260,779) | (108,294,619) | $(2,525,788)$ | $(149,459)$ | $(2,000,149)$ | 6,763,451 | 14,247,273 | 3,600,010 | $(65,688)$ | $(2,569,053)$ | 195,433 | (6,45, 102) | 6,067 | ( $58,138,061$ ) | $(165,948,093)$ |
| Depreciation and amortization all | $(78,047,787)$ | (104,948,773) | $(47,267,997)$ | $(67,688,688)$ | (25,449,857) | $(28,912,078)$ | $(35,418,505)$ | (1,787,439) | (3,076,401) |  | $(285,109)$ | (19,908,044) | (1,492,580) | $(10,984,789)$ |  | (2,923,699) | $(428,191,546)$ |
| Net income before tax | 132,851,125 | 309,285,387 | 22,945,970 | 70,242,738 | 38,294,929 | 47,935,790 | 20,52,512 | 19,894,859 | (29,460,549) | (3,325,471) | 5,984,096 | 11,843,408 | 22,961,007 | 8,270,139 | (3,131) | (86,571,949) | 591,720,860 |
| Income tax (expense) income | $(27,641,064)$ | $(80,333,967)$ | $(4,116,947)$ | (4,789,968) | $(13,010,518)$ | $(15,685,611)$ | (8,445,914) | $(6,875,621)$ | 6,445,199 | $(58,153)$ | $(18,648)$ | (1,993,187) | 3,366,986 | (2,586,172) |  | 18,417,618 | $(137,325,967)$ |
| Net income all segments | 105,210,061 | 228,951,420 | 18,829,023 | 65,452,770 | 25,284,411 | 32,250,179 | 12,126,598 | 13,019,238 | (23,015,350) | (3,383,624) | 5,965,448 | 9,850,221 | 26,327,993 | 5,683,967 | (3,131) | (68,154,331) | 454,394,893 |
| Share of net income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method |  |  |  | 18,432 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 35,123,810 |  |  | (12,480,105) | 22,662,137 |
| Trade and other reecivables, curent | 59,845,460 | 93,933,031 | 23,301,914 | 82,346,949 | 6,865,308 | 6,673,661 | 10,066,883 | 13,923,390 | 6,800,552 | 294,804 |  | 6,682,203 | 4,640,922 | 43,687,761 | 414 | 33,359,680 | 392,422,932 |
| Inventories | 396,865,394 | 569,070,771 | 135,999,902 | 227,683 | 195,609,033 | 187,528,864 | 179,872,805 |  | 20,672,314 |  |  | 100,160,970 | 67,921 | 54,079,505 |  | 27,638,629 | 1,867,793,791 |
| Trade and other receivables, noncurrent |  | 484,994 |  | 10,540,803 | 138,759 | 79,481 |  | 566,787 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11,810,824 |
| Property, Plart and Equipment | 521,334,962 | 863,615,293 | 367,547,183 | 803,973,780 | 225,681,072 | 324,655,327 | 431,781,587 | 204,192,943 | 23,028,140 |  | 609,830 | 123,431,685 | 4,899,992 | 106,789,595 |  | $(438,602,514)$ | 3,562,938,875 |
| Investment Properies |  |  |  | 3,008,786,852 |  | 26,713,528 |  | 372,012,950 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (1,488,103) | 3,406,025,227 |
| Total segment assels | 1,224,948,536 | 1,709,056,748 | 557,320,515 | 4,363,520,979 | 499,700,247 | 802,873,170 | 694,835,005 | 666,113,776 | 79,457,423 | 44,914,623 | (45,129,703) | 311,204,215 | 173,419,519 | 264,932,776 | 39,006,827 | 761,757,194 | 12,147,931,850 |
| Equity method investments |  |  |  | 281,533 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 120,239,817 |  |  | 125,578,437 | 246,099,787 |
| Other current financial liabilities | 777,521 | 38,634,825 | 881,203 | 150,492,544 | 74,029,379 | 6,383,682 | 63,270,452 | 31,154,615 | 40 | 126 |  | 12,003,473 |  |  |  | 130,454,220 | 508,082,080 |
| Trade and other payables | 212,702,295 | 253,787,381 | 94,273,314 | 54,249,676 | 70,709,753 | 90,346,946 | 123,851,710 | 12,428,410 | 16,774,981 | 5,699,615 | 111,656 | 67,379,123 | 15,351,546 | 42,739,748 | 784 | 235,972,122 | 1,296,379,060 |
| Other Non-Current Financial Liabilities |  | 45,767,517 |  | 884,219,710 | 12,097,554 |  | 28,925,147 | 248,962,675 |  |  |  | 9,728,577 |  |  |  | 1,914,224,745 | 3,143,925,925 |
| Leasing liabilities, non-current | 307,932,102 | 639,366,644 | 190,679,487 | 17,052,758 | 102,409,795 | 160,722,072 | 140,736,728 | (132,967,448) | 5,541,312 |  | 26,616 | 50,45,965 | 639,381 | 52,838,635 |  | (556,975,171) | 978,459,876 |
| Total segment liabilities | 845,372,365 | 1,425,734,764 | 446,008,299 | 2,058,450,052 | 371,123,993 | 447,472,937 | 474,173,866 | 7,367,985 | 79,611,524 | 35,831,528 | $(42,68,338)$ | 251,360,914 | 640,171 | 117,607,084 | 3,754,513 | 702,089,115 | 7,289,912,772 |
| Disbursements of the segment's non- monetary assets | (50,927,987) | $(47,319,947)$ | (49,33,716) | (102,802,570) | (23,618,413) | (5,357,900) | (25,394,478) | (14,45,424) | $(19,578,639)$ | (4,748) | $(67,196)$ | $(13,324,744)$ | (3,450,362) | (10,746,584) |  | (110,929,845) | $(477,310,553)$ |
| Segments operating cash flow | 302,773,337 | 50,932,165 | 3,271,849 | 258,059,803 | $(4,109,696)$ | 10,730,640 | (2,348,263) | (13,548,782) | (8,772,190) | (513,302) | (561,240) | 25,627,255 | $(45,269,216)$ | 8,342,969 |  | (251,610,308) | 333,005,021 |
| Segments investing cash flow | (51,367,62) | $(43,525,567)$ | (49,333,716) | (94,752,079) | $(19,830,288)$ | $9,173,398$ | $(27,096,460)$ | $(23,254,636)$ | (5,874,774) | 3,004,953 | 472,568 | $(12,538,799)$ | 40,660,093 | (10,746,584) |  | $(106,001,006)$ | $(391,910,579)$ |
| Segments financing cash flow | $(243,347,640)$ | $(17,241,191)$ | 40,720,181 | $(244,674,206)$ | 26,274,139 | (68,743,715) | 9,129,144 | 75,73,846 | 6,272,200 | $(2,541,128)$ | 1,952,177 | 744,581 | $(2,85,659)$ | (5,901,132) | 4 | $(203,467,288)$ | $(627,947,687)$ |

Note 36 - Financial Information by Segment (continued)
Segment Information - Non-Banking Business (continued)

| Segment Information Non-Banking Business | Department <br> Stores Chile | $\begin{gathered} \text { Home } \\ \text { Improvement } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { Constuction } \\ \text { Materials Chile } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Supermarkets } \\ \text { Chile } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Real Estate } \\ & \text { Chile } \end{aligned}$ | Department Stores Peru | $\begin{gathered} \text { Home } \\ \text { Improvement } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { Constuction } \\ \text { Materials Peru } \end{gathered}$ | Supermakets Peru |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Department } \\ \text { Stores, Home } \\ \text { Improvement } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { Construction } \\ \text { Mateenils } \\ \text { Argentina } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { CMR } \\ \text { Argentina } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Other } \\ \text { Businesses and } \\ \text { Eliminations } \\ \text { Argentina } \end{gathered}$ | Department Stores Colombia |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Home } \\ \text { Improvement } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { Constuction } \\ \text { Materials Brazil } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Other } \\ & \text { Businesses and } \\ & \text { Eliminations } \\ & \text { Brazil } \end{aligned}$ |  | Total NonBanking Business |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dec.31-20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenue | 1,554,181,690 | 2,290,251,443 | 867,017,586 | 255,374,902 | 550,057,214 | 587,984,167 | 1,151,187,339 | 34,257,837 | 210,008,407 | 34,821,886 | (1,818,903) | 411,048,430 | 20,522,720 | 218,878,455 |  | 99,276,776 | 8,281,049,949 |
| Operating Costs | (1,093,007,655) | (1.57,085, 290) | (637,688,276) | (118,478,675) | (402,736,209) | (407, 459,157) | (865,744,387) | (21,33,601) | (113,438,353) | (8,432,304) | 90,718 | (302, 318,762) | (2,722.570) | (140,548,102) |  | (100,834,067) | (5,790,733,690) |
| Non-Banking financial income | 799,488 | 1,911,955 | 124,426 | 9,135,149 | 3,762,219 | 10,325,908 | 6,639,622 | 117,248 | 17,106,581 | 2,146,981 | 848,858 | 1,082,738 | 483,419 | 729,837 | 1,416 | 12,691,156 | 67,907,001 |
| Non-Banking financial expenses | $(28,642,690)$ | $(51,141,226)$ | $(15,074,601)$ | (77,205,116) | (13,751,630) | $(20,602,499)$ | $(18,626,836)$ | 1,845,644 | 415,708 | (3,736,811) | (109,836) | (15,665,896) | 107,438 | (14,010,032) | $(315,393)$ | (26,674,574) | (283,189,000) |
| Net financial expenses all segments | $(27,84,202)$ | (49,22,9971) | (14,950,175) | (68,069,967) | (9,889,411) | $(10,276,541)$ | (11,987,214) | 1,962,892 | 17,522,289 | (1,589,830) | 739,022 | (14,583,158) | 590,857 | (13,280,195) | (313,977) | (13,983,418) | $(215,281,999)$ |
| Depreciation and amortization all segments segments | (77,682, 242) | $(99,50,610)$ | $(44,161,496)$ | $(65,761,779)$ | $(28,287,799)$ | $(33,316,099)$ | $(40,666,621)$ | $(748,443)$ | $(8,397,395)$ | (1,440,998) | (178,344) | $(20,905,139)$ | (911,628) | $(10,639,058)$ |  | 8,102,980 | (424,494,671) |
| Net income before tax | (118,231,123) | 83,789,430 | 3,277,532 | 16,60, ,398 | (9,506,766) | (24,703,080) | 26,492,274 | 35,307,92 | (57,736,400) | $(13,600,789)$ | 9,136,332 | (18,217,645) | 24,430,829 | (2,975,017) | (311,217) | (41,54,249) | (87,794,699) |
| Income tax (expense) income | 35,033,919 | (22,543,633) | 301,818 | 896,118 | 338,104 | (269,313) | (11,356,257) | (6,597,927) | 3,186,848 | $(2,385,658)$ | $(279,019)$ | 2,647,329 | $(2,337,617)$ | $(254,086)$ | (155) | (1,623,545) | (5,243,074) |
| Net income all segments | $(83,197,204)$ | 61,245,797 | 3,579,350 | 17,49, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | (9,168,662) | (24,972,933) | 15,136,017 | 28,70, 865 | (54,549,552) | $(15,986,447)$ | 8,857,313 | (15,570,316) | 22,093,212 | (3,229,103) | (311,372) | (43,171,794) | (93,037,773) |
| Share of net income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method |  |  |  | 15,834 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 18,087,164 |  |  | (14,523,824) | 3,579,174 |
| Trade and other receivables, current | 74,507,957 | 104,152,859 | 23,879,360 | 70,320,320 | 6,164,870 | 5,669,662 | 9,288,878 | 10,407,420 | 13,536,752 | 25,18,615 | 14,517 | 5,896,118 | 4,828,664 | 34,664,138 | 375 | 28,057,016 | 416,572,521 |
| Inventories | 298,033,867 | 248,087,262 | 74,181,040 | 221,097 | 128,050,691 | 114,173,916 | 118,537,57 |  | 35,576,098 |  |  | 89,772,136 | 21.740 | 37,087,903 |  | 17,501,240 | 1,161,244,547 |
| Trade and other receivables, noncurrent |  | 457,265 |  | 3,987,834 | 94,059 | 69,975 |  | 523,321 |  | 342,057 |  |  |  |  |  | 119,644 | 5,594,155 |
| Property, Plant and Equipment | 441,844,044 | 813,400,659 | 310,249,718 | 844,644,548 | 197,557,793 | 372,092,788 | 395,502,376 | 142,751,281 | 18,413,350 |  | 758,910 | 131,150,587 | 2,336,694 | 91,000,158 |  | (377,652,704) | 3,388,090,202 |
| Investment Properies |  |  |  | 2,957,98,857 |  | 19,486,776 |  | 339,321,942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (1,488,103) | 3,315,319,472 |
| Total segment assets | 1,011,620,500 | 1,609,493,943 | 456,876,611 | 4,401,84,609 | 396,476,275 | 815,473,548 | 601,644,763 | 544,777,855 | 96,576,516 | 44,468,232 | (15,047,648) | 295,768,340 | 171,151,498 | 230,166,483 | 35,318,957 | 765,808,535 | 11,462,42,0017 |
| Equity method investments |  |  |  | 282,665 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 123,247,771 |  |  | 70,615,877 | 194,146,313 |
| Other curent financial liaibities | 5,019,395 | 38,264,707 | 2,971,265 | 191,884,560 | 6,227,401 |  | 1,404,683 | 76,80,881 | 8,667 |  |  | 16,720,546 |  |  |  | 191,170,277 | 530,542,382 |
| Trade and other payables | 216,362,339 | 225,899,413 | 81,720,071 | 50,158,681 | 78,253,161 | 94,893,406 | 129,302,446 | 11,155,037 | 33,633,254 | 8,945,959 | 268,889 | 69,48,416 | 11,217,707 | 40,865,713 | 1,900 | 92,935,535 | 1,145,100,927 |
| Other financial liabilites, non-current |  | 62,971,521 |  | 1,002,935,253 | 16,668,513 |  | 28,27, 607 | 219,522,916 |  |  |  | 37,540,999 |  |  |  | 1,862,123,354 | 3,229,990,163 |
| Leasing liabilities, non-current | 229,724,745 | 592,011,155 | 163,599,847 | 15,990,374 | 87,93, 216 | 142,489,137 | 118,399,952 | (123,325,507) | 14,099,819 |  | 483,772 | 51,703,993 | 1,188,210 | 43,48,734 |  | (484,151,460) | 85,,52,987 |
| Total segment liabilities | 965,801,485 | 1,376,060,751 | 402,96, ,528 | 2,151,411,864 | 290,210,896 | 437,017,123 | 395,296,098 | 75,230,993 | 97,737,272 | 35,97,086 | (9,330,491) | 245,743,264 | 20,283,106 | 102,266,590 | 3,400,510 | 351,899,103 | 6,941,970,078 |
| Disbursements of the segment's non-monetary assets | $(47,584,606)$ | (56,45,, ,70) | $(74,267,373)$ | (152,782,018) | $(26,248,537)$ | $(12,582,548)$ | $(20,650,756)$ | (36,959,184) | (2,890,195) | (151,168) | $(199,043)$ | (11,918,494) | (55,633) | (6,136,450) |  | (51,54, 267) | (500,388,842) |
| Segments operating cash flow | 64,080,590 | 356,621,062 | 101,303,303 | 120,930,215 | 26,338,107 | 97,243,571 | 74,455,143 | 195,358,750 | (11,759,131) | 23,562,818 | (279,993) | 3,425,274 | (10,678,510) | 18,135,677 |  | (277,106,647) | 781,630,229 |
| Segments invesing cash flow | (239,889,763) | $(55,386,097)$ | $(100,000,856)$ | (179,936,050) | (21,55,853) | $(10,245,388)$ | (14,707,903) | (57,33, 281) | (13,729,999) | (1,074,150) | 471,656 | $(9,650,350)$ | (18,229,796) | (6,135,140) |  | 278,398,279 | (448,929,651) |
| Segments financing cash fow | 165,688,904 | $(276,487,487)$ | $(3,397,35)$ | 230,918,936 | 24,616,725 | $(30,915,049)$ | $(25,640,626)$ | (83,030,488) | 25,443,934 | (3,583,045) | $(1,097,770)$ | 26,152,322 | 33,741,004 | 21,243,914 | $(141,960)$ | 273,379,282 | 376,891,241 |

Note 36 - Financial Information by Segment (continued)
Segment Information Banking Business

| Segment Information Banking Business | Banking Business Chile | Banking Business Peru | Banking Business Colombia | Total Banking Business |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dec-31-21 |  |  |  |  |
| Banking interest and indexation income | 621,299,471 | 123,376,271 | 156,565,762 | 901,241,504 |
| Banking interest and indexation expense | $(70,199,801)$ | $(15,481,227)$ | $(30,308,458)$ | $(115,989,486)$ |
| Banking commission income | 127,406,747 | 42,255,712 | 62,274,627 | 231,937,086 |
| Banking commission expense | $(61,472,083)$ | $(9,036,470)$ | $(17,876,972)$ | $(88,385,525)$ |
| Other operating income | 3,001,554 | 184,845 | 134,035 | 3,320,434 |
| Provisions and other operating costs | $(28,018,778)$ | $(36,053,307)$ | $(52,594,048)$ | $(116,666,133)$ |
| Net interest income all segments | 617,034,334 | 141,114,286 | 170,654,959 | 928,803,579 |
| Depreciation and amortization all segments | $(17,678,523)$ | $(12,666,505)$ | $(8,946,779)$ | $(39,291,807)$ |
| Net income before tax | 304,629,555 | $(14,304,674)$ | 21,787,083 | 312,111,964 |
| Income tax (expense) income | $(65,985,461)$ | 2,132,067 | $(7,631,730)$ | $(71,485,124)$ |
| Net income all segments | 238,644,094 | $(12,172,607)$ | 14,155,353 | 240,626,840 |
| Share of net income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method | - | 531,673 | - | 531,673 |
| Cash and bank deposits | 351,467,182 | 144,129,553 | 67,028,689 | 562,625,424 |
| Traded instruments | 23,817,137 | - | 75,539,119 | 99,356,256 |
| Customer receivables and loans | 3,748,300,817 | 565,263,883 | 1,033,262,630 | 5,346,827,330 |
| Property, Plant and Equipment | 29,041,767 | 16,850,455 | 11,745,574 | 57,637,796 |
| Total segment assets | 7,086,535,202 | 864,421,686 | 1,333,755,128 | 9,284,712,016 |
| Investment in associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method | - | 3,810,616 | - | 3,810,616 |
| Deposits and other demand obligations | 1,973,683,631 | 66,841,261 | 270,492,899 | 2,311,017,791 |
| Savings accounts and other term deposits | 1,243,617,754 | 549,603,552 | 628,852,481 | 2,422,073,787 |
| Total segment liabilities | 5,688,298,924 | 665,204,534 | 1,144,162,906 | 7,497,666,364 |
| Disbursements of the segment's non-monetary assets | $(5,333,031)$ | $(12,515,211)$ | $(7,380,058)$ | $(25,228,300)$ |
| Segment's operating cash flow | 112,571,301 | (28,111,221) | 53,547,590 | 138,007,670 |
| Segment's investing cash flow | $(110,618,080)$ | 1,262,293 | $(26,703,091)$ | $(136,058,878)$ |
| Segment's financing cash flow | 266,086,077 | - | - | 266,086,077 |


| Banking Business Chile | Banking Business Peru | Banking Business Colombia | Total Banking Business |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dec-31-20 |  |  |  |
| 664,444,547 | 163,243,422 | 151,028,685 | 978,716,654 |
| $(80,711,587)$ | $(21,993,907)$ | $(35,340,005)$ | $(138,045,499)$ |
| 104,032,998 | 51,531,982 | 51,343,375 | 206,908,355 |
| $(57,850,599)$ | $(13,210,000)$ | $(15,701,215)$ | $(86,761,814)$ |
| 1,801,024 | 189,177 | 135,276 | 2,125,477 |
| $(206,411,288)$ | $(98,768,044)$ | $(55,908,233)$ | $(361,087,565)$ |
| 629,915,359 | 179,571,497 | 151,330,840 | 960,817,696 |
| $(16,147,208)$ | $(12,456,434)$ | $(8,902,535)$ | $(37,506,177)$ |
| 192,107,987 | $(35,339,222)$ | 12,336,569 | 169,105,334 |
| $(44,105,403)$ | 9,930,799 | $(5,228,515)$ | $(39,403,119)$ |
| 148,002,584 | $(25,408,423)$ | 7,108,054 | 129,702,215 |
| - | 708,890 |  | 708,890 |
| 183,858,790 | 126,023,720 | 26,923,121 | 336,805,631 |
| 418,620,771 | - | 32,153,007 | 450,773,778 |
| 3,089,506,874 | 478,205,115 | 737,276,063 | 4,304,988,052 |
| 28,729,415 | 16,837,755 | 13,323,709 | 58,890,879 |
| 5,766,523,043 | 759,957,670 | 929,628,936 | 7,456,109,649 |
| - | 3,134,482 | - | 3,134,482 |
| 1,330,565,553 | 30,740,054 | 188,590,886 | 1,549,896,493 |
| 1,371,379,733 | 566,924,586 | 482,966,886 | 2,421,271,205 |
| 4,567,304,657 | 631,642,183 | 792,357,057 | 5,991,303,897 |
| $(10,937,713)$ | $(14,226,389)$ | $(8,817,954)$ | $(33,982,056)$ |
| 1,281,936,145 | 74,989,538 | 59,780,127 | 1,416,705,810 |
| $(18,070,072)$ | $(13,008,374)$ | $(68,154,447)$ | $(99,232,893)$ |
| $(297,973,313)$ | $(605,985)$ | - | $(298,579,298)$ |

## Note 36 - Financial Information by Segment (continued)

Operating revenue from external customers by country of domicile and geographic area is detailed as follows

| Operating revenue | Dec-31-21 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Operating revenue from external customers by country of domicile. | $7,560,191,160$ |
| Operating revenue from external customers, all foreign countries | $3,911,691,604$ |

Operating revenue by geographical area, outside the country of domicile of the company is detailed as follows:

|  | Dec-31-21 |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Operating revenue | Country | Revenue |
| Operating revenue | Peru | $2,772,807,447$ |
| Operating revenue | Colombia | $700,175,374$ |
| Operating revenue | Brazil | $234,042,184$ |
| Operating revenue | Argentina | $204,666,599$ |

The distribution of non-current assets by geographical area is detailed as follows:

| Non-Current Assets | Dec-31-21 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Non-current assets by country of domicile | $8,252,953,033$ |
| Non-current assets, all foreign countries | $2,359,248,448$ |

The distribution of the most significant non-current assets by geographical area, outside the country of domicile of the company is detailed as follows:

|  | Dec-31-21 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Non-Current Assets | Country Assets | Attributed to a Foreign Country |
| Property, plant and equipment (net) | Peru | 1,203,161,384 |
| Investment property (net) | Peru | 398,726,478 |
| Customer loans and banking receivables | Peru | 264,989,232 |
| Property, plant and equipment (net) | Argentina | 23,637,970 |
| Property, plant and equipment (net) | Colombia | 140,077,251 |
| Property, plant and equipment (net) | Brazil | 106,789,595 |

## Note 37 - Contingencies, Lawsuits and Other Legal Issues

a) Litigation
a.1) The Parent Company and its subsidiaries are facing litigation or administrative proceedings, which are being resolved by the respective courts or administrative bodies. The Company has made provisions to reflect unfavorable contingencies. No provision has been made where these matters have low probabilities of success and should be resolved in the Company's favor.

## Note 37 - Contingencies, Lawsuits and Other Legal Issues (continued)

a) Litigation (continued)

The litigation as of December 31, 2021 is detailed as follows:

| Proceedings | Number of cases | Amount <br> ThCh\$ | Accounting provision <br> ThCh\$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Civil | 385 | $18,401,954$ | $2,039,334$ |
| Consumer | 994 | $9,319,355$ | $4,452,333$ |
| Employment | 1.734 | $30,337,934$ | $11,946,302$ |
| Tax | 57 | $26,352,204$ | $14,547,577$ |
| Others | 342 | $3,846,038$ | $2,256,125$ |

a.2) Taxation matters include the situation facing our Peruvian subsidiary SAGA Falabella S.A. As a consequence of the review of income tax returns from 2000 to 2005, the National Tax Administration Superintendent (SUNAT or "Superintendencia Nacional de Administración Tributaria") sent it assessments and penalties related to general sales tax and income tax for these periods, for an updated amount of 36,165,305 Peruvian new soles (ThCh\$ 7,662,705).
Also, SUNAT reviewed the 2013 tax returns for the subsidiaries SAGA Falabella S.A. and Hipermercados Tottus S.A. and subsequently issued several resolutions and fines related to income tax for that period that total approximately 22,312,291 Peruvian new soles (ThCh\$ 4,727,528) and 13,904,905 Peruvian new soles (ThCh\$ 2,946,171), respectively. The subsidiaries have filed the corresponding appeals before the tax authority, which have reached the administrative stage. Legal advisors believe that these appeals will be resolved favorably for the Company.

On April 2, 2021, the Peruvian Tax Court issued a mandatory ruling that changed the taxation framework for joint-venture associations in Peru. This ruling established that the parent company and not the associate of joint-venture associations will be the taxpayer of income tax. Later, on July 1, 2021, the Tax Court issued a new ruling regarding the deferral of fines and interest resulting from this tax change until April 16, 2022, due to reasonable doubt arising from multiple interpretations regarding taxes on profits earned by jointventures in Peru.

According to the criteria of the aforementioned resolution, on August 6, 2021, Banco Falabella Perú S.A. (an associate of the Company), paid income taxes for $\$ 124,544,864$ Peruvian nuevos soles (ThCh\$ $26,388,566$ ). Following the same criteria, the Peruvian associates SAGA Falabella S.A., Hipermercados Tottus S.A. and Tiendas del Mejoramiento del Hogar S.A. asked the SUNAT (Peruvian Internal Revenue Service) for a refund of taxes paid in excess. As of the date of issuance of these Consolidated Financial Statements, $87 \%$ of the recoverable taxes recorded have been collected.

## Note 37 - Contingencies, Lawsuits and Other Legal Issues (continued)

a) Litigation (continued)
a.3) On September 23, 2011, Inversiones Accionarias Limitada (whose successor is Costanera SACI) filed a demand for recovery against Plaza Oeste S.A. (now Plaza Oeste SpA), asking for restitution of land with a surface area of approximately $1,005.80$ square meters, located on the westerly side of the land on which the Mallplaza Norte shopping center is constructed, in addition to requesting payment for mutual benefits and compensation for damages. Plaza Oeste SpA requested the dismissal of this demand and filed a counterclaim against Inversiones Accionarias Limitada, requesting that in the event that the main claim is upheld, Inversiones Accionarias Limitada be ordered to pay the expenses incurred to conserve and improve that strip of land.
The court of first instance considered that Plaza Oeste SpA acted in good faith and partially granted the claim of the plaintiff, ordering the former to return an area of 895.43 square meters, but rejecting the claim for mutual benefits and compensation for damages. The court recognized Plaza Oeste SpA's ownership of 110.37 square meters of the disputed strip in the counterclaim, and accordingly only ordered the restitution of 895.43 square meters. It also ordered Inversiones Accionarias Limitada to pay the defendant for the improvements to the land.

Appeals were lodged against the judgment, which were rejected on June 27, 2019, and the ruling of first instance was upheld. Following various incidents and appeals filed during the execution of the first instance ruling, the parties finally reached an agreement through an out-of-court settlement on July 17, 2020, where they concluded the case and granted each other a broad, complete and final settlement with respect to all the facts that gave rise to the demand, and the strip of land was returned on the same date.

Returning this strip of land does not change how the shopping center will function nor the Company's ability to operate it.
a.4) Ribera Desarrollos S.A. owns a store leased by Sodimac in Argentina, but it filed for preventive insolvency proceedings on February 1, 2019. Preventive insolvency proceedings are a crisis process that do not imply that the debtor is disempowered, as the debtor can continue to manage its business under the supervision of a trustee appointed by the court.

On September 3, 2019, the judge verified that the loan in favor of Falabella S.A. (Argentina) was unsecured, with no opposition from the insolvent party or creditors.
On August 20 and October 2, 2020, Ribera Desarrollos S.A. presented agreement proposals to its creditors, and on March 11, 2021, the court approved an agreement between Ribera Desarrollos S.A. and its unsecured creditors (including Falabella S.A.). Ribera Desarrollos S.A. must begin the fulfillment of this agreement by providing a guarantee trust on behalf of its unsecured creditors, which will last 24 months, which can be extended for 12 additional months.

As of December 31, 2021, the subsidiary Falabella S.A. (Argentina) has paid ThCh\$ 2,682,190 to Ribera Desarrollos S.A., disclosed under the heading "Other current and non-current non-financial assets", which represents leasing fees paid in advance.

Note 37 - Contingencies, Lawsuits and Other Legal Issues (continued)
b) Others

Falabella Argentina has provided customs guarantees of ThCh\$ 7,826,751 as of December 31, 2021.
Falabella Peru has assets in guarantee totaling ThCh\$ 26,684,707 as of December 31, 2021.

Note 38 - Guarantees with Third Parties
a) Performance bonds and other instruments received
a.1) The Company has received contract performance bonds amounting to ThCh\$ 82,722,378 as of December 31, 2021, which primarily guarantee construction and contract performance obligations.
a.2) As of December 31, 2021, Falabella S.A. has pledged ThCh\$ 107,251,720 as collateral to support the Cross Currency Swap contracts with banks, of which ThCh\$ 59,771,720 have been received in cash, ThCh\$ $35,130.000$ are Term Deposits and ThCh\$ 12,350,000 are Bonds of the General Treasury of the Republic, the latter two pledged in favor of the Company.
a.3) Sodimac Chile had received checks in guarantee for ThCh\$ 1,327,373 as of December 31, 2021.
b) Performance bonds provided

The Company has provided guarantees amounting to ThCh\$ 12,783,182 as of December 31, 2021.

## Note 38 - Guarantees with Third Parties (continued)

c) Indirect guarantees

Guarantees managed by subsidiaries with financial institutions are detailed as follows:

| Guarantee creditor | Debtor Name | Relationship | Guarantee | Balance pending |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Dec-31-21 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \$ \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Dec-31-20 } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| SCOTIABANK | SAGA FALABELLA S.A. (PERÚ) | SUBSIDIARY | STANDBY LETTER OF CREDIT | 3,056,223 | 2,995,883 |
| BBVA BANCO CONTINENTAL | SAGA FALABELLA S.A. (PERÚ) | SUBSIDIARY | Standby LETTER OF CREDIT | 5,534,971 | 5,159,913 |
| BANCO DE CRÉDITO | SAGA FALABELLA S.A. (PERÚ) | SUBSIDIARY | STANDBY LETTER OF CREDIT | - | 1,314,962 |
| CITIBANK | SAGA FALABELLA S.A. (PERÚ) | SUBSIDIARY | STANDBY LETTER OF CREDIT | - | 1,423,217 |
| BBVA BANCO CONTINENTAL | SAGA FALABELLA S.A. (PERÚ) | SUBSIDIARY | GUARANTEE LETTER | - | 17,243 |
| BANCO DE CRÉDITO | SAGA FALABELLA S.A. (PERÚ) | SUBSIDIARY | GUARANTEE LETTER | 19,570,376 | 16,387,369 |
| SCOTIABANK | SAGA FALABELLA S.A. (PERÚ) | SUBSIDIARY | GUARANTEE LETTER | 6,399,250 | 5,738,021 |
| BANCO DE CRÉDITO | HIPERMERCADOS TOTTUS S.A. (PERÚ) | SUBSIDIARY | GUARANTEE LETTER | 4,441,059 | 3,692,537 |
| SCOTIABANK | HIPERMERCADOS TOTTUS S.A. (PERÚ) | SUBSIDIARY | GUARANTEE LETTER | - | 25,993 |
| BBVA BANCO CONTINENTAL | TIENDAS PARA EL MEJORAMIENTO DE HOGAR (PERÚ) | SUBSIDIARY | GUARANTEE LETTER | - | 4,032,649 |
| SCOTIABANK | TIENDAS PARA EL MEJORAMIENTO DE HOGAR (PERÚ) | SUBSIDIARY | GUARANTEE LETTER | - | 3,202,239 |
| BANCO DE CRÉdITO | TIENDAS PARA EL MEJORAMIENTO DE HOGAR (PERÚ) | SUBSIDIARY | GUARANTEE LETTER | 11,522,735 | 3,013,928 |
| SCOTIABANK | TIENDAS PARA EL MEJORAMIENTO DE HOGAR (PERÚ) | SUBSIDIARY | GUARANTEE LETTER | 184,347 | - |
| BANCO CHILE | FALABELLA RETAIL S.A. | SUBSIDIARY | STANDBY LETTER OF CREDIT | 162,542 | 130,995 |
| BBVA S.A. | FALABELLA RETAIL S.A. | SUBSIDIARY | STANDBY LETTER OF CREDIT | 506,814 | 426,570 |
| BBVA S.A. | FALABELLA RETAIL S.A. | SUBSIDIARY | STANDBY LETTER OF CREDIT | 5,149,466 | 4,705,777 |
| BANCO CHILE | FALABELLA RETAIL S.A. | SUBSIDIARY | STANDBY LETTER OF CREDIT | 606,487 | 470,222 |
| BBVA S.A. | FALABELLA RETAIL S.A. | SUBSIDIARY | STANDBY LETTER OF CREDIT | 238,910 | 218,325 |
| BBVA S.A. | FALABELLA RETAIL S.A. | SUBSIDIARY | STANDBY LETTER OF CREDIT | 1,201,051 | 1,097,566 |
| BANCO CHILE | FALABELLA RETAIL S.A. | SUBSIDIARY | STANDBY LETTER OF CREDIT | 23,000,000 | 23,000,000 |
| BANCO CHILE | FALABELLA RETAIL S.A. | SUBSIDIARY | STANDBY LETTER OF CREDIT | 276,940 | - |
| BANCO CHILE | FALABELLA RETAIL S.A. | SUBSIDIARY | STANDBY LETTER OF CREDIT | 337,876 | 284,380 |
| BANCO CHILE | FALABELLA RETAIL S.A. | SUBSIDIARY | STANDBY LETTER OF CREDIT | 10,558,625 | 8,886,875 |
| BANCO CHILE | FALABELLA RETAIL S.A. | SUBSIDIARY | STANDBY LETTER OF CREDIT | 113,780 | 91,697 |
| BANCO CHILE | FALABELLA RETAIL S.A. | SUBSIDIARY | STANDBY LETTER OF CREDIT | - | 818,716 |
| BANCO CHILE | FALABELLA RETAIL S.A. | SUBSIDIARY | STANDBY LETTER OF CREDIT | 75,853 | 61,131 |
| BANCO CHILE | FALABELLA RETAIL S.A. | SUBSIDIARY | STANDBY LETTER OF CREDIT | 1,000,000 | 710,950 |
| BANCO CHILE | FALABELLA RETAIL S.A. | SUBSIDIARY | STANDBY LETTER OF CREDIT | 130,034 | - |
| BANCO CHILE | FALABELLA RETAIL S.A. | SUBSIDIARY | STANDBY LETTER OF CREDIT | 168,938 | - |
| SCOTIABANK | FALABELLA DE COLOMBIA S.A. | SUBSIDIARY | STANDBY LETTER OF CREDIT | 2,229,982 | 3,949,660 |
| SCOTIABANK | FALABELLA DE COLOMBIA S.A. | SUBSIDIARY | STANDBY LETTER OF CREDIT | 2,451,217 | 4,151,020 |
| CITIBANK | FALABELLA DE COLOMBIA S.A. | SUBSIDIARY | STANDBY LETTER OF CREDIT | 5,250,000 | - |
| BANCO GALICIA | FALABELLA S.A. (ARGENTINA) | SUBSIDIARY | STANDBY LETTER OF CREDIT | - | 99,820 |

The subsidiary Falabella Inversiones Financieras S.A. granted guarantees for MXN 564 million (Ch\$ 23,197 million) to a Mexican bank for loans contracted by the associate Servicios Financieros Soriana S.A.P.I. de C.V.

The subsidiary Inversiones y Prestaciones Venser Seis Ltda granted guarantees for MXN 775 million (Ch\$ 31,876 million) to Mexican banks for loans contracted by the associate Comercializadora SDMHC S.A. de C.V. and MXN 31 million (Ch\$ 1,275 million) to other companies for liabilities acquired by the associates Comercializadora SDMHC S.A. de C.V.

Plaza S.A. provided guarantees for $\$ 90$ billion Colombian pesos ( $\$ 18,9$ billion CLP) on behalf of Banco Itaú CorpBanca Colombia S.A. for the loan that Private Capital Fund has secured from that banking institution. This guarantee is renewed annually until maturity of the loan.

Note 39 - The Environment
At Falabella, we manage our environmental impact throughout our value chain and we recognize that the use of raw materials, energy and water are key to achieving sustainable operations.

## Environmental compliance and public-private initiatives

Our operations in the region are subject to regulations applicable to the different processes that are carried out in our stores and shopping centers. Accordingly, our business units have specialized environmental management teams that carry out the required control measures and execute adequate projects to comply with environmental regulations in each jurisdiction.

In Chile, our companies are pioneers in the adoption of the Extended Producer Responsibility Act (Law No. 20,920 ). They have created the first collective management systems for priority waste and have allocated permanent resources to comply with this legislation in all stores. In addition, our supermarkets and department stores have implemented a pilot management project for zero waste operations, by applying Clean Production Agreements (CPAs) as part of an alliance with the Ministry of the Environment. As a result of this initiative, waste recovery has increased up to $70 \%$ in the stores where this pilot project has been implemented.

At a regional level, our business units maintain non-hazardous waste management projects and alliances with stakeholders that allow us to recover and diminish the amount of waste that ends up in public landfills. To this end, we promote comprehensive waste management that involves the collection, segregation, transportation, treatment, and final disposal of waste. On the other hand, hazardous waste is managed according to the requirements and needs of each of the units, using protocols aligned with current regulations in each of the jurisdictions where the Group operates.

## Strategic environmental initiatives

At Falabella, we have adopted a transversal environmental strategy, by which we seek to align ourselves with global carbon-footprint reduction objectives and adapt our processes to the climate crisis, while reducing the generation of waste and promoting circular economies.

In 2021, we carried out our first cross-sectional corporate carbon footprint measurement according to criteria aligned with the GHG Protocol in our department stores, home improvement, shopping center and banking businesses in Chile, Peru and Colombia.

In line with these challenges, we have continued our real estate development based on sustainable construction, operation, and maintenance standards. In 2021, the Falabella Parque Arauco store was inaugurated, which is in the process of obtaining the LEED certification in the Gold category.

Similarly, Falabella signed a $100 \%$ renewable energy supply agreement in order to supply more than 240 stores, shopping centers and distribution centers in Chile and Peru, which will lead to an estimated reduction of 261,000 tons of $\mathrm{CO}^{2}$ per year. In addition, Falabella Chile plans to sign an agreement on e-mobility, which considers the establishment and operation of charging points for electric vehicles in stores, malls, and distribution centers throughout the country, which will allow our customers and logistics operators to charge their electric vehicles at Falabella's facilities.

Sodimac S.A. has focused on reducing and mitigating the environmental impact of operating its stores. It has focused on recycling, supplying eco-efficient products, and increasing energy and water efficiency. Consequently, Sodimac Chile continues its clean energy program with the installation of photovoltaic panels. More specifically, Sodimac has added a solar panel park to its central offices at Renca, Santiago, which has become one of the largest private solar energy parks in the country.

## Note 39 - The Environment (continued)

## Summary of principal disbursements.

| Company Name | Project Name | Disbursement Description | Asset or Expense | Asset or Expense Description | Disburseme nt ThCh\$ | Known or estimated disbursement date | Project In Progress or Completed |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Inmobiliaria Mall Calama SpA | Control and treatment of effluents and sewage | Control and treatment of effluents and sewage | Expense | Preventive and corrective service covering the treatment of effluents (liquid industrial waste) according to environmental regulations | 42,576 | monthly | In progress |
|  | Comprehensive waste management | Comprehensive waste management from collection to final disposal | Expense | Comprehensive waste management covers waste similar to disposable household, recyclable and organic waste Hazardous waste and debris will be treated at the request of Mall Plaza | 23,058 | monthly | In progress |
|  | Pest control program | Pest prevention and control, such as mice, and control of flying insects | Expense | Fumigation, sanitation and pest control | 15,569 | monthly | In progress |
| Inmobiliaria Mall Las Américas S.A. | Control and treatment of effluents and sewage | Control and treatment of effluents and sewage | Expense | Preventive and corrective service covering the treatment of effluents (liquid industrial waste) according to environmental regulations | 24,456 | monthly | In progress |
|  | Comprehensive waste management | Comprehensive waste management from collection to final disposal | Expense | Comprehensive waste management covers waste similar to disposable household, recyclable and organic waste Hazardous waste and debris will be treated at the request of Mall Plaza | 16,190 | monthly | In progress |
|  | Pest control program | Pest prevention and control, such as mice, and control of flying insects | Expense | Fumigation, sanitation and pest control | 10,404 | monthly | In progress |
| Nuevos Desarrollos S.A. | Control and treatment of effluents and sewage | Control and treatment of effluents and sewage | Expense | Preventive and corrective service covering the treatment of effluents (liquid industrial waste) according to environmental regulations | 222,761 | monthly | In progress |
|  | Comprehensive waste management | Comprehensive waste management from collection to final disposal | Expense | Comprehensive waste management covers waste similar to disposable household, recyclable and organic waste Hazardous waste and debris will be treated at the request of Mall Plaza | 154,138 | monthly | In progress |
|  | Pest control program | Pest prevention and control, such as mice, and control of flying insects | Expense | Fumigation, sanitation and pest control | 90,389 | monthly | In progress |
|  | Clean point | Clean point operation | Expense | The operation includes material processing, maintenance and administration of the sector. Includes monthly management report. | 8,554 | monthly | In progress |
| Patrimonio <br> Autónomo Centro Comercial Calima | Control and treatment of effluents and sewage | Control and treatment of effluents and sewage | Expense | Preventive and corrective service covering the treatment of effluents (liquid industrial waste) according to environmental regulations | 10,962 | monthly | In progress |
|  | Pest control program | Pest prevention and control, such as mice, and control of flying insects | Expense | Fumigation, sanitation and pest control | 5,988 | monthly | In progress |
| Patrimonio <br> Autónomo <br> Centro <br> Comercial <br> Cartagena | Control and treatment of effluents and sewage | Control and treatment of effluents and sewage | Expense | Preventive and corrective service covering the treatment of effluents (liquid industrial waste) according to environmental regulations | 10,534 | monthly | In progress |
| Patrimonio <br> Autónomo <br> Centro <br> Comercial <br> Manizales | Control and treatment of effluents and sewage | Control and treatment of effluents and sewage | Expense | Preventive and corrective service covering the treatment of effluents (liquid industrial waste) according to environmental regulations | 19,616 | monthly | In progress |
|  | Pest control program | Pest prevention and control, such as mice, and control of flying insects | Expense | Fumigation, sanitation and pest control | 5,158 | monthly | In progress |
| Plaza Antofagasta S.A. | Control and treatment of effluents and sewage | Control and treatment of effluents and sewage | Expense | Preventive and corrective service covering the treatment of effluents (liquid industrial waste) according to environmental regulations | 31,889 | monthly | In progress |
|  | Comprehensive waste management | Comprehensive waste management from collection to final disposal | Expense | Comprehensive waste management covers waste similar to disposable household, recyclable and organic waste Hazardous waste and debris will be treated at the request of Mall Plaza | 35,343 | monthly | In progress |
|  | Pest control program | Pest prevention and control, such as mice, and control of flying insects | Expense | Fumigation, sanitation and pest control | 17,062 | monthly | In progress |

## Note 39 - The Environment (continued)

## Summary of principal disbursements (continued)

| Company Name | Project Name | Disbursement Description | Asset or Expense | Asset or Expense Description | Disbursement ThCh\$ | Known or estimated disbursement date | Project In <br> Progress or <br> Completed |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Plaza del Trébol SpA | Control and treatment of effluents and sewage | Control and treatment of effluents and sewage | Expense | Preventive and corrective service covering the treatment of effluents (liquid industrial waste) according to environmental regulations | 53,001 | monthly | In progress |
|  | Comprehensive waste management | Comprehensive waste management from collection to final disposal | Expense | Comprehensive waste management covers waste similar to disposable household, recyclable and organic waste Hazardous waste and debris will be treated at the request of Mall Plaza | 57,100 | monthly | In progress |
|  | Pest control program | Pest prevention and control, such as mice, and control of flying insects | Expense | Fumigation, sanitation and pest control | 22,660 | monthly | In progress |
| Plaza La Serena SpA | Control and treatment of effluents and sewage | Control and treatment of effluents and sewage | Expense | Preventive and corrective service covering the treatment of effluents (liquid industrial waste) according to environmental regulations | 22,845 | monthly | In progress |
|  | Comprehensive waste management | Comprehensive waste management from collection to final disposal | Expense | Comprehensive waste management covers waste similar to disposable household, recyclable and organic waste Hazardous waste and debris will be treated at the request of Mall Plaza | 29,321 | monthly | In progress |
|  | Pest control program | Pest prevention and control, such as mice, and control of flying insects | Expense | Fumigation, sanitation and pest control | 7,057 | monthly | In progress |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Plaza Oeste } \\ \text { SpA } \end{gathered}$ | Control and treatment of effluents and sewage | Control and treatment of effluents and sewage | Expense | Preventive and corrective service covering the treatment of effluents (liquid industrial waste) according to environmental regulations | 67,032 | monthly | In progress |
|  | Comprehensive waste management | Comprehensive waste management from collection to final disposal | Expense | Comprehensive waste management covers waste similar to disposable household, recyclable and organic waste Hazardous waste and debris will be treated at the request of Mall Plaza | 68,733 | monthly | In progress |
|  | Pest control program | Pest prevention and control, such as mice, and control of flying insects | Expense | Fumigation, sanitation and pest control | 24,873 | monthly | In progress |
| Plaza Tobalaba SpA | Control and treatment of effluents and sewage | Control and treatment of effluents and sewage | Expense | Preventive and corrective service covering the treatment of effluents (liquid industrial waste) according to environmental regulations | 18,291 | monthly | In progress |
|  | Comprehensive waste management | Comprehensive waste management from collection to final disposal | Expense | Comprehensive waste management covers waste similar to disposable household, recyclable and organic waste Hazardous waste and debris will be treated at the request of Mall Plaza | 17,331 | monthly | In progress |
|  | Pest control program | Pest prevention and control, such as mice, and control of flying insects | Expense | Fumigation, sanitation and pest control | 16,679 | monthly | In progress |
| Plaza VespucioSpA | Control and treatment of effluents and sewage | Control and treatment of effluents and sewage | Expense | Preventive and corrective service covering the treatment of effluents (liquid industrial waste) according to environmental regulations | 23,750 | monthly | In progress |
|  | Comprehensive waste management | Comprehensive waste management from collection to final disposal | Expense | Comprehensive waste management covers waste similar to disposable household, recyclable and organic waste Hazardous waste and debris will be treated at the request of Mall Plaza | 82,948 | monthly | In progress |
|  | Pest control program | Pest prevention and control, such as mice, and control of flying insects | Expense | Fumigation, sanitation and pest control | 13,017 | monthly | In progress |

Falabella S.A. and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Consolidated Classified Financial Statements
FALABE! ! A
Note 39 - The Environment (continued)
Summary of principal disbursements (continued)

| Company Name | Project Name | Disbursement Description | Asset or Expense | Asset or Expense Description | $\begin{gathered} \text { Disburseme } \\ \text { nt } \\ \text { ThCh\$ } \end{gathered}$ | Known or estimated disbursement date | Project In Progress or Completed |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Falabella Retail S.A. | Parque Arauco | LEED Certification | Expense | Environmental Advice | 53,849 | nov-21 | Completed |
|  | Parque Arauco | Respel Warehouse | Expense | Regulatory compliance | 3,005 | sept-21 | Completed |
|  | Parque Arauco | Green Point | Expense | Regulatory compliance | 25,139 | sept-21 | Completed |
|  | Calama | Green Point | Expense | Regulatory compliance | 15,000 | jun-22 | In progress |
|  | Rancagua | Green Point | Expense | Regulatory compliance | 5,000 | jun-22 | In progress |
|  | Ahumada 366 | Respel Warehouse | Expense | Regulatory compliance | 1,667 | jun-22 | In progress |
|  | Calama | Respel Warehouse | Expense | Regulatory compliance | 1,667 | jun-22 | In progress |
|  | Rancagua | Respel Warehouse | Expense | Regulatory compliance | 1,666 | jun-22 | In progress |
|  | Environmental management | Environment Ministry requirement for RM Stores | Expense | Transport and final waste disposal | 726,215 | Ongoing | In progress |
|  | Environmental management | Environment Ministry requirement for RM Stores | Expense | Transport and final danger waste disposal | 70,955 | Ongoing | In progress |
|  | Environmental management of EPR Law | Applying EPR Law in all stores | Expense | Environmental Advice | 256,290 | Ongoing | In progress |
|  | Environmental Compliance | Environment Ministry requirement | Expense | Regulatory compliance | 25,636 | Ongoing | In progress |
|  | Environmental management | Huella Chile Program at all stores | Expense | Measuring Carbon Footprint | 11,768 | dic-21 | Completed |
|  | Environmental management | Memberships | Expense | Memberships | 21,904 | dic-21 | Completed |
| SAGA Falabella | LEED Implementation Efficiency | LEED Certification process advice (SF Puruchuco) | Asset | Property, machinery and equipment | 30,537 | 31.12.2021 | In progress |
|  | LEED Implementation Efficiency | LEED Certification process advice (SF Comas) | Asset | Property, machinery and equipment | 593 | 31.12.2021 | In progress |
|  | LEED Implementation Efficiency | LEED Certification process advice (SF Cuzco) | Asset | Property, machinery and equipment | 7,485 | 31.12.2021 | In progress |
| Sodimac S.A. | Recycling facilities | Recycling for customers | Expense | Environmental sustainability | 786,629 | Ongoing | In progress |
|  | Inventory of Extended Product Responsibility (EPR) materials | Legal Compliance (EPR) | Expense | Environmental sustainability | 13,837 | Ongoing | In progress |
|  | Environmental declarations | Legal Compliance | Expense | Environmental sustainability | 43,082 | Ongoing | In progress |
|  | Environmental platform | Environmental Compliance | Expense | Environmental sustainability | 23,992 | Ongoing | In progress |
|  | Waste treatment | Hazardous waste | Expense | Prevention - Environmental | 73,689 | Ongoing | In progress |
|  | Measuring Carbon Footprint | Carbon Footprint | Expense | Environmental sustainability | 9,926 | Ongoing | In progress |
|  | Change lighting | LED lighting | Expense | Environmental projects | 360,970 | Ongoing | In progress |
|  | Consulting Eco Products | Sustainable Products | Expense | Environmental sustainability | 20,111 | Ongoing | In progress |
|  | Solar Panels Advisory Services | Solar Panels | Expense | Environmental projects | 6,000 | Ongoing | In progress |

Falabella S.A. and Subsidiaries Notes to the Consolidated Classified Financial Statements

| Company Name | Project Name | Disbursement Description | Asset or Expense | Asset or Expense Description | Disburseme nt ThCh\$ | Known or estimated disbursement date | Project In Progress or Completed |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hipermercados Tottus S.A. | Advice on EPR 2021 declaration | Regulatory compliance | Expense | Advice on the materiality declaration before the Ministry of the Environment of own-brand and direct-import products launched in 2020. | 3,751 | ene-21 | Completed |
|  | Carbon Footprint Verification | Compliance with the Chile Footprint Program of the Ministry of the Environment | Expense | Verification audit of the quantification of greenhouse gases (Carbon Footprint) produced in 68 Tottus stores during the 2020 period, in order to comply with the commitment assumed by the company with the Chile Footprint Program of the Ministry of the Environment. | 1,111 | feb-21 | Completed |
|  | Final CPA Audit (Zero Waste) | Obtaining the CPA Zero Waste Seal of Approval | Expense | Final mandatory audit to which the Company must submit in order to obtain the seal of approval for meeting the objectives and goals of the Zero Waste Clean Production Agreement (CPA). | 568 | feb-21 | Completed |
|  | Recyclability Seal | Certification for CPA <br> Ecolabelling Seal | Expense | Certification of the 7 Own-Brand SKUs applicants for the Ecolabelling Seal. | 499 | mar-21 | Completed |
|  | Hazardous waste removal | Regulatory compliance | Expense | Hazardous waste removal to comply with DS 148 issued by the Ministry of Health. | 30,807 | Ongoing | In progress |
|  | RESNOPEL <br> Regularization Project | Regulatory compliance | Expense | Advice on the regularization of temporary storage sites for non-hazardous waste, in all Tottus stores nationwide. | 9,338 | abr-21 | In progress |
|  | SIG AB annual fee and Providencia pilot plan. | Regulatory compliance | Expense | Registration in the collective management system to comply with the EPR Act (Law No.20,920). | 5,783 | 44287 | Completed |
|  | Carbon Footprint Verification, 2020 period | Huella Chile Program award | Expense | Quantification of greenhouse gases (Carbon Footprint) produced in 68 Tottus stores during the 2020 period. | 6,801 | may-21 | Completed |
|  | Advice on 2020 ERP declarations | Regulatory compliance | Expense | Advice on the declaration of materiality before the Ministry of the Environment of own-brand and direct-import products launched in 2020. | 8,752 | oct-21 | Completed |
|  | Carbon Footprint Verification | Huella Chile Program award | Expense | Verification of the reduction of greenhouse gases produced in the Tottus Melipilla store during the 2020 period. | 754 | oct-21 | Completed |
| Falabella Colombia S.A. | Environmental management | Neutral Carbon | Expense | Consultancy, audits, and expenditure to obtain the Carbon Neutral certificate. | 26,040 | Annual | In progress |
|  | Environmental management | Waste management | Expense | Recycling points in the Company's facilities. | 17,850 | monthly | In progress |
|  | Environmental management | Waste management | Expense | Disposal of operational waste. | 13,230 | monthly | In progress |
|  | Environmental management | Waste management | Expense | Adjustments to collection points. | 6,300 | monthly | In progress |
|  | Environmental management | Legal Compliance | Expense | Management of procedures before environmental authorities. | 3,360 | quarterly | In progress |
|  | Environmental management | Legal Compliance | Expense | Environmental Advice | 2,730 | monthly | In progress |
|  | Environmental management | Post-consumption | Expense | Contribution to post-consumption containers in the sales rooms. | 13,020 | quarterly | In progress |
|  | Environmental management | Awareness | Expense | Awareness activities for staff. | 1,050 | quarterly | In progress |

## Note 40 - Main Financial Covenants

As of December 31, 2021, Falabella S.A. and its subsidiaries have complied with all the covenants connected with their financial agreements. These are detailed as follows.

## Falabella S.A.

- Bonds issued in Chile

| Line Number | Series | Currency | Amount | Placement Date | Maturity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 579 | J | UF | $3,500,000$ | April 1, 2009 | April 1, 2033 |
| 467 | M | UF | $3,000,000$ | Jul 15, 2014 | Jul 15, 2037 |
| 578 | O | CLP | $63,000,000,000$ | April 15, 2016 | April 15, 2022 |
| 578 | P | UF | $2,000,000$ | April 15, 2016 | April 15, 2039 |
| 847 | S | UF | $3,000,000$ | November 25, 2016 | November 25, 2039 |
| 858 | Z | UF | $2,000,000$ | June 4, 2020 | April 15, 2027 |
| 857 | AC | UF | $5,000,000$ | June 4, 2020 | April 15, 2030 |

## Main restrictions in the Bond contracts issued in Chile

## Covenants applicable only to Series J Bonds:

- The Issuer and/or its relevant subsidiaries may not establish pledges and mortgages that guarantee new issues of Bonds or any other monetary credit transaction or any other loan, insofar as the total cumulative amount of all obligations guaranteed by the Issuer and/or its relevant subsidiaries exceeds $5.3 \%$ of the Issuer's Total Consolidated Assets.

As of December 2021, the Issuer does not have any guaranteed pledges or mortgages, so the restriction is met.

- Financial Borrowing Limit As of March 31, 2010, at the close of each quarter keep the Net Financial Debt in the Issuer's Financial Statements, defined as (i) total liabilities for the Non-Banking Business on the Financial Position Statement, Other Current Financial Liabilities, and Other Non-Current Financial Liabilities. However, this sum shall not take into consideration the sub-account "Other Financial Liabilities," which belongs to the note Other Current and Non-Current Financial Liabilities of the Non-Banking Business (ii) less the Non-Banking Business Assets account of the Financial Position Statement, Cash and Cash Equivalents, no greater than the Maximum Borrowing Limit defined in Appendix Two of the respective issue contract.

As of December 31, 2021, the financial borrowing limit was ThCh\$ 9,496,620,355 and the financial borrowing was ThCh\$ 3,024,438,605. Therefore, the maximum borrowing restriction is satisfied (the methodology for calculating financial covenants is as follows).

Falabella S.A. and Subsidiaries Notes to the Consolidated Classified Financial Statements

Note 40 - Main Financial Covenants (continued)
Financial Covenant Calculations
CALCULATION OF FINANCIAL BORROWING LIMIT FOR BOND LINE 579 COVENANT (SERIES J) (1)
Figures expressed in ThCh\$

|  | Currency | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { As of December 31, } \\ 2021 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { As of September 30, } \\ 2021 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Period end ${ }_{i}$ |  | December 31, 2021 | September 30,2021 |
| Period end ${ }_{i-1}$ |  | September 30, 2021 | June 30, 2021 |
| UF i | Ch\$/UF | 30.991,74 | 30.088,37 |
| Variation UF | \% | 3,00\% | 1,27\% |
| Variation \% Sol/US\$ |  | (3,60\%) | 7,00\% |
| Variation \% ARS/US\$ |  | 4,08\% | 3,15\% |
| Variation \% COP/US\$ |  | 5,09\% | 1,50\% |
| Variation \% Real/US\$ |  | 2,04\% | 9,46\% |
| Variation \% UYU/US\$ |  | 3,78\% | (1,63\%) |
| Variation \% MEX/US\$ |  | (0,13\%) | 3,14\% |
| Variation \% EUR/US\$ |  | 2,28\% | 2,39\% |
| Variation \% HKD/US\$ |  | 0,18\% | 0,31\% |
| Third party guarantees ${ }_{\text {i }}$ | ThCh\$ | 55,068,964 | 49,395,333 |
| Variation in third party guarantees ${ }_{i}$ | ThCh\$ | 4,190,591 | 4,076,758 |
| Total Equity ${ }_{\text {i }}$ | ThCh\$ | 6,645,064,730 | 6,482,817,220 |
| Dividends payable ${ }_{\text {i }}$ | ThCh\$ | 1,920,696 | 424,099 |
| Equity variation ${ }_{\mathrm{i}}$ | ThCh\$ | $(30,908,036)$ | 209,760,371 |
| Fixed assets in Chile $\mathrm{i}_{\text {-1 }}$ a | ThCh\$ | 5,025,757,397 | 4,961,348,443 |
| Deferred taxes in Chile ${ }_{i-1} \mathrm{~b}$ | ThCh\$ | 442,406,247 | 442,029,613 |
| Adjustment for initial revaluation to IFRS in Chile ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | ThCh\$ | 1,378,565,594 | 1,378,565,594 |
| Deferred taxes in Chile d | ThCh\$ | 284,395,520 | 284,395,520 |
| Indexation of fixed assets in Chile ${ }_{\text {i-1 }}$ | ThCh\$ | 104,758,799 | 43,640,634 |
| Investment in Peru ${ }_{i}$ | ThCh\$ | 1,392,802,100 | 1,260,759,462 |
| Investment in Argentina ${ }_{\text {i }}$ | ThCh\$ | 2,851,226 | $(21,928,548)$ |
| Investment in Colombia i | ThCh\$ | 301,183,835 | 275,602,892 |
| Investment in Brazil ${ }_{\text {i }}$ | ThCh\$ | 182,578,000 | 178,225,094 |
| Investment in Uruguay i | ThCh\$ | 55,022,131 | 54,540,455 |
| Investment in Mexico i | ThCh\$ | 133,456,221 | 130,356,655 |
| Investment in Germany i | ThCh\$ | $(4,255,513)$ | $(4,104,638)$ |
| Investment in Hong Kong i | ThCh\$ | 1,350,259 | 1,283,215 |
| Investment in Ecuador ${ }_{i}$ | ThCh\$ | - | 82,207 |
| Investment adjustment, outside of Chile ${ }_{\mathrm{i}}$ | ThCh\$ | $(29,121,127)$ | 111,725,964 |
| Financial Borrowing Limit ${ }_{\text {j-1 }}$ | ThCh\$ | 9,167,420,761 | 8,587,418,126 |
| Borrowing Limit ${ }_{\text {i }}$ | ThCh\$ | 9,496,620,355 | 9,167,420,761 |
| Net Financial Debt | ThCh\$ | 3,024,438,605 | 2,941,429,762 |

${ }^{(1)}$ Given the inclusion of Promotora CMR Falabella S.A. in the banking business, the borrowing limit is calculated as defined in Appendix 2 of the Series J Bond Issue Agreements.
a Net of accumulated depreciation.
${ }^{\text {b }}$ Associated with "Property Plant and Equipment" and "Investment Property"
" Associated with "Property, Plant and Equipment and "Investment Property" as of December 31, 2009
${ }^{d}$ Associated with the initial revaluation adjustment of "Property, Plant and Equipment" and "Investment Properties" as of December 31, 2009.

## Covenants applicable to the Series J, M, O and P Bonds

- Keep the revenue from retail sales, shopping mall administration and credit assessment, authorization and administration at a level of at least $70 \%$ of the Issuer's total consolidated revenue, throughout the entire effective term of this Bond issue. Total consolidated revenue is Operating Revenue in the Issuer's Financial Statements, and is measured quarterly for the previous rolling twelve-month period.

Note 40 - Main Financial Covenants (continued)

## Covenants applicable to the Series J, M, O and P Bonds (continued)

As of December 31, 2021, $97.59 \%$ of total consolidated revenue came from these businesses, so the covenant was met.

## Covenants applicable to the Series M, O, P, S, Z and AC Bonds

- The Issuer and/or its relevant subsidiaries may not establish pledges and mortgages that guarantee new issues of Bonds or any other credit operation or any other loan, insofar as the total cumulative amount of all obligations guaranteed by the Issuer and/or its relevant subsidiaries exceeds $7.5 \%$ of the Issuer's Total Consolidated Assets.

As of December 2021, the Issuer does not have any guaranteed pledges or mortgages, so the restriction is met.

## Covenants applicable to the Series M, O, P and S Bonds

- Ensure that the Financial Debt Ratio does not exceed 1.3 at every quarter end, based on the Issuer's Financial Statements. The Financial Debt Ratio is understood to be the ratio between /i/ Net Financial Debt: /defined as total Non-Banking Liabilities, Other Financial Liabilities, Current, and Other Financial Liabilities, Non-current. However, this summation does not include the sub account "Other Financial Liabilities" that is presented in Note Non-Banking Business - Other Financial Liabilities Current and Non-current, less the Non-Banking Business Asset account, Cash and Cash equivalents, and (ii) Equity without any revaluation gains or losses on the re-adoption of IFRS, net of deferred taxes, defined as the Total Equity account minus three hundred sixty-five thousand three hundred thirteen million two hundred twelve thousand pesos (ThCh\$ $365,313,212)$.

As of December 31, 2021 the ratio is 0.48 , which complies with the limit.
Figures expressed in ThCh\$

|  | Currency | As of <br> December <br> 31,2021 | As of <br> September <br> 30,2021 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net Financial Debt ${ }^{(1)}$ | ThCh\$ | $3,024,438,605$ | $2,941,429,762$ |
| Total equity | ThCh\$ | $6,279,751,518$ | $6,117,504,008$ |
| Financial Debt Ratio |  | $\mathbf{0 , 4 8}$ | $\mathbf{0 , 4 8}$ |

${ }^{(1)}$ Net Financial Debt does not include Promotora CMR Falabella S.A. This ratio cannot exceed 1.30 due to its covenants.

## Covenants applicable to the Series Z and AC Bonds

- Ensure that the Financial Debt Ratio does not exceed 1.3 at every quarter end, based on the Issuer's Financial Statements. The Financial Debt Ratio is understood to be the ratio between /il Net Financial Debt: defined as the sum of the accounts under Non-Banking Liabilities in the Balance Sheet, Other Financial Liabilities, Current, and Other Financial Liabilities, Non-current; however, this summation does not include the sub account "Other Financial Liabilities" that is presented in the Note Non-Banking Business - Other Financial Liabilities Current and Non-current, less the Non-Banking Business Asset account in the Balance Sheet, Cash and Cash equivalents, and (ii) Equity, defined as Total Equity.


## Note 40 - Main Financial Covenants (continued)

## Covenants applicable to the Series Z and AC Bonds (continued)

As of December 31, 2021 the ratio is 0.46 ; which complies with the limit.
Figures expressed in ThCh\$

|  | Currency | As of <br> December <br> 31,2021 | As of <br> September 30, <br> 2021 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Net Financial Debt ${ }^{(1)}$ | ThCh\$ | $3,024,438,605$ | $2,941,429,762$ |
| Total equity | ThCh\$ | $6,645,064,730$ | $6,482,817,220$ |
| Financial Debt Ratio |  | $\mathbf{0 , 4 6}$ | $\mathbf{0 , 4 5}$ |

${ }^{(1)}$ Net Financial Debt does not include Promotora CMR Falabella S.A. This ratio cannot exceed 1.30 due to its covenants.

## - International Bonds

International bonds as of December 31, 2021, pursuant to Regulation 144 A of the Securities Act of the United States of America dated 1933 and its corresponding regulations are detailed as follows.

| Currency | Amount <br> Placed | Placement Date | Maturity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| USD | $192,024,000$ | April 30, 2013 | April 30, 2023 |
| CLP | $94,588,500$ | April 30, 2013 | April 30, 2023 |
| USD | $208,961,000$ | October 27, 2014. | January 27, 2025 |
| USD | $400,000,000$ | October 30, 2017. | October 30, 2027. |
| USD | $650,000,000$ | October 15, 2021. | January 15, 2032. |

On October 12, 2021, the Company agreed to issue and place international bonds for US\$ 650,000,000 (six hundred and fifty million US Dollars), subject to Rule 144 A and the S Regulation of the Securities and Exchange Commission of the United States of America, and the Securities Act of 1933.

According to the applicable regulations, these bonds will not be subject to registration in the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission nor in the Chilean CMF, nor will they be publicly offered in the United States or in Chile.

On October 15, 2021, the placing process of the international bonds for US\$650,000,000 (which mature in 2032) was completed. Similarly, a voluntary early redemption (Tender Offer) of the bonds maturing in 2023 and 2025 was carried out on October 15, 2021, and October 21, 2021, respectively, for a total nominal amount of US\$499,015,000 (US\$307,976,000 for the bond maturing in 2023 and US $\$ 191,039,000$ for the bond maturing in 2025).

## Main restrictions in the International Bond contracts

- The Issuer and/or its relevant subsidiaries cannot establish guarantees, pledges, mortgages and sales with leaseback that guarantee new Bond issues or any other monetary credit operation or any other loan, insofar as the total cumulative amount of all obligations guaranteed by the Issuer and/or its relevant subsidiaries exceeds 20\% of the Total Net Consolidated Tangible Assets.

As of December 31, 2021 the Issuer has complied with the restrictions of the issue contract.

## - Other Financial Obligations

The other current and non-current financial obligations assumed by the Company with Banks or Financial Institutions are not subject to any financial covenants.

Note 40 - Main Financial Covenants (continued)

## Sodimac S.A.

- Bonds issued in Chile

| Line Number | Series | Currency | Amount | Placement Date | Maturity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 677 | K | UF | $1,500,000$ | January 11, 2013: | December 3, 2033 |

Covenants applicable to the Series K Bonds

- The financial debt ratio should be less than 1.5. The financial debt ratio is understood to be the Consolidated Net Borrowing Ratio, which is defined as the ratio between (i) Net Financial Debt, which is total other current and non-current financial liabilities, less cash and cash equivalents, and (ii) Equity, defined as total equity plus dividends.

As of December 31, 2021, the financial debt ratio was 0.17, so the covenant was met.

- The book value of assets free of any pledge, mortgage or other encumbrance must be at least 1.20 times liabilities without guarantees, calculated quarterly according to the Issuer's quarterly consolidated financial statements. Therefore, the Issuer shall send the Bondholders' Representative, within the same period that the Financial Statements must be sent to the Financial Market Commission, details of total assets free of any pledge, mortgage or other encumbrance, and liabilities without guarantees.
- On November 30, 2021, the Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting of Sodimac S.A. approved the division of the company, which gave rise to a new company as of December 1, 2021, to which some intangible assets belonging to Sodimac were assigned.

In accordance with the bond issuance contract, if the Company ceases to maintain certain "Essential Assets" (defined as such in the contract) during the term of the bonds, it must offer each of the bondholders a voluntary early redemption option.

On December 22, 2021, the Company notified the bondholders' representative about this situation, and on February 21, 2022, an extraordinary bondholders' meeting was held in order to report on the voluntary early redemption option by the Company. Therefore, the bondholders must express their decision regarding this option, which consists of repaying the outstanding principal of the bonds, plus unpaid interest accrued until the date of repayment.

The bondholders may approve the option within thirty days following the date of the meeting, and the repayment must be made within the sixty days following the expiration of the term to exercise the option.

As of December 31, 2021, Sodimac S.A. had complied with all the obligations and financial indicators set out in these contracts.

## Note 40 - Main Financial Covenants (continued)

## Plaza S.A.

## - Other Financial Obligations

The other current and non-current financial obligations of Sodimac S.A. with Banks or Financial Institutions are not subject to any restrictions or guarantees.

## Plaza S.A.

| Line Number | Series | Currency | Amount | Placement Date | Maturity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 583 | D | UF | $3,000,000$ | October 25, 2010 | October 25, 2031 |
| 584 | C | UF | 338,636 | May 2, 2009 | May 2, 2030 |
| 584 | E | UF | $2,000,000$ | October 25, 2010 | October 25, 2031 |
| 670 | H | UF | $2,500,000$ | May 15, 2011 | May 15, 2033 |
| 670 | K | UF | $3,000,000$ | May 30, 2012 | May 30, 2034 |
| 767 | N | UF | $3,000,000$ | August 15, 2013 | August 15, 2035 |
| 669 | P | UF | $2,000,000$ | February 5, 2020 | January 15, 2045 |
| 980 | S | UF | $4,000,000$ | June 19, 2020 | December 1, 2029 |
| 767 | U | UF | $2,388,636$ | September 23, 2020 | November 2, 2032 |

On September 23, 2020, the Company published a notice of voluntary redemption of Series C virtual bonds, giving bondholders the option to exchange these bonds for Series $U$ bonds, charged to bond line No. 767 dated September 23, 2013, for a nominal value of UF $2,727,272$, and a coupon rate of $3.60 \%$ per annum. The transaction was $87.58 \%$ subscribed, equivalent to placing UF 2,388,636 of Series $U$ bonds.

## Financial borrowing

Financial borrowing is defined as Total Other Current Financial Liabilities and Other Non-Current Financial Liabilities, divided by the value of the UF at the quarterly closing date of the Issuer's Consolidated Financial Statements. As from March 31, 2010, the Issuer must maintain financial borrowing at the quarterly closing date of the Issuer's Consolidated Financial Statements to less than or equal the value established by a formula.

The calculation of the Financial Borrowing Limit established in Clause Ten, Number One of the Bond Issue Contracts for the Line of Debt Instruments at 10 years and 30 years, and their amendments, are detailed as follows.

## Note 40 - Main Financial Covenants (continued)

Plaza S.A. (continued)

## Financial borrowing (continued)

$\underline{\text { CALCULATION OF FINANCIAL BORROWING LIMIT FOR BOND LINES 583, 584, 669.670, 766, } 767 \text { AND } 980 \text { COVENANTS }}$

|  | Currency | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { As of December 31, } \\ \text { of } 2021 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { As of September 30, } \\ \text { of } 2021 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year $_{i}$ |  | December 31, 2021 | September 30, 2021 |
| Year ${ }_{i-1}$ |  | September 30, 2021 | June 30, 2021 |
| UF ${ }_{i}$ | Ch\$/UF | 30,991.74 | 30,088.37 |
| UFi-1 | Ch\$/UF | 30,088.37 | 29,709.83 |
| Cash and cash equivalents for period ${ }_{i}$ | ThCh\$ | 125,026,025 | 118,563,788 |
| Cash and cash equivalents for period ${ }_{i-1}$ | ThCh\$ | 118,563,788 | 81,299,235 |
| Cash variation ${ }_{i}$ | ThCh\$ | 6,462,237 | 37,264,553 |
| Cash variation ${ }_{i}$ | Th UF | 209 | 1,239 |
| Third party guarantees ${ }_{\text {i }}$ | None | - | - |
| Total Equity ${ }_{i}$ | ThCh\$ | 1,948,190,937 | 1,943,202,130 |
| Dividends payable ${ }_{i}$ | ThCh\$ | 10,577,656 | 10,566 |
| Total Equity ${ }_{i-1}$ | ThCh\$ | 1,943,202,130 | 1,902,905,042 |
| Dividends payable ${ }_{i-1}$ | ThCh\$ | 10,566 | 10,566 |
| Equity variation ${ }_{i}$ | ThCh\$ | 15,555,897 | 40,297,088 |
| Equity variation ${ }_{i}$ | Th UF | 502 | 1,339 |
| Investment Property ${ }_{i-1}{ }^{\text {a }}$ | ThCh\$ | 2,854,494,458 | 2,853,363,764 |
| Deferred tax, Investment Properties $\mathrm{i}-1^{\text {b }}$ | ThCh\$ | 447,368,005 | 443,022,574 |
| Initial revaluation adjustment of Investment property under IFRS c | ThCh\$ | 874,483,983 | 874,483,983 |
| Deferred tax due to initial revaluation of Investment Property d | ThCh\$ | 148,662,277 | 148,662,277 |
| Initial revaluation adjustment of Investment property under IFRS e | ThCh\$ | 454,824,534 | 454,824,534 |
| Deferred tax due to initial revaluation of Investment Property ${ }^{\dagger}$ | ThCh\$ | 122,799,513 | 122,799,513 |
| Percentage variation UF 9 | ThCh\$ | 3,00\% | 1,27\% |
| Indexation of Investment Property in Chile ${ }_{i-1}$ | ThCh\$ | 40,510,630 | 17,232,453 |
| Indexation of Investment Property in Chile ${ }_{i-1}$ | Th UF | 1,307 | 573 |
| Adjustment for Investment Properties outside of Chile ${ }_{\text {i-1 }}$ | Th UF | 375 | 94 |
| Financial Borrowing Limit ${ }_{\text {i-1 }}$ | Th UF | 124,162 | 118,912 |
| Financial Borrowing Limit ${ }_{i}$ | Th UF | 128,738 | 124,162 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Investment property in Chile, net of accumulated depreciation.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Associated with investment property in Chile
c For investment property as of December 31, 2009
${ }^{d}$ Associated with the initial revaluation adjustment under IFRS of investment properties as of December 31, 2009. Represents $17 \%$ of
the initial revaluation adjustment under IFRS
e For investment property as of December 31, 2016 under IFRS
${ }^{\dagger}$ Associated with the revaluation adjustment for investment property as of December 31, 2016 under the re-adoption of IFRS
Represents 27\% of the revaluation adjustment under the re-adoption of IFRS
${ }_{g}$ Percent variation between the values of $\mathrm{UF}_{\mathrm{i}}$ and $\mathrm{UF} \mathrm{i}_{\mathrm{i}-1}$.
As of December 31, 2021, the Financial Borrowing Limit was ThUF 128,738 according to the current bond contracts. Whereas, Financial Borrowing as of December 31, 2021 was ThUF 33,329.

## Note 40 - Main Financial Covenants (continued)

Plaza S.A. (continued)

## Essential assets

A leasable area of five hundred thousand square meters in Chile (three hundred thousand square meters for the 980 line), which are directly owned by the Issuer or owned through Subsidiaries or Associates, or with respect to which the Issuer or any of its Subsidiaries or Associates are concessionaires through a concession contract with a term equal or greater than the term of the Bonds issued under the Lines. For these purposes, the leasable square meters in Chile that are owned by Subsidiaries or Associates of the Issuer, or for which they are concessionaires in accordance with the above terms, is calculated by multiplying (i) the total square meters leasable in Chile that are owned by each Subsidiary or Associate, or which they have under concession; by (ii) the percentage of the Issuer's direct or indirect interest in the respective Subsidiary or Associate.

## Financial Institutions

Plaza S.A. has negotiated several loans with financial institutions as of December 31, 2021, which are associated with the following financial covenants:

| Company | Covenant | Limit | Actual as of December 31, 2021 | Actual as of September 30, 2021 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nuevos Desarrollos S.A. | Consolidated Current Liabilities + Noncurrent Liabilities / Total Equity | <= 2,00x | 0,83x | 0,83x |
| Patrimonio Autónomo Centro Comercial Cartagena | (EBITDA + Cash) / Debt Servicing | $>=1,10 x$ | 1,69x | 1,93x |
|  | Net Financial Debt < Borrowing Limit | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { MM COP } \\ 365.681 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { MMCOP } \\ 67.556 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MMCOP } \\ & 70.722 \end{aligned}$ |
| Patrimonio Autónomo Centro Comercial Manizales Dos | (EBITDA + Cash) / Debt Servicing | $>=1,00 x$ | 10,76x | 9,02x |
|  | Net financial debt / Equity | <= 2,30x | 0,20x | 0,22x |
| Mallplaza Private Equity Fund, Compartment One | Net financial debt / Equity | < $=2,00 x$ | 1,01x | 1,03x |

As of December 31, 2021, all the covenants in these debt contracts have been satisfied.

## Banco Falabella

There are bonds issued by Banco Falabella within the banking business in Chile. These bonds have no financial covenants. Additionally, Banco Falabella has lines of credit with no financial covenants.

## Businesses in Peru

As of December 31, 2021, there are approximately eighteen financial safeguards that companies in the Falabella Group in Peru (Falabella Peru, Inverfal Peru, SAGA Falabella, Hipermercados Tottus, Tiendas de Mejoramiento del Hogar, Open Plaza and Mall Plaza Peru) must comply with and disclose to their respective creditors (banks and bondholder representatives) every quarter.

Note 40 - Main Financial Covenants (continued)

## Businesses in Peru (continued)

Financial safeguards that apply to Peruvian companies can be grouped into three categories, which are debt ratios, solvency ratios and guarantee ratios. The most restrictive covenants are detailed as follows:

| Company | Covenant | Limit | Actual as of <br> December 31, 2021 | Actual as of <br> September 30, 2021 |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | :---: | :---: |
| Inverfal Perú S.A.A | Net financial debt excluding the Banking |  |  |  |
| Business / Equity | $<=1,30 x$ | $0,24 x$ | $0,26 x$ |  |
| SAGA Falabella S.A. | Total liabilities / Equity | $<=3,00 x$ | $1,73 x$ | $1,72 x$ |
| SAGA Falabella S.A. | Financial Debt - Cash / Equity | $<=1,30 x$ | $0,71 x$ | $0,79 x$ |
| Hipermercados Tottus S.A. | Total liabilities / Equity | $<=2,50 x$ | $1,32 x$ | $1,34 x$ |
| Open Plaza S.A.C. | EBITDA / Debt Servicing (last 12 m) | $>=1,20 x$ | $6,87 x$ | $2,69 x$ |
| Open Plaza S.A.C. | Ceded Flows / Debt Servicing (next 12 |  |  |  |
| months) | $>=1,30 x$ | $4,47 x$ | $4,52 x$ |  |
| Mall Plaza Perú S.A. | EBITDA / Debt Servicing | $>1,20 x$ | $1,95 x$ | $1,54 x$ |
| Mall Plaza Perú S.A. | Financial debt / Equity | $<2,00 x$ | $0,77 x$ | $0,59 x$ |
| Mall Plaza Perú S.A. | Financial Debt / Fixed Assets | $<0,75 x$ | $0,41 x$ | $0,33 x$ |
| Mall Plaza Perú S.A. | FC/ Installments not yet due (CAY) | $>=1,60 x$ | $7,37 x$ | $9,65 x$ |
| Mall Plaza Perú S.A | Collection/ Past-due installments | $>1,30 x$ | $1,55 x$ | N/A |

As of December 31, 2021, all the covenants established in the loan agreements have been met.

## Note 41 - Business Combinations

On August 5, 2020, the subsidiary Plaza S.A., through its subsidiary Fondo de Capital Privado Mallplaza Compartimento Uno, signed the documents to acquire $66,000 \mathrm{~m} 2$ of leasable area within the Calima Shopping Center (currently Mallplaza NQS) in Bogotá, Colombia, which has a total leasable area of $93,000 \mathrm{~m} 2$.

On September 23, 2020, all the procedures, formalities and registrations required for this acquisition were completed, and through its subsidiary in Colombia, Mallplaza acquired majority ownership, control and management of this shopping center.

This acquisition totaled 485 billion Colombian pesos, equivalent to approximately US\$ 128 million.
The Calima shopping center is located in the heart of Bogota. It is an area with tremendous potential for financial and commercial development and it is connected to the city's main access roads and public transport. This is Mallplaza's fourth urban center in Colombia and gives Plaza S.A. 190,000 m 2 of leasable area in Colombia when combined with its urban centers in Barranquilla, Cartagena and Manizales.

This shopping center includes a home improvement store Homecenter Sodimac, a Cinépolis cinema complex, Éxito hypermarket, leading retail brands, gastronomic outlets, entertainment and a building containing 11 floors of offices. Furthermore, the opening of the first Swedish IKEA store in Colombia is considered for 2023.

Expenses related to the acquisition have been recorded as Administrative Expenses in the statement of income of the Company.

According to the guidelines established by IFRS 3 "Business Combinations", the assets and liabilities of the Calima shopping center have been valued at fair value.

The price and the fair values of the assets and liabilities as of the acquisition date are detailed as follows:

|  | ThCh\$ |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Acquisition price (A) | $18,421,834$ |  |  |  |
| Acquired assets and liabilities | 89,952 |  |  |  |
| Total current assets |  |  |  |  |
| Investment properties | $70,746,361$ |  |  |  |
| Total Assets | $70,836,313$ |  |  |  |
| Bank loans | $51,402,637$ |  |  |  |
| Total other liabilities | 100,406 |  |  |  |
| Total Liabilities | $51,503,043$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Net Assets Acquired (B) | $\mathbf{1 9 , 3 3 3 , 2 7 0}$ |  |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{( 9 1 1 , 4 3 6 )}$ |  |  |  |
| Goodwill on acquisition (A) - (B) |  |  |  |  |

Note 42 - COVID - 19
The pandemic caused by the COVID-19 virus ("Coronavirus") outbreak, which began in early 2020 and is still ongoing as of the date of these financial statements, has significantly affected and will continue to significantly affect our activities, operations, sales, margins, revenues, costs and results, and the economic, commercial, business and financial activities in every country and market where we and our suppliers and customers do business. These effects have been and could continue either due to the direct impact of the Coronavirus pandemic or by the measures that States have implemented to combat it, such as vaccination campaigns, restrictions on the movement, gathering, proximity and agglomeration of people; closing borders or increased border controls, restrictions to the free transit of goods and sanitary frontiers; closing or establishment of restrictions on the operation of commercial centers, commercial establishments, schools, universities and restaurants; and total or partial quarantines and curfews; and other measures. The extent, scope, duration and effects of the Coronavirus pandemic and the governmental containment measures are beyond our control. These measures could increase as the Coronavirus pandemic develops.

The Company has adopted all the measures it has considered necessary to secure the operational continuity of its business, subject to protecting the health and safety of its employees and customers, and complying with the measures required by the relevant authorities to contain the Coronavirus. Therefore, the Company has implemented working protocols that reduce the risks of infection for our employees and customers, which include measures, such as: (i) incremental prophylaxis safeguards in our facilities, assets and processes; (ii) establishment of work teams that do not physically have contact with each other; (iii) remote working by shifts for those activities that can be performed remotely; (iv) absolute remote working for our vulnerable employees at higher risk of Coronavirus infection, whether such risk factors affect them directly or their immediate circle; (v) continual publication of self-care measures; and, (vi) protocols that apply to any employee with a confirmed infection. Despite our dedication, all these measures may result in inefficiencies, increased costs or delays in our processes compared to our performance before the Coronavirus pandemic. These measures aim to contain the Coronavirus and its impacts, but we cannot guarantee their effectiveness. Any developments in Coronavirus pandemic could result in increases in the intensity or extent of our measures in the future.

The Coronavirus pandemic has impacted our activities, operations, sales, margins, revenues, costs and results. We have also seen an increase in the demand for our products and services using digital channels. This phenomenon could increase or decreased in the future in response to continued governmental restrictions, or as may be advisable for the control of the Coronavirus pandemic; or due to permanent changes in the preferences of customers regarding how they choose to purchase our products and services as a result of the pandemic. Leveraging the logistical, systemic and digital capabilities that the Company has been developing in recent years in all its business units and countries has enabled it to appropriately address this incremental demand for its products and services using digital channels, which to date has been caused to a lesser extent by the restrictions imposed to contain the Coronavirus pandemic. However, as of the date these financial statements were issued, we cannot forecast whether any future governmental measures or measures that the Company deems necessary will severely impact the business or our digital services.

## Note 42 - COVID - 19 (continued)

Some of the Company's stores were suspended from the second half of March 2020, in compliance with governmental or other measures required by the Company. As of December 31, 2021, all our department stores, home improvement stores and supermarkets were fully operational. Our shopping centers reopened on a limited basis, as permitted by governmental authorities in each country. Banking, insurance and credit card businesses were also affected during 2021, due to the temporary closure of stores and shopping centers reopening on a limited basis. Our e-commerce and Marketplace business units continued with less disruption, but with higher demand and incremental costs in most of their markets.

The Company is monitoring the development of the Coronavirus pandemic and it is evaluating and developing complementary action plans that minimize its impact on its businesses and financial situation. The financial and operational effects of the Coronavirus pandemic on Falabella can not yet be quantified, as these events are still unfolding and their effects will depend on many factors that are still unknown at this time. Some of these factors are within Falabella's control, such as strengthening our online customer services and sales methods for our commercial and financial services; and other factors are beyond our control, such as the effectiveness and coordination of governmental measures aimed at containing the Coronavirus outbreak, and citizen response and collaboration.

## Note 43 - Subsequent Events

The consolidated financial statements of Falabella S.A: and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2021, have been approved by the Board of Directors at a meeting held on March 1, 2022, which was attended by the following Directors and the CEO:

- Carlo Solari Donaggio, Chairman
- Juan Carlos Cortés Solari, Vice-Chairman
- Jose Luis del Río Goudie, Director
- Sergio Cardone Solari, Director
- Hernan Büchi Buc, Director
- Felipe del Río Goudie, Director
- Cecilia Karlezi Solari, Director
- Paola Cuneo Queirolo, Director
- Carlos Alberto Heller Solari, Director
- Gaston Bottazzini, CEO

Between December 31, 2021, and the date these financial statements were issued, the Board is not aware of any other events of a financial or other nature that might significantly affect them or their interpretation.


[^0]:    三 Index
    (1) welome
    (2) Who weare
    (3) Physical-digital
    ecosystem

    Sustainability model

[^1]:    Index

[^2]:    Mallplaza aims to create shared value and long-term relationships with the communities that neighbor its shopping centers, which is an objective that will develop and strengthen the company

[^3]:    We use this structure to continually manage our compliance risks and every quarter we report the management indicators that measure the effectiveness of our programs.

[^4]:    $\equiv{ }^{\text {nodex }}$

[^5]:    OTA: EL 17 DE ENERO DE 2022 SE INCORPORÓ COMO NUEVO GERENTE GENERAL DE FALABELLA.COM JAIME RAMírez CASTRO

[^6]:    $\equiv$ index
    (3) Physical-digital ecosystem
    (4) Sustainability model

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    (6) Corporate information
    (7) Financia Financial
    statements
    (8) How we report

    Consolidated
    financial statements

[^7]:    $\equiv$ Index

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     Corporate
    information
    (7) Financial statements
    (8) How we report

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    statements
    (8) How we report
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    financial

    Consolidated statements

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    statement
    (8) How we report

    Consolidated
    (9) financial statements

[^13]:    (7) Financia Financial
    statements

[^14]:    Falabella S.A. has been producing an integrate Annual Report since 2013, which has complied with the GRI standards, in order to assess the true importance of its material issues to the Company and all its related parties.

    This report was prepared in accordance with the core" compliance option of the GRI standards, The required disaggregation of indicators has been omitted in some cases, as we do not have this level of detail from all our subsidiaries. However, each Falabella business unit prepares its own sustainab lity report, which contains further details of items in this report and is also guided by the GRI standards.

    We have prepared a GRI content index to make this report easier to understand, which is supported by tables with quantitative information covering the last three years that illustrate how our indicators have evolved.

[^15]:    (1)

    Welcome

[^16]:    (1) Interests acquired in November and December 2021.
    (2) Interests acquired in December 2020.

[^17]:    (1) Impairment losses on intangible assets at Argentine subsidiaries.

[^18]:    (1) Falabella mainly classifies right-of-use assets under this item related to real estate leased for the development of its activities. Primarily furniture and equipment.

[^19]:    (1) Falabella mainly classifies right-of-use assets under this item related to real estate leased for the development of its activities,

[^20]:    (1) $\operatorname{See}$ Note 22.

[^21]:    (1) The market value hierarchy according to IFRS 13 is Level 2

[^22]:    ${ }^{(1)}$ On June 9, 2021, the Argentine subsidiary CMR Falabella S.A. transferred its portfolio of active credit cards to the Argentine "Banco Columbia". In addition, during the second quarter of 2021, the closure of the Falabella department stores in Argentina was completed, along with its e-commerce channel.

