

**Hill-Rom Holdings, Inc.**  
**(THE “COMPANY”)**

**COMPENSATION AND MANAGEMENT DEVELOPMENT  
COMMITTEE OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS CHARTER**

(As approved by Board of Directors on May 8, 2018)

**I. Purpose**

The primary function of the Compensation and Management Development Committee (the “Committee”) is to assist the Board of Directors of the Company (the “Board”) in fulfilling its responsibility for assuring that the officers and key management personnel of the Company are effectively compensated in terms of salaries, supplemental compensation and other benefits which are internally equitable, externally competitive and advance the long term interests of the Company’s shareholders. The Committee is also responsible to review and assess the talent development and succession management actions concerning the officers and key employees of the Company.

**II. Composition**

The Committee shall be comprised of at least three members of the Board, each of whom must meet the independence criteria set forth (1) in the Company’s Corporate Governance Standards for the Board of Directors at all times during his or her tenure on the Committee, and (2) in any applicable rules of the New York Stock Exchange, including but not limited to the requirement that members of the Committee be “independent”.

The Board believes that any director who is “independent” should also qualify as a “non-employee director” under Rule 16b-3 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), as long as such director has never served as an officer of the Company. Any member of the Committee who fails to meet all the criteria of an “outside director” under Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended (the “Code”) shall refrain from considering or acting upon any matter subject to Section 162(m) of the Code.

The members of the Committee shall be elected by the Board annually, based on a recommendation by the Nominating/Corporate Governance Committee to serve until the next annual meeting of the Board or until their successors shall be duly elected and qualified. Unless the Board elects a Chair, the members of the Committee may designate a Chair by majority vote of the Committee membership. The Board may remove a member from the Committee, or the Chair of the Committee, with or without cause. The Committee’s Chair will periodically report the Committee’s findings and conclusions to the Board.

### **III. Meetings and Operations**

The Committee shall meet at least three times annually, or more frequently as circumstances dictate. In furtherance of the Committee's responsibility to foster the development of compensatory arrangements that are designed to both motivate recipients and advance the interests of the Company's shareholders, the Committee should meet at least annually with the Company's Chief Executive Officer and the Committee's compensation consultants. The Committee will be assisted by the Company's Chief Human Resources Officer. The Company's Secretary or any Assistant Secretary will serve as secretary of the Committee.

A majority of the Committee members will constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at any meeting of the Committee. Action of the majority at any such meeting will be the action of the Committee.

The committee shall conduct its operations in accordance with the procedures set forth in Article 4 of the Company's Code of By-Laws applicable to the operations of the Board, except to the extent that such procedures are modified or superseded by the terms of this Charter. The Committee shall have the authority to adopt such additional procedures for the conduct of its business as are not inconsistent with those referred to in the preceding sentence. The Committee shall have no authority to delegate its responsibilities to any subcommittee.

### **IV. Responsibilities and Duties**

To fulfill its responsibilities and duties, the Committee shall:

1. Assist the Company in defining a total management compensation philosophy that supports the Company's overall strategy and objectives; attracts and retains key executives; links total compensation to financial performance and the attainment of short and long term strategic, operational, and financial objectives; and provides competitive total compensation opportunities at a reasonable cost, while enhancing the ability to fulfill the Company's objectives.
2. Review and approve annually the corporate goals and objectives relative to the compensation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer, evaluate the performance of the Company's Chief Executive Officer in the light of those goals and objectives, provide development feedback to the Company's Chief Executive Officer and set the annual compensation level of the Company's Chief Executive Officer based on this evaluation.
3. Review at least annually the executive succession plans prepared by the Company's Chief Executive Officer.
4. Review and approve annually the corporate goals and objectives relative to the compensation of the elected officers of the Company (other than the Chief Executive Officer) and, if appropriate, approve the compensation arrangements submitted by the Company's Chief Executive Officer for all elected officers (other than himself).

5. Propose the adoption, amendment, and termination by the Board of Directors, and shareholders, if required, of stock option plans, stock appreciation rights plans, pension and profit sharing plans, stock bonus plans, stock purchase plans, bonus plans, deferred compensation plans, executive perquisites, employment agreements and other similar programs (the “Compensation Plans”). The Committee shall also administer and interpret the Compensation Plans, establish performance targets under the Company’s bonus and incentive plans, exercise oversight responsibility over other compensation programs of the Company, and review the structure, cost effectiveness, and competitive position of the Company’s compensation programs. All incentive compensation plans will link executive compensation directly and objectively to measure financial and non-financial goals set in advance by the Committee.
6. Grant rights, participation and interests in Compensation Plans to eligible participants and pre-approve all transactions in the Company’s securities, by and between the Company and any director and executive officer of the Company, for which exemptive treatment from Section 16(b) of the Exchange Act is sought.
7. Oversee the preparation of the Compensation Committee report and compensation discussion and analysis for inclusion in the Company’s proxy statement for use in connection with the solicitation of proxies for each annual meeting of shareholders (“Proxy Statement”) in accordance with applicable rules and regulations.
8. Oversee the clear and comprehensive disclosure of all aspects of executive compensation in each Proxy Statement.
9. Review and approve such other compensation matters as the Board or the Chief Executive Officer of the Company wishes to have the Committee approve.
10. Select, monitor and revise, as appropriate, the universe of companies against which the Company is compared in the stock performance chart set forth in each annual proxy statement.
11. Oversee the design of the Company’s total executive compensation program and practices, providing full consideration to all tax, accounting, legal and regulatory requirements.
12. Keep abreast of current trends, developments, and emerging issues in executive compensation outside of the Company.
13. Perform such additional functions and have such additional powers as may from time to time be expressly delegated to the Committee by the Board.
14. Have sole authority to select, retain, compensate and oversee compensation consultants, independent legal counsel or other advisors (each, an “Advisor”); provided that the foregoing grant of sole authority shall not prevent the Board’s Nominating/Corporate

Governance Committee from selecting and retaining compensation consultants in carrying out its responsibilities with respect to assessment of the compensation of the members of the Board of Directors. Before selecting, or receiving advice from, any Advisor, the Committee shall consider factors relevant to that person's independence from management, including:

- a. the provision of other services to the Company by the person that employs the Advisor;
  - b. the amount of fees received from the Company by the person that employs the Advisor, as a percentage of total revenue of such employer;
  - c. the policies and procedures of the person that employs the Advisor that are designed to prevent conflicts of interest;
  - d. any business or personal relationships of the Advisor with a member of the Committee;
  - e. any stock of the Company owned by the Advisor;
  - f. any business or personal relationship of the Advisor or the person employing the Advisor with an executive officer of the Company.
15. Review the performance of Advisors and approve any proposed discharge of Advisors when circumstances warrant.
  16. Review this Charter and assess the performance of this Committee and its members at least annually and recommend updates and changes to the Board as conditions warrant.