

DELIVERING SUPERIOR SHAREHOLDER VALUE

Pinnacle West Analyst Day November 9, 2012



FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This presentation contains forward-looking statements based on current expectations, including statements regarding our earnings guidance and financial outlook and goals. These forward-looking statements are often identified by words such as "estimate," "predict," "may," "believe," "plan," "expect," "require," "intend," "assume" and similar words. Because actual results may differ materially from expectations, we caution you not to place undue reliance on these statements. A number of factors could cause future results to differ materially from historical results, or from outcomes currently expected or sought by Pinnacle West or APS. These factors include, but are not limited to: our ability to manage capital expenditures and operations and maintenance costs while maintaining reliability and customer service levels; variations in demand for electricity, including those due to weather, the general economy, customer and sales growth (or decline), and the effects of energy conservation measures and distributed generation; power plant and transmission system performance and outages; volatile fuel and purchased power costs; fuel and water supply availability; our ability to achieve timely and adequate rate recovery of our costs, including returns on debt and equity capital; regulatory and judicial decisions, developments and proceedings; new legislation or regulation, including those relating to environmental requirements and nuclear plant operations; our ability to meet renewable energy and energy efficiency mandates and recover related costs; risks inherent in the operation of nuclear facilities, including spent fuel disposal uncertainty; competition in retail and wholesale power markets; the duration and severity of the economic decline in Arizona and current real estate market conditions; the cost of debt and equity capital and the ability to access capital markets when required; changes to our credit ratings; the investment performance of the assets of our nuclear decommissioning trust, pension, and other postretirement benefit plans and the resulting impact on future funding requirements; the liquidity of wholesale power markets and the use of derivative contracts in our business; potential shortfalls in insurance coverage; new accounting requirements or new interpretations of existing requirements; generation, transmission and distribution facility and system conditions and operating costs; the ability to meet the anticipated future need for additional baseload generation and associated transmission facilities in our region; the willingness or ability of our counterparties, power plant participants and power plant land owners to meet contractual or other obligations or extend the rights for continued power plant operations; technological developments affecting the electric industry; and restrictions on dividends or other provisions in our credit agreements and Arizona Corporation Commission orders. These and other factors are discussed in Risk Factors described in Part I, Item 1A of the Pinnacle West/APS Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011, which you should review carefully before placing any reliance on our financial statements, disclosures or earnings outlook. Neither Pinnacle West nor APS assumes any obligation to update these statements, even if our internal estimates change, except as required by law.



NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

In this presentation, we refer to "on-going earnings per share," which is a "non-GAAP financial measure," as defined in accordance with SEC rules. We believe on-going earnings per share provides investors with a useful indicator of our results that is comparable among periods because it excludes the effects of unusual items that may occur on an irregular basis. The appendix contains a reconciliation of on-going earnings per share to our earnings per share attributable to common shareholders based on diluted common shares as reported on our Consolidated Statements of Income, which is the most directly comparable financial measures calculated and presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (GAAP).

Investors should note that non-GAAP financial measures may involve judgments by management, including whether an item is classified as an unusual item. These measures are key components of our internal financial reporting and are used by our management in analyzing the operations of our business. We believe that investors benefit from having access to the same financial measures that management uses.





DELIVERING SUPERIOR SHAREHOLDER VALUE

STRATEGIC OVERVIEW Don Brandt



PINNACLE WEST: WHO WE ARE

We are a vertically integrated, regulated electric utility.

NYSE Ticker PNW \$6 Billion **Market Cap Enterprise Value \$9 Billion Yield** 4%



- Arizona's largest electric utility
- \$13 billion assets

Service Territory

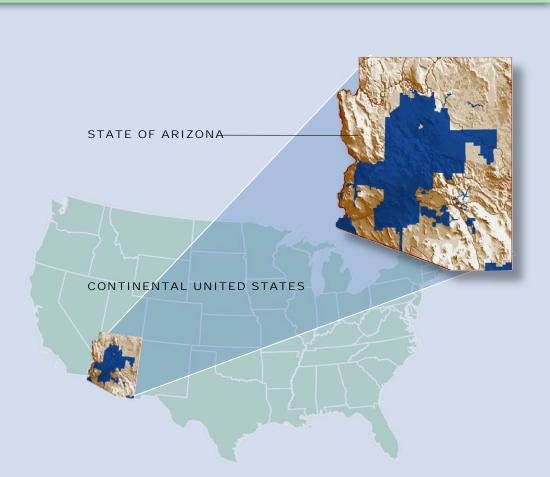
- 1.1 million customer accounts
- 34,646 square miles

Customer Growth

- 2.0% average annual growth **expected 2012-2015**
- 3-4% historical average well above industry average

2012 Peak Demand - 7,212 MW





ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSIONERS

Three seats for four-year terms through January 2017 were addressed in the November 2012 election.

Terms Through 2017

Terms Through 2015

New Commissioners





Susan Bitter-Smith (R)



Bob Burns (R)



Bob Stump (R)*



Incumbents

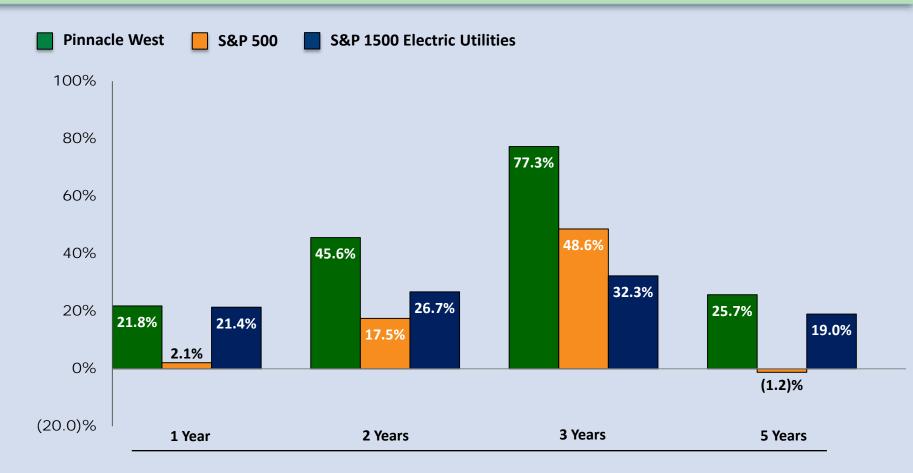
Brenda Burns (R)



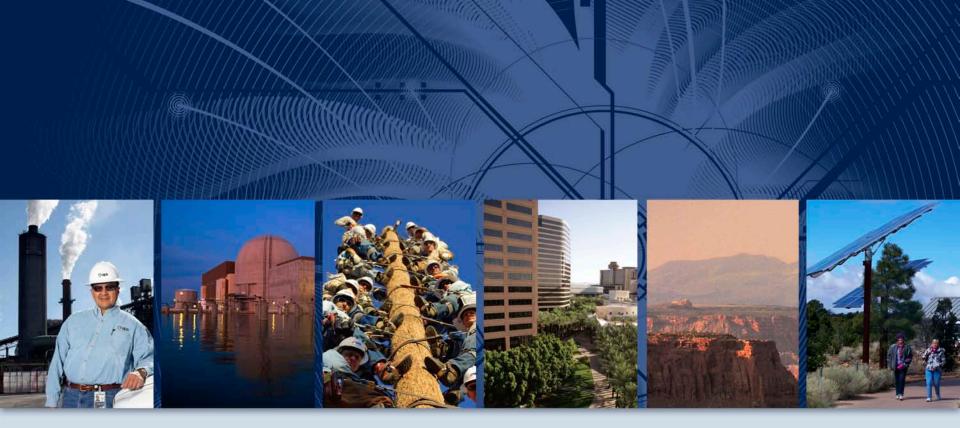
Gary Pierce (R)* Chairman

SUPERIOR SHAREHOLDER RETURNS

Our total return to shareholders has outperformed our industry and the broad market over the past five years.







DELIVERING SUPERIOR SHAREHOLDER VALUE

OPERATIONS OVERVIEW Mark Schiavoni



OPERATIONS OVERVIEW AGENDA

Planning and operational execution position APS for success.

Safety

Top decile in the industry

Resource Planning

Meeting growing energy needs through a balanced resource mix

Energy Innovation

Strategically piloting and implementing advanced technologies

Energy Delivery

- Making transmission investments to maintain reliability and deliver diverse resources
- Top quartile reliability in industry over past several years

Fossil Fleet

- Consistently strong summer reliability and performance
- Actively working to meet environmental regulations

Internationally Recognized Environmental, Sustainability and Governance Leader

- Fossil Fleet ISO 14001 environmental certification achieved
- Intelligent Utility Magazine's #4 Most Intelligent Utility in 2011



SAFETY = #1 CRITICAL AREA OF FOCUS

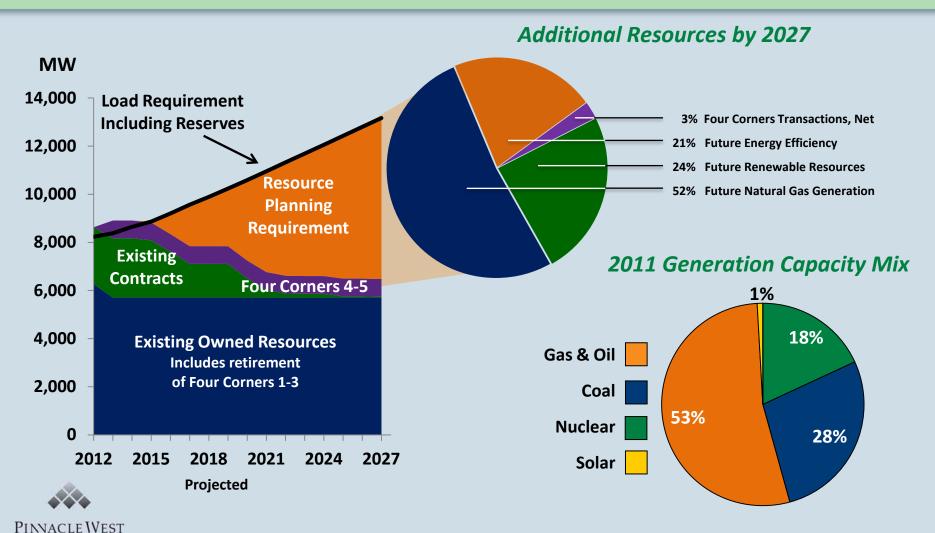
APS continues to build and maintain a safety-first culture that strives for "zero incidents."





RESOURCE PLANNING FOR RELIABILITY AND SUSTAINABILITY

We will meet future load growth through a balanced resource mix including renewable resources and energy efficiency programs.



RESOURCE PLANNING FOR RELIABILITY AND SUSTAINABILITY

APS has multiple resources options to serve future energy growth.

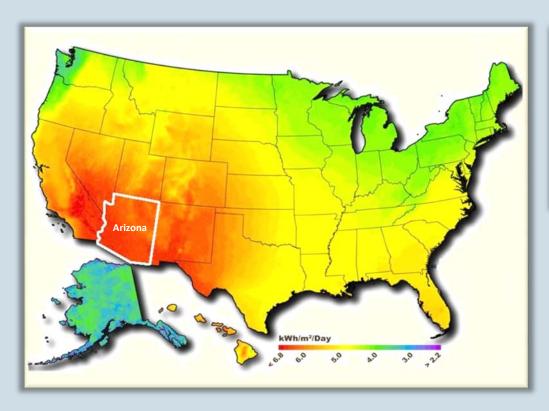


- Plans to meet near-term needs include renewable energy and energy efficiency additions
- Options for future resource decisions
 - Intermediate term: renewable energy and natural gas tradeoffs drive resource decisions
 - Long term: natural gas is the most prevalent fuel source with renewable energy the most viable alternative to mitigate natural gas volatility and provide resource diversification
 - New technology, both traditional and advanced (e.g. battery storage), will continue to be monitored to meet load growth



RENEWABLE ENERGY RISES WITH THE SUN

We are helping Arizona become the "Solar Capital of the World."





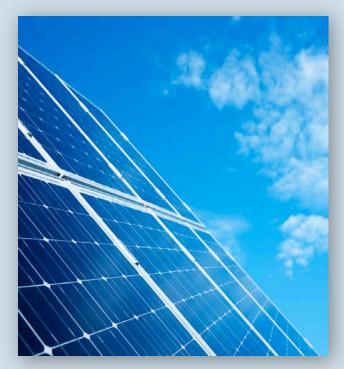


Germany and Japan are among countries with highest installed solar capacity, yet have solar conditions far inferior to Arizona



APS AZ SUN PROGRAM PROVIDES EARNINGS GROWTH POTENTIAL

Owning solar resources makes sense for our customers and the environment and provides returns to shareholders.



- Up to 200 MW utility-scale photovoltaic solar plants owned by APS
- Up to \$975 million capital investment
- In service 2011 through 2015
- Constructive rate recovery through RES until included in base rates
- Commitments to date:
 - 118 MW
 - \$504 million capital investment
- 50 MW in commercial operation to date
- Planning and procurement under way for additional projects

Projects to Date	Capacity	Actual or Target COD
Paloma	17 MW	Sept. 2011
Cotton Center	17 MW	Oct. 2011
Hyder	16 MW	Feb. 2012
Chino Valley	19 MW	Dec. 2012
Foothills – Phase 1	17 MW	1Q 2013
Foothills – Phase 2	18 MW	4Q 2013
Hyder II	14 MW	4Q 2013



SOLANA

Solana will provide more than one-quarter of APS's renewable energy target by 2015.



- 250 MW 30-year PPA for all output (~900 GWh/year)
- Concentrating solar trough facility
 70 miles southwest of Phoenix
- On target for 2013 commercial operation
- 90%+ on-peak capacity factor with use of thermal storage capability
- Expected to be first major U.S. solar trough plant with thermal energy storage
- Near existing transmission lines
- To be built, owned and operated by Abengoa Solar



ARIZONA'S RENEWABLE RESOURCE AND ENERGY EFFICIENCY STANDARDS

Our programs address Arizona's aggressive renewable energy and energy efficiency standards.

Renewable Energy (RES) Minimum Requirements

Portion of retail sales to be supplied by renewable resources

- 5% by 2015
- 15% by 2025

Distributed energy component

30% of total requirement by 2012

APS on track to approximately double 2015 requirement

Pursuant to 2009 regulatory settlement

Energy Efficiency Requirements

Increasing annually 2011-2020

Cumulative energy savings as percent of retail sales

- 3% by 2012
- 9.5% by 2015
- 22% by 2020



APS ENERGY INNOVATION INITIATIVES

APS is strategically piloting and implementing a number of advanced technologies.

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

Cyber Security

Communications Infrastructure

APS's primary objectives to deploying a smarter grid:

- Optimize System Reliability & Performance
- Empower Customers
- Manage Alternative Energy











GENERATION

Distributed Generation

- Schools & Government
- Community Power Program (Pilot)
- DOE High Penetration Solar Study

TRANSMISSION

Transmission Applications

- PMU
- Synchrophasers

Substation Health Monitoring

SUBSTATION

- Breakers
- Bushings

SMART CIRCUITS

Transformers

Integrated Volt Var Control

DISTRIBUTION

- Automated Switched Capacitors
- Communicating Fault Current Indicators
- Sectionalizing Reclosers
- Distribution Asset Monitoring
- Automated Remote Switching
- Fire Mitigation

AMI

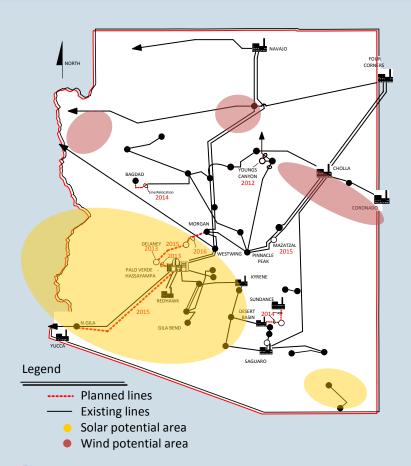
CUSTOMERS

- EVs
- HEI (Pilot)
 - Prepay
 - Thermostats
 - Displays
- Demand Response
- Time of Use Rates



TRANSMISSION INVESTMENT ESSENTIAL

Strategic transmission is necessary to maintain reliability and deliver diversified resources to our customers.

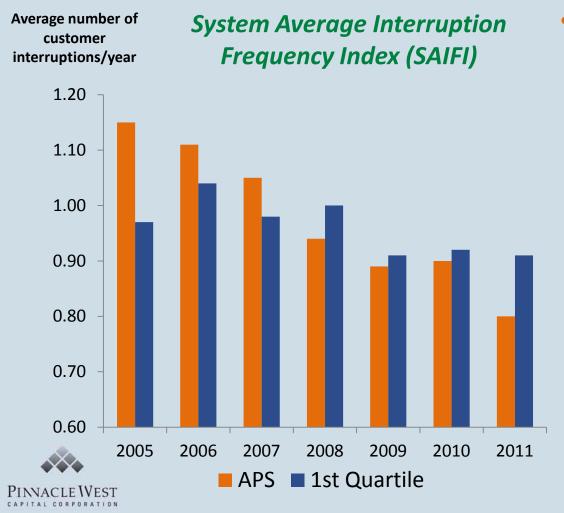


- 10-Year Transmission Plan (115-kV and above)
 - \$550 million of new transmission investment
 - 269 miles of new lines
- Projects to deliver renewable energy approved by ACC
- Transmission investment diversifies regulatory risk
 - Constructive regulatory treatment
 - FERC formula rates and retail adjustor



ENERGY DELIVERY PERFORMANCE

Top-quartile reliability is reducing the frequency of customer outages.



- Comprehensive maintenance and inspection program includes:
 - EEI Edison Award winning TOAN, state-of-the-art, on-line transformer diagnostics system
 - Extensive circuit breaker maintenance program
 - Award-winning vegetation management program
 - Direct buried cable replacement program
 - Annual patrol of transmission and distribution lines
 - Wide use of predictive, condition assessment technologies

FOSSIL FLEET SUMMER PERFORMANCE

APS's Fossil Fleet is delivering exceptional performance during the summer peak season.



Fossil Summer Equivalent Availability Factor (EAF)						
	2010 2011 2012					
Coal	79.2%	90.9%	86.6%			
Gas & Oil	97.6%	91.6%	95.0%			
Total Fossil	91.1%	91.4%	92.2%			

ENVIRONMENTAL UPDATE

APS is actively pursuing options to comply with environmental regulations.

- Mercury and Air Toxics Standards (MATS)
 - EPA program to control mercury and other air pollutants
- Regional Haze
 - EPA program to reduce visibility impact of SO₂ and NO_x
- Cooling Water Intake Structure (316b)
 - EPA program to protect fish and other aquatic organisms
- Coal Combustion Residue (CCR)
 - EPA program to regulate the management and disposal of coal ash



ENVIRONMENTAL, SUSTAINABILITY AND GOVERNANCE LEADERSHIP

We are recognized internationally for our achievements.



Environmental Certification Gas/Oil Fleet – 2011 Coal Fleet - 2012



Ranked on Dow Jones
Sustainability Index since 2005



Rated 4th Highest Intelligent Utility in 2011



Highest Ranked Utility 15th Overall



Top 10 Utility Solar Ranking



U.S. DOE/EPA
Sustained Excellence since 2008
Partner of the Year since 2005



1st utility in world to endorse Ceres' Code of Conduct in 1994



Best practices in utility arboriculture since 1997



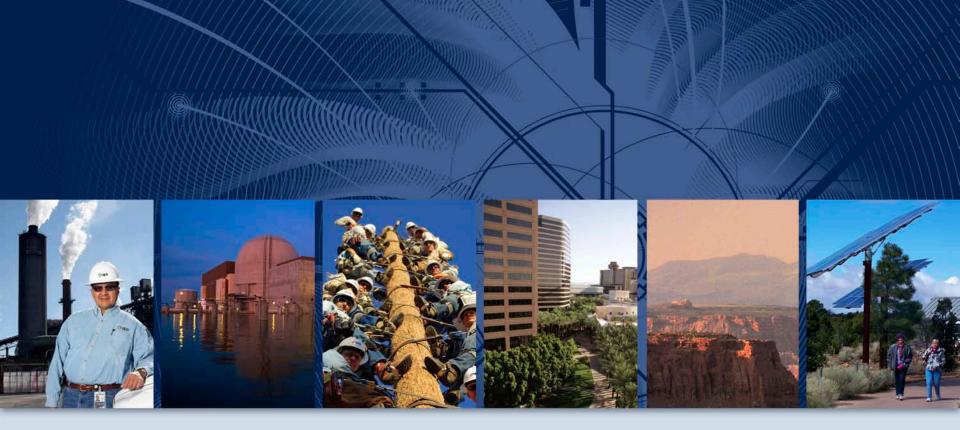
greentechmedia:



2012 - Top 10 North American Utility in Smart Grid Deployment



Ranked 6 of 196 energy and utility companies



Operations Overview Appendix



A WELL-BALANCED GENERATION PORTFOLIO

					Ownership	Net Capacity
Fuel / Plant	Location	Units	Dispatch	Commercial Ops. Date	Interest ¹	(MW)
Nuclear						
Palo Verde	Wintersburg, AZ	1-3	Base	1986 - 1989	29.1%	1,146
Total Nuclear						1,146
Coal						
Cholla	Joseph City, AZ	1-3	Base	1962 - 1980	100	647
Four Corners	Farmington, NM	1-3	Base	1963 - 1964	100	560
Four Corners	Farmington, NM	4,5	Base	1969 - 1970	15	231
Navajo	Page, AZ	1-3	Base	1974 - 1976	14	315
Total Coal						1,753
Gas/Oil - Combined Cycle						
Redhawk	Arlington, AZ	1,2	Intermediate	2002	100	984
West Phoenix	Phoenix, AZ	1-5	Intermediate	1976 - 2003	100	887
Total Gas/Oil - Combine	ed Cycle					1,871
Gas/Oil - Steam Turbines						
Ocotillo	Tempe, AZ	1,2	Peaking	1960	100	220
Saguaro	Red Rock, AZ	1,2	Peaking	1954 - 1955	100	210
Total Gas/Oil - Steam T	urbines					430
Gas/Oil – Combustion Turbi	nes					
Sundance	Casa Grande, AZ	10	Peaking	2002	100	420
Yucca	Yuma, AZ	6	Peaking	1971 - 2008	100	243
Saguaro	Red Rock, AZ	1-3	Peaking	1972 - 2002	100	189
West Phoenix	Phoenix, AZ	1,2	Peaking	1972 - 1973	100	110
Ocotillo	Tempe, AZ	1,2	Peaking	1972 - 1973	100	110
Douglas	Douglas, AZ	1	Peaking	1972	100	16
Total Gas/Oil - Combus	tion Turbines					1,088
Solar						
Hyder	Hyder, AZ	-	As Available	2011 - 2012	100	16
Paloma	Gila Bend, AZ	-	As Available	2011	100	17
Cotton Center	Gila Bend, AZ	=	As Available	2011	100	17
Various	Multiple Arizona Facilities	-	As Available	1996 - 2006	100	5
Total Solar						55
Total Generation Capacity						6,343
	. (= 04.0040	1				

As of February 24, 2012

¹Includes leased generating plants.



RENEWABLE PURCHASE POWER CONTRACTS

Fuel / Contract	Location	Owner/ Developer	Status ¹	PPA Signed	Commercial Operation Date	Term (years)	Capacity Net (MW)
Solar							
Solana	Gila Bend, AZ	Abengoa	UC	Feb-2008	2013	30	250
Ajo	Ajo, AZ	Duke Energy Gen Svcs	10	Jan-2010	2011	25	5
Prescott	Prescott, AZ	SunEdison	10	Feb-2010	2011	30	10
Solar 1	Tonopah, AZ	Not Disclosed	UC	Jan-2011	2012	30	15
Solar 2	Tonopah, AZ	Not Disclosed	UD	Jan-2012	2013	30	15
Solar 3	Maricopa County, AZ	Not Disclosed	UD	Jan-2012	2013	30	15
Total Solar							310
Wind							
Aragonne Mesa	Santa Rosa, NM	Infigen Asset Mgmt	10	Dec-2005	2006	20	90
High Lonesome	Mountainair, NM	Foresight / EME	10	Feb-2008	2009	30	100
Perrin Ranch Wind	Williams, AZ	NextEra Energy	10	Jul-2010	2011	25	99
Total Wind							289
Geothermal							
CE Turbo	Imperial County, CA	Cal Energy	10	Jan-2006	2006	23	10
Total Geothermal							10
Biomass							
Snowflake	Snowflake, AZ	Najafi	10	Sep-2005	2008	15	14
Total Biomass							14
Biogas							
Glendale Energy	Glendale, AZ	Glendale Energy LLC	10	Jul-2008	2010	20	3
Landfill 1	Surprise, AZ	Waste Management	10	Dec-2010	2012	20	3
Total Biogas	•						6
Total Renewable Contracte	od Canacity						629

As of August 31, 2012

¹ IO = In Operation; UC = Under Construction; UD = Under Development



FOUR CORNERS POWER PLANT FACTS & FIGURES

	Common	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4	Unit 5
Commercial Operation Date		1963	1963	1964	1969	1970
Original Cost (\$M)	\$41 —		\$382			64 —
Net Book Value at 6/30/12 (\$M)	\$27 —		\$0			30 —
Current Depreciation Ends	2038 —		Mid-2012		2038	2038
Current Expiration Dates						
Site Lease	July 6, 2041					
BHP Coal Agreement			July 6,	2016		
Certain Related Rights-of-W	ау		July 6,	2041		
Total Employees (549) (75% Native Americans)	48 Common + 75 Matrix		193		23	3
Capacity (MW)		170	170	220	770	770
Ownership Percentages						
Arizona Public Service		100%	100%	100%	15%	15%
Southern California Edison		-	-	-	48%	48%
Public Service Company of New Mexico		-	-	-	13%	13%
Salt River Project		-	-	-	10%	10%
El Paso Electric		-	-	-	7%	7%
Tucson Electric Power		-	-	-	7%	7%
Heat Rate (Btu/kWh)		10,816	11,051	10,614	9,443	10,035



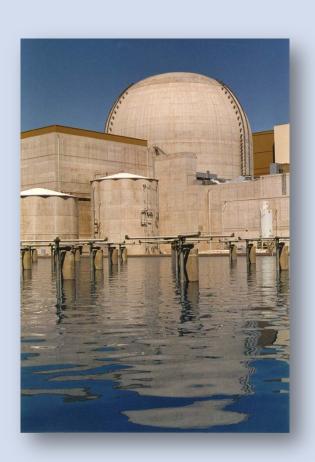


DELIVERING SUPERIOR SHAREHOLDER VALUE

PALO VERDE OVERVIEW Randy Edington



PALO VERDE OVERVIEW AGENDA



- Business plan/objectives
- Performance trends
- Major capital improvements
- Fukushima follow-up
- Operating license extensions



PALO VERDE MISSION

We <u>SAFELY</u> and efficiently <u>generate</u> electricity for the <u>long term</u>.







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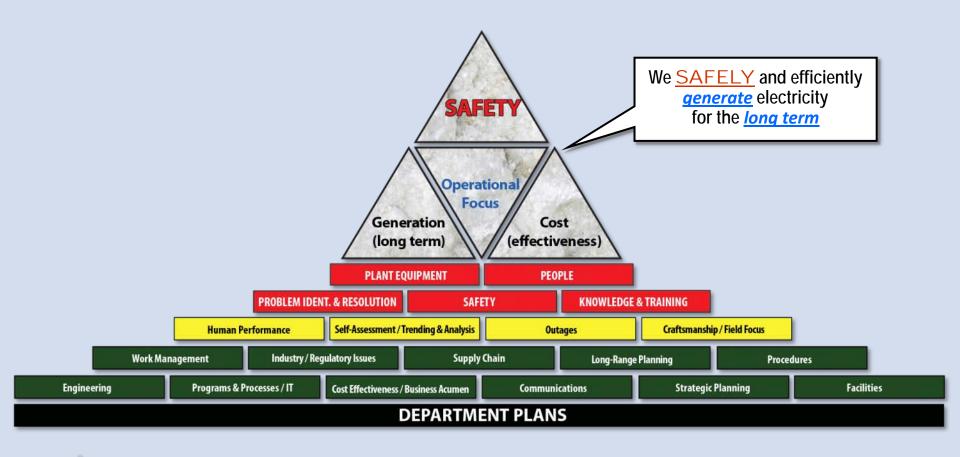






PALO VERDE BUSINESS PLAN

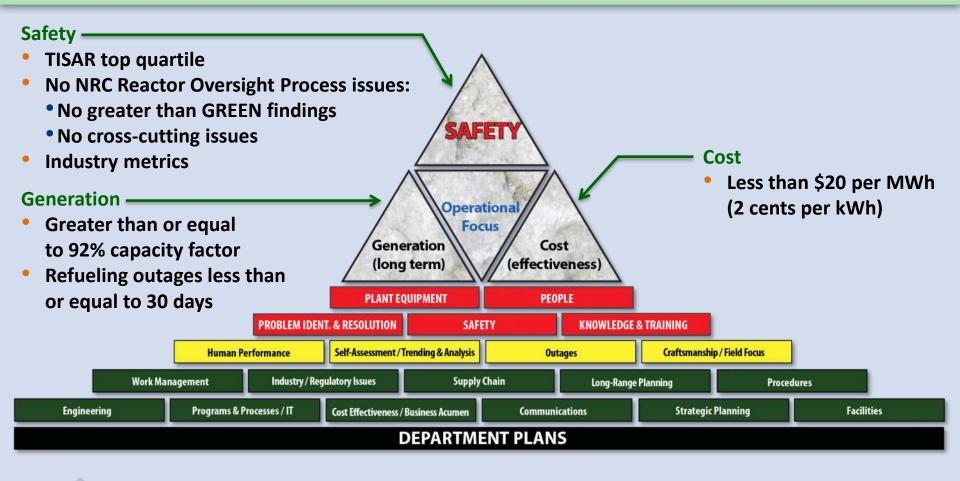
Our business plan guides all of our operations and initiatives.





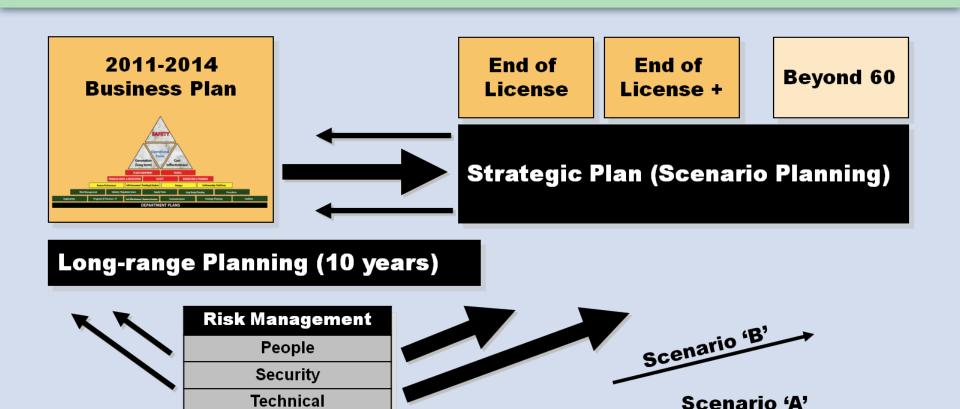
PALO VERDE GOALS BY 2013/2014

We target top-quartile cost per megawatt-hour by 2014.





PALO VERDE BUSINESS AND STRATEGIC PLANS



Scenario 'C'



Public

Regulatory

Fukushima

STARS ALLIANCE

We team with other nuclear plants to create efficiencies and purchasing power.



Headquarters

- Palo Verde (Arizona)
- Callaway (Missouri)
- Comanche Peak (Texas)
- Diablo Canyon (California)
- San Onofre (California)
- South Texas (Texas)
- Wolf Creek (Kansas)





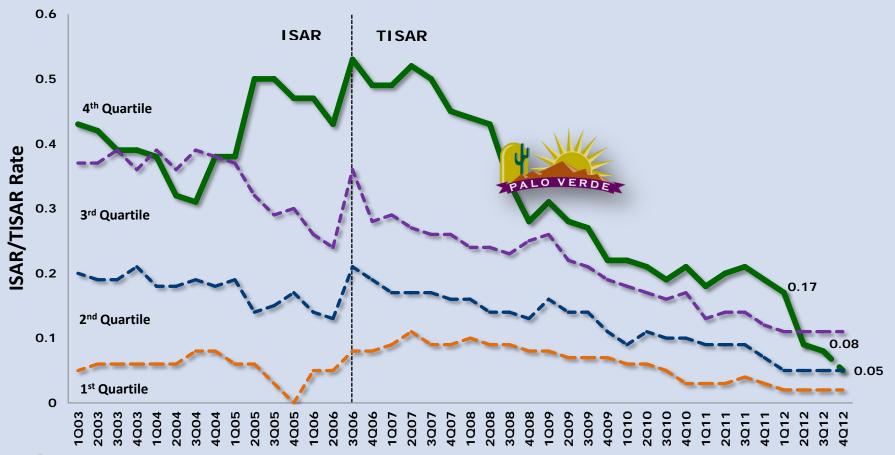
PALO VERDE NET GENERATION

Palo Verde has exceeded 30 million megawatt-hours annual production seven times – the only U.S. plant to ever do so.



TOTAL INDUSTRIAL ACCIDENT RATE

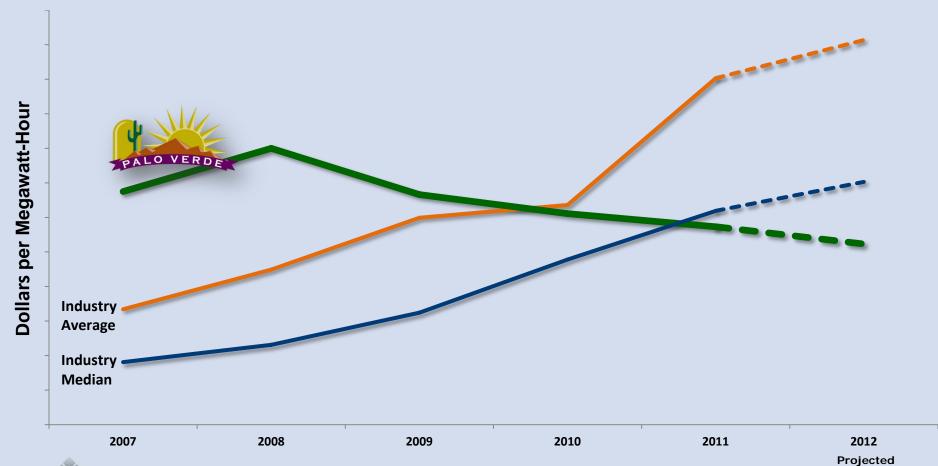
Palo Verde's safety metrics compare favorably with industry norms and are improving.





U.S. NUCLEAR OPERATING COSTS

Palo Verde operating costs are below industry averages and improving.





Completed capital projects position Palo Verde well for safe, efficient operations for the long term.

- Major capital projects completed in past 10 years
 - Steam generator replacements
 - Reactor vessel head replacements
 - New rapid refueling packages
 - Main transformers
 - Main generator rotors
 - Circulating water system tie-in for future cooling towers
 - Energy Education Center
- Cooling tower replacement update







- Installed2003-2007
- Reactor vessel heads
 - Installed2009-2010







Before



- Rapid refueling packages
 - Installed 2009-2010
 - Increased efficiency and safety
 - Reduced future outage durations

After





- Main transformers
 - 2008 to 2018
- Main generator rotors
 - Most recent outage
- Circulating water system tie-in for potential future cooling towers
 - 2009-2010









Energy Education Center

- Public education
- Response coordination in state-of-the-art Emergency Operations Facility
- Joint Information Center





FUKUSHIMA FOLLOW-UP

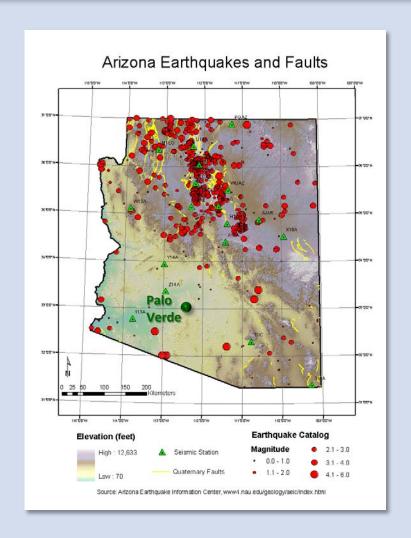
Fukushima Event Response Team Room





FUKUSHIMA FOLLOW-UP

- Low risk of natural events at Palo Verde
- Seismic and flooding walk-downs conducted
- Changes in NRC regulations and industry standards





FUKUSHIMA FOLLOW-UP

- FLEX / Beyond Design Bases Event Mitigation
- Enhanced Procedures and Emergency Plans
- Significant Investment in Safety

















PALO VERDE ECONOMIC IMPACT

Palo Verde is estimated to favorably impact Arizona by \$1.8 billion each year.

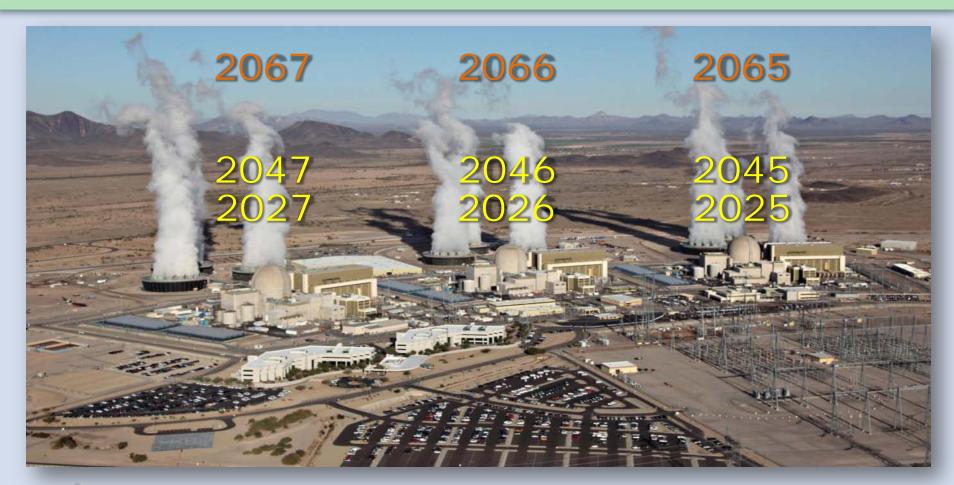
- Largest single commercial taxpayer in Arizona
 - Nearly \$50 million in property taxes annually
- Local purchases of materials and services
- Palo Verde employees donate approximately \$1 million annually to local charities
- Approximately 2,800 employees



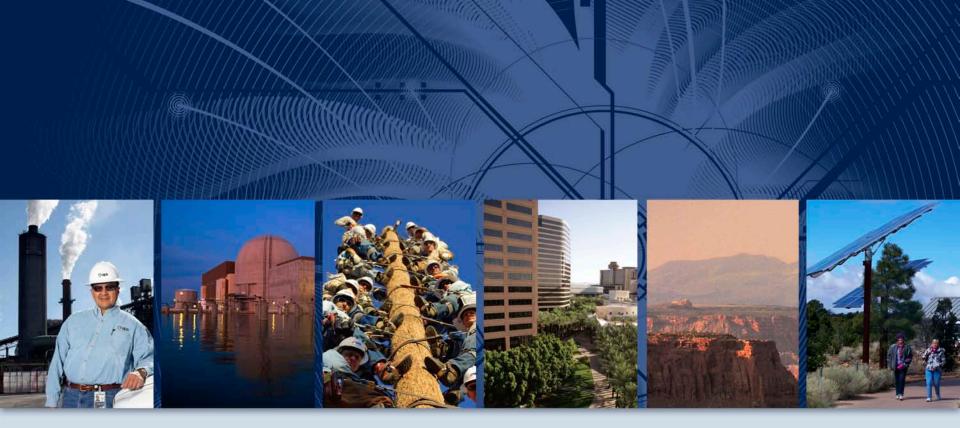


PALO VERDE LICENSE RENEWAL

We <u>SAFELY</u> and efficiently <u>generate</u> electricity for the <u>long term</u>.







DELIVERING SUPERIOR SHAREHOLDER VALUE

REGULATORY OVERVIEW Jeff Guldner



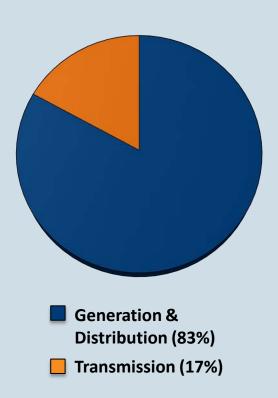
- Regulatory Landscape
- Regulatory Strategic Framework
- Goals and Initiatives
- FERC Developments
- Conclusions



OUR REGULATORY MIX

The bulk of APS's revenues comes from a regulated retail rate base and a meaningful transmission business.

\$6.9 Billion Total Approved Rate Base



Most Recent Rate Decisions

	ACC	FERC
Rate Effective Dates	7/1/2012	6/1/2012
Test Year Ended	12/31/2010*	12/31/2011
Rate Base	\$5.7 B	\$1.2 B
Equity Layer	54%	55%
Allowed ROE	10.00%	10.75%



^{*}Adjusted to include post test-year plant in service through March 31, 2012

CONSTRUCTIVE REGULATORY ENVIRONMENT

Enables creative solutions towards a common goal: healthy utility that will help Arizona's sustainable energy future.









Constructive Environment

 Commission and Stakeholder Engagement

 Productive and Constructive Regulatory Relationships

Culture of Compliance

IMPROVING OUR REGULATORY ENVIRONMENT: HISTORICAL PERSPECTIVE

We have reduced our rate case cycle length significantly while achieving increasingly constructive outcomes.





Traditional themes are trending towards sustained constructive outcomes.

Themes

Regulatory Lag

Historical Test Year

Critical Regulatory Relationships

Multiple Active Stakeholders

Four Year Stay Out

Progress

Recovery of post-test year plant in rates and certain capital through adjustors.

Enhanced Commission engagement, constructive regulatory relationships.

More collegial environment, willingness to pursue creative solutions.

Supported by structure of ongoing financial support.



BEYOND A HISTORICAL TEST YEAR

Retail rate mechanisms mitigate strict historical test-year framework.

Current Arizona Retail Rate Structure

Traditional Historical Test Year

 Rates based on finances experienced during 12 months preceding rate application preparation, adjusted only for known and measurable changes

Post-Test Year Plant in Rate Base

 Fifteen months or more past test year

Adjustors that Recover Revenue Requirements

- AZ Sun
- Environmental costs

Cost Deferrals

- Property taxes
- Four Corners acquisition costs

Enhanced Fixed Cost Recovery

- Lost Fixed Cost Recovery Mechanism
- Rate design changes for commercial customers



FERC OVERVIEW

We have achieved constructive transmission rate treatment and actively engage in key policy matters.

- Ratemaking
 - Formula rates updated annually
 - Retail transmission cost adjuster
- Policy Development
 - Transmission returns on equity
 - FERC Order 1000 compliance
 - Non-RTO performance metrics



REGULATORY INITIATIVES

We have a near-term business plan that supports the Company's overall objectives

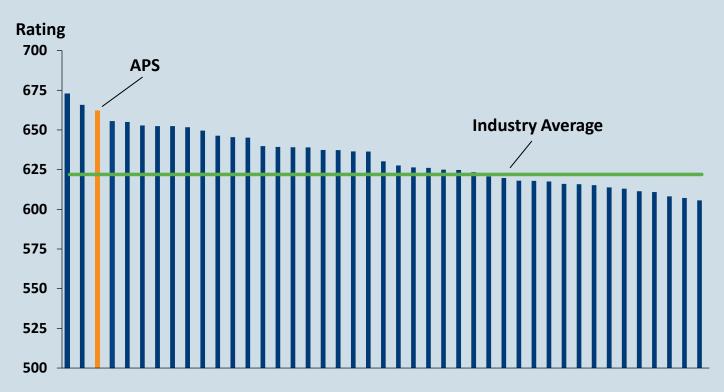
- Begin recovery of Four Corners acquisition by end of 2013
- Target next retail rate decision by mid-2016
- Continue active engagement of stakeholders in integrated resource planning process to meet long-term customer needs for reliable, cost effective power
- Continue active engagement with regional FERC Order 1000 compliance team to achieve structure that supports customer and shareholder needs



CUSTOMER SATISFACTION: A KEY PRIORITY

Strong customer service supports constructive regulatory outcomes.

Outstanding Residential Customer Satisfaction Rating

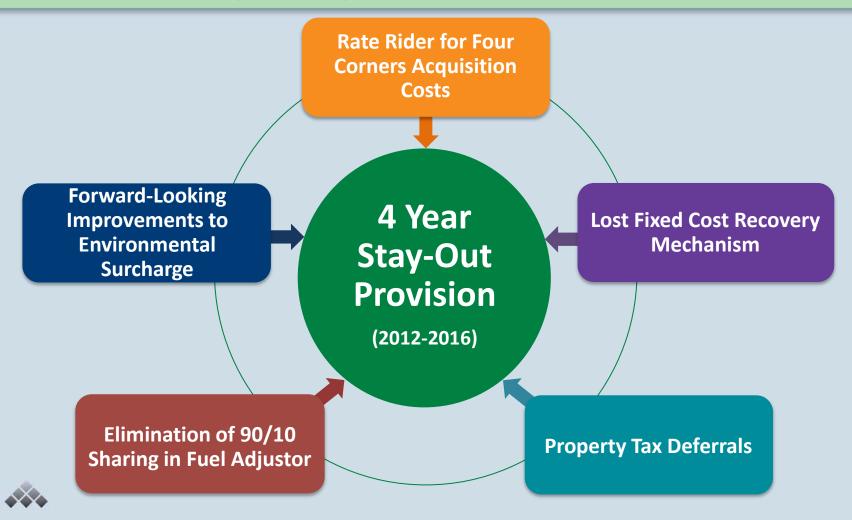




2012 J.D. Power Residential Customer Survey

2012 REGULATORY SETTLEMENT POSITIONED APS WELL THROUGH 2016

An intentional structure of on-going financial support buttresses a four-year stay-out.

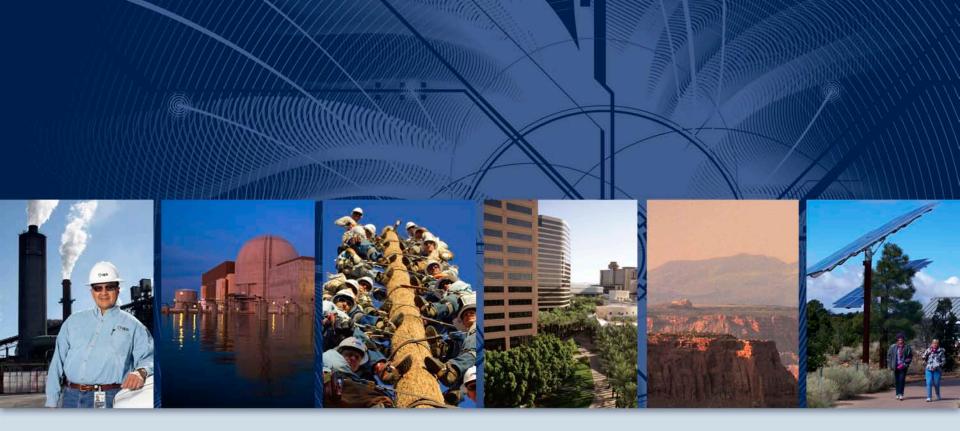


CONCLUSIONS

We remain focused on achieving supportive regulatory structures and productive cost recovery process and timing.

- Positive regulatory developments
- Constructive on-going relationships
- Address future of continuing change





Regulatory Overview Appendix



2012 RETAIL RATE CASE SETTLEMENT KEY BENEFITS

The settlement contains a number of benefits for shareholders and customers.

Shareholder Benefits

- Regulatory certainty
 - Base rate stay-out until at least mid-2016
 - Rate gradualism through adjustment mechanisms
- Financial support APS needs to achieve Arizona's energy goals
- 10% allowed return on equity

Customer Benefits

- Rate certainty
 - No base rate change until at least mid-2016
 - Rate gradualism through adjustment mechanisms
- Support for renewable energy and energy efficiency

Mutual Benefits

- Encourages progress toward sustainable energy future
- Continuation of constructive regulatory framework established in 2009 settlement
- Collaboration and cooperation among APS, ACC and numerous stakeholders



2012 RETAIL RATE CASE SETTLEMENT KEY FINANCIAL PROVISIONS – BASE RATES & TIMING

The provisions of the settlement became effective July 1, 2012, as originally requested by APS.

	Re	nnual evenue hange
Annualized Base Rate Revenue Changes (\$ millions)		
Non-fuel base rate increase	\$	116.3
Fuel-related base rate decrease		(153.1)
Revenues related to AZ Sun and other solar projects to be transferred from Renewable Energy Surcharge		
to base rates		36.8
Net base rate change	\$	-0-



2012 RETAIL RATE CASE SETTLEMENT KEY PROVISIONS – OTHER THAN BASE RATES

Other key provisions continue constructive regulatory treatment and limit regulatory lag.

- Post test-year plant additions 15 months' additions included in rate base
- Constructive new or modified adjustment mechanisms
 - Lost Fixed Cost Recovery (LFCR) rate mechanism to address ratemaking effects of energy efficiency and distributed renewable energy
 - Power Supply Adjustor (PSA) 100% pass-through
 - Transmission Cost Adjustor (TCA) streamlined for future rate changes
 - Environmental Improvement Surcharge (EIS) recovery of certain carrying costs for government-mandated environmental capital expenditures
- Four Corners transaction procedure to allow APS to request related rate adjustments, if transaction consummated
- Property tax expense deferrals for future tax rate changes
- Current PSA credit on customer bills to continue until February 1, 2013, rather than reset when base rates change effective July 1, 2012
- Next general rate case may be filed on or after May 31, 2015 for rates to become effective on or after July 1, 2016 (4-year stay-out)

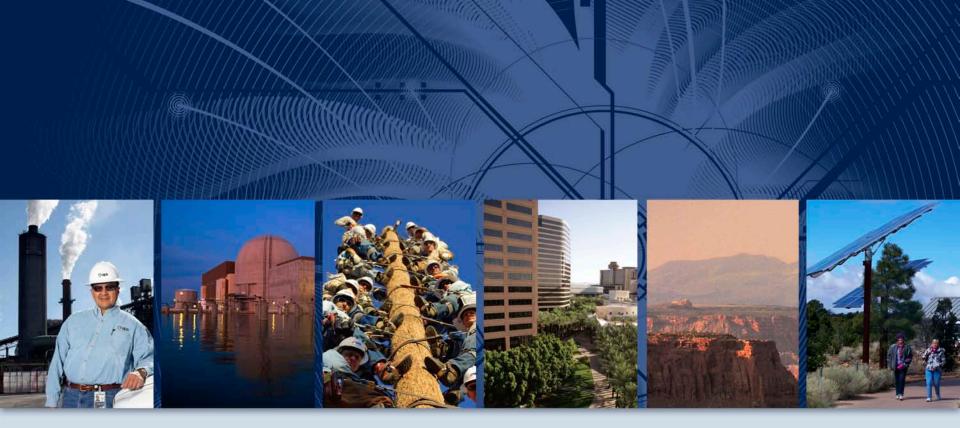


2012 RETAIL RATE CASE SETTLEMENT KEY FINANCIAL ASSUMPTIONS

Updated rate base, cost of capital and fuel prices underpin the settlement amounts.

Rate base	\$5.7 billion
Allowed return on equity	10%
Capital structure	
Long-term debt	46.1%
Common equity	53.9%
Base fuel rate (¢/kWh)	3.21¢
Projected fuel-price year for base fuel rate	2012
Test year ended December 31, 2010 adjusted for post-test year plant additions	





DELIVERING SUPERIOR SHAREHOLDER VALUE

FINANCIAL OVERVIEW Jim Hatfield



FINANCIAL OVERVIEW AGENDA

- Third quarter earnings
- Financial objectives
- 2012 2015 outlook
 - Capital expenditures
 - O&M cost management initiatives
 - Earnings guidance and dividend outlook
 - Debt and liquidity profile
- Value proposition



CONSOLIDATED EPS COMPARISONS

3rd Quarter 2012 versus 3rd Quarter 2011



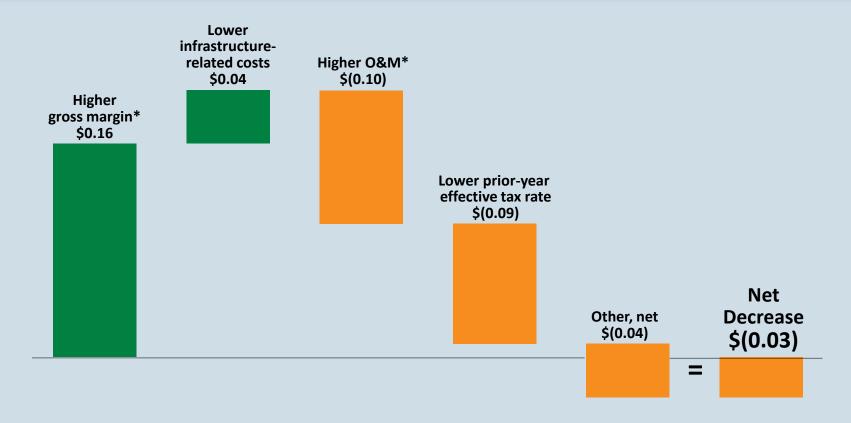
On-Going Earnings





See non-GAAP reconciliation in appendix

3rd Quarter 2012 versus 3rd Quarter 2011

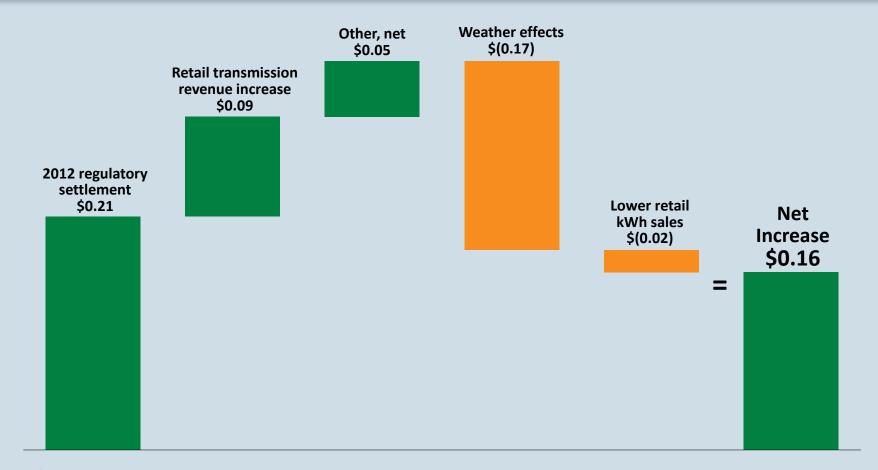


^{*} Excludes costs, and offsetting operating revenues, associated with renewable energy (net of AZ Sun), energy efficiency and similar regulatory program. See non-GAAP reconciliation for gross margin in appendix.



GROSS MARGIN EPS DRIVERS

3rd Quarter 2012 versus 3rd Quarter 2011





LONG-TERM FINANCIAL OBJECTIVES

Our long-term goal is to provide continued superior returns to our shareholders.

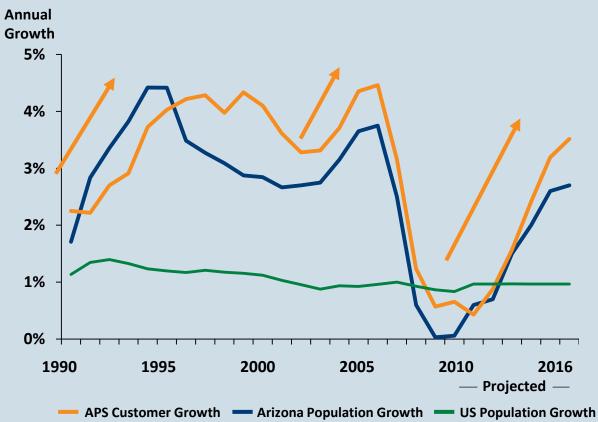
- Deliver strong consistent total return
- Capitalize on dynamic service territory growth
- Emphasize capital and O&M budgeting disciplines
- Maintain solid investment-grade credit ratings
- Improve financial strength and agility



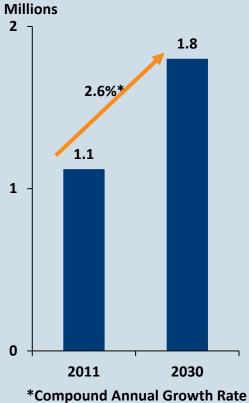
POSITIVE LONG-TERM DEMOGRAPHICS

APS's customer growth generally outpaces U.S. and Arizona population growth.

Superior Growth



APS Customer Growth

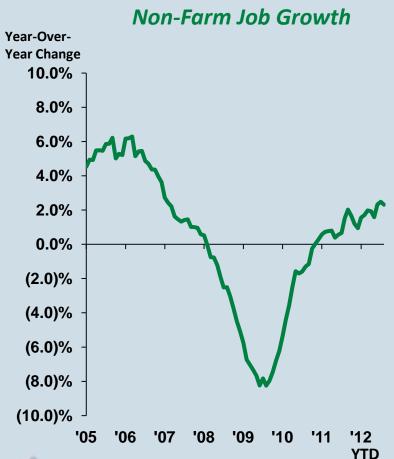




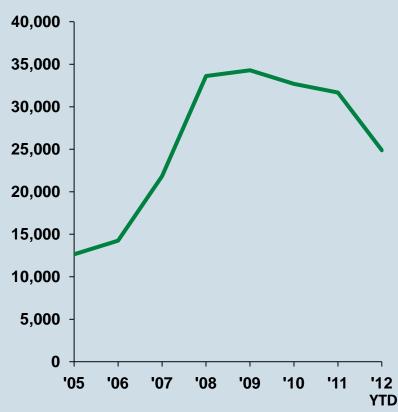


POSITIVE NEAR-TERM TRENDS

Arizona's economy is reflecting more sustained growth and activity.



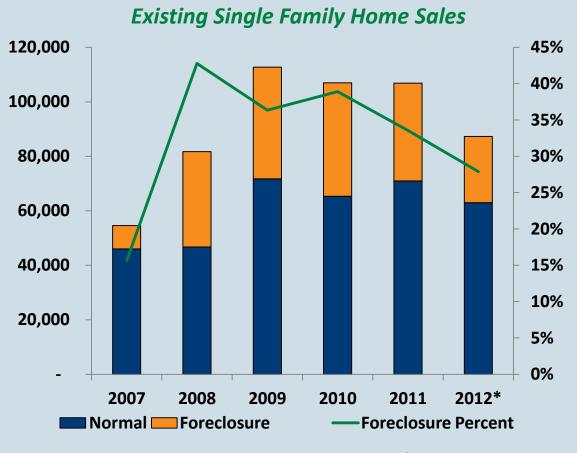
Metro Phoenix Vacant Housing APS Service Territory





FORECLOSURE HEADWINDS WINDING DOWN

Metro Phoenix home foreclosure sales are the lowest since 2007.



Key Trends

- Existing home sales activity remains robust
- Investor interest peaked in Q1 2012
 - 20% of market Q1
 - < 15% in Q3
- Lender-owned sales down 70% in Q3 2012 vs 2011
- 190,000 homes have been sold through foreclosure since 2007



NEW HOME MARKET BREATHING AGAIN

Metro Phoenix new home construction beginning to see benefits from lower vacancies and higher prices in existing housing.



Key Trends

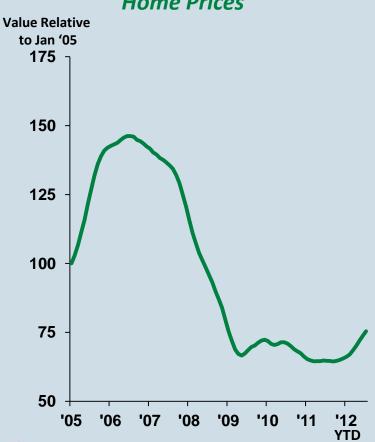
- After three very weak sales years, Metro Phoenix new home construction is turning up
- Q3 2012 new home sales at highest level in two years
- Single family permits up 40% over prior year
 - Total housing permits up 20%
- Increasing demand reflects declining value gap with existing homes



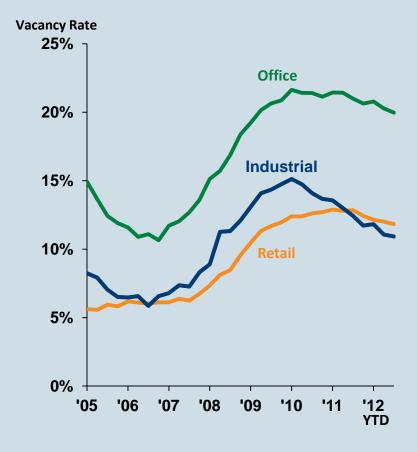
POSITIVE NEAR-TERM TRENDS

Housing and non-residential sectors are showing steady improvement.

Home Prices



Nonresidential Building Vacancy

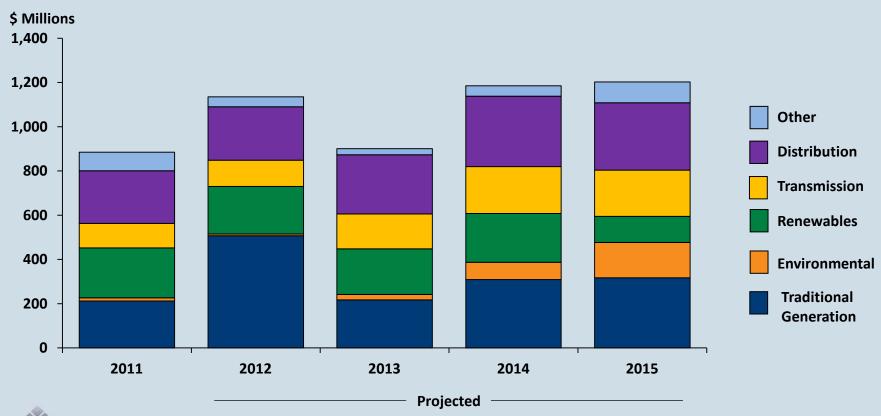




LONG-TERM GROWTH DRIVES CAP EX

Investment is required throughout the business to meet expected demand growth.

APS Capital Expenditures by Function

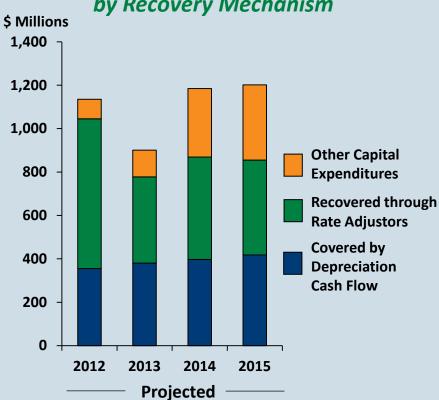




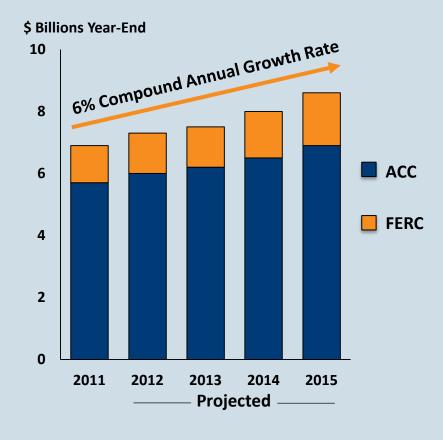
SOLID CAPITAL RECOVERY AND STRONG RATE BASE GROWTH

We expect our rate base will grow 6% per year on average, and we have constructive recovery of capital expenditures.





APS Rate Base Growth





RATE ADJUSTORS COMPLEMENT BASE RATE INCREASES

Regulatory structure provides support for gross margin growth throughout base rate stay-out period.

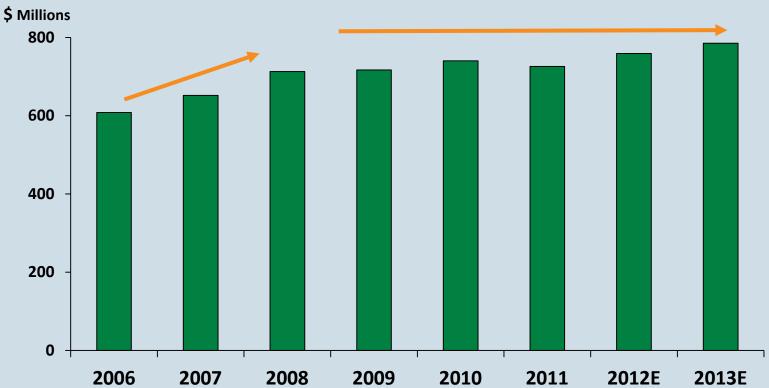
	2012	2013	2014	2015
Base Rate Increase	55%	45%	_	_
Four Corners	_	55%	45%	_
Transmission Cost Adjustor	X	X	X	X
AZ Sun	X	X	X	X
Lost Fixed Cost Recovery	X	X	X	X
Environmental Improvement Surcharge	_	_	x	X



STRONG COST MANAGEMENT FOCUS

Our goal is to keep O&M growth in line with retail sales growth.

APS O&M Expense Trends



Excludes RES and demand-side management costs. 2011 also excludes \$28 million related to prior-period transmission rights-of-way settlement.



SUSTAINABLE COST MANAGEMENT INITIATIVE ("SCMI")

Continued success requires a more rigorous, standardized approach to running the business.

Motivation

- Recognize combined challenges
 - Costs
 - Capital
 - Sales growth
 - Stayout
- Improve organizational efficiencies
- Strengthen governance and clarify accountability
- Refine understanding of cost structure to better identify opportunities

Sustainable Changes

Tiered Metrics

Business Planning

Corporate Resources Operating Model ("CROM")

Centralize Financial Planning and Analysis

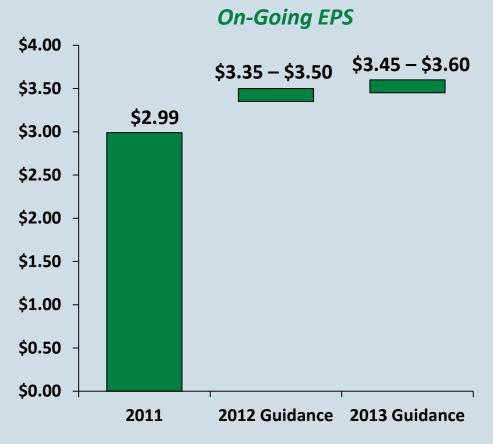
Centralize Information Technology

Enterprise Process Improvement



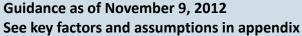
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL OUTLOOK

Our strategies and financial performance are producing earnings growth.



Outlook Through 2015

- 6% rate base growth,* but regulatory recovery not perfect
- Adjustment mechanisms provide substantial recovery during stayout, but incomplete
- Limited sales growth
- EPS expected to grow somewhat below rate base growth

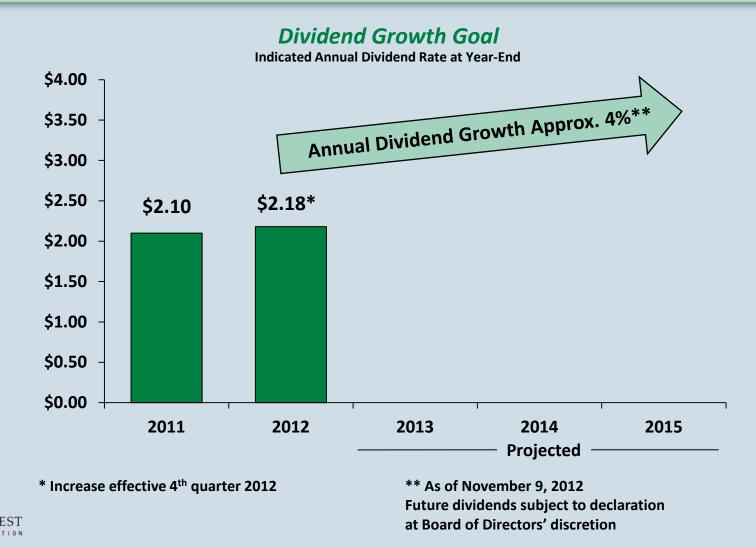


* Compound annual growth rate



CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL OUTLOOK

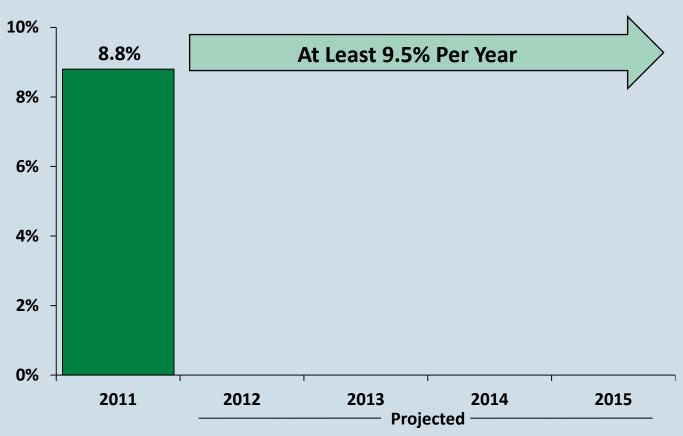
Our financial results facilitate growing cash returns to our shareholders.



CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL OUTLOOK

Our goal is to consistently earn a competitive return on average common equity.

Consolidated Earned ROE Goal*

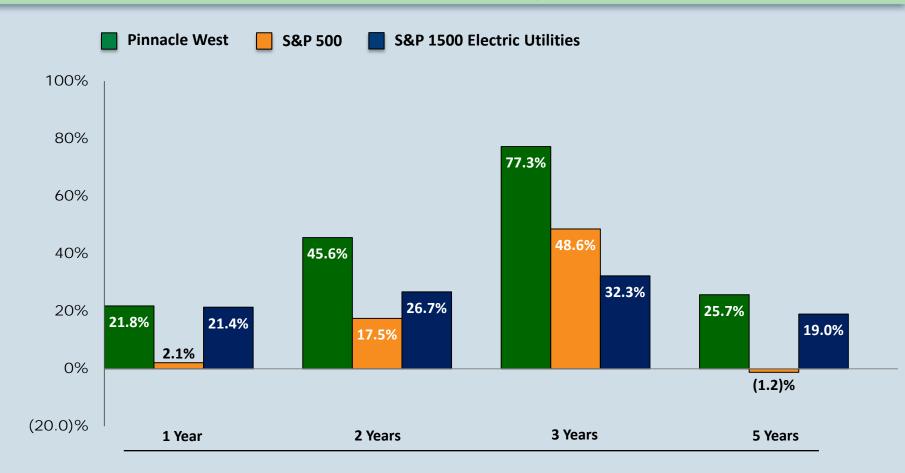




^{*} As of November 9, 2012

SUPERIOR SHAREHOLDER RETURNS

Our total return to shareholders has outperformed our industry and the broad market over the past five years.





READY ACCESS TO CAPITAL

Strong access to capital resources is supported by solid credit ratings, manageable debt maturities and ample liquidity.

2012 Major Financing Activities

- \$375M APS senior notes refinancing*
- Remarketing of \$32MM Maricopa 2009B tax-exempts – VRDN mode with L/C *
- Remarketing of \$38.15MM Navajo
 2009A tax-exempts 2-year put
 mode*
- \$90M redemption of Maricopa
 2002A tax-exempts*
- APS potential new debt issuance







^{*}Completed

SOLID CREDIT RATINGS

Available liquidity remains substantial and our credit ratings have improved.

Credit Facilities and Liquidity*

Borrower	Capacity (\$ Millions)	<u>Maturities</u>
APS	\$ 500	Feb. '15
APS	500	Nov. '16
PNW	200	Nov. '16
Consolidated	1,200	
Cash	79	
Total Liquidity	\$1,279	
=======================================	+ -, 	

^{*}As of September 30, 2012



	APS	Parent
Corporate Credit Ratings		
Moody's	Baa1	Baa2
S&P	BBB	BBB
Fitch	BBB	BBB
Senior Unsecured		
Moody's	Baa1	-
S&P	BBB	-
Fitch	BBB+	-
Outlook		
Moody's	Stable	Stable
S&P	Positive	Positive
Fitch	Stable	Stable

We are disclosing these ratings to enhance understanding of our sources of liquidity and the effects of our ratings on our costs of funds.

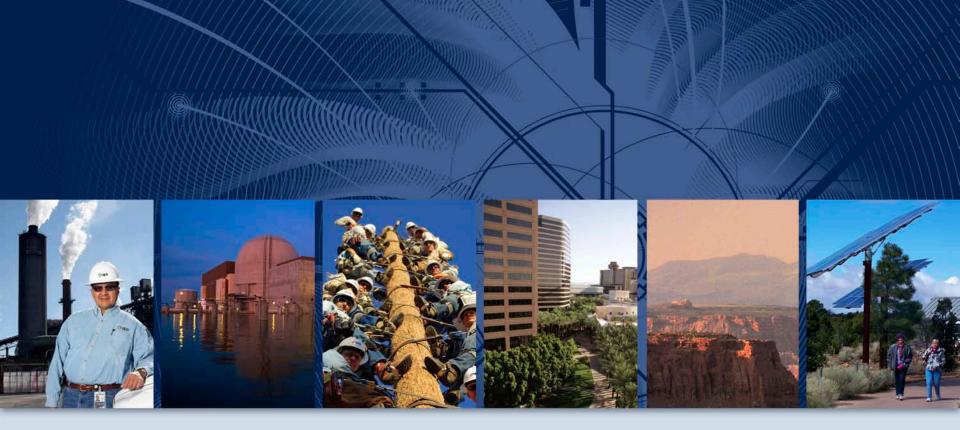
PINNACLE WEST: OUR VALUE PROPOSITION

Our commitment to investors...

Delivering Superior Shareholder Returns







Financial Overview Appendix



2012 ON-GOING EPS GUIDANCE

Key Factors and Assumptions as of November 9, 2012

- Electricity gross margin* (operating revenues, net of fuel and purchased power expenses)
 about \$2.13 billion to \$2.18 billion
 - Retail customer growth about 1%
 - Weather-normalized retail electricity sales volume slightly below prior year taking into account effects of customer conservation and energy efficiency and distributed renewable generation initiatives
 - Actual weather for first 9 months of year and normal weather patterns for remainder of year
- Operating expenses* (operations and maintenance, depreciation and amortization and taxes other than income taxes) about \$1.32 billion to \$1.35 billion (which was previously \$1.33 billion to \$1.36 billion)
- Interest expense, net of allowances for borrowed and equity funds used during construction, about \$180 million to \$190 million
- Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests about \$30 million to \$35 million
- Effective tax rate about 35%

^{*} Excludes O&M of \$127 million, and offsetting operating revenues, associated with renewable energy and energy efficiency programs



2013 ON-GOING EPS GUIDANCE

Key Factors and Assumptions as of November 9, 2012

- Electricity gross margin* (operating revenues, net of fuel and purchased power expenses)
 about \$2.20 billion to \$2.25 billion
 - Retail customer growth about 1.5%
 - Weather-normalized retail electricity sales volume about flat to prior year taking into account effects of customer conservation and energy efficiency and distributed renewable generation initiatives
 - Normal weather patterns
- Operating expenses* (operations and maintenance, depreciation and amortization and taxes other than income taxes) about \$1.36 billion to \$1.39 billion
- Interest expense, net of allowances for borrowed and equity funds used during construction, about \$190 million to \$200 million
- Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests about \$30 million to \$35 million
- Effective tax rate about 35%
- * Excludes O&M of \$132 million, and offsetting operating revenues, associated with renewable energy and energy efficiency programs



2012 - 2015 FINANCIAL OUTLOOK

Key Drivers and Assumptions as of November 9, 2012

2012 retail rate settlement effective July 1, 2012

- Revenue provisions
 - Retail base rate changes effective July 1, 2012
 - Adjustment mechanisms
 - Four Corners acquisition
 - AZ Sun additions to flow through RES until next base rate case
 - Lost Fixed Cost Recovery (LFCR) mechanism assumed to offset 30-40% of revenues lost due to ACC-mandated energy efficiency and distributed renewable generation initiatives
 - Environmental Improvement Surcharge (EIS) assumed to recover up to \$5 million annually of carrying costs for government-mandated environmental capital expenditures
- Cost mitigation provisions
 - Power Supply Adjustor (PSA) 100% pass-through
 - Potential property tax deferrals assume 60% of property tax increases relate to tax rates, therefore, will be eligible for deferrals
 - Deferral rates: 25% in 2012; 50% in 2013; 75% in 2014 and thereafter



(continued)

2012 - 2015 FINANCIAL OUTLOOK

Key Drivers and Assumptions as of November 9, 2012 (continued)

- Modestly improving Arizona and U.S. economic conditions; specifically, no major disruptions to the on-going national economic recovery [resulting from political action or inaction]
- Retail customer growth to average 2% annually
- Weather-normalized retail electricity sales volume growth:
 - Relatively flat after customer conservation and energy efficiency and distributed renewable generation initiatives
 - Average 2.5% annually before customer conservation and energy efficiency and distributed renewable generation initiatives
- Rate base growth to average 6% annually
- AZ Sun Program additional 150 MW placed into service in 2012-2015
- Transmission rate increases (FERC formula rates and retail adjustor)
- Four Corners cost deferrals between dates acquired and included in retail rates
- Company-wide operating and capital cost management
- Financing to maintain balanced capital structure and support credit ratings
- Interest rates
- Normal weather (except actual for first 9 months of 2012)



NON-GAAP EPS RECONCILIATION

Consolidated On-Going EPS Guidance

	Year 2011 Actual	Year 2012 Guidance*	Year 2013 Guidance*
Net income attributable to common shareholders	\$ 3.09		
Less income (loss) from discontinued operations:			
Real estate Energy services business	(0.01) 0.11		
Lifeigy services business			
On-going EPS	\$ 2.99	\$ 3.35 - \$ 3.50	\$ 3.45 - \$ 3.60

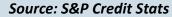


^{*}As of November 9, 2012

S&P CREDIT METRICS

Our key credit metrics have been improving.

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
APS					
FFO / Debt	17.2%	22.1%	22.8%	22.3%	20.8%
FFO / Interest	4.1x	5.1x	4.8x	4.6x	4.6x
Debt / Capitalization	55.2%	57.4%	56.8%	53.0%	53.0%
Pinnacle West					
FFO / Debt	15.7%	18.0%	18.4%	22.5%	20.3%
FFO / Interest	3.7x	4.3x	4.0x	4.6x	4.5x
Debt / Capitalization	57.0%	59.4%	59.8%	55.1%	54.5%





NON-GAAP EPS RECONCILIATION

3rd Quarter 2012 vs. 3rd Quarter 2011

	3rd Qtr 2012		3rd Qtr 2011		Change	
EPS as reported	\$	2.21	\$	2.32	\$	(0.11)
Less income from discontinued operations		-		(0.08)		0.08
On-going EPS	\$	2.21	\$	2.24	\$	(0.03)



NON-GAAP MEASURE RECONCILIATION

3rd Quarter 2012 vs. 3rd Quarter 2011 Gross Margin

	Three Mon		
	Septem	EPS	
\$ millions pretax, except per share amounts	2012	2011	Change
Operating revenues*	\$ 1,110	\$ 1,125	
Fuel and purchased power expenses*	(303)	(338)	
Gross margin	807	787	\$ 0.11
Less:			
Renewable energy (excluding AZ Sun), energy			
efficiency and similar regulatory programs	(35)	(44)	0.05
Gross margin - adjusted	<u>\$ 772</u>	\$ 743	\$ 0.16

^{*} Line items from Consolidated Statements of Income.

